# Package ‘DAPAR’

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**Type** Package  
**Title** Tools for the Differential Analysis of Proteins Abundance with R  
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**Description** This package contains a collection of functions for the visualisation and the statistical analysis of proteomic data.  
**License** Artistic-2.0  
**VignetteBuilder** knitr  
**Depends** R (>= 3.3)  
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Builds a boxplot from a dataframe

Description
Boxplot for quantitative proteomics data

Usage
boxPlotD(qData, dataForXAxis = NULL, labels = NULL, group2Color = "Condition")

Arguments
qData A dataframe that contains quantitative data.
dataForXAxis A vector containing the types of replicates to use as X-axis. Available values are: Label, Analyt.Rep, Bio.Rep and Tech.Rep. Default is "Label".
labels A vector of the conditions (labels) (one label per sample).
group2Color A string that indicates how to color the replicates: one color per condition (value "Condition") or one color per replicate (value "Replicate"). Default value is by Condition.

Value
A boxplot

Author(s)
Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

See Also
densityPlotD

Examples
data(UPSpep25)
qData <- Biobase::exprs(UPSpep25)
types <- c("Label","Analyt.Rep")
dataForXAxis <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)[,types]
labels <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)[,"Label"]
boxPlotD(qData, dataForXAxis, labels)
**BuildAdjacencyMatrix**

*Function matrix of appartenence group*

**Description**

Method to create a binary matrix with proteins in columns and peptides in lines on a MSnSet object (peptides)

**Usage**

```
BuildAdjacencyMatrix(obj.pep, protID, unique = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

- `obj.pep`: An object (peptides) of class `MSnbase`.
- `protID`: The name of proteins ID column
- `unique`: A boolean to indicate whether only the unique peptides must be considered (TRUE) or if the shared peptides have to be integrated (FALSE).

**Value**

A binary matrix

**Author(s)**

Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek, Alexia Dorffer

**Examples**

```r
data(UPSpec25)
BuildAdjacencyMatrix(UPSpec25, "Protein.group.IDs", TRUE)
```

---

**BuildColumnToProteinDataset**

*creates a column for the protein dataset after aggregation by using the previous peptide dataset.*

**Description**

This function creates a column for the protein dataset after aggregation by using the previous peptide dataset.

**Usage**

```
BuildColumnToProteinDataset(peptideData, matAdj, columnName)
```
### compareNormalizationD

**Arguments**

- `peptideData`: A data.frame of meta data of peptides. It is the fData of the MSnset object.
- `matAdj`: The adjacency matrix used to aggregate the peptides data.
- `columnName`: The name of the column in fData(peptides_MSnset) that the user wants to keep in the new protein data.frame.

**Value**

A vector

**Author(s)**

Samuel Wieczorek

**Examples**

```r
data(UPSpep25)
protID <- "Protein.group.IDs"
M <- BuildAdjacencyMatrix(UPSpep25, protID, FALSE)
data <- Biobase::fData(UPSpep25)
name <- "organism"
BuildColumnToProteinDataset(data, M, name)
```

---

### Compare Normalization D

**Builds a plot from a dataframe**

**Description**

Plot to compare the quantitative proteomics data before and after normalization.

**Usage**

```r
compareNormalizationD(qDataBefore, qDataAfter, labelsForLegend = NULL,
                      indData2Show = NULL, group2Color = "Condition")
```

**Arguments**

- `qDataBefore`: A dataframe that contains quantitative data before normalization.
- `qDataAfter`: A dataframe that contains quantitative data after normalization.
- `labelsForLegend`: A vector of the conditions (labels) (one label per sample).
- `indData2Show`: A vector of the indices of the columns to show in the plot. The indices are those of indices of the columns in the data.frame qDataBefore.
- `group2Color`: A string that indicates how to color the replicates: one color per condition (value "Condition") or one color per replicate (value "Replicate"). Default value is by Condition.

**Value**

A plot
corrMatrixD

Author(s)
Samuel Wieczorek

Examples

data(UPSpep25)
qDataBefore <- Biobase::exprs(UPSpep25)
labels <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)[,"Label"]
qDataAfter <- normalizeD(qDataBefore,labels,"Median Centering",
"within conditions")
compareNormalizationD(qDataBefore, qDataAfter, labels)

corrMatrixD

Displays a correlation matrix of the quantitative data of the exprs() table.

Description
Correlation matrix based on a MSnSet object

Usage

corrMatrixD(qData, samplesData, gradientRate = 5)

Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>qData</td>
<td>A dataframe of quantitative data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>samplesData</td>
<td>A dataframe where lines correspond to samples and columns to the meta-data for those samples.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>gradientRate</td>
<td>The rate parameter to control the exponential law for the gradient of colors</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Value
A colored correlation matrix

Author(s)
Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

Examples

data(UPSpep25)
qData <- Biobase::exprs(UPSpep25)
samplesData <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)
corrMatrixD(qData, samplesData)
CountPep

*Compute the number of peptides used to aggregate proteins*

**Description**

This function computes the number of peptides used to aggregate proteins.

**Usage**

```r
countPep(M)
```

**Arguments**

- `M`: A "valued" adjacency matrix in which lines and columns correspond respectively to peptides and proteins.

**Value**

A vector of boolean which is the adjacency matrix but with NA values if they exist in the intensity matrix.

**Author(s)**

Alexia Dorffer

**Examples**

```r
data(UPSpec25)
protID <- "Protein.group.IDs"
M <- BuildAdjacencyMatrix(UPSpec25, protID, FALSE)
countPep(M)
```

createMSnset

*Creates an object of class MSnSet from text file*

**Description**

Builds an object of class MSnSet from a single tabulated-like file for quantitative and meta-data and a dataframe for the samples description. It differs from the original MSnSet builder which requires three separated files tabulated-like quantitative proteomic data into a MSnSet object, including meta-data.

**Usage**

```r
createMSnset(file, metadata = NULL, indExpData, indFData, indiceID = NULL, logData = FALSE, replaceZeros = FALSE, pep_prot_data = NULL)
```
Arguments

- **file**: The name of a tab-separated file that contains the data.
- **metadata**: A dataframe describing the samples (in lines).
- **indExpData**: A vector of string where each element is the name of a column in designTable that have to be integrated in the fData() table of the MSnSet object.
- **indiceID**: The indice of the column containing the ID of entities (peptides or proteins).
- **logData**: A boolean value to indicate if the data have to be log-transformed (Default is FALSE)
- **replaceZeros**: A boolean value to indicate if the 0 and NaN values of intensity have to be replaced by NA (Default is FALSE)
- **pep_prot_data**: A string that indicates whether the dataset is about peptides or proteins.

Value

An instance of class MSnSet.

Author(s)

Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

Examples

```r
exprsFile <- system.file("extdata", "UPSpep25.txt", package="DAPAR")
metadataFile <- system.file("extdata", "samples.txt", package="DAPAR")
metadata = read.table(metadataFile, header=TRUE, sep="\t", as.is=TRUE)
indExpData <- c(56:61)
indFData <- c(1:55,62:71)
indiceID <- 64
createMSnset(exprsFile, metadata, indExpData, indFData, indiceID, pep_prot_data = "peptide")
```

---

deleteLinesFromIndices

Delete the lines of exprs() table identified by their indice.

Description

Delete the lines of exprs() table identified by their indice.

Usage

`deleteLinesFromIndices(obj, deleteThat = NULL, processText = NULL)`

Arguments

- **obj**: An object of class MSnSet containing quantitative data.
- **deleteThat**: A vector of integers which are the indices of lines to delete.
- **processText**: A string to be included in the MSnSet object for log.
Value
An instance of class `MSnSet` that have been filtered.

Author(s)
Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

Examples
data(UPSpep25)
mvFilter(UPSpep25, c(1:10))

densityPlotD
Builds a densityplot from a dataframe

Description
Densityplot of quantitative proteomics data over samples.

Usage
densityPlotD(qData, labelsForLegend = NULL, indData2Show = NULL, group2Color = "Condition")

Arguments

qData  A dataframe that contains quantitative data.
labelsForLegend  A vector of the conditions (labels) (one label per sample).
indData2Show  A vector of indices to show in densityplot. If NULL, then all labels are displayed.

Value
A density plot

Author(s)
Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

See Also

boxPlotD, varianceDistD

Examples
data(UPSpep25)
qData <- Biobase::exprs(UPSpep25)
labels <- lab2Show <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)[,"Label"]
densityPlotD(qData, labels)
diffAna

This function performs a differential analysis on an MSnSet object (adapted from limma)

Description

Performs a differential analysis on an MSnSet object, based on limma functions.

Usage

diffAna(qData, design)

Arguments

qData
A dataframe that contains quantitative data.
design
The design matrix as described in the limma package documentation

Value

A dataframe with the p-value and log(Fold Change) associated to each element (peptide/protein)

Author(s)

Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

Examples

data(UPSpep25)
qData <- Biobase::exprs(UPSpep25)
design <- cbind(cond1=1, cond2 = rep(0, nrow(Biobase::pData(UPSpep25))))
rownames(design) <- rownames(Biobase::pData(UPSpep25))
labels <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)[,"Label"]
indices <- getIndicesConditions(labels, "25fmol", "10fmol")
design[indices[iCond2,2]] <- 1
diffAna(qData, design)

diffAnaComputeFDR

Computes the FDR corresponding to the p-values of the differential analysis using

Description

This function is a wrapper to the function adjust.p from the cp4p package. It returns the FDR corresponding to the p-values of the differential analysis. The FDR is computed with the function p.adjust{stats}.

Usage

diffAnaComputeFDR(data, threshold_PVal = 0, threshold_LogFC = 0, pi0Method = 1)
Arguments

data The result of the differential analysis processed by `diffAna`
threshold_PVal The threshold on p-value to distinguish between differential and non-differential data
threshold_LogFC The threshold on log(Fold Change) to distinguish between differential and non-differential data
pi0Method The parameter pi0.method of the method adjust.p in the package cp4p

Value

The computed FDR value (floating number)

Author(s)

Samuel Wieczorek

Examples

data(UPSp25)
obj <- wrapper.mvImputation(UPSp25, "QRILC")
condition1 <- '25fmol'
condition2 <- '10fmol'
qData <- Biobase::exprs(obj)
samplesData <- Biobase::pData(obj)
labels <- Biobase::pData(obj)[,"Label"]
limma <- diffAnaLimma(qData,samplesData, labels, condition1, condition2)
diffAnaComputeFDR(limma)

diffAnaGetSignificant Returns a MSnSet object with only proteins significant after differential analysis.

Description

Returns a MSnSet object with only proteins significant after differential analysis.

Usage

diffAnaGetSignificant(obj)

Arguments

obj An object of class MSnSet.

Value

A MSnSet

Author(s)

Alexia Dorffer
diffAnaLimma

**Description**

Method to perform differential analysis on an `MSnSet` object (calls the `limma` package function).

**Usage**

```
diffAnaLimma(qData, samplesData, labels, condition1, condition2)
```

**Arguments**

- `qData`: A dataframe that contains quantitative data.
- `samplesData`: A dataframe where lines correspond to samples and columns to the meta-data for those samples.
- `labels`: A vector of the conditions (labels) (one label per sample).
- `condition1`: A vector that contains the names of the conditions considered as condition 1
- `condition2`: A vector that contains the names of the conditions considered as condition 2

**Value**

A dataframe as returned by the `limma` package

**Author(s)**

Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

**Examples**

```
data(UPSpep25)
condition1 <- "25fmol"
condition2 <- "10fmol"
resLimma <- wrapper.diffAnalimma(UPSpep25, condition1, condition2)
obj <- diffAnaSave(UPSpep25, resLimma, "limma", condition1, condition2)
signif <- diffAnaGetSignificant(obj)
```
**diffAnaSave**

*Returns a MSnSet object with the results of the differential analysis performed with limma package.*

### Description

This method returns a MSnSet object with the results of differential analysis.

### Usage

```r
diffAnaSave(obj, data, method = "limma", condition1, condition2, 
            threshold_pVal = 1e-60, threshold_logFC = 0, fdr = 0, 
            calibrationMethod = "pounds")
```

### Arguments

- **obj**: An object of class MSnSet.
- **data**: The result of the differential analysis processed by `diffAna`.
- **method**: The method used for differential analysis. Available choices are: "limma", "Welch".
- **condition1**: A vector containing the names (some values of the slot "Label" of `pData()`) of the first condition.
- **condition2**: A vector containing the names (some values of the slot "Label" of `pData()`) of the second condition.
- **threshold_pVal**: A float that indicates the threshold on p-value chosen to discriminate differential proteins.
- **threshold_logFC**: A float that indicates the threshold on log(Fold Change) to discriminate differential proteins.
- **fdr**: The FDR based on the values of `threshold_pVal` and `threshold_logFC`.
- **calibrationMethod**: The calibration method used to compute the calibration plot.

### Value

A MSnSet

### Author(s)

Alexia Dorffer, Samuel Wieczorek

### Examples

```r
data(UPSpep25)
condition1 <- '25fmol'
condition2 <- '10fmol'
limma <- wrapper.diffAnaLimma(UPSpep25, condition1, condition2)
obj <- diffAnaSave(UPSpep25, limma, "limma", condition1, condition2)
```
diffAnaVolcanoplot

Volcanoplot of the differential analysis

Description

Plots a volcano plot after the differential analysis. Typically, the log of Fold Change is represented on the X-axis and the log10 of the p-value is drawn on the Y-axis. When the threshold_pVal and the threshold_logFC are set, two lines are drawn respectively on the y-axis and the X-axis to visually distinguish between differential and non-differential data.

Usage

diffAnaVolcanoplot(logFC = NULL, pVal = NULL, threshold_pVal = 1e-60, threshold_logFC = 0, conditions = NULL)

Arguments

logFC A vector of the log(fold change) values of the differential analysis.
pVal A vector of the p-value values returned by the differential analysis.
threshold_pVal A floating number which represents the p-value that separates differential and non-differential data.
threshold_logFC A floating number which represents the log of the Fold Change that separates differential and non-differential data.
conditions A list of the names of condition 1 and 2 used for the differential analysis.

Value

A volcano plot

Author(s)

Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

Examples

data(UPSeps25)
condition1 <- '25fmol'
condition2 <- '10fmol'
data <- wrapper.diffAnaLimma(UPSeps25, condition1, condition2)
diffAnaVolcanoplot(data$logFC, data$P.Value)
**diffAnaWelch**

Performs a differential analysis on a **MSnSet** object using the Welch t-test.

### Description

Computes differential analysis on an **MSnSet** object, using the Welch t-test (*t.test*{stats}).

### Usage

```r
diffAnaWelch(qData, labels, condition1, condition2)
```

### Arguments

- **qData**: A dataframe that contains quantitative data.
- **labels**: A vector of the conditions (labels) (one label per sample).
- **condition1**: A vector containing the names of the conditions qData as condition 1
- **condition2**: A vector containing the names of the conditions considered as condition 2

### Value

A dataframe with two slots: `P.Value` (for the p-value) and `logFC` (the log of the Fold Change).

### Author(s)

Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

### Examples

```r
data(UPSpep25)
condition1 <- c('25fmol', 'Var1', 'Var2')
condition2 <- c('10fmol', 'Var3', 'Var4')
qData <- Biobase::exprs(UPSpep25)
labels <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)[,"Label"]
diffAnaWelch(qData, labels, condition1, condition2)
```

---

**getIndicesConditions**

*Gets the conditions indices.*

### Description

Returns a list for the two conditions where each slot is a vector of indices for the samples.

### Usage

```r
getIndicesConditions(labels, cond1, cond2)
```
getIndicesOfLinesToRemove

Arguments

- **labels**: A vector of strings containing the column "Label" of the pData().
- **cond1**: A vector of Labels (a slot in the pData() table) for the condition 1.
- **cond2**: A vector of Labels (a slot in the pData() table) for the condition 2.

Value

A list with two slots iCond1 and iCond2 containing respectively the indices of samples in the pData() table of the dataset.

Author(s)

Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

Examples

data(UPSpep25)
labels <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)[, "Label"]
getIndicesConditions(labels, "25fmol", "10fmol")

getIndicesOfLinesToRemove

*Get the indices of the lines to delete, based on a prefix string*

Description

This function returns the indice of the lines to delete, based on a prefix string

Usage

getIndicesOfLinesToRemove(obj, idLine2Delete = NULL, prefix = NULL)

Arguments

- **obj**: An object of class MSnSet.
- **idLine2Delete**: The name of the column that correspond to the data to filter
- **prefix**: A character string that is the prefix to find in the data

Value

A vector of integers.

Author(s)

Samuel Wieczorek

Examples

data(UPSpep25)
getIndicesOfLinesToRemove(UPSpep25, "Potential.contaminant", prefix="+")
**getNumberOf**

| Number of lines with prefix |

**Description**

Returns the number of lines, in a given column, where content matches the prefix.

**Usage**

```r
getNumberOf(obj, name = NULL, prefix = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

- `obj` An object of class `MSnSet`.
- `name` The name of a column.
- `prefix` A string

**Value**

An integer

**Author(s)**

Samuel Wieczorek

**Examples**

```r
data(UPSpep25)
getNumberOf(UPSpep25, "Potential.contaminant", "+")
```

---

**getNumberOfEmptyLines**

Returns the number of empty lines in the data

**Description**

Returns the number of empty lines in a matrix.

**Usage**

```r
getNumberOfEmptyLines(qData)
```

**Arguments**

- `qData` A matrix corresponding to the quantitative data.

**Value**

An integer
getPaletteForLabels

Description

Selects colors for the plots in DAPAR based on the different conditions in the dataset. The palette is derived from the brewer palette "Dark2" (see RColorBrewer).

Usage

getPaletteForLabels(labels)

Arguments

labels A vector of labels (strings).

Value

A palette designed for the data manipulated in DAPAR

Author(s)

Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

Examples

data(UPSpep25)
labels <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)[, "Label"]
getPaletteForLabels(labels)
**getPaletteForReplicates**

*Palette for plot the replicates in DAPAR*

**Description**

Selects colors for the plots in DAPAR based on the replicates in the dataset. The palette is derived from the brewer palette "Dark2" (see *RColorBrewer*).

**Usage**

```r
getPaletteForReplicates(nColors)
```

**Arguments**

- `nColors` The desired number of colors

**Value**

A palette designed for the data manipulated in DAPAR

**Author(s)**

Samuel Wieczorek

**Examples**

```r
data(UPSpep25)
n <- nrow(Biobase::pData(UPSpep25))
getPaletteForLabels(5)
```

---

**getPercentageOfMV**

*Percentage of missing values*

**Description**

Returns the percentage of missing values in the quantitative data (*exprs()* table of the dataset).

**Usage**

```r
getPercentageOfMV(obj)
```

**Arguments**

- `obj` An object of class *MSnSet*.

**Value**

A floating number
getProteinsStats

**Author(s)**

Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

**Examples**

```r
data(UPSpep25)
getPourcentageOfMV(UPSpep25)
```

---

*getProcessingInfo*  
_returns the contains of the slot processing of an object of class MSnSet*

**Description**

Returns the contains of the slot processing of an object of class MSnSet.

**Usage**

```r
getProcessingInfo(obj)
```

**Arguments**

- `obj`  
  An object (peptides) of class `MSnbase`.

**Value**

The slot processing of `obj@processingData`

**Author(s)**

Samuel Wieczorek

**Examples**

```r
data(UPSpep25)
getProcessingInfo(UPSpep25)
```

---

*getProteinsStats*  
_computes the number of proteins that are only defined by specific peptides, shared peptides or a mixture of two._

**Description**

This function computes the number of proteins that are only defined by specific peptides, shared peptides or a mixture of two.

**Usage**

```r
getProteinsStats(matUnique, matShared)
```
**GraphPepProt**

**Arguments**

- **matUnique** The adjacency matrix with only specific peptides.
- **matShared** The adjacency matrix with both specific and shared peptides.

**Value**

A list

**Author(s)**

Samuel Wieczorek

**Examples**

```r
data(UPSpep25)
protID <- "Protein.group.IDs"
MShared <- BuildAdjacencyMatrix(UPSpep25, protID, FALSE)
MUnique <- BuildAdjacencyMatrix(UPSpep25, protID, TRUE)
getProteinsStats(MUnique, MShared)
```

---

**GraphPepProt**

*Function to create a histogram that shows the repartition of peptides w.r.t. the proteins*

**Description**

Method to create a plot with proteins and peptides on a MSnSet object (peptides)

**Usage**

```r
GraphPepProt(mat)
```

**Arguments**

- **mat** An adjacency matrix.

**Value**

A histogram

**Author(s)**

Alexia Dorffer, Samuel Wieczorek

**Examples**

```r
data(UPSpep25)
mat <- BuildAdjacencyMatrix(UPSpep25, "Protein.group.IDs")
GraphPepProt(mat)
```
heatmap.DAPAR

This function is inspired from the function heatmap.2 that displays quantitative data in the exprs() table of an object of class MSnSet. For more information, please refer to the help of the heatmap.2 function.

Description

Heatmap inspired by the heatmap.2 function.

Usage

heatmap.DAPAR(x, col = heat.colors(100), srtCol = NULL, labCol = NULL, labRow = NULL, key = TRUE, key.title = NULL, main = NULL, ylab = NULL)

Arguments

  x  A dataframe that contains quantitative data.
  col  colors used for the image. Defaults to heat colors (heat.colors).
  srtCol  angle of column labels, in degrees from horizontal
  labCol  character vectors with column labels to use.
  labRow  character vectors with row labels to use.
  key  logical indicating whether a color-key should be shown.
  key.title  main title of the color key. If set to NA no title will be plotted.
  main  main title; default to none.
  ylab  y-axis title; default to none.

Value

A heatmap

Author(s)

Samuel Wieczorek

Examples

data(testWithoutNA)
qData <- Biobase::exprs(testWithoutNA)
heatmap0(qData)
**heatmapD**

This function is a wrapper to **heatmap.2** that displays quantitative data in the **exprs()** table of an object of class **MSnSet**

**Description**

Heatmap of the quantitative proteomic data of a **MSnSet** object

**Usage**

`heatmapD(qData, distance = "euclidean", cluster = "average", dendro = FALSE)`

**Arguments**

- **qData**: A dataframe that contains quantitative data.
- **distance**: The distance used by the clustering algorithm to compute the dendrogram. See `help(heatmap.2)`
- **cluster**: the clustering algorithm used to build the dendrogram. See `help(heatmap.2)`
- **dendro**: A boolean to indicate if the dendrogram has to be displayed

**Value**

A heatmap

**Author(s)**

Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

**Examples**

```r
data(testWithoutNA)
qData <- Biobase::exprs(testWithoutNA)
heatmapD(qData)
```

---

**limmaCompleteTest**

*Computes a hierarchical differential analysis*

**Description**

This function is a **limmaCompleteTest**

**Usage**

`limmaCompleteTest(qData, Conditions, RepBio, RepTech, Contrast = 1)`
MeanPeptides

Arguments

- **qData**: A matrix of quantitative data, without any missing values.
- **Conditions**: A vector of factor which indicates the name of the biological condition for each replicate.
- **RepBio**: A vector of factor which indicates the number of the bio rep for each replicate.
- **RepTech**: A vector of factor which indicates the number of the tech rep for each replicate.
- **Contrast**: Indicates if the test consists of the comparison of each biological condition versus each of the other ones (Contrast=1; e.g., H0: "C1=C2" vs H1: "C1!=C2", etc.) or each condition versus all others (Contrast=2; e.g., H0: "C1=(C2+C3)/2" vs H1: "C1!=(C2+C3)/2", etc. if there are three conditions).

Value

fdsfdgfdg

Author(s)

Quentin Giai-Gianetto

Examples

```r
data(UPSpep25)
obj <- wrapper.mvImputation(UPSpep25, "QRILC")
condition1 <- '25fmol'
condition2 <- '10fmol'
qData <- Biobase::exprs(obj)
RepBio <- RepTech <- factor(1:6)
conds <- factor(c(rep(condition1, 3), rep(condition2, 3))
limma <- limmaCompleteTest(qData, conds, RepBio, RepTech)
```

Description

This function computes the intensity of proteins as the mean of the intensities of their peptides.

Usage

```r
MeanPeptides(matAdj, expr)
```

Arguments

- **matAdj**: An adjacency matrix in which lines and columns correspond respectively to peptides and proteins.
- **expr**: A matrix of intensities of peptides

Value

A matrix of intensities of proteins
mvFilter

Author(s)
Alexia Dorffer

Examples
data(UPSpep25)
protID <- "Protein.group.IDs"
matAdj <- BuildAdjacencyMatrix(UPSpep25, protID, FALSE)
MeanPeptides(matAdj, Biobase::exprs(UPSpep25))

mvFilter

Filter lines in the matrix of intensities w.r.t. some criteria

Description
Filters the lines of exprs() table with conditions on the number of missing values. The user chooses the minimum amount of intensities that is acceptable and the filter delete lines that do not respect this condition. The condition may be on the whole line or condition by condition.

Usage
mvFilter(obj, type, th, processText = NULL)

Arguments
obj An object of class MSnSet containing quantitative data.
type Method used to choose the lines to delete. Values are: "none", "wholeMatrix", "allCond", "atLeastOneCond"
th An integer value of the threshold
processText A string to be included in the MSnSet object for log.

Details
The different methods are: "wholeMatrix": given a threshold th, only the lines that contain at least th values are kept. "allCond": given a threshold th, only the lines which contain at least th values for each of the conditions are kept. "atLeastOneCond": given a threshold th, only the lines that contain at least th values, and for at least one condition, are kept.

Value
An instance of class MSnSet that have been filtered.

Author(s)
Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

Examples
data(UPSpep25)
 mvFilter(UPSpep25, "wholeMatrix", 2)
mvFilterFromIndices  
*Filter lines in the matrix of intensities w.r.t. some criteria*

**Description**

Filters the lines of `exprs()` table with conditions on the number of missing values. The user chooses the minimum amount of intensities that is acceptable and the filter delete lines that do not respect this condition. The condition may be on the whole line or condition by condition.

**Usage**

```r
mvFilterFromIndices(obj, keepThat = NULL, processText = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

- `obj`: An object of class `MSnSet` containing quantitative data.
- `keepThat`: A vector of integers which are the indices of lines to keep.
- `processText`: A string to be included in the `MSnSet` object for log.

**Details**

The different methods are:
- "wholeMatrix" : given a threshold `th`, only the lines that contain at least `th` values are kept.
- "allCond" : given a threshold `th`, only the lines which contain at least `th` values for each of the conditions are kept.
- "atLeastOneCond" : given a threshold `th`, only the lines that contain at least `th` values, and for at least one condition, are kept.

**Value**

An instance of class `MSnSet` that have been filtered.

**Author(s)**

Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

**Examples**

```r
data(UPSpep25)
mvFilter(UPSpep25, c(1:10))
```

---

mvFilterGetIndices  
*Filter lines in the matrix of intensities w.r.t. some criteria*

**Description**

Returns the indices of the lines of `exprs()` table to delete w.r.t. the conditions on the number of missing values. The user chooses the minimum amount of intensities that is acceptable and the filter delete lines that do not respect this condition. The condition may be on the whole line or condition by condition.
**Usage**

`mvFilterGetIndices(obj, type, th)`

**Arguments**

- **obj**: An object of class `MSnSet` containing quantitative data.
- **type**: Method used to choose the lines to delete. Values are: "none", "wholeMatrix", "allCond", "atLeastOneCond"
- **th**: An integer value of the threshold

**Details**

The different methods are: "wholeMatrix": given a threshold th, only the lines that contain at least th values are kept. "allCond": given a threshold th, only the lines which contain at least th values for each of the conditions are kept. "atLeastOneCond": given a threshold th, only the lines that contain at least th values, and for at least one condition, are kept.

**Value**

An vector of indices that correspond to the lines to keep.

**Author(s)**

Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

**Examples**

```r
data(UPSpep25)
mvFilterGetIndices(UPSpep25, "wholeMatrix", 2)
```

---

**mvHisto**

*Histogram of missing values*

**Description**

This method plots a histogram of missing values.

**Usage**

`mvHisto(qData, samplesData, labels, indLegend = "auto", showValues = FALSE)`

**Arguments**

- **qData**: A dataframe that contains quantitative data.
- **samplesData**: A dataframe where lines correspond to samples and columns to the meta-data for those samples.
- **labels**: A vector of the conditions (labels) (one label per sample).
- **indLegend**: The indices of the column name’s in `pData()` tab
- **showValues**: A logical that indicates wether numeric values should be drawn above the bars.
**Value**

A histogram

**Author(s)**

Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

**Examples**

```r
data(UPSpep25)
qData <- Biobase::exprs(UPSpep25)
samplesData <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)
labels <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)[,"Label"]
mvHisto(qData, samplesData, labels, indLegend="auto", showValues=TRUE)
```

---

**mvImage**

*Heatmap of missing values*

**Description**

Plots a heatmap of the quantitative data. Each column represent one of the conditions in the object of class `MSnSet` and the color is proportional to the mean of intensity for each line of the dataset. The lines have been sorted in order to visualize easily the different number of missing values. A white square is plotted for missing values.

**Usage**

```r
mvImage(qData, labels)
```

**Arguments**

- `qData` A dataframe that contains quantitative data.
- `labels` A vector of the conditions (labels) (one label per sample).

**Value**

A heatmap

**Author(s)**

Samuel Wieczorek, Thomas Burger

**Examples**

```r
data(UPSpep25)
qData <- Biobase::exprs(UPSpep25)
labels <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)[,"Label"]
mvImage(qData, labels)
```
mvImputation

Missing values imputation from a matrix

Description
This method is a wrapper to the imputeLCMD package adapted to a matrix.

Usage
mvImputation(qData, method)

Arguments
qData A dataframe that contains quantitative data.
method The imputation method to be used. Choices are QRILC, KNN, BPCA and MLE.

Value
The matrix imputed

Author(s)
Samuel Wieczorek

Examples
data(UPSpep25)
qData <- Biobase::exprs(UPSpep25)
mvImputation(qData, "QRILC")

mvPerLinesHisto
Bar plot of missing values per lines

Description
This method plots a bar plot which represents the distribution of the number of missing values (NA) per lines (ie proteins).

Usage
mvPerLinesHisto(qData, samplesData, indLegend = "auto", showValues = FALSE)

Arguments
qData A dataframe that contains the data to plot.
samplesData A dataframe which contains informations about the replicates.
indLegend The indice of the column name’s in pData() tab
showValues A logical that indicates wether numeric values should be drawn above the bars.
Value
A bar plot

Author(s)
Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

Examples
data(UPSpep25)
qData <- Biobase::exprs(UPSpep25)
samplesData <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)
mvPerLinesHisto(qData, samplesData)

mvPerLinesHistoPerCondition
Bar plot of missing values per lines and per condition

Description
This method plots a bar plot which represents the distribution of the number of missing values (NA) per lines (i.e., proteins) and per conditions.

Usage
mvPerLinesHistoPerCondition(qData, samplesData, indLegend = "auto",
showValues = FALSE)

Arguments
qData A dataframe that contains quantitative data.
samplesData A dataframe where lines correspond to samples and columns to the meta-data for those samples.
indLegend The index of the column name’s in pData() tab
showValues A logical that indicates whether numeric values should be drawn above the bars.

Value
A bar plot

Author(s)
Samuel Wieczorek

Examples
data(UPSpep25)
qData <- Biobase::exprs(UPSpep25)
samplesData <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)
mvPerLinesHistoPerCondition(qData, samplesData)
**mvTypePlot**

*Distribution of missing values with respect to intensity values*

**Description**

This method plots a scatter plot which represents the distribution of missing values. The colors correspond to the different conditions (slot Label in in the dataset of class `MSnSet`). The x-axis represent the mean of intensity for one condition and one entity in the dataset (i.e. a protein) whereas the y-axis count the number of missing values for this entity and the considered condition. The data have been jittered for an easier visualization.

**Usage**

```r
mvTypePlot(qData, labels, threshold = 0)
```

**Arguments**

- `qData` A dataframe that contains quantitative data.
- `labels` A vector of the conditions (labels) (one label per sample).
- `threshold` An integer for the intensity that delimits MNAR and MCAR missing values.

**Value**

A scatter plot

**Author(s)**

Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

**Examples**

```r
data(UPSpep25)
qData <- Biobase::exprs(UPSpep25)
labels <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)[,"Label"]
mvTypePlot(qData, labels, threshold=0)
```

---

**normalizeD**

*Normalisation*

**Description**

Provides several methods to normalize data from a matrix. They are organized in four main families: Strong Rescaling, Median Centering, Mean Centering, Mean CenteringScaling. For the first family, two sub-categories are available: the sum by columns and the quantiles method. For the three other families, two categories are available: "Overall" which means that the value for each protein (ie line in the expression data tab) is computed over all the samples; "within conditions" which means that the value for each protein (ie line in the matrix) is computed condition by condition.

**Usage**

```r
normalizeD(qData, labels, family, method)
```
pepAggregate

Function aggregate peptides to proteins

Description
Method to aggregate with a method peptides to proteins on a MSnSet object (peptides)

Usage
pepAggregate(obj.pep, protID, method = "sum overall", matAdj = NULL, n = NULL)

Arguments
- obj.pep: An object (peptides) of class MSnbase.
- protID: The name of proteins ID column.
- method: The method used to aggregate the peptides into proteins. Values are "sum", "mean" or "sum on top n": do the sum / mean of intensity on all peptides belonging to proteins. Default is "sum".
- matAdj: An adjacency matrix.
- n: The number of peptides considered for the aggregation.

Value
An object of class MSnbase with proteins.
**proportionConRev**

**Author(s)**
Alexia Dorffer, Samuel Wieczorek

**Examples**

```r
data(UPSpep25)
protID <- "Protein.group.IDs"
mat <- BuildAdjacencyMatrix(UPSpep25, protID, TRUE)
pepAggregate(UPSpep25, protID, "sum overall", mat)
```

---

**proportionConRev**  
*Barplot of proportion of contaminants and reverse*

**Description**
Plots a barplot of proportion of contaminants and reverse

**Usage**

```r
proportionConRev(obj, idContaminants = NULL, prefixContaminants = NULL,
idReverse = NULL, prefixReverse = NULL)
```

**Arguments**
- **obj**: An object of class `MSnSet`.
- **idContaminants**: The name of a column of Contaminants
- **prefixContaminants**: The prefix to identify contaminants
- **idReverse**: The name of a column of Reverse
- **prefixReverse**: The name of a column of Reverse

**Value**
A barplot

**Author(s)**
Samuel Wieczorek

**Examples**

```r
data(UPSpep25)
pref <- "+
proportionConRev(UPSpep25, "Potential.contaminant", pref, "Reverse", pref)
```
removeLines

Removes lines in the dataset based on a prefix string.

Description
This function removes lines in the dataset based on a prefix string.

Usage
removeLines(obj, idLine2Delete = NULL, prefix = NULL)

Arguments
- obj: An object of class MSnSet.
- idLine2Delete: The name of the column that correspond to the data to filter.
- prefix: A character string that is the prefix to find in the data.

Value
An object of class MSnSet.

Author(s)
Samuel Wieczorek

Examples
data(UPSpep25)
removeLines(UPSpep25, "Potential.contaminant")
removeLines(UPSpep25, "Reverse")

SumPeptides

Compute the intensity of proteins with the sum of the intensities of their peptides.

Description
This function computes the intensity of proteins based on the sum of the intensities of their peptides.

Usage
SumPeptides(matAdj, expr)

Arguments
- matAdj: An adjacency matrix in which lines and columns correspond respectively to peptides and proteins.
- expr: A matrix of intensities of peptides.
**Value**

A matrix of intensities of proteins

**Author(s)**

Alexia Dorffer

**Examples**

```r
data(UPSep25)
protID <- "Protein.group.IDs"
M <- BuildAdjacencyMatrix(UPSep25, protID, FALSE)
SumPeptides(M, Biobase::exprs(UPSep25))
```

---

**test**  
*Test dataset*

**Description**

Partial (small) dataset for unit tests containing missing values.

**Format**

An object of class `MSnSet`

---

**testWithoutNA**  
*Test dataset*

**Description**

Partial (small) dataset for unit tests without any missing values.

**Format**

An object of class `MSnSet`
TopnPeptides

Compute the intensity of proteins as the sum of the intensities of their n best peptides.

Description

This function computes the intensity of proteins as the sum of the intensities of their n best peptides.

Usage

TopnPeptides(matAdj, expr, n)

Arguments

- matAdj: An adjacency matrix in which lines and columns correspond respectively to peptides and proteins.
- expr: A matrix of intensities of peptides
- n: The maximum number of peptides used to aggregate a protein.

Value

A matrix of intensities of proteins

Author(s)

Alexia Dorffer

Examples

data(UPSpep25)
protID <- "Protein.group.IDs"
matAdj <- BuildAdjacencyMatrix(UPSpep25, protID, FALSE)
TopnPeptides(matAdj, Biobase::exprs(UPSpep25), 3)

UPSpep25

UPSpep25 dataset

Description

This dataset is the final outcome of a quantitative mass spectrometry-based proteomic analysis of two samples containing different concentrations of 48 human proteins (UPS1 standard from Sigma-Aldrich) within a constant yeast background (see Giai Gianetto et al. (2016) for details). It contains the abundance values of the different human and yeast peptides identified and quantified in these two conditions. The two conditions represent the measured abundances of peptides when respectively 25fmol and 10fmol of UPS1 human proteins were mixed with the yeast extract before mass spectrometry analyses. Three technical replicates were acquired for each condition.

To identify and quantify peptides, spectra were searched using MaxQuant (version 1.5.1.2) against the Uniprot database, the UPS database and the frequently observed contaminants database. Maximum false discovery rates were set to 0.01 by employing a reverse database strategy.

The dataset is either available as a CSV file (see inst/extdata/UPSpep25.txt), or as a MSnSet structure (UPSpep25). In the latter case, the quantitative data are those of the raw intensities.
**varianceDistD**

**Usage**

```r
data(UPSpep25)
```

**Format**

An object of class `MSnSet` related to peptide quantification. It contains 6 samples divided into two conditions (25fmol and 10fmol) and 13918 peptides.

The data frame `exprs(UPSpep25)` contains six columns that are the quantitation of peptides for the six replicates.

The data frame `fData(UPSpep25)` contains the meta data about the peptides.

The data frame `pData(UPSpep25)` contains the experimental design and gives few informations about the samples.

**Value**

An object of class `MSnSet`.

**References**


---

**varianceDistD**  
*Distribution of variance of proteins*

**Description**

Builds a densityplot of the variance of entities in the `exprs()` table of a object. The variance is calculated for each condition (Label) present in the dataset (see the slot ‘Label’ in the `pData()` table)

**Usage**

```r
varianceDistD(qData, labels = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

- `qData` A dataframe that contains quantitative data.
- `labels` A vector of the conditions (labels) (one label per sample).

**Value**

A density plot

**Author(s)**

Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek
violinPlotD

See Also
densityPlotD.

Examples
data(UPSpep25)
labels <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)[,"Label"]
varianceDistD(UPSpep25)

violinPlotD

Builds a violinplot from a dataframe

Description

ViolinPlot for quantitative proteomics data

Usage

violinPlotD(qData, dataForXAxis = NULL, labels = NULL, group2Color = "Condition")

Arguments

qData A dataframe that contains quantitative data.
dataForXAxis A vector containing the types of replicates to use as X-axis. Available values are: Label, Analyt.Rep, Bio.Rep and Tech.Rep. Default is "Label".
labels A vector of the conditions (labels) (one label per sample).
group2Color A string that indicates how to color the replicates: one color per condition (value "Condition") or one color per replicate (value "Replicate"). Default value is by Condition.

Value

A violinplot

Author(s)

Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

See Also
densityPlotD

Examples
data(UPSpep25)
library(vioplot)
qData <- Biobase::exprs(UPSpep25)
types <- c("Label","Analyt.Rep")
dataForXAxis <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)[,types]
labels <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)[,"Label"]
violinPlotD(qData, dataForXAxis, labels)
wrapper.boxPlotD

Wrapper to the boxplotD function on an object MSnSet

Description
This function is a wrapper for using the boxPlotD function with objects of class MSnSet.

Usage
wrapper.boxPlotD(obj, dataForXAxis = "Label", group2Color = "Condition")

Arguments
- obj: An object of class MSnSet.
- dataForXAxis: A vector of strings containing the names of columns in pData() to print labels on X-axis (Default is "Label").
- group2Color: A string that indicates how to color the replicates: one color per condition (value "Condition") or one color per replicate (value "Replicate"). Default value is by Condition.

Value
A boxplot

Author(s)
Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

See Also
wrapper.densityPlotD

Examples
```r
data(UPSpep25)
types <- c("Label","Analyt.Rep")
wrapper.boxPlotD(UPSpep25, types)
```

wrapper.compareNormalizationD

Builds a plot from a dataframe

Description
Wrapper to the function that plot to compare the quantitative proteomics data before and after normalization

Usage
wrapper.compareNormalizationD(objBefore, objAfter, labelsForLegend = NULL, indData2Show = NULL, group2Color = "Condition")
Arguments

objBefore  A dataframe that contains quantitative data before normalization.
objAfter   A dataframe that contains quantitative data after normalization.
labelsForLegend  A vector of the conditions (labels) (one label per sample).
indData2Show  A vector of the indices of the columns to show in the plot. The indices are those of indices of the columns in the data.frame qDataBefore.
group2Color  A string that indicates how to color the replicates: one color per condition (value "Condition") or one color per replicate (value "Replicate"). Default value is by Condition.

Value

A plot

Author(s)

Samuel Wieczorek

Examples

data(UPSpep25)
labels <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)[,"Label"]
objAfter <- wrapper.normalizeD(UPSpep25, "Median Centering", "within conditions")
wrapper.compareNormalizationD(UPSpep25, objAfter, labels)

wrapper.corrMatrixD
Displays a correlation matrix of the quantitative data of the exprs()
table

Description

Builds a correlation matrix based on a MSnSet object.

Usage

wrapper.corrMatrixD(obj, rate = 5)

Arguments

obj  An object of class MSnSet.
rate  A float that defines the gradient of colors.

Value

A colored correlation matrix

Author(s)

Alexia Dorffer
wrapper.densityPlotD

**Examples**

data(UPS Pep25)
wrapper.corrMatrixD(UPS Pep25)

---

wrapper.densityPlotD

*Builds a densityplot from an object of class MSnSet*

**Description**

This function is a wrapper for using the densityPlotD function with objects of class *MSnSet*.

**Usage**

```r
wrapper.densityPlotD(obj, labelsForLegend = NULL, indData2Show = NULL, group2Color = "Condition")
```

**Arguments**

- `obj`: An object of class *MSnSet*.
- `labelsForLegend`: A vector of labels to show in densityplot.
- `indData2Show`: A vector of the indices of the columns to show in the plot. The indices are those of indices of the columns in the data frame qDataBefore in the density plot.
- `group2Color`: A string that indicates how to color the replicates: one color per condition (value "Condition") or one color per replicate (value "Replicate"). Default value is by Condition.

**Value**

A density plot

**Author(s)**

Alexia Dorffer

**See Also**

`wrapper.boxPlotD`, `wrapper.varianceDistD`

**Examples**

data(UPS Pep25)
labels <- Biobase::pData(UPS Pep25)[,"Label"]
wrapper.densityPlotD(UPS Pep25, labels)
wrapper.diffAnaLimma  Performs differential analysis on an MSnSet object, calling the limma package functions

Description
Method to perform differential analysis on a MSnSet object (calls the limma package function).

Usage
wrapper.diffAnaLimma(obj, condition1, condition2)

Arguments

obj  An object of class MSnSet.
condition1 A vector that contains the names of the conditions considered as condition 1.
condition2 A vector that contains the names of the conditions considered as condition 2.

Value
A dataframe as returned by the limma package

Author(s)
Alexia Dorffer

Examples

data(UPS Pep25)
condition1 <- '25fmol'
condition2 <- '10fmol'
wrapper.diffAnaLimma(UPS Pep25, condition1, condition2)

wrapper.diffAnaWelch  Performs a differential analysis on a MSnSet object using the Welch t-test

Description
Computes differential analysis on a MSnSet object, using the Welch t-test (t.test(stats)).

Usage
wrapper.diffAnaWelch(obj, condition1, condition2)

Arguments

obj  An object of class MSnSet.
condition1 A vector containing the names of the conditions considered as condition 1.
condition2 A vector containing the names of the conditions considered as condition 2.
Value

A dataframe with two slots: `P.Value` (for the p-value) and `logFC` (the log of the Fold Change).

Author(s)

Alexia Dorffer

Examples

data(UPSpep25)
condition1 <- '25fmol'
condition2 <- '10fmol'
wrapper.diffAnaWelch(UPSpep25, condition1, condition2)

wrapper.heatmapD(obj, distance = "euclidean", cluster = "average",
dendro = FALSE)

Arguments

- `obj`: An object of class `MSnSet`.
- `distance`: The distance used by the clustering algorithm to compute the dendrogram. See `help(heatmap.2)`.
- `cluster`: The clustering algorithm used to build the dendrogram. See `help(heatmap.2)`.
- `dendro`: A boolean to indicate if the dendrogram has to be displayed.

Value

A heatmap

Author(s)

Alexia Dorffer

Examples

data(testWithoutNA)
wrapper.heatmapD(testWithoutNA)
wrapper.mvHisto  
**Histogram of missing values from a MSnSet object**

**Description**

This method plots from a MSnSet object a histogram of missing values.

**Usage**

```r
wrapper.mvHisto(obj, indLegend = "auto", showValues = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

- `obj`: An object of class MSnSet.
- `indLegend`: The indices of the column name’s in pData() tab.
- `showValues`: A logical that indicates whether numeric values should be drawn above the bars.

**Value**

A histogram

**Author(s)**

Alexia Dorffer

**Examples**

```r
data(UPS Pep25)
wrapper.mvHisto(UPS Pep25, showValues = TRUE)
```

wrapper.mvImage  
**Heatmap of missing values from a MSnSet object**

**Description**

Plots a heatmap of the quantitative data. Each column represent one of the conditions in the object of class MSnSet and the color is proportional to the mean of intensity for each line of the dataset. The lines have been sorted in order to visualize easily the different number of missing values. A white square is plotted for missing values.

**Usage**

```r
wrapper.mvImage(obj)
```

**Arguments**

- `obj`: An object of class MSnSet.

**Value**

A heatmap
**wrapper.mvImputation**

*Author(s)*

Alexia Dorffer

**Examples**

data(UPSpep25)
wrapper.mvImage(UPSpep25)

---

**wrapper.mvImputation** *Missing values imputation from a MSnSet object*

**Description**

This method is a wrapper to the imputeLCMD package adapted to objects of class MSnSet.

**Usage**

`wrapper.mvImputation(obj, method)`

**Arguments**

- `obj` An object of class MSnSet.
- `method` The imputation method to be used. Choices are QRILC, KNN, BPCA and MLE.

**Value**

The object `obj` which has been imputed

*Author(s)*

Alexia Dorffer

**Examples**

data(UPSpep25)
wrapper.mvImputation(UPSpep25, "QRILC")

---

**wrapper.mvPerLinesHisto** *Histogram of missing values per lines from an object MSnSet*

**Description**

This method is a wrapper to plots from a MSnSet object a histogram which represents the distribution of the number of missing values (NA) per lines (ie proteins).

**Usage**

`wrapper.mvPerLinesHisto(obj, indLegend = "auto", showValues = FALSE)`
wrapper.mvPerLinesHistoPerCondition

**Arguments**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>obj</code></td>
<td>An object of class <code>MSnSet</code>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>indLegend</code></td>
<td>The indice of the column name’s in <code>pData()</code> tab.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>showValues</code></td>
<td>A logical that indicates wether numeric values should be drawn above the bars.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Value**

A histogram

**Author(s)**

Alexia Dorffer

**Examples**

```r
data(UPSpep25)
wrapper.mvPerLinesHisto(UPSpep25)
```

---

**Description**

This method is a wrapper to plots from a `MSnSet` object a bar plot which represents the distribution of the number of missing values (NA) per lines (ie proteins) and per conditions.

**Usage**

```r
wrapper.mvPerLinesHistoPerCondition(obj, indLegend = "auto", showValues = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>obj</code></td>
<td>An object of class <code>MSnSet</code>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>indLegend</code></td>
<td>The indice of the column name’s in <code>pData()</code> tab.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>showValues</code></td>
<td>A logical that indicates wether numeric values should be drawn above the bars.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Value**

A bar plot

**Author(s)**

Samuel Wieczorek

**Examples**

```r
data(UPSpep25)
wrapper.mvPerLinesHistoPerCondition(UPSpep25)
```
wrapper.mvTypePlot  

Distribution of missing values with respect to intensity values from a MSnSet object

Description

This method plots a scatter plot which represents the distribution of missing values. The colors correspond to the different conditions (slot Label in in the dataset of class MSnSet). The x-axis represent the mean of intensity for one condition and one entity in the dataset (i.e. a protein) whereas the y-axis count the number of missing values for this entity and the considered condition. The data have been jittered for an easier vizualisation.

Usage

wrapper.mvTypePlot(obj, threshold = 0)

Arguments

obj  
An object of class MSnSet.

threshold  
An integer for the intensity that delimits MNAR and MCAR missing values.

Value

A scatter plot

Author(s)

Florence Combes, Samuel Wieczorek

Examples

data(UPS Pep25)
wrapper.mvTypePlot(UPS pep25)

wrapper.normalizeD  

Normalisation

Description

Provides several methods to normalize quantitative data from a MSnSet object. They are organized in four main families: Strong Rescaling, Median Centering, Mean Centering, Mean Centering Scaling. For the first family, two sub-categories are available: the sum by columns and the quantiles method. For the three other families, two categories are available: "Overall" which means that the value for each protein (i.e line in the expression data tab) is computed over all the samples; "within conditions" which means that the value for each protein (i.e line in the exprs() data tab) is computed condition by condition.

Usage

wrapper.normalizeD(obj, family, method)
wrapper.varianceDistD

Arguments

- **obj**: An object of class `MSnSet`.
- **family**: One of the following: Global Rescaling, Median Centering, Mean Centering, Mean Centering Scaling.
- **method**: "Overall" or "within conditions".

Value

An instance of class `MSnSet` where the quantitative data in the `exprs()` tab has been normalized.

Author(s)

Alexia Dorffer

Examples

```r
data(UPSpep25)
wrapper.normalizeD(UPSpep25, "Median Centering", "within conditions")
```

wrapper.varianceDistD  Distribution of variance of proteins

Description

Builds a densityplot of the variance of entities in the `exprs()` table of an object `MSnSet`. The variance is calculated for each condition (Label) present in the dataset (see the slot 'Label' in the `pData()` table).

Usage

```r
wrapper.varianceDistD(obj)
```

Arguments

- **obj**: An object of class `MSnSet`.

Value

A density plot

Author(s)

Alexia Dorffer

See Also

`wrapper.densityPlotD`

Examples

```r
data(UPSpep25)
wrapper.varianceDistD(UPSpep25)
```
wrapper.violinPlotD

Wrapper to the violinPlotD function on an object MSnSet

Description

This function is a wrapper for using the violinPlotD function with objects of class MSnSet.

Usage

wrapper.violinPlotD(obj, dataForXAxis = "Label", group2Color = "Condition")

Arguments

- obj: An object of class MSnSet.
- dataForXAxis: A vector of strings containing the names of columns in pData() to print labels on X-axis (Default is "Label").
- group2Color: A string that indicates how to color the replicates: one color per condition (value "Condition") or one color per replicate (value "Replicate"). Default value is by Condition.

Value

A violin plot

Author(s)

Samuel Wieczorek

See Also

wrapper.densityPlotD, wrapper.boxPlotD

Examples

data(UPSpep25)
library(vioplot)
types <- c("Label","Analyt.Rep")
wrapper.violinPlotD(UPSpep25, types)

wrapperCalibrationPlot

Performs a calibration plot on an MSnSet object, calling the cp4p package functions.

Description

This function is a wrapper to the calibration.plot method of the cp4p package for use with MSnSet objects.
Usage

wrapperCalibrationPlot(vPVal, pi0Method = "pounds")

Arguments

vPVal A dataframe that contains quantitative data.
pi0Method A vector of the conditions (labels) (one label per sample).

Value

A plot

Author(s)

Samuel Wieczorek

Examples

data(UPSpep25)
condition1 <- '25fmol'
condition2 <- '10fmol'
qData <- Biobase::exprs(UPSpep25)
labels <- Biobase::pData(UPSpep25)[,"Label"]
diffAnaWelch(qData, labels, condition1, condition2)

writeMSnsetToExcel

This function exports a MSnSet object to a Excel file.

Description

This function exports a MSnSet data object to a Excel file. Each of the three data.frames in the MSnSet object (ie experimental data, phenoData and metaData are respectively integrated into separate sheets in the Excel file).

Usage

writeMSnsetToExcel(obj, filename)

Arguments

obj An object of class MSnSet.
filename A character string for the name of the Excel file.

Value

A Excel file (.xlsx)

Author(s)

Samuel Wieczorek
Examples

data(UPSeps25)
writeMSnsetToExcel(UPSeps25, "foo")
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