Package ‘IONiseR’

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Title Quality Assessment Tools for Oxford Nanopore MinION data

Version 1.4.3

Description IONiseR provides tools for the quality assessment of Oxford Nanopore MinION data. It extracts summary statistics from a set of fast5 files and can be used either before or after base calling. In addition to standard summaries of the read-types produced, it provides a number of plots for visualising metrics relative to experiment run time or spatially over the surface of a flowcell.

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Depends R (>= 3.3)
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Suggests BiocStyle, knitr, rmarkdown, gridExtra, testthat, minionSummaryData

biocViews QualityControl, DataImport, Sequencing

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Collate 'IONiseR.R' 'classes.R' 'Methods-accessors.R'

'Methods-subsetting.R' 'fast5Readers.R' 'fastqProcessing.R'

'plotting_kmers.R' 'plotting_layout.R'

'plotting_summaryStats.R' 'processing_bam.R' 'readSummary.R'

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baseCalled

This generic function accesses the baseCalled slot stored in an object derived from the Fast5Summary class.

Usage

baseCalled(x)

Arguments

x Object of class Fast5Summary

Value

A data.table with 6 columns

Examples

if( require(minionSummaryData) ) {
  data(s.typhi.rep2, package = 'minionSummaryData')
  baseCalled( s.typhi.rep2 )
}
**channelActivityPlot**

Visualise a specified metric over all channels over time.

**Description**

Plots a line for each fast 5 file, arranged by channel and experiment time when the signal was being recorded. The colour of each line can be specified by the user to reflect any metric they wish. The intention of the plot is to investigate trends that may appear at specific time points, or influence a subset of channels.

**Usage**

```r
channelActivityPlot(summaryData, zScale = NULL, zAverage = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

- `summaryData`: Object of class `Fast5Summary`.
- `zScale`: A data.frame containing two columns. The first must be labelled 'id' and correspond to id field present in all slots in summaryData. The second column should contain data pertaining to that reads that you wish to be represented on the coloured z-axis.
- `zAverage`: Logical indicating if a bar showing the mean across all channel for the chosen zScale should be shown on the plot. Defaults to TRUE.

**Value**

Returns an object of class gg representing the plot.

**Examples**

```r
if( require(minionSummaryData) ) {
  require(dplyr)
  data(s.typhi.rep3, package = quotesingle.Var
  minionSummaryData
  /quotesingle.Var
  select( rawData(s.typhi.rep3), id, median_signal )
  channelActivityPlot( s.typhi.rep3, zScale = z_scale )
}
```

**channelHeatmap**

Create layout plot of flowcell

**Description**

Creates a plot representing the layout of a MinION flow cell. Each circle represents an individual channel with the intensity reflecting a specified sequencing metric. This function is a more generalised version of `layoutPlot`, allowing the user to map any value they like on the channel layout.

**Usage**

```r
channelHeatmap(data, zValue)
```
Arguments

- **data**: A data.frame or data.table. Should have at least two columns, one of which has the name 'channel'.
- **zValue**: Character string specifying the name of the column to be used for the colour scaling.

Value

Returns an object of gg representing the plot.

Examples

```r
library(dplyr)
if( require(minionSummaryData) ) {
  data(s.typhi.rep2, package = 'minionSummaryData')
  ## calculate and plot the mean number of events recorded by each channel
  avgEvents <- left_join(readInfo(s.typhi.rep2), rawData(s.typhi.rep2), by = 'id') %>%
                  group_by(channel) %>%
                  summarise(mean_nevents = mean(num_events))
  channelHeatmap(avgEvents, zValue = 'mean_nevents')
}
```

---

**Fast5Summary-class**

An S4 class for summarised data from a MinION sequencing run

Description

An S4 class for summarised data from a MinION sequencing run

Usage

- **length(x)**
- **readInfo(x)**
- **rawData(x)**
- **baseCalled(x)**
- **fastq(x)**
- **fastqTemplate(x)**
- **x[i]**
## S4 method for signature 'Fast5Summary'
fastqComplement(x)

## S4 method for signature 'Fast5Summary'
fastq2D(x)

**Arguments**

- **x**: Object of class Fast5Summary
- **i**: Vector defining index to subset by.

**Value**

An object of class Fast5Summary

**Methods (by generic)**

- `length`: Returns the number of files read during creation of the object.
- `readInfo`: Returns readInfo data.table.
- `rawData`: Returns rawData data.table.
- `baseCalled`: Returns baseCalled data.table.
- `fastq`: Returns ShortReadQ object stored in fastq slot.
- `[]`: Subset object and return an object of the same class.
- `fastqTemplate`: Returns ShortReadQ object containing only template reads.
- `fastqComplement`: Returns ShortReadQ object containing only complement reads.
- `fastq2D`: Returns ShortReadQ object containing only 2D reads.

**Slots**

`readInfo` Object of class data.table. Contains five columns:

- **id**: an integer key that allows use to match entries in the separate slots of this object.
- **file**: Basename of the fast5 file the data was read from.
- **read**: Read number from channel.
- **channel**: channel.
- **mux**: Specific pore that was used within the four that are assigned to a single channel. Should be in the range 1-4, but if this isn’t available it will be 0.

`rawData` Object of class data.table. Holds summary of events data prior to base calling. Contains five columns:

- **id**: an integer key that allows use to match entries in the separate slots of this object.
- **start_time**: time in seconds after the run started that this reading began.
- **duration**: time in seconds the reading lasted.
- **num_events**: the number of events that were recorded as part of this reading.
- **median_signal**: median of the recorded signals for this set of events.

`baseCalled` Object of class data.table. For the most part contains similar data to the `@rawData` slot, the base called data is derived from it.

- **id**: an integer key that allows use to match entries in the separate slots of this object.
- **start_time**: time in seconds after the run started that this reading began.
fastq

- duration - time in seconds the reading lasted.
- num_events - the number of events that were recorded as part of this reading.
- strand - can be either ‘template’ or ‘complement’
- full_2D - boolean value specifying whether the read forms part of a 2D pair. If TRUE the FASTQ data for the template, complement and 2D read will be available in the @fastq slot.

**fastq** Object of class ShortReadQ. This slot contains all reads (template, complement and 2D). The read names take the form NUM_STRAND, where NUM matches with the id column in the other slots and STRAND indicates whether the read is template, complement or 2D.

**Examples**

```r
if( require(minionSummaryData) ) {
  data(s.typhi.rep2, package = 'minionSummaryData')
  length( s.typhi.rep2 )
}
```

**Extract fastq slot**

**Description**

This generic function accesses the fastq slot stored in an object derived from the Fast5Summary class.

**Usage**

`fastq(x)`

**Arguments**

- **x** Object of class `Fast5Summary`

**Value**

A ShortReadQ object

**Examples**

```r
if( require(minionSummaryData) ) {
  data(s.typhi.rep2, package = 'minionSummaryData')
  fastq( s.typhi.rep2 )
}
```
**fastq2D**

Extract 2D reads

**Description**
This generic function accesses the fastq slot stored in an object derived from the Fast5Summary class, and returns only the 2D reads.

**Usage**

```r
fastq2D(x)
```

**Arguments**

- `x` Object of class `Fast5Summary`

**Value**

A ShortReadQ object

**Examples**

```r
if( require(minionSummaryData) ) {
  data(s.typhi.rep2, package = 'minionSummaryData')
  fastq2D( s.typhi.rep2 )
}
```

---

**fastqComplement**

Extract complement reads

**Description**
This generic function accesses the fastq slot stored in an object derived from the Fast5Summary class, and returns only the complement reads.

**Usage**

```r
fastqComplement(x)
```

**Arguments**

- `x` Object of class `Fast5Summary`

**Value**

A ShortReadQ object

**Examples**

```r
if( require(minionSummaryData) ) {
  data(s.typhi.rep2, package = 'minionSummaryData')
  fastqComplement( s.typhi.rep2 )
}
```
Description

This generic function accesses the fastq slot stored in an object derived from the Fast5Summary class, and returns only the template reads.

Usage

fastqTemplate(x)

Arguments

x

Object of class Fast5Summary

Value

A ShortReadQ object

Examples

if( require(minionSummaryData) ) {
  data(s.typhi.rep2, package = 'minionSummaryData')
  fastqTemplate( s.typhi.rep2 )
}

Description

IONiseR provides tools for the quality assessment of Oxford Nanopore MinION data. It extracts summary statistics from a set of fast5 files and can be used either before or after base calling. In addition to standard summaries of the read-types produced, it provides a number of plots for visualising metrics relative to experiment run time or spatially over the surface of a flowcell.
**layoutPlot**  
Create layout plot of flowcell

**Description**

Creates a plot representing the layout of a MinION flow cell. Each circle represents an individual channel with the intensity reflecting the total kilobases of sequence produced. This only considers reads marked as template or complement, 2D reads are ignored as they are generated from the former two.

**Usage**

```r
layoutPlot(summaryData, attribute = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

- `summaryData` Object of class `Fast5Summary`.
- `attribute` Character string indicating what to plot. Currently accepted values are: "nreads", "kb", "signal".

**Value**

Returns an object of gg representing the plot.

**Examples**

```r
if( require(minionSummaryData) ) {
  data(s.typhi.rep2, package = 'minionSummaryData')
  layoutPlot( s.typhi.rep2, attribute = 'nreads' )
  layoutPlot( s.typhi.rep2, attribute = 'kb' )
}
```

---

**muxHeatmap**  
Create layout plot of flowcell

**Description**

Creates a plot representing the layout of a MinION flow cell. Each circle represents an individual channel with the intensity reflecting a specified sequencing metric. This function is a more generalised version of `layoutPlot`, allowing the user to map any value the like on the channel layout.

**Usage**

```r
muxHeatmap(data, zValue)
```

**Arguments**

- `data` A data.frame or data.table. Should have at least two columns, one of which has the name 'channel'.
- `zValue` Character string specifying the name of the column to be used for the colour scaling.
plotBaseProductionRate

Description
Plot the mean rate at which bases are recorded

Usage
plotBaseProductionRate(summaryData)

Arguments
summaryData Object of class Fast5Summary.

Value
Returns an object of class gg representing the plot.

plotActiveChannels  
Plot the number of active channels for each minute of run time

Description
Plot the number of active channels for each minute of run time

Usage
plotActiveChannels(summaryData)

Arguments
summaryData Object of class Fast5Summary.

Value
Returns an object of class gg representing the plot.

Examples
if( require(minionSummaryData) ) {
  data(s.typhi.rep2, package = 'minionSummaryData')
  plotActiveChannels( s.typhi.rep2 )
}
**plotCurrentByTime**

**Details**

This is likely very similar to `plotEventRate`, although one may find that large number of events occur that can not be base called, resulting in a difference between these two plots.

**Value**

Returns an object of class gg representing the plot.

**Examples**

```r
if( require(minionSummaryData) ) {
  data(s.typhi.rep2, package = 'minionSummaryData')
  plotBaseProductionRate( s.typhi.rep2 )
}
```

---

**plotCurrentByTime**  
*View changes in signal against run time.*

**Description**

Plots the median recorded current for each fast5 file against the time at which the recording began.

**Usage**

```r
plotCurrentByTime(summaryData)
```

**Arguments**

- `summaryData` Object of class `Fast5Summary`.

**Value**

Returns an object of class gg representing the plot.

**Examples**

```r
if( require(minionSummaryData) ) {
  data(s.typhi.rep2, package = 'minionSummaryData')
  plotCurrentByTime( s.typhi.rep2 )
}
```
**plotEventRate**

*Plot the mean rate at which events occur*

**Description**

For each read, the ratio between the number of events comprising the read and the time spent in the pore is calculated. This is then plotted against the time the read entered the pore, allowing us to assess whether the rate at which events occur changes during the experiment run time.

**Usage**

```r
plotEventRate(summaryData)
```

**Arguments**

- `summaryData` Object of class `Fast5Summary`.

**Value**

Returns an object of class `gg` representing the plot.

**Examples**

```r
if( require(minionSummaryData) ) {
  data(s.typhi.rep2, package = 'minionSummaryData')
  plotEventRate( s.typhi.rep2 )
}
```

---

**plotKmerFrequencyCorrelation**

*Display correlation between pentamer proportions in two time windows*

**Description**

Plots

**Usage**

```r
plotKmerFrequencyCorrelation(summaryData, kmerLength = 5, groupedMinutes = 10, only2D = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

- `summaryData` Object of class `Fast5Summary`.
- `kmerLength` Specifies the length of kmers to compare. Defaults to 5 given the current pentamer reading nature of the nanopores.
- `groupedMinutes` Defines how many minutes each grouping of reads spans.
- `only2D` Logical. If TRUE kmers are computed for only full 2D reads. If FALSE 2D reads are ignored and all available template and complement strands are used.
Plot the accumulation of reads over the duration of the experiment.

Description
Plot the accumulation of reads over the duration of the experiment.

Usage
plotReadAccumulation(summaryData)

Arguments
summaryData Object of class Fast5Summary.

Value
Returns an object of class gg representing the plot.

Examples
if( require(minionSummaryData) ) {
  data(s.typhi.rep2, package = 'minionSummaryData')
  plotReadAccumulation( s.typhi.rep2 )
}

Plot the proportion of template, complement and 2D reads found in a dataset.

Description
Generates a bar plot showing the breakdown of read types found in a set of fast5 files. There is a strict hierarchy to the types of read that can be found in a fast5 file. A full 2D read requires both a complement and template strand to have been read correctly. Similarly, a complement strand can only be present if the template was read successfully. Finally, you can encounter a file containing now called bases on either strand. Here we visualise the total number of fast5 files, along with the counts containing each of the categories above. For an ideal dataset all four bars will be the same height. This is unlikely, but the drop between bars can give some indication of data quality.
plotReadCategoryCounts

**Usage**

```r
plotReadCategoryCounts(summaryData)
```

**Arguments**

- `summaryData`: Object of class `Fast5Summary`.

**Value**

Returns an object of class `gg` representing the plot.

**Examples**

```r
if( require(minionSummaryData) ) {
  data(s.typhi.rep2, package = 'minionSummaryData')
  plotReadCategoryCounts( s.typhi.rep2 )
}
```

---

plotReadCategoryQuals  Visualise the mean base quality of each read

**Description**

Generates a box plot showing the mean base quality for each read, broken down into the three categories of read type that can be found in a fast5 file.

**Usage**

```r
plotReadCategoryQuals(summaryData)
```

**Arguments**

- `summaryData`: Object of class `Fast5Summary`.

**Value**

Returns an object of class `gg` representing the plot.

**Examples**

```r
if( require(minionSummaryData) ) {
  data(s.typhi.rep2, package = 'minionSummaryData')
  plotReadCategoryQuals( s.typhi.rep2 )
}
```
**plotReadTypeProduction**

*View changes in signal against run time.*

**Description**

Plots the median recorded current for each fast5 file against the time at which the recording began.

**Usage**

```r
plotReadTypeProduction(summaryData, groupedMinutes = 10)
```

**Arguments**

- `summaryData` Object of class `Fast5Summary`.
- `groupedMinutes` Integer specifying how many minutes of runtime should be grouped together.

**Value**

Returns an object of class `gg` representing the plot.

**Examples**

```r
if( require(minionSummaryData) ) {
  data(s.typhi.rep2, package = 'minionSummaryData')
  plotReadTypeProduction( s.typhi.rep2 )
}
```

---

**rawData**

*Extract rawData slot*

**Description**

This generic function accesses the rawData slot stored in an object derived from the Fast5Summary class.

**Usage**

```r
rawData(x)
```

**Arguments**

- `x` Object of class `Fast5Summary`.

**Value**

A data.table with 5 columns
Examples

```r
if( require(minionSummaryData) ) {
    data(s.typhi.rep2, package = 'minionSummaryData')
    rawData( s.typhi.rep2 )
}
```

readFast5Summary  
Read summary data from fast5 files.

Description

Reads one or more fast5 files and collects summary information about them.

Usage

```r
readFast5Summary(files)
```

Arguments

- `files` Character vector of fast5 files to be read.

Details

Currently this function assumes all files passed to it come from the same sequencing run. It makes no effort to check for alternative file names or the like. If files from multiple runs are passed to it they will be collated together and any analysis performed on them will represent the mixture of both experiments.

Value

Object of class `Fast5Summary`

Examples

```r
## Not run:
fast5files <- list.file('/foo/bar/', pattern = '.fast5$')
summaryData <- readFast5Summary(fast5files)
## End(Not run)
```
Description

This generic function accesses the readInfo slot stored in an object derived from the Fast5Summary class.

Usage

\[
\text{readInfo}(x)
\]

Arguments

\[x\]
Object of class \textit{Fast5Summary}

Value

A data.table with 5 columns

Examples

```r
if( require(minionSummaryData) ) {
  data(s.typhi.rep2, package = 'minionSummaryData')
  readInfo( s.typhi.rep2 )
}
```
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