Package ‘GlobalAncova’

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Title Calculates a global test for differential gene expression between groups

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Description We give the following arguments in support of the GlobalAncova approach: After appropriate normalisation, gene-expression-data appear rather symmetrical and outliers are no real problem, so least squares should be rather robust. ANCOVA with interaction yields saturated data modelling e.g. different means per group and gene. Covariate adjustment can help to correct for possible selection bias. Variance homogeneity and uncorrelated residuals cannot be expected. Application of ordinary least squares gives unbiased, but no longer optimal estimates (Gauss-Markov-Aitken). Therefore, using the classical F-test is inappropriate, due to correlation. The test statistic however mirrors deviations from the null hypothesis. In combination with a permutation approach, empirical significance levels can be approximated. Alternatively, an approximation yields asymptotic p-values.

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Depends methods, corpcor, globaltest

Imports annotate, AnnotationDbi

Suggests Biobase, annotate, GO.db, KEGG.db, golubEsets, hu6800.db, vsn, GSEABase, Rgraphviz

License GPL (>= 2)

biocViews Microarray, OneChannel, DifferentialExpression, Pathways

NeedsCompilation yes

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colon.normal

Gene expression data

Description

Normalized gene expression data of 12 patients with colorectal cancer. Samples are taken from inside the tumours. Additionally, from same patients samples are taken from normal tissue, see colon.normal. The expression matrix is only an exemplary subset of 1747 probe sets associated with cell proliferation.

Usage

data(colon.normal)

Format

The format is:

num [1:1747, 1:12] 8.74 10.53 8.48 12.69 8.55 ...
attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
..$ : chr [1:1747] "200808_s_at" "215706_x_at" "217185_s_at" "202136_at" ...

References


Examples

data(colon.normal)
#str(colon.normal)
Covariate information for the colon data

Description

Covariate data for the colon data example:

sex  Sex of the patient.
age  Age of the patient.
location  Location of the tumour.
grade  Histologic tumour grade.
UICC.stage  UICC stage of colorectal carcinoma.

Usage

data(colon.pheno)

Format

The format is:

'data.frame': 12 obs. of 5 variables:

$sex: Factor w/ 2 levels "0","1": 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1...
$age: int 71 76 63 73 58 66 60 66 86 76 ...
$location: Factor w/ 2 levels "distal","proximal": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 ...
$grade: Factor w/ 2 levels "2","3": 1 1 2 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 ...
$UICC.stage: Factor w/ 2 levels "2","3": 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 ...

References


Examples

data(colon.pheno)
#str(colon.pheno)
Description

Normalized gene expression data of 12 patients with colorectal cancer. Samples are taken from inside the tumours. Additionally, from same patients samples are taken from normal tissue, see colon.normal. The expression matrix is only an exemplary subset of 1747 probe sets associated with cell proliferation.

Usage

data(colon.tumour)

Format

The format is:
num [1:1747, 1:12] 8.77 10.40 8.52 12.86 8.28 ... 
- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
..$ : chr [1:1747] "200808_s_at" "215706_x_at" "217185_s_at" "202136_at" ... 

References


Examples

data(colon.tumour)
#str(colon.tumour)

Description

Computation of a F-test for the association between expression values and clinical entities. In many cases a two way layout with gene and a dichotomous group as factors will be considered. However, adjustment for other covariates and the analysis of arbitrary clinical variables, interactions, gene co-expression, time series data and so on is also possible. The test is carried out by comparison of corresponding linear models via the extra sum of squares principle. Corresponding p-values, permutation p-values and/or asymptotic p-values are given.

There are three possible ways of using GlobalAncova. The general way is to define formulas for the full and reduced model, respectively, where the formula terms correspond to variables in model.dat. An alternative is to specify the full model and the name of the model terms that shall be tested regarding differential expression. In order to make this layout compatible with the function call in the first version of the package there is also a method where simply a group variable (and possibly covariate information) has to be given. This is maybe the easiest usage in cases where no 'special' effects like e.g. interactions are of interest.
Usage

```r
## S4 method for signature 'matrix,formula,formula,ANY,missing,missing,missing'
GlobalAncova(xx, formula.full, formula.red, model.dat,
  test.genes, method = c("permutation","approx","both","Fstat"), perm = 10000, max.group.size = 2500)

## S4 method for signature
## 'matrix,formula,missing,ANY,missing,missing,character'
GlobalAncova(xx, formula.full, model.dat, test.terms,
  test.genes, method = c("permutation","approx","both","Fstat"), perm = 10000, max.group.size = 2500)

## S4 method for signature 'matrix,missing,missing,missing,ANY,ANY,missing'
GlobalAncova(xx, group, covars = NULL,
  test.genes, method = c("permutation","approx","both","Fstat"), perm = 10000, max.group.size = 2500)
```

Arguments

- **xx**: Matrix of gene expression data, where columns correspond to samples and rows to genes. The data should be properly normalized beforehand (and log- or otherwise transformed). Missing values are not allowed. Gene and sample names can be included as the row and column names of `xx`.
- **formula.full**: Model formula for the full model.
- **formula.red**: Model formula for the reduced model (that does not contain the terms of interest.)
- **model.dat**: Data frame that contains all the variable information for each sample.
- **group**: Vector with the group membership information.
- **covars**: Vector or matrix which contains the covariate information for each sample.
- **test.terms**: Character vector that contains names of the terms of interest.
- **test.genes**: Vector of gene names or a list where each element is a vector of gene names.
- **method**: p-values can be calculated permutation-based ("permutation") or by means of an approximation for a mixture of chi-square distributions ("approx"). Both p-values are provided when specifying `method = "both"`. With option "Fstat" only the global F-statistics are returned without p-values or further information.
- **perm**: Number of permutations to be used for the permutation approach. The default is 10,000.
- **max.group.size**: Maximum size of a gene set for which the asymptotic p-value is calculated. For bigger gene sets the permutation approach is used.
- **eps**: Resolution of the asymptotic p-value.
- **acc**: Accuracy parameter needed for the approximation. Higher values indicate higher accuracy.

Value

If `test.genes = NULL` a list with components

- **effect**: Name(s) of the tested effect(s)
- **ANOVA**: ANOVA table
- **test.result**: F-value, theoretical p-value, permutation-based and/or asymptotic p-value
- **terms**: Names of all model terms
If a collection of gene sets is provided in `test.genes` a matrix is returned whose columns show the number of genes, value of the F-statistic, theoretical p-value, permutation-based and/or asymptotic p-value for each of the gene sets.

**Methods**

**xx = "matrix", formula.full = "formula", formula.red = "formula", model.dat = "ANY", group = "missing", covars = "missing", test.terms = "missing"**

In this method, besides the expression matrix `xx`, model formulas for the full and reduced model and a data frame `model.dat` specifying corresponding model terms have to be given. Terms that are included in the full but not in the reduced model are those whose association with differential expression will be tested. The arguments `group`, `covars` and `test.terms` are "missing" since they are not needed for this method.

**xx = "matrix", formula.full = "formula", formula.red = "missing", model.dat = "ANY", group = "missing", covars = "missing", test.terms = "character"**

In this method, besides the expression matrix `xx`, a model formula for the full model and a data frame `model.dat` specifying corresponding model terms are required. The character argument `test.terms` names the terms of interest whose association with differential expression will be tested. The basic idea behind this method is that one can select single terms, possibly from the list of terms provided by previous `GlobalAncova` output, and test them without having to specify each time a model formula for the reduced model. The arguments `formula.red`, `group` and `covars` are "missing" since they are not needed for this method.

**xx = "matrix", formula.full = "missing", formula.red = "missing", model.dat = "missing", group = "ANY", covars = "ANY", test.terms = "missing"**

Besides the expression matrix `xx` a clinical variable `group` is required. Covariate adjustment is possible via the argument `covars` but more complex models have to be specified with the methods described above. This method emulates the function call in the first version of the package. The arguments `formula.full`, `formula.red`, `model.dat` and `test.terms` are "missing" since they are not needed for this method.

**Note**

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**References**


**See Also**

`Plot.genes`, `Plot.subjects`, `GlobalAncova.closed`, `GAGO`, `GlobalAncova.decomp`

**Examples**

```r
data(vantVeer)
data(phenodata)
data(pathways)
GlobalAncova(xx = vantVeer, formula.full = ~metastases + ERstatus, formula.red = ~ERstatus, model.dat = phenodata, test.genes = pathways[1], method = "both", perm = 100)
```
GlobalAncova gene set testing methods

Gene set testing of gene set databases using GlobalAncova

Description

Three functions adapted from package globaltest to test gene sets from databases for association of the gene expression profile with a response variable. Three function are provided for KEGG, for Gene Ontology and for the Broad Institute’s gene sets.

Usage

GAKEGG (xx, ..., id, annotation, probe2entrez, multtest = c("holm", "BH", "BY"), sort = TRUE)

GAGO (xx, ..., id, annotation, probe2entrez, ontology = c("BP", "CC", "MF"), minsize=1, maxsize=Inf, multtest = c("holm", "focuslevel", "BH", "BY"), focuslevel = 10, sort = TRUE)

GABroad (xx, ..., id, annotation, probe2entrez, collection, category = c("c1", "c2", "c3", "c4", "c5"), multtest = c("holm", "BH", "BY"), sort = TRUE)

Arguments

xx  Matrix of gene expression data, where columns correspond to samples and rows to genes. Gene names have to be included as the row names of xx

...  Arguments describing the tests to be performed are passed on to GlobalAncova. Note that only the approximative version of GlobalAncova is used here and hence the parameter method is not available. Even though the number of permutations (perm) may be specified since very large gene sets (with more genes than max.group.size) are treated with the permutation test.

id  The identifier(s) of gene sets to be tested (character vector). If omitted, tests all gene sets in the database.

annotation  The name of the probe annotation package for the microarray that was used, or the name of the genome wide annotation package for the species (e.g. org.Hs.eg.db for human). If an organism package is given, the argument probe2entrez must be supplied.

probe2entrez  Use only if no probe annotation package is available. A mapping from probe identifiers to entrez gene ids. May be an environment, named list or named vector.

multtest  The method of multiple testing correction. Choose from: Benjamini and Hochberg FDR control (BH); Benjamini and Yekutieli FDR control (BY) or Holm familywise error control (holm). For GAGO also the focus level method is available. See focusLevel.
sort If TRUE, sorts the results to increasing p-values.

ontology The ontology or ontologies to be used. Default is to use all three ontologies.

minsize The minimum number of probes that may be annotated to a gene set. Gene sets with fewer annotated probes are discarded.

maxsize The maximum number of probes that may be annotated to a gene set. Gene sets with more annotated probes are discarded.

focuslevel The focus level to be used for the focus level method. Either a vector of gene set ids, or a numerical level. In the latter case, findFocus is called with maxsize at the specified level.

collection The Broad gene set collection, created by a call to getBroadSets.

category The subcategory of the Broad collection to be tested. The default is to test all sets.

Details

These are utility functions to make it easier to do gene set testing of gene sets available in gene set databases. The functions automatically retrieve the gene sets, preprocess and select them, perform global test, do multiple testing correction, and sort the results on the basis of their p-values. All functions require that annotate and the appropriate annotation packages are installed. GAKEGG additionally requires the KEGG.db package; GAGO requires the GO.db package; GABroad requires the user to download the XML file "msigdb_v2.5.xml" from http://www.broad.mit.edu/gsea/downloads.jsp, and to preprocess that file using the getBroadSets function.

Value

The function returns a data frame with raw and multiplicity-adjusted p-values for each gene set.

Note

Functions GAGO, GAKEGG and GABroad correspond to functions gtGO, gtKEGG and gtBroad in package globaltest. The difference is in the use of the GlobalAncova test instead of gt within the procedures.

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References


See Also

gtGO, gtKEGG, gtBroad, GlobalAncova, gt.

Examples

# see vignettes of packages GlobalAncova and globaltest and help of gtGO
GlobalAncova-methods

Methods for Function GlobalAncova

Description

There are three possible ways of using GlobalAncova. The general way is to define formulas for the full and reduced model, respectively, where the formula terms correspond to variables in model.dat. An alternative is to specify the full model and the name of the model terms that shall be tested regarding differential expression. In order to make this layout compatible with the function call in the first version of the package there is also a method where simply a group variable (and possibly covariate information) has to be given. This is maybe the easiest usage in cases where no 'special' effects like e.g. interactions are of interest.

Methods

xx = "matrix", formula.full = "formula", formula.red = "formula", model.dat = "ANY", group = "missing", covars = "missing", test.terms = "missing"

In this method, besides the expression matrix xx, model formulas for the full and reduced model and a data frame model.dat specifying corresponding model terms have to be given. Terms that are included in the full but not in the reduced model are those whose association with differential expression will be tested. The arguments group, covars and test.terms are "missing" since they are not needed for this method.

xx = "matrix", formula.full = "formula", formula.red = "missing", model.dat = "ANY", group = "missing", covars = "missing", test.terms = "character"

In this method, besides the expression matrix xx, a model formula for the full model and a data frame model.dat specifying corresponding model terms are required. The character argument test.terms names the terms of interest whose association with differential expression will be tested. The basic idea behind this method is that one can select single terms, possibly from the list of terms provided by previous GlobalAncova output, and test them without having to specify each time a model formula for the reduced model. The arguments formula.red, group and covars are "missing" since they are not needed for this method.

xx = "matrix", formula.full = "missing", formula.red = "missing", model.dat = "missing", group = "ANY", covars = "ANY", test.terms = "missing"

Besides the expression matrix xx a clinical variable group is required. Covariate adjustment is possible via the argument covars but more complex models have to be specified with the methods described above. This method emulates the function call in the first version of the package. The arguments formula.full, formula.red, model.dat and test.terms are "missing" since they are not needed for this method.

GlobalAncova.closed

Closed testing procedure for testing several groups of genes using GlobalAncova

Description

Computation of a closed testing procedure for several groups of genes, e.g. pathways, as an alternative of correcting for multiple testing. Starting from the pathways of interest a family of null hypotheses is created that is closed under intersection. Each null hypothesis can be rejected at a given level if it is rejected along with all hypotheses included in it.

There are three possible ways of using GlobalAncova. Also GlobalAncova.closed can be invoked with these three alternatives.
Usage

## S4 method for signature
## 'matrix,list,formula,formula,ANY,missing,missing,missing'
GlobalAncova.closed(xx, test.genes,
    formula.full, formula.red, model.dat, previous.test, level, method = c("permutation","approx"),
    max.group.size = 2500, eps = 1e-16, acc = 50)

## S4 method for signature
## 'matrix,list,formula,missing,ANY,missing,missing,character'
GlobalAncova.closed(xx, test.genes,
    formula.full, model.dat, test.terms, previous.test, level, method = c("permutation","approx"),
    max.group.size = 2500, eps = 1e-16, acc = 50)

## S4 method for signature
## 'matrix,list,missing,missing,missing,ANY,ANY,missing'
GlobalAncova.closed(xx, test.genes,
    group, covars = NULL, previous.test, level, method = c("permutation","approx"), perm = 100,
    max.group.size = 2500, eps = 1e-16, acc = 50)

Arguments

xx     Matrix of gene expression data, where columns correspond to samples and rows to genes. The data should be properly normalized beforehand (and log- or otherwise transformed). Missing values are not allowed. Gene and sample names can be included as the row and column names of xx.

test.genes    A list of named pathways that shall be tested, each containing vectors of gene names.

previous.test    The output of a call to GlobalAncova with specified option test.genes according to the pathways of interest (optional).

level    The global level of significance of the testing procedure.

formula.full    Model formula for the full model.

formula.red    Model formula for the reduced model (that does not contain the terms of interest).

model.dat    Data frame that contains all the variable information for each sample.

group    Vector with the group membership information.

covars    Vector or matrix which contains the covariate information for each sample.

test.terms    Character vector that contains names of the terms of interest.

method    Raw p-values can be calculated permutation-based ("permutation") or by means of an approximation ("approx").

perm    Number of permutations to be used for the permutation approach. The default is 10,000.

max.group.size    Maximum size of a gene set for which the asymptotic p-value is calculated. For bigger gene sets the permutation approach is used.

eps    Resolution of the asymptotic p-value.

acc    Accuracy parameter needed for the approximation. Higher values indicate higher accuracy.
Value

A list with components

- **new.data**: Family of null hypotheses (vectors of genes to be tested simultaneously with `GlobalAncova`).
- **test.results**: Test results for each pathway of interest and all hypotheses included in it.
- **significant**: Names of the significant pathways.
- **not.significant**: Names of the non significant pathways.

Methods

- **xx = "matrix", test.genes="list", formula.full = "formula", formula.red = "formula", model.dat = "ANY", group = "missing", covars = "missing", test.terms = "missing"**

  In this method, besides the expression matrix `xx` and the list of gene groups `test.genes`, model formulas for the full and reduced model and a data frame `model.dat` specifying corresponding model terms have to be given. Terms that are included in the full but not in the reduced model are those whose association with differential expression will be tested. The arguments `group`, `covars` and `test.terms` are "missing" since they are not needed for this method.

- **xx = "matrix", test.genes="list", formula.full = "formula", formula.red = "missing", model.dat = "ANY", group = "missing", covars = "missing", test.terms = "character"**

  In this method, besides the expression matrix `xx` and the list of gene groups `test.genes`, a model formula for the full model and a data frame `model.dat` specifying corresponding model terms are required. The character argument `test.terms` names the terms of interest whose association with differential expression will be tested. The arguments `formula.red`, `group` and `covars` are "missing" since they are not needed for this method.

- **xx = "matrix", test.genes="list", formula.full = "missing", formula.red = "missing", model.dat = "missing", group = "ANY", covars = "ANY", test.terms = "missing"**

  Besides the expression matrix `xx` and the list of gene groups `test.genes` a clinical variable `group` is required. Covariate adjustment is possible via the argument `covars` but more complex models have to be specified with the methods described above. This method emulates the function call in the first version of the package. The arguments `formula.full`, `formula.red`, `model.dat` and `test.terms` are "missing" since they are not needed for this method.

Note

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References


See Also

- `GlobalAncova`, `Plot.genes`, `Plot.subjects`
GlobalAncova.decomp

GlobalAncova with sequential and type III sum of squares decomposition and adjustment for global covariates

Description

Computation of a F-test for the association between expression values and clinical entities. The test is carried out by comparison of corresponding linear models via the extra sum of squares principle. In models with various influencing factors extra sums of squares can be treated with sequential and type III decomposition. Adjustment for global covariates, e.g. gene expression values in normal tissue as compared to tumour tissue, can be applied. Given theoretical p-values may not be appropriate due to correlations and non-normality. The functions are hence seen more as a descriptive tool.

Usage

GlobalAncova.decomp(xx, formula, model.dat = NULL, method = c("sequential", "type3", "all"), test.genes = NULL, genewise = FALSE, group = "missing", covars = "missing", test.terms = "missing")
GlobalAncova.decomp

Arguments

**xx** Matrix of gene expression data, where columns correspond to samples and rows to genes. The data should be properly normalized beforehand (and log- or otherwise transformed). Missing values are not allowed. Gene and sample names can be included as the row and column names of **xx**.

**formula** Model formula for the linear model.

**model.dat** Data frame that contains all the variable information for each sample.

**method** Whether sequential or type III decomposition or both should be calculated.

**test.genes** Vector of gene names or a list where each element is a vector of gene names.

**genewise** Shall the sequential decomposition be displayed for each single gene in a (small) gene set?

**zz** Global covariate, i.e. matrix of same dimensions as **xx**.

**zz.per.gene** If set to TRUE the adjustment for the global covariate is applied on a gene-wise basis.

Value

Depending on parameters **test.genes**, **method** and **genewise** ANOVA tables, or lists of ANOVA tables for each decomposition and/or gene set, or lists with components of ANOVA tables for each gene are returned.

Note

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See Also

Plot.sequential, pair.compare, GlobalAncova

Examples

data(vantVeer)
data(phenodata)
data(pathways)

# sequential or type III decomposition
GlobalAncova.decomp(xx = vantVeer, formula = ~ grade + metastases + ERstatus, model.dat = phenodata, method = )
GlobalAncova.decomp(xx = vantVeer, formula = ~ grade + metastases + ERstatus, model.dat = phenodata, method = )

# adjustment for global covariate
data(colon.tumour)
data(colon.normal)
data(colon.pheno)
GlobalAncova.decomp(xx = colon.tumour, formula = ~ UICC.stage + sex + location, model.dat = colon.pheno, method = )
pair.compare

Pairwise comparisons of factor levels within GlobalAncova

Description

Pairwise comparisons of gene expression in different levels of a factor by GlobalAncova tests. The method uses the reduction in residual sum of squares obtained when two respective factor levels are set to the same level. Holm-adjusted permutation-based p-values are given.

Usage

    pair.compare(xx, formula, group, model.dat = NULL, test.genes = NULL, perm = 10000)

Arguments

- **xx**: Matrix of gene expression data, where columns correspond to samples and rows to genes. The data should be properly normalized beforehand (and log- or otherwise transformed). Missing values are not allowed. Gene and sample names can be included as the row and column names of `xx`.
- **formula**: Model formula for the linear model.
- **group**: Factor for which pairwise comparisons shall be calculated.
- **model.dat**: Data frame that contains all the variable information for each sample.
- **test.genes**: Vector of gene names or a list where each element is a vector of gene names.
- **perm**: Number of permutations to be used for the permutation approach. The default is 10,000.

Value

An ANOVA table, or list of ANOVA tables for each gene set, for the pairwise comparisons.

Note

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See Also

GlobalAncova, GlobalAncova.decomp

Examples

    data(vantVeer)
    data(phenodata)
    data(pathways)

    pair.compare(xx = vantVeer, formula = ~ grade, group = "grade", model.dat = phenodata, test.genes = pathways[1:3], perm = 10000)
**pathways**

**Cancer related pathways**

**Description**

A list of nine cancer related pathways corresponding to the van 't Veer data. Each element contains a vector gene names corresponding to those in the data set.

**Usage**

```r
data(pathways)
```

**Format**

The format is:

- List of 9
- $ androgen_receptor_signaling: chr [1:72] "AW025529" "NM_001648" "NM_001753" "NM_003298" ...
- $ apoptosis : chr [1:187] "AB033060" "NM_002341" "NM_002342" "AI769763" ...
- $ cell_cycle_control : chr [1:31] "NM_001759" "NM_001760" "NM_001786" "NM_001789" ...
- $ notch_delta_signalling : chr [1:34] "NM_002405" "AL133036" "NM_003260" "NM_004316" ...
- $ p53_signalling : chr [1:33] "NM_002307" "NM_002392" "NM_003352" "NM_002745" ...
- $ ras_signalling : chr [1:266] "D25274" "AI033397" "NM_003029" "NM_001626" ...
- $ tgf_beta_signaling : chr [1:82] "NM_003036" "AI090812" "AI697699" "AI760298" ...
- $ tight_junction_signaling : chr [1:326] "D25274" "AA604213" "AF018081" "NM_003005" ...
- $ wnt_signaling : chr [1:176] "AB033058" "AB033087" "NM_003012" "NM_003014" ...

**Examples**

```r
data(pathways)
#str(pathways)
```

**phenodata**

**Covariate information for the van 't Veer data**

**Description**

Covariate data for the van 't Veer example:

- **Sample**  Sample number.
- **metastases**  Development of distant metastases within five years (0-no/1-yes).
- **grade**  Tumor grade (three ordere levels).
- **ERstatus**  Estrogen receptor status (pos-positive/neg-negative).

**Usage**

```r
data(phenodata)
```
Format

The format is:

'data.frame': 96 obs. of 4 variables:
$Sample: int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
$metastases: int 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
$grade: int 2 1 3 3 2 1 3 3 2 ...
$ERstatus: Factor w/ 2 levels "neg","pos": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 2 ...

Examples

data(phenodata)
#str(phenodata)

Plot.all

Combined visualization of sequential decomposition and influence of single genes on the GlobalAncova statistic

Description

Plot that combines Plot.genes and Plot.sequential into one graphic.

Usage

Plot.all(xx, formula, model.dat = NULL, test.genes = NULL, name.geneset = "")

Arguments

xx Matrix of gene expression data, where columns correspond to samples and rows to genes. The data should be properly normalized beforehand (and log- or otherwise transformed). Missing values are not allowed. Gene and sample names can be included as the row and column names of xx.

formula Model formula for the linear model.
model.dat Data frame that contains all the variable information for each sample.
test.genes Vector of gene names or gene indices specifying a gene set.
name.geneset Name of the plotted geneset.

Note

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Plot.genes

See Also
Plot.genes, Plot.sequential, GlobalAncova.decomp, GlobalAncova

Examples

data(vantVeer)
data(phenodata)
data(pathways)

Plot.all(vantVeer, formula = ~ ERstatus + metastases + grade, model.dat = phenodata, test.genes = pathways[[3]], name.geneset = "cell cycle pathway")

Plot.genes

Genes Plot for Global Ancova

Description

Produces a plot to show the influence of individual genes on the test result produced by GlobalAncova.

There are three possible ways of using GlobalAncova. Also Plot.genes can be invoked with these three alternatives.

Usage

## S4 method for signature 'matrix,formula,formula,ANY,missing,missing,missing'
Plot.genes(xx, formula.full, formula.red, model.dat, group, covars = NULL, test.terms, test.genes, Colorgroup = NULL, legendpos = "topright", returnValues = FALSE, bar.names, ...)

## S4 method for signature
## 'matrix,formula,missing,ANY,missing,missing,character'
Plot.genes(xx, formula.full, formula.red, model.dat, group, covars = NULL, test.terms, test.genes, Colorgroup = NULL, legendpos = "topright", returnValues = FALSE, bar.names, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'matrix,missing,missing,missing,ANY,ANY,missing'
Plot.genes(xx, formula.full, formula.red, model.dat, group, covars = NULL, test.terms, test.genes, Colorgroup = NULL, legendpos = "topright", returnValues = FALSE, bar.names, ...)

Arguments

xx Matrix of gene expression data, where columns correspond to samples and rows to genes. The data should be properly normalized beforehand (and log- or otherwise transformed). Missing values are not allowed. Gene and sample names can be included as the row and column names of xx.

formula.full Model formula for the full model.

formula.red Model formula for the reduced model (that does not contain the terms of interest.)

model.dat Data frame that contains all the variable information for each sample.

group Vector with the group membership information.

covars Vector or matrix which contains the covariate information for each sample.

test.terms Character vector that contains names of the terms of interest.

test.genes Vector of gene names or gene indices specifying the gene set. If missing, the plot refers to all genes in xx.
Colorgroup
Character variable giving the group that specifies coloring. If the function is called using the argument group then this variable is assumed to be relevant for coloring.

legendpos
Position of the legend (a single keyword from the list "bottomright", "bottom", "bottomleft", "left", "topleft", "top", "topright", "right" and "center").

returnValues
Shall bar heights (gene-wise reduction in sum of squares) be returned?

bar.names
Vector of bar labels. If missing, gene names from test.genes or row names of xx are taken.

... Graphical parameters for specifying colors, titles etc.

Methods

xx = "matrix", formula.full = "formula", formula.red = "formula", model.dat = "ANY", group = "missing", covars = "missing", test.terms = "missing"
In this method, besides the expression matrix xx, model formulas for the full and reduced model and a data frame model.dat specifying corresponding model terms have to be given. Terms that are included in the full but not in the reduced model are those whose association with differential expression will be tested. The arguments group, covars and test.terms are "missing" since they are not needed for this method.

xx = "matrix", formula.full = "formula", formula.red = "missing", model.dat = "ANY", group = "missing", covars = "missing", test.terms = "character"
In this method, besides the expression matrix xx, a model formula for the full model and a data frame model.dat specifying corresponding model terms are required. The character argument test.terms names the terms of interest whose association with differential expression will be tested. The arguments formula.red, group and covars are "missing" since they are not needed for this method.

xx = "matrix", formula.full = "missing", formula.red = "missing", model.dat = "missing", group = "ANY", covars = "ANY", test.terms = "missing"
Besides the expression matrix xx a clinical variable group is required. Covariate adjustment is possible via the argument covars but more complex models have to be specified with the methods described above. This method emulates the function call in the first version of the package. The arguments formula.full, formula.red, model.dat and test.terms are "missing" since they are not needed for this method.

Note
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See Also
GlobalAncova, Plot.subjects, Plot.sequential

Examples
data(vantVeer)
data(phenodata)
data(pathways)
Methods

*xx = "matrix", formula.full = "formula", formula.red = "formula", model.dat = "ANY", group = "missing", covars = "missing", test.terms = "missing"*

In this method, besides the expression matrix `xx`, model formulas for the full and reduced model and a data frame `model.dat` specifying corresponding model terms have to be given. Terms that are included in the full but not in the reduced model are those whose association with differential expression will be tested. The arguments `group`, `covars` and `test.terms` are "missing" since they are not needed for this method.

*xx = "matrix", formula.full = "formula", formula.red = "missing", model.dat = "ANY", group = "missing", covars = "missing", test.terms = "character"*

In this method, besides the expression matrix `xx`, a model formula for the full model and a data frame `model.dat` specifying corresponding model terms are required. The character argument `test.terms` names the terms of interest whose association with differential expression will be tested. The arguments `formula.red`, `group` and `covars` are "missing" since they are not needed for this method.

*xx = "matrix", formula.full = "missing", formula.red = "missing", model.dat = "missing", group = "ANY", covars = "ANY", test.terms = "missing"*

Besides the expression matrix `xx` a clinical variable `group` is required. Covariate adjustment is possible via the argument `covars` but more complex models have to be specified with the methods described above. This method emulates the function call in the first version of the package. The arguments `formula.full`, `formula.red`, `model.dat` and `test.terms` are "missing" since they are not needed for this method.

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**Plot.sequential**

*Visualization of sequential decomposition*

Description

Plot to show the sum of squares decomposition for each gene into parts according to all variables.

Usage

```r
Plot.sequential(xx, formula, model.dat = NULL, test.genes = NULL, name.geneset = "")
```
Arguments

**xx**  
Matrix of gene expression data, where columns correspond to samples and rows to genes. The data should be properly normalized beforehand (and log- or otherwise transformed). Missing values are not allowed. Gene and sample names can be included as the row and column names of xx.

**formula**  
Model formula for the linear model.

**model.dat**  
Data frame that contains all the variable information for each sample.

**test.genes**  
Vector of gene names or gene indices specifying a gene set.

**name.geneset**  
Name of the plotted geneset.

Note

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See Also

GlobalAncova.decomp, Plot.genes, GlobalAncova

Examples

data(vantVeer)
data(phenodata)
data(pathways)

Plot.sequential(vantVeer, formula = ~ ERstatus + metastases + grade, model.dat = phenodata, test.genes = pathways[3], name.geneset = "cell cycle pathway")

Description

Produces a plot to show the influence of the samples on the test result produced by GlobalAncova. There are three possible ways of using GlobalAncova. Also Plot.subjects can be invoked with these three alternatives.

Usage

```r
## S4 method for signature 'matrix,formula,formula,ANY,missing,missing,missing'
Plot.subjects(xx, formula.full, formula.red, model.dat, group, covars = NULL, test.terms, test.genes = NULL, name.geneset = NULL)
```

```r
## S4 method for signature 'matrix,formula,missing,ANY,missing,missing,character'
Plot.subjects(xx, formula.full, formula.red, model.dat, group, covars = NULL, test.terms, test.genes = NULL, name.geneset = NULL)
```
## S4 method for signature 'matrix,missing,missing,missing,ANY,ANY,missing'

*Plot.subjects*(xx, formula.full, formula.red, model.dat, group, covars = NULL, test.terms, test.genes = NULL)

### Arguments

- **xx**: Matrix of gene expression data, where columns correspond to samples and rows to genes. The data should be properly normalized beforehand (and log- or otherwise transformed). Missing values are not allowed. Gene and sample names can be included as the row and column names of xx.

- **formula.full**: Model formula for the full model.

- **formula.red**: Model formula for the reduced model (that does not contain the terms of interest.)

- **model.dat**: Data frame that contains all the variable information for each sample.

- **group**: Vector with the group membership information.

- **covars**: Vector or matrix which contains the covariate information for each sample.

- **test.terms**: Character vector that contains names of the terms of interest.

- **test.genes**: Vector of gene names or gene indices specifying the gene set. If missing, the plot refers to all genes in xx.

- **Colorgroup**: Character variable giving the group that specifies coloring. If the function is called using the argument group then this variable is assumed to be relevant for coloring.

- **sort**: Should the samples be ordered by colorgroup?

- **legendpos**: Position of the legend (a single keyword from the list "bottomright", "bottom", "bottomleft", "left", "topleft", "top", "topright", "right" and "center").

- **returnValues**: Shall bar heights (subject-wise reduction in sum of squares) be returned?

- **bar.names**: Vector of bar labels. If missing, column names of xx are taken.

- **...**: Graphical parameters for specifying colors, titles etc.

### Methods

#### xx = "matrix", formula.full = "formula", formula.red = "formula", model.dat = "ANY", group = "missing", covars = "missing", test.terms = "missing"

In this method, besides the expression matrix xx, model formulas for the full and reduced model and a data frame model.dat specifying corresponding model terms have to be given. Terms that are included in the full but not in the reduced model are those whose association with differential expression will be tested. The arguments group, covars and test.terms are "missing" since they are not needed for this method.

#### xx = "matrix", formula.full = "formula", formula.red = "missing", model.dat = "ANY", group = "missing", covars = "ANY", test.terms = "missing"

In this method, besides the expression matrix xx, a model formula for the full model and a data frame model.dat specifying corresponding model terms are required. The character argument test.terms names the terms of interest whose association with differential expression will be tested. The arguments formula.red, group and covars are "missing" since they are not needed for this method.

#### xx = "matrix", formula.full = "missing", formula.red = "missing", model.dat = "missing", group = "ANY", covars = "ANY", test.terms = "missing"

Besides the expression matrix xx a clinical variable group is required. Covariate adjustment is possible via the argument covars but more complex models have to be specified with the methods described above. This method emulates the function call in the first version of the package. The arguments formula.full, formula.red, model.dat and test.terms are "missing" since they are not needed for this method.
Note

This work was supported by the NGFN project 01 GR 0459, BMBF, Germany.

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See Also

GlobalAncova, Plot.genes, Plot.sequential

Examples

data(vantVeer)
data(phenodata)
data(pathways)

Plot.subjects(xx = vantVeer, formula.full = ~metastases + ERstatus, formula.red = ~ERstatus, model.dat = phenodata, test.genes = pathways[[3]], colorgroup = "metastases")
Plot.subjects(xx = vantVeer, formula.full = ~metastases + ERstatus, test.terms = "metastases", model.dat = phenodata, test.genes = pathways[[3]])
Plot.subjects(xx = vantVeer, group = phenodata$metastases, covars = phenodata$ERstatus, test.genes = pathways)

Plot.subjects-methods  Methods for Function Plot.subjects

Description

There are three possible ways of using GlobalAncova, use methods ? GlobalAncova for getting more information. Also Plot.subjects can be invoked with these three alternatives.

Methods

xx = "matrix", formula.full = "formula", formula.red = "formula", model.dat = "ANY", group = "missing", covars = "missing", test.terms = "missing"

In this method, besides the expression matrix xx, model formulas for the full and reduced model and a data frame model.dat specifying corresponding model terms have to be given. Terms that are included in the full but not in the reduced model are those whose association with differential expression will be tested. The arguments group, covars and test.terms are ""missing"" since they are not needed for this method.

xx = "matrix", formula.full = "formula", formula.red = "missing", model.dat = "ANY", group = "missing", covars = "missing", test.terms = "missing"

In this method, besides the expression matrix xx, a model formula for the full model and a data frame model.dat specifying corresponding model terms are required. The character argument test.terms names the terms of interest whose association with differential expression will be tested. The arguments formula.red, group and covars are ""missing"" since they are not needed for this method.

xx = "matrix", formula.full = "missing", formula.red = "missing", model.dat = "missing", group = "ANY", covars = "ANY", test.terms = "missing"

Besides the expression matrix xx a clinical variable group is required. Covariate adjustment is possible via the argument covars but more complex models have to be specified with the methods described above. This method emulates the function call in the first version of the package. The arguments formula.full, formula.red, model.dat and test.terms are ""missing"" since they are not needed for this method.
Description

Normalized gene expression data for the van 't Veer example: A subset of 96 samples without BRCA1 or BRCA2 mutations and 1113 genes associated with nine cancer related pathways (see also ?pathways) was chosen.

Usage

data(vantVeer)

Format

The format is:
num [1:1113, 1:96] 0.13 0.936 -0.087 0.118 0.168 -0.081 0.023 -0.086 -0.154 0.025 ...  
- attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
  ..$: chr [1:1113] "AW025529" "NM_001648" "NM_001753" "NM_003298" ...
  ..$: chr [1:96] "1" "2" "3" "4" ...

Examples

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#str(vantVeer)
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