Package ‘GenoGAM’

April 25, 2017

Type Package

Title A GAM based framework for analysis of ChIP-Seq data

Version 1.4.0

Date 2016-10-05

Description This package allows statistical analysis of genome-wide data with smooth functions using generalized additive models based on the implementation from the R-package ‘mgcv’. It provides methods for the statistical analysis of ChIP-Seq data including inference of protein occupancy, and pointwise and region-wise differential analysis. Estimation of dispersion and smoothing parameters is performed by cross-validation. Scaling of generalized additive model fitting to whole chromosomes is achieved by parallelization over overlapping genomic intervals.

License GPL-2

LazyData true

Depends R (>= 3.3), Rsamtools (>= 1.18.2), SummarizedExperiment (>= 1.1.19), GenomicRanges (>= 1.23.16), methods

Imports BiocParallel (>= 1.5.17), data.table (>= 1.9.4), DESeq2 (>= 1.11.23), futile.logger (>= 1.4.1), GenomeInfoDb (>= 1.7.6), GenomicAlignments (>= 1.7.17), IRanges (>= 2.5.30), mgcv (>= 1.8), reshape2 (>= 1.4.1), S4Vectors (>= 0.9.34), Biostrings (>= 2.39.14)

Suggests BiocStyle, chipseq (>= 1.21.2), LSD (>= 3.0.0), genefilter (>= 1.54.2), ggplot2 (>= 2.1.0), testthat, knitr

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation no

RoxygenNote 5.0.1

biocViews Regression, DifferentialPeakCalling, ChIPSeq, DifferentialExpression, Genetics, Epigenetics

Collate 'GenomicTiles-class.R' 'GenoGAMSets-class.R' 'GenoGAM-class.R' 'GenoGAM-package.R' 'GenoGAMDataSet-class.R' 'cv.R' 'devel.R' 'diffBinding.R' 'filter.R' 'genogam.R' 'helper.R' 'peakCalling.R' 'plotting.R' 'qc.R' 'readData.R' 'sf.R'

URL https://github.com/gstricker/GenoGAM
BugReports  https://github.com/gstricker/GenoGAM/issues

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asDataFrame

```r
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```r
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**Description**

GenomicTiles to DataFrame

**See Also**

Other res: GenoGAMDataSetToDataFrame

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**callPeaks**

```
Call peaks on a GenoGAM object
```

**Description**

Call narrow or broad peaks on the GenoGAM fit and computing significance, respectively

**Usage**

```r
callPeaks(fit, smooth = NULL, range = NULL, peakType = c("narrow", "broad"), threshold = NULL, thresholdType = c("fdr", "pvalue"), maxgap = 500, cutoff = 0.05, minregion = 1)
```

**Arguments**

- `fit`: A GenoGAM object
- `smooth`: The name of the smooth, i.e. the 'by' variables in the GenoGAMDataSet design. By default the last one will be taken.
- `range`: A GRanges object specifying a range. By default the complete fit is taken.
- `peakType`: The type of the peak (narrow or broad). Default is narrow, see details.
- `threshold`: The significance threshold. Keep in mind that the threshold depends on the thresholdType. By default this is 0.05 for 'pvalue' and 0.1 for 'fdr'.
- `thresholdType`: The threshold type. Either 'fdr'(default) or 'pvalue'. If the threshold is not provided it, will be set accordingly to the thresholdType.
- `maxgap`: For broad peaks only. The maximum gap between two broad peaks, that can be tolerated in order to identify both as part of one broad peak. All broad peaks with distances smaller or equal to the maxgap will be merged.
- `cutoff`: A separate threshold for broad peaks. Since pointwise pvalues are available, this threshold is used to identify all significantly high positions, which then make up a broad peak.
- `minregion`: For broad peaks only. The minimum length of a broad peak. By default 1, thus catching also narrow peaks.
Details

Note, that broad peaks don’t provide a specific highest location, but a region. Whereas narrow peaks provide both. However, the borders of narrow peaks are not necessarily informative. Additionally narrow peaks provide a 95% confidence interval for the position, namely ‘start’ and ‘end’, which gives a more informative uncertainty measure to the peak position. Also narrow peaks provide an occupancy estimate at the peak position, while broad peaks give the average occupancy across the region. The columns returned are:

Value

A data.table of identified peaks. The different columns loosely resemble the narrow and broad peak format (with different column order), such that it is easy to write them to a ‘narrowPeak’, ‘broadPeak’ file. See details for column description.

Author(s)

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

Examples

```
load(system.file("extdata/Set1/fit.rda", package="GenoGAM"))
## calling narrow peaks
peaks <- callPeaks(fit, smooth = "genotype", threshold = 1)
peaks

## calling broad peaks
peaks <- callPeaks(fit, smooth = "genotype", threshold = 1,
                   peakType = "broad", cutoff = 0.75)
peaks
```

changeSettings

Check data compliance with tile settings

Description

Check if the indices were build correctly, according to the specified parameters. This is the recommended way of changing tile settings, as it triggers instant recomputation of the index.

Usage

```
changeSettings(object, param, value)
```

## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles,character'

changeSettings(object, param, value)

Arguments

```
object A /codeGenomicTiles object.
param The name of a tile settings parameter.
value An appropriate value. In most cases integer.
```
checkSettings

Value

A `GenomicTiles` object

Author(s)

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

Examples

gt <- makeTestGenomicTiles()
gt2 <- changeSettings(gt, "chunkSize", 20)

checkSettings

Check data compliance with tile settings

Description

Check if the indices were build correctly, according to the specified parameters

Usage

checkSettings(object)

## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
checkSettings(object)

Arguments

object A `GenomicTiles` object.

Value

A logical value

Author(s)

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

Examples

gt <- makeTestGenomicTiles()
checkSettings(gt)
computeSignificance

Compute significance for given regions

Description

For a given set of regions, region-wise p-values and FDR is computed.

Usage

computeSignificance(fit, regions, what = NULL)

Arguments

- fit: A GenoGAM object containing the fit
- regions: A GRanges object of regions of interest
- what: Which fit should be used. The names should be equivalent to the column names used in the config file. Lookup with names(colData(my_GenoGAMDataSet_object))

Details

For a given set of regions, region-wise p-values are computed by applying familywise hochberg correction and taking the minimal p-value. FDR is computed by further applying Benjamini-Hochberg correction.

Value

The GRanges object from the 'region' parameter extended by two columns: pvalue and FDR.

Author(s)

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

Examples

gg <- makeTestGenoGAM()
gr <- GRanges("chr1", IRanges(1,100))
computeSignificance(gg, gr)

computeRegionSignificance

Compute significance for given regions

Description

Based on the model fits this functions computes pointwise pvalues.

Usage

computeSignificance(gg, log.p = FALSE)
### Description

The function computes the size factors for given factor groups based on the DESeq2 package.

### Usage

```r
computeSizeFactors(ggd, factorGroups = NULL)
```

### Arguments

- **ggd**: A GenoGAMDataSet object.
- **factorGroups**: A list of grouped IDs (same as the colnames of the GenoGAMDataSet object). Each element of the list represents a group of samples within which size factors are computed. If NULL all samples are regarded to belong to one group. Size factors are not computed between groups.

### Value

An updated GenoGAMDataSet object.

### Author(s)

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

### Examples

```r
ggd <- makeTestGenoGAMDataSet()
pp <- computeSizeFactors(ggd)
head(getFits(pp))
```
**dataRange**

*The GRanges of the underlying data*

**Description**

Just like the coordinates slot but returns the genomic ranges of the underlying data.

**Usage**

```r
dataRange(object)
```

```r
## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
dataRange(object)
```

```r
## S4 method for signature 'GPos'
dataRange(object)
```

**Arguments**

- `object`: A GenomicTiles object.

**Value**

A GRanges object of genomic ranges of the underlying data

**Author(s)**

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

**Examples**

```r
gt <- makeTestGenomicTiles()
dataRange(gt)
```

---

**design,GenoGAMDataSet-method**

*Access the design slot*

**Description**

The design slot contains the formula object which is used to fit the model.

**Usage**

```r
# S4 method for signature 'GenoGAMDataSet'
design(object)
```

```r
# S4 replacement method for signature 'GenoGAMDataSet,ANY'
design(object) <- value
```
**filterData**

**Arguments**

- object: A GenoGAMDataSet object.
- value: A formula object

**Value**

A formula object

**Author(s)**

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

**Examples**

ggd <- makeTestGenoGAMDataSet()
design(ggd)
design(ggd) <- ~1

```r
filterData(ggd, windowsize = 10)
fdata
```

**Description**

A function to filter the GenoGAMDataSet by the sum or mean of counts to significantly reduce the amount of models to compute

**Usage**

```r
filterData(ggd, threshold = NULL, windowsize = 201, mode = c("sum", "mean"))
```

**Arguments**

- ggd: A GenoGAMDataSet object
- threshold: A value for the mean or sum of counts, which will be used to filter on basepair level. By default it is taken as median + 3*MAD
- windowsize: The sliding window size. Should be an odd value.
- mode: Should the sum or the mean of counts be used?

**Value**

A GenoGAMDataSet object containing the filtered regions

**Author(s)**

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

**Examples**

ggd <- makeTestGenoGAMDataSet()
fdata <- filterData(ggd, windowsize = 10)
fdata
GenoGAM

Description

GenoGAM: A package providing a framework to analyse ChIP-Seq data

Usage

```r
genogam(ggd, lambda = NULL, family = mgcv::nb(), bpknots = 20,
        kfolds = 10, intervallSize = 20, m = 2)
```

Arguments

- **ggd**: A GenoGAMDataSet object to be fitted.
- **lambda**: The penalization parameter. Will be estimated if missing.
- **family**: A distribution family object. So far only mgcv::nb() is allowed.
- **bpknots**: Number of basepairs per one knot, that is, how dense should the knots be placed. The denser the knots, the more sensitive the fit. Note however, that computation time increases approximately cubic with every additional knot.
- **kfolds**: An integer number giving the number of k-folds to be used in cross validation, if parameters need to be estimated.
- **intervallSize**: The size of the intervalls to be used in cross validation. Short intervalls are used instead of single points to be left out due to spatial correlation. If replicates are present it is advised to make them bigger, e.g. 2*fragment size. Otherwise, depending on the density of the data, they should not exceed the size of a short read.
- **m**: The penalization order of the P-Splines.

Value

A GenoGAM object containing the fits and parameters.

Author(s)

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>
GenoGAM-class

Examples

```r
## Not run:
## simple example
config <- data.frame(ID = c("input", "IP"),
  file = c("myInput.bam", "myIP.bam"),
  paired = c(FALSE, FALSE),
  type = c(0,1), stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
bpk <- 100 ## basepairs per one knot
chunkSize <- 5000
overhang <- round(7*chunkSize/bpk) ##overhang with 7 knots
knots <- chunkSize/bpk
## build the GenoGAMDataSet
gtiles <- GenoGAMDataSet(config = config, chunkSize = chunkSize, overhangSize = overhang,
  design = ~ s(x) + s(x, by = type))
gtiles <- computeSizeFactors(gtiles)
fits <- genogam(gtiles, bpknots = bpk)
## End(Not run)
```

GenoGAM-class

**GenoGAM class**

Description

This class is designed to represent the model object containing the estimate parameters, arguments and finals fits of the model on a basepair level.

Slots

- **design** A mgcv-type formula object.
- **fits** A data.frame of the fits, the standard error and the first and second derivative of the fits for each experiment.
- **positions** A GPos object of the positions and seqnames corresponding to the rows in the 'fits' slot.
- **smooths** A data.frame of knot positions and base function coefficients, in order to reproduce the splines and compute derivatives.
- **vcov** A list of covariance matrices for each tile fit.
- **experimentDesign** The design matrix according to which the fitting was performed.
- **fitparams** Global parameters 'lambda', 'theta', 'Coefficient of Variation' and the 'penalty order' used to compute the model.
- **family** The distribution family.
- **cvparams** Parameters used for cross validation.
- **settings** The global and local settings that were used to compute the model.
- **tileSettings** A list of settings used to compute tiles.

Author(s)

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>
Description
The different accessor functions for the GenoGAM object
The ‘positions’ slot holds the positions of the fit in GPos format
The ‘design’ slot holds the formula of the fit
The ‘fits’ slot contains the fitted values of the model
The ‘experimentDesign’ slot contains the experimental design of the model as specified in the config file

Usage
## S4 method for signature 'GenoGAM'
rowRanges(x)

## S4 method for signature 'GenoGAM'
design(object)

getFits(x)

## S4 method for signature 'GenoGAM'
getFits(x)

## S4 method for signature 'GenoGAM'
colData(x)

Arguments
x, object A GenoGAM object.

Value
The respective slot

Author(s)
Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

Examples
gg <- makeTestGenoGAM()
ranges <- rowRanges(gg)
gg <- makeTestGenoGAM()
des <- design(gg)
gg <- makeTestGenoGAM()
fits <- getFits(gg)
gg <- makeTestGenoGAM()
exdesign <- colData(gg)
GenoGAMDataSet

Description

This is the constructor function for GenoGAMDataSet. So far a GenoGAMDataSet can be constructed from either an experiment design file or data.frame or directly from a RangedSummarizedExperiment with a GPos object being the rowRanges.

Usage

GenoGAMDataSet(experimentDesign, chunkSize, overhangSize, design, directory = ".", settings = NULL, ...)

Arguments

- **experimentDesign**
  Either a character object specifying the path to a delimited text file (the delimiter will be determined automatically), or a data.frame specifying the experiment design. See details for the structure of the experimentDesign.

- **chunkSize**
  An integer specifying the size of one chunk in bp.

- **overhangSize**
  An integer specifying the size of the overhang in bp. As the overhang is taken to be symmetrical, only the overhang of one side should be provided.

- **design**
  A mgcv-like formula object. See details for its structure.

- **directory**
  The directory from which to read the data. By default the current working directory is taken.

- **settings**
  A GenoGAMSettings object. This class is already present but not yet fully tested and therefore not accessible to the user. This argument exists however in order to allow some workarounds if necessary. See the vignette for a possible use.

- **...**
  Further parameters, mostly for arguments of custom processing functions or to specify a different method for fragment size estimation. See details for further information.

Details

The experimentDesign file/data.frame must contain at least three columns with fixed names: 'ID', 'file' and 'paired'. The field 'ID' stores a unique identifier for each alignment file. It is recommended to use short and easy to understand identifiers because they are subsequently used for labelling data and plots. The field 'file' stores the BAM file name. The field 'paired', values TRUE for paired-end sequencing data, and FALSE for single-end sequencing data. All other columns are stored in the colData slot of the GenoGAMDataSet object. Note that all columns which will be used for analysis must have at most two conditions, which are for now restricted to 0 and 1. For example, if the IP data should be corrected for input, then the input will be 0 and IP will be 1, since we are interested in the corrected IP. See examples.

Design must be a mgcv-like formula. At the moment only the following is possible: Either '~ 1' for a constant. ~ s(x) for a smooth fit over the entire data. s(x, by = "myColumn"), where 'myColumn' is a column name in the experimentDesign. This type of formula will then only fit the samples annotated with 1 in this column. Or ~ s(x) + s(x, by = "myColumn") + s(x, by = ...) + ... The last formula lets you combine any number of columns, given they are binary with 0 and 1. For example
the formula for correcting IP for input would look like this: \( \sim s(x) + s(x, \text{by} = "\text{experiment}") \), where 'experiment' is a column with 0s and 1s, with the ip samples annotated with 1 and input samples with 0. In case of single-end data in might be useful to specify a different method for fragment size estimation. The argument 'shiftMethod' can be supplied with the values 'coverage' (default), 'correlation' or 'SISSR'. See ?chipseq::estimate.mean.fraglen for explanation.

Value

An object of class GenoGAMDataSet.

Author(s)

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

Examples

```r
## Not run:
myConfig <- data.frame(ID = c("input","ip"),
  file = c("myInput.bam", "myIP.bam"),
  paired = c(FALSE, FALSE),
  experiment = factor(c(0,1)),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
myConfig2 <- data.frame(ID = c("wildtype1","wildtype2",
  "mutant1", "mutant2"),
  file = c("myWT1.bam", "myWT2.bam"
  "myMutant1.bam", "myMutant2.bam"),
  paired = c(FALSE, FALSE, FALSE, FALSE),
  experiment = factor(c(0, 0, 1, 1)),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

gtiles <- GenoGAMDataSet(myConfig, chunkSize = 2000,
  overhang = 250, design = ~ s(x) + s(x, \text{by} = "\text{experiment}")
gtiles <- GenoGAMDataSet(myConfig2, chunkSize = 2000,
  overhang = 250, design = ~ s(x) + s(x, \text{by} = "\text{experiment}")

## End(Not run)
## make a test dataset
## make a test dataset
ggd <- makeTestGenoGAMDataSet()
ggd
```

GenoGAMDataSet-class

GenoGAMDataSet

Description

This class is designed to represent the input for the GenoGAM model. It extends the GenomicTiles class.

Details

For all other slots see SummarizedExperiment.
**GenoGAMDataSetToDataFrame**

**Slots**

- settings: The global and local settings that were used to compute the model.
- design: The formula describing how to evaluate the data.
- sizeFactors: The normalized values for each sample.

**Author(s)**

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

---

**GenoGAMDataSetToDataFrame**

*GenoGAMDataSet to DataFrame*

**Description**

GenoGAMDataSet to DataFrame

**See Also**

Other res: asDataFrame

---

**GenoGAMSSettings**

*The constructor function for GenoGAMSSettings*

**Description**

The constructor function for GenoGAMSSettings

**Usage**

GenoGAMS_settings(...)

**Arguments**

... Any parameters corresponding to the slots and their possible values. See GenoGAMS_Settings

**Value**

A GenoGAMS_settings object.

**Author(s)**

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>
GenoGAMSettings-class  GenoGAMSettings

Description
This class is designed to store settings for the computation of the GenoGAM package.

Details
Center can have three values: TRUE, FALSE, NULL. TRUE will trigger the center function, FALSE will trigger the use of the entire fragment. NULL should be used in case a custom process function is used.

Slots
- `center`: A logical or NULL value to specify if the raw data should be centered, i.e. only the midpoint of the fragment will be used to represent its coverage. See details.
- `chromosomeList`: A character vector of chromosomes to be used. NULL for all chromosomes.
- `bamParams`: An object of class ScanBamParam. See ?Rsamtools::ScanBamParam.
- `parallel`: A parallel backend of the respective class. See BiocParallel for the options.
- `processFunction`: A custom function on how to process raw data. Not used if center is TRUE/FALSE.
- `optimMethod`: The optimisation method to be used in cross validation.
- `optimControl`: Settings for the optim() function.

Author(s)
Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

GenomicTiles  GenomicTiles constructor.

Description
This is the constructor function for GenomicTiles. The easiest construction is from SummarizedExperiment. However as the class operates on basepair level, the rowRanges are restricted to the GPos class.

Usage
GenomicTiles(assays, chunkSize = 10000, overhangSize = 0, ...)

**GenomicTiles-class**

**Arguments**

- **assays**: One of two things. Either directly an object of type `RangedSummarizedExperiment`. Or in case the object is created from raw data, a `list` or `SimpleList` of matrix-like elements, or a matrix-like object. All elements of the list must have the same dimensions, and dimension names (if present) must be consistent across elements and with the row names of `rowRanges` and `colData`.

- **chunkSize**: An integer specifying the size of one chunk in bp.

- **overhangSize**: An integer specifying the size of the overhang in bp. The overhang is regarded to be symmetric, such that only the overhang of one side should be provided.

- **...**: Further parameters passed to the `SummarizedExperiment` constructor.

**Details**

Most, but not necessary all functionalities of `SummarizedExperiment` are yet provided.

**Value**

An object of class GenomicTiles.

**Author(s)**

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

**Examples**

```r
## from raw data
gp <- GPos(GRanges(c("chrI", "chrII"), IRanges(c(1,1), c(5,5))))
assay <- matrix(1:10, 10, 1)
gt <- GenomicTiles(assay, chunkSize = 3, rowRanges = gp)

## from SummarizedExperiment
se <- SummarizedExperiment(assay, rowRanges = gp)
gt <- GenomicTiles(se, chunkSize = 3)
```

**Description**

This class is designed to represent the entire genome (or a subset of it) and any additional data associated with the samples or positions. It extends the `RangedSummarizedExperiment` class and adds two additional index slots to keep track of the data. The main change compared to `RangedSummarizedExperiment` is the use of a GPos (basepair level) instead of GRanges (ranges level) object as rowRanges and the use of two GRanges objects as indices. The GPos object allows to store raw instead of summarized data in the assays. Because of this the size of genomic data can increase tremendously. Thus the GenomicTiles class automatically divides the data in (overlapping) tiles, making any operation on this data easy executable in parallel.

**Details**

For all other slots see `SummarizedExperiment`. 
getChromosomes

Slots

index  A GRanges object that stores the tiles ranges and their index in the genome space. That is, ranges are the positions on the genome.
coordinates A GRanges object that stores the tiles ranges and their index in the DataFrame space. That is ranges are the row positions in the DataFrame.

Author(s)

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

getChromosomes  The single entries of the tile settings

Description

Returns the single elements of the tile settings

Usage

getchromosomes(object)

## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
getchromosomes(object)

getTileSize(object)

## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
getTileSize(object)

getChunkSize(object)

## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
getchunkSize(object)

getOverhangSize(object)

## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
getoveryhangSize(object)

getTileNumber(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
gettileNumber(object)

Arguments

object  A GenomicTiles object.
...  Additional arguments
getChunkIndex

Value

An integer value, or in case of getChromosomes a GRanges object

Author(s)

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

Examples

```r
get <- makeTestGenomicTiles()
getChromosomes(get)
getTileSize(get)
getChunkSize(get)
getOverhangSize(get)
getTileNumber(get)
```

getchunkIndex

Compute the index for chunks instead tiles

Description

The chunk index holds the Granges object that splits the entire dataset in chunk, that is non-overlapping intervals.

Usage

```r
getChunkIndex(object, ...)
```

## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'

```r
getChunkIndex(object, id = NULL)
```

Arguments

- **object**
  - A GenomicTiles object.
- **id**
  - A vector if tile ids. By default the complete index is returned.

Value

A GRanges object representing the index

Author(s)

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

Examples

```r
get <- makeTestGenomicTiles()
getChunkIndex(gt)
```
**getCoordinates**

*Accessor to the `coordinates` slot*

**Description**

The `coordinates` slot contains the row coordinates of each chromosome in the data. Such that taken a genomic position from a chromosome it’s easy to detect the correct row in the assay.

**Usage**

```r
getCoordinates(object)
```

```r
## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
getCoordinates(object)
```

**Arguments**

- `object` A `GenomicTiles` object.

**Value**

A `GRanges` object of row coordinates

**Author(s)**

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

**Examples**

```r
gt <- makeTestGenomicTiles()
getCoordinates(gt)
```

---

**getIndex**

*Accessor to the `index` slot*

**Description**

The index holds the Granges object that splits the entire dataset in tiles.

**Usage**

```r
getIndex(object, ...)
```

```r
## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
getIndex(object, id = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

- `object` A `GenomicTiles` object.
- `...` Additional arguments
- `id` A vector if tile ids. By default the complete index is returned.
**Value**

A GRanges object representing the index

**Author(s)**

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

**Examples**

```r
gt <- makeTestGenomicTiles()
getIndex(gt)
getIndex(gt, 1:3)
```

---

**getDescription**

*Compute the row coordinates for a given index*

**Description**

Given an index of genomic positions, this method computes the corresponding row positions in the assay

**Usage**

```r
getIndexCoordinates(object, ...)
```

```r
## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
getIndexCoordinates(object, id = NULL, index = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

- `object`: A GenomicTiles object.
- `...`: Additional arguments Usually the original index or the chunk index.
- `id`: A vector if tile ids. By default the complete index is returned.
- `index`: A GRanges object representing an index of genomic positions.

**Value**

A GRanges object of row coordinates

**Author(s)**

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

**Examples**

```r
gt <- makeTestGenomicTiles()
getIndexCoordinates(gt)
```
**getTile**

*Tile extraction as a DataFrame*

**Description**

Extracting one or multiple tiles from a `GenomicTiles` object and coercing them to a `DataFrameList`.

**Usage**

```r
getTile(object, id, ...)  
## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
getTile(object, id, size = 3e+09)
```

**Arguments**

- `object` A `GenomicTiles` object
- `id` A vector of tile ids
- `size` The maximal number of rows that should be handled at once. If the dataset is bigger it will be processed in chunks. This is to lower memory consumption on big datasets, which in turn is slower.

**Value**

A `DataFrameList`

**Author(s)**

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

**Examples**

```r
gt <- makeTestGenomicTiles()  
getTile(gt, 1:3)
```

---

**makeTestGenoGAM**

*Make an example /codeGenoGAM*

**Description**

Make an example `GenoGAM` object

**Usage**

```r
makeTestGenoGAM()
```

**Value**

A `/codeGenoGAM` object
Examples

test <- makeTestGenoGAM()

Description

Make an example GenoGAMDataSet

Usage

makeTestGenoGAMDataSet()

Value

A GenoGAMDataSet object

Examples

test <- makeTestGenoGAMDataSet()

makeTestGenomicTiles Make an example GenomicTile

Description

Make an example GenomicTile

Usage

makeTestGenomicTiles()

Value

A GenomicTiles object

Examples

test <- makeTestGenomicTiles()
plot.GenoGAM

The plot function for a GenoGAM object

Description
This function plots the fit of a given region and optionally the read counts from the GenoGAM-DataSet object

Usage
plot.GenoGAM(x, ggd = NULL, ranges = NULL, seqnames = NULL, start = NULL, end = NULL, scale = TRUE, ...)

Arguments

x A GenoGAM object
ggd A GenoGAMDataSet object to plot raw counts
ranges A GRanges object specifying a particular region
seqnames A chromosome name. Together with start and end it is an alternative way of selecting a region
start The start of a region
end The end of a region
scale Logical, should all tracks be scaled to the same y-axis?
... Additional parameters that will be passed to the basic plot routine

Value
A plot of all tracks either using the ggplot2 or the base R framework

Author(s)
Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

qualityCheck

A function to quality check the data

Description
This function checks some data attributes in the given class. Check details for more information.

Usage
qualityCheck(object, ...)

Arguments

object Any object for which this methods is implemented
... further parameters. See details.
**sizeFactors,GenoGAMDataSet-method**

**Details**

So far this method is only implemented for the class GenoGAMDataSet. In this case some general metrics are printed and some plots are stored in the folder "qc", which will be created in the working directory.

Additional parameters: factorGroups (for GenoGAMDataSet), which is used to specify factor groups for normalization plots. By default the groups will be identified automatically. See ?computeSizeFactors for parameter description.

**Value**

Based on the object provided, see details.

**Author(s)**

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

---

**sizeFactors,GenoGAMDataSet-method**

*Access the sizeFactor slot*

**Description**

The sizeFactor slot contains the vector of normalization values for each sample

**Usage**

```r
## S4 method for signature 'GenoGAMDataSet'
sizeFactors(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'GenoGAMDataSet,ANY'
sizeFactors(object) <- value
```

**Arguments**

- `object`: A GenoGAMDataSet object.
- `value`: A named numeric vector

**Value**

A named numeric vector

**Author(s)**

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

**Examples**

```r
ggd <- makeTestGenoGAMDataSet()
sizeFactors(ggd)
sizeFactors(ggd) <- c(a = 5, b = 1/5)
```
subset,GenoGAM-method  

*Subset method for GenoGAM*

**Description**
Subsetting the GenoGAM by a logical statement

**Usage**
```r
## S4 method for signature 'GenoGAM'
subset(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**
- `x`  
  A GenoGAM object.
- `...`  
  Further arguments. Mostly a logical statement. Note that the columnnames for chromosomes and positions are: seqnames and pos.

**Value**
A subsetted GenoGAM object.

**Author(s)**
Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

**Examples**
```r
gg <- makeTestGenoGAM()
subset(gg, pos <= 40)
```

---

subset,GenoGAMDataSet-method

*Subset method for GenoGAMDataSet*

**Description**
Subsetting the GenoGAMDataSet by a logical statement

**Usage**
```r
## S4 method for signature 'GenoGAMDataSet'
subset(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**
- `x`  
  A GenoGAMDataSet object.
- `...`  
  Further arguments. Mostly a logical statement. Note that the columnnames for chromosomes and positions are: seqnames and pos.

**Value**
A subsetted GenoGAMDataSet object.

**Examples**
```r
gg <- makeTestGenoGAMDatset()
subset(gg, pos <= 40)
```
### Description

Subsetting the `GenomicTiles` by a logical statement

#### Usage

```r
## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
subset(x, ...)
```

#### Arguments

- `x`  
  A `GenomicTiles` object.

- `...`  
  Further arguments. Mostly a logical statement. Note that the columnnames for chromosomes and positions are: `seqnames` and `pos`.

#### Value

A subsetted `GenomicTiles` object.

#### Examples

```r
gt <- makeTestGenomicTiles()  
res <- subset(gt, seqnames == "chrI" & pos <= 50)
```
**Description**

Subsetting the GenoGAM by a GRanges object

**Usage**

```r
## S4 method for signature 'GenoGAM,ANY'
subsetByOverlaps(query, subject)
```

**Arguments**

- `query`: A GenoGAM object.
- `subject`: A GRanges object
- `...`: Additional parameters

**Value**

A subsetted GenoGAM object.

**Author(s)**

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

**Examples**

```r
gg <- makeTestGenoGAM()
gr <- GRanges("chrI", IRanges(1,40))
subsetByOverlaps(gg, gr)
```

---

**Description**

Subsetting the GenoGAMDataSet by a GRanges object

**Usage**

```r
## S4 method for signature 'GenoGAMDataSet,GRanges'
subsetByOverlaps(query, subject, 
maxgap = 0L, minoverlap = 1L, type = c("any", "start", "end", "within", "equal"), ...)
```

---
Arguments

query A GenoGAMDataSet object.
subject A GRanges object
maxgap, minoverlap Intervals with a separation of maxgap or less and a minimum of minoverlap overlapping positions, allowing for maxgap, are considered to be overlapping. maxgap should be a scalar, non-negative, integer. minoverlap should be a scalar, positive integer.
type By default, any overlap is accepted. By specifying the type parameter, one can select for specific types of overlap. The types correspond to operations in Allen’s Interval Algebra (see references). If type is start or end, the intervals are required to have matching starts or ends, respectively. While this operation seems trivial, the naive implementation using outer would be much less efficient. Specifying equal as the type returns the intersection of the start and end matches. If type is within, the query interval must be wholly contained within the subject interval. Note that all matches must additionally satisfy the minoverlap constraint described above.

The maxgap parameter has special meaning with the special overlap types. For start, end, and equal, it specifies the maximum difference in the starts, ends or both, respectively. For within, it is the maximum amount by which the query may be wider than the subject.

... Additional parameters

Value

A subsetted GenoGAMDataSet object.

Author(s)

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

Examples

```r
ggd <- makeTestGenoGAMDataSet()
gr <- GRanges("chr1", IRanges(1,50))
res <- subsetByOverlaps(ggd, gr)
```

Description

Subsetting the GenomicTiles by a GRanges object

Usage

```r
## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles,GRanges'
subsetByOverlaps(query, subject, maxgap = 0L,
               minoverlap = 1L, type = c("any", "start", "end", "within", "equal"), ...)
```
Arguments

query A GenomicTiles object.

subject A GRanges object

maxgap, minoverlap
Intervals with a separation of maxgap or less and a minimum of minoverlap overlapping positions, allowing for maxgap, are considered to be overlapping. maxgap should be a scalar, non-negative, integer. minoverlap should be a scalar, positive integer.

type By default, any overlap is accepted. By specifying the type parameter, one can select for specific types of overlap. The types correspond to operations in Allen’s Interval Algebra (see references). If type is start or end, the intervals are required to have matching starts or ends, respectively. While this operation seems trivial, the naive implementation using outer would be much less efficient. Specifying equal as the type returns the intersection of the start and end matches. If type is within, the query interval must be wholly contained within the subject interval. Note that all matches must additionally satisfy the minoverlap constraint described above.

The maxgap parameter has special meaning with the special overlap types. For start, end, and equal, it specifies the maximum difference in the starts, ends or both, respectively. For within, it is the maximum amount by which the query may be wider than the subject.

Value

A subsetted GenomicTiles object.

Author(s)

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

Examples

```r
gt <- makeTestGenomicTiles()
gr <- GRanges(c("chrI", "chrII"), IRanges(c(1, 120), c(40, 150)))
res <- subsetByOverlaps(gt, gr)
```

Summary, GenomicTiles-method

Computing metrics

Description

Computing metrics on each tile of the GenomicTiles object. So far all metrics from the Summary generics group, as well as mean, var, sd, median, mad and IQR are supported.
Usage

## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
Summary(x, ..., na.rm = FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
mean(x)

## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles,ANY'
var(x)

## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
 sd(x)

## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
median(x)

## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
mad(x)

## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
IQR(x)

Arguments

x    A GenomicTiles object
...
na.rm Should NAs be dropped. Otherwise the result is NA

Value

A list of as many elements as there are assays. Each element contains of a matrix with the specified
metric computed per tile per column of the assay data.

Author(s)

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

Examples

gt <- makeTestGenomicTiles()
sum(gt)
min(gt)
max(gt)
mean(gt)
var(gt)
sd(gt)
median(gt)
mad(gt)
IQR(gt)
tileSettings

Return tile settings

Description

Returns a list settings used to generate the tile index

Usage

tileSettings(object)

## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
tileSettings(object)

Arguments

object A GenomicTiles object.

Value

A list of tile settings

Author(s)

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

Examples

gt <- makeTestGenomicTiles()
tileSettings(gt)

untile

Set index to chunkIndex

Description

Replace the tile index with the chunk index in GenomicTiles object

Usage

untile(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
untile(object, id = NULL)

Arguments

object A GenomicTiles object.
... Additional arguments
id A vector if tile ids. By default the complete index is taken.
Value
A modified `codeGenomicTiles` object

Author(s)
Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

Examples
```r
gt <- makeTestGenomicTiles()
newGT <- until(gt)
```

---

Description
View the dataset

Usage
```r
view(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles'
view(object, ranges = NULL, seqnames = NULL,
    start = NULL, end = NULL)
```

Arguments
- `object`: A `GenomicTiles` object
- `...`: Additional arguments
- `ranges`: A `GRanges` object. Makes it possible to select regions by `GRanges`. Either `ranges` or `seqnames`, `start` and `end` must be supplied
- `seqnames`: A chromosomes name. Either `ranges` or `seqnames`, `start` and `end` must be supplied
- `start`: A start site. Either `ranges` or `seqnames`, `start` and `end` must be supplied
- `end`: An end site. Either `ranges` or `seqnames`, `start` and `end` must be supplied

Value
A data.frame of the selected data.

Author(s)
Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

Examples
```r
gt <- makeTestGenomicTiles()
gr <- GRanges(c("chrI", "chrII"), IRanges(c(1, 10), c(40, 30)))
head(view(gt, ranges = gr))
head(view(gt, seqnames = "chrI", start = 1, end = 20))
```
**view, GenoGAM-method**  
*View the dataset*

**Description**

Cbinding the columns all together and coercing to data.frame

**Usage**

```r
## S4 method for signature 'GenoGAM'
view(object, ranges = NULL, seqnames = NULL,
     start = NULL, end = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

- **object**: A GenoGAM object
- **ranges**: A GRanges object. Makes it possible to select regions by GRanges. Either ranges or seqnames, start and end must be supplied
- **seqnames**: A chromosomes name. Either ranges or seqnames, start and end must be supplied
- **start**: A start site. Either ranges or seqnames, start and end must be supplied
- **end**: An end site. Either ranges or seqnames, start and end must be supplied

**Value**

A data.frame of the selected data.

**Author(s)**

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

**Examples**

```r
gg <- makeTestGenoGAM()
gr <- GRanges("chrI", IRanges(1,40))
head(view(gg, gr))
```

---

**writeToBEDFile**  
*Write peaks to BED6+3/4 format*

**Description**

A function to write the data.table of peaks into a narrowPeaks or broadPeaks file

**Usage**

```r
writeToBEDFile(peaks, file = NULL)
```
Arguments

peaks A data.table or data.frame of peaks as produced by callPeaks()

file A file name without suffix. It will be determined automatically. If no file is given, it will be written to a generic `peaks_[timestamp]` file in the current working directory

Value

Nothing. A narrowPeaks or broadPeaks file written to 'file'

Author(s)

Georg Stricker <georg.stricker@in.tum.de>

Description

Providing subsetting by GRanges through the single-bracket operator

Usage

```r
## S4 method for signature 'GenoGAMDataSet,GRanges,ANY,ANY'
x[i]
```

Arguments

x A GenoGAMDataSet object

i A GRanges object

Value

A subsetted GenoGAMDataSet object

Description

Getting a specific tile

Usage

```r
## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles,numeric,ANY'
x[[i]]
```

```r
## S4 method for signature 'GenomicTiles,GRanges,ANY,ANY'
x[i]
```
Arguments

- **x**: A GenomicTiles object
- **i**: An integer (for `[[`]) or a GRanges object (for `[`)

Value

A DataFrame (for `[[`]) or a subsetted GenomicTiles object (for `[`)
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