Package ‘RNAither’

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Title  Statistical analysis of high-throughput RNAi screens

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Description  RNAither analyzes cell-based RNAi screens, and includes quality assessment, customizable normalization and statistical tests, leading to lists of significant genes and biological processes.

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Description

RNAither analyzes cell-based RNAi screens, and includes quality assessment, customizable normalization and statistical tests, leading to lists of significant genes and biological processes.

Details

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Author(s)

Nora Rieber and Lars Kaderali

BScore

**BScore normalization**

**Description**

Normalization with BScores (see References).

**Usage**

BScore(header, dataset, listOfArgs)

**Arguments**

- header: the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- dataset: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- listOfArgs: a list containing:
  - a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for normalization
  - a flag specifying whether controls should be excluded for the computation of the median polish (1) or not (0)

**Value**

A list containing:

- header: The new header (with an added entry about the normalization procedure in the comments)
- dataset: The new dataset with normalized values. The old values are saved in an extra column of the dataset with the suffix ".old"

**References**


**Examples**

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
normres <- BScore(header, dataset, list("SigIntensity", 0))
newheader <- normres[[1]]
newdataset <- normres[[2]]
channelPlot

Plot signal channels against each other

Description
Generates plots allowing pairwise comparison of signal channels. Fits a lowess regression curve into the plots.

Usage
channelPlot(header, dataset, vecOfChannels, flag, plotTitle, showPlot, smSpan=2/3)

Arguments

header  the header of a dataset file generated with generateDatasetFile
dataset  an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
vecOfChannels  A vector containing the names of the signal channels to be compared, e.g. "Sig-Intensity"
flag  0, 1, or 2. 0 uses the data from the complete dataset, 1 makes comparisons for each experiment, 2 makes comparisons for each plate.
plotTitle  The plot title
showPlot  0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.
smSpan  The smoother span of the lowess curve. This gives the proportion of points in the plot which influence the smooth at each value. Larger values give more smoothness. Optional, defaults to 2/3

Value
Saves the plots in pdf and png files named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the plotTitle, the number of the comparison, and if applicable the experiment number and/or the plate number.

When flag == 0, returns the plot name (plotName).
When flag == 1, returns a list containing:

plotName  The plot name
minOfScreens  The number of the first experiment
numOfScreens  The number of the last experiment

When flag == 2, returns a list containing: the plot name, a vector with the number of the first experiment and of the last experiment, and a vector with the number of the first plate and the number of the last plate.

Examples
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
plotname <- channelPlot(header, dataset, c("SigIntensity", "NbCells"), 0, "Channel comparison", 1)
closestToZero  
Return the replicate value closest to zero

Description
Out of a set of replicate values, returns the one closest to zero.

Usage
closestToZero(Ivec, na.rm = T)

Arguments
Ivec  
All channel values for a specific siRNA/gene
na.rm  
Removes NA values

Value
A double giving the value closest to zero out of the given replicate values.

See Also
rms, trim, furthestFromZero, summarizeReps, summarizeRepsNoFiltering

Examples
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
Indexes <- findReplicates(dataset, "GeneName", "CPSF1")
replicateclosest <- closestToZero(dataset$SigIntensity[Indexes])

compareHits  
Searching for common hits between different scoring methods

Description
Searches for common hits between different scoring methods.

Usage
compareHits(hitVec1, hitVec2, namesHitVec1, namesHitVec2)

Arguments
hitVec1, hitVec2  
the two binary hit vectors to be compared
namesHitVec1, namesHitVec2  
the names of the siRNAs corresponding to the hit vectors
**compareReplicaPlates**

**Value**

Returns a character vector indicating which siRNAs are identified as hits in two different hit scoring schemes.

**See Also**

`vennDiag, Ttest, MannWhitney`

**Examples**

```r
data(scoredDataset1, package="RNAither")
data(pValVec1, package="RNAither")
data(scoredDataset2, package="RNAither")
data(pValVec2, package="RNAither")

## for details on the generation of pValVec and scoredDataset, ## see the examples of the functions Ttest and MannWhitney linked above.

scoredHits1 <- hitselectionPval(scoredDataset1, pValVec1, "SigIntensity", "Hits1", 0.05, "GeneName", "pvalue_testfile1.txt")
scoredHits2 <- hitselectionPval(scoredDataset2, pValVec2, "SigIntensity", "Hits2", 0.05, "GeneName", "pvalue_testfile2.txt")

hitVector1 <- scoredHits1[[2]]
hitVector2 <- scoredHits2[[2]]

common_hits <- compareHits(hitVector1, hitVector2, names(hitVector1), names(hitVector2))
```

**compareReplicaPlates**  
*Compare replica plates*

**Description**

Generates plots comparing the same plates in different experiments pairwise.

**Usage**

```r
compareReplicaPlates(header, dataset, plotTitle, col4val, showPlot)
```

**Arguments**

- `header`: the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `dataset`: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `plotTitle`: the plot title
- `col4val`: a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for the plot
- `showPlot`: 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows

**Value**

For each plate, plots of pairwise comparisons between replicate intensities are generated and saved as a pdf file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the `plotTitle`.
See Also

compareReplicates

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

compareReplicaPlates(header, dataset, "Comparison of replica plate", "SigIntensity", 1)

Description

Plots replicate intensities pairwise for each experiment.

Usage

compareReplicates(header, dataset, plotTitle, col4val, col4anno, plotDesign, showPlot)

Arguments

header  
the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
dataset  
an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
plotTitle  
the plot title
col4val  
a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for the plot
col4anno  
a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used to define the replicate, e.g. "GeneName" or "Internal_GeneID"
plotDesign  
1 or 2. 1 will generate one window containing all plots, 2 will generate a series of plots
showPlot  
0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows

Value

For each experiment, plots of pairwise comparisons between replicate intensities are generated and saved as a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the `plotTitle`, and the number of the experiment.

The function returns a list containing:

plotName  
the plot name
minOfscreens  
the number of the first experiment
numOfscreens  
the number of the last experiment
maxCombinationNum  
the number of replicates to compare

See Also

compareReplicaPlates
**Examples**

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

compareReplicates(header, dataset, "Comparison of Replicates", "SigIntensity", "GeneName", 1, 0)
```

---

**compareReplicateSD**

*Plot the standard deviation of replicates*

**Description**

In the same fashion as `spatialDistrib`, generates a plot of the standard deviation of replicate values.

**Usage**

```r
compareReplicateSD(header, dataset, plotTitle, colname4SD, col4anno, showPlot)
```

**Arguments**

- `header` the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `dataset` an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `plotTitle` the plot title
- `colname4SD` a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for the computation of the replicate standard deviation
- `col4anno` a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used to define the replicate, e.g. "GeneName" or "Internal_GeneID"
- `showPlot` 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows

**Value**

Generates a plot of the standard deviation of replicate values of all experiments. The plot is saved as a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the `plotTitle`.

Wells showing positive controls sd are marked with a "P", wells showing negative controls sd with an "N".

The plot will also be saved as an html file containing mouse-overs with the siRNA name for each well.

The function returns the plotname.

**See Also**

`spatialDistrib`, `compareReplicateSDPerScreen`
Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

compareReplicateSD(header, dataset, "Replicate standard intensity deviation", "SigIntensity", "GeneName", 1)

Description

In the same fashion as spatialDistrib, generates plots of the standard deviation of replicate values for each experiment.

Usage

compareReplicateSDPerScreen(header, dataset, plotTitle, colname4SD, col4anno, showPlot)

Arguments

header the header of a dataset file generated with generateDatasetFile
dataset an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
plotTitle the plot title
colname4SD a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for the computation of the replicate standard deviation
col4anno a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used to define the replicate, e.g. "GeneName" or "Internal_GeneID"
showPlot 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows

Value

Generates plots of the standard deviation of replicate values for each experiment. The plots are saved as png files named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the plotTitle and the number of the experiment.

Wells showing positive controls sd are marked with a "P", wells showing negative controls sd with an "N".

The plots will also be saved as html files containing mouse-overs with the siRNA name for each well.

The function returns a list of length 3 containing:

basicPlotName the plot name
minOfScreens the number of the first experiment
numOfScreens the number of the last experiment
controlDensity

See Also

spatialDistrib, compareReplicateSD

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

compareReplicateSDPerScreen(header, dataset, "Replicate standard intensity deviation", "SigIntensity", "GeneName", 1)

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

controlDensity(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", "Control density", 1, 1)

controlDensity  Plotting the control density

Description

Plots the density of positive and negative controls (if applicable) for all controls contained in the dataset.

Usage

controlDensity(header, dataset, channel, plotTitle, showPlot, supHisto)

Arguments

header  the header of a dataset file generated with generateDatasetFile
dataset  an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
channel  a character string specifying the name of the column containing the values for computing the density, e.g. "SigIntensity"
plotTitle  the plot title
showPlot  0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows
supHisto  0 or 1. 1 will additionally superimpose a colour histogram of the values for the positive and negative controls. Otherwise choose 0.

Value

Plots the density of positive and negative controls (if applicable) for all controls contained in the dataset. The plot is saved as a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the plotTitle. The function returns the plot name.

See Also

controlDensityPerScreen, controlDensityPerPlate

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

controlDensity(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", "Control density", 1, 1)
controlDensityPerPlate

Plotting the control density per plate

Description

Plots the density of positive and negative controls (if applicable) for each plate.

Usage

controlDensityPerPlate(header, dataset, channel, plotTitle, plotDesign, showPlot, supHisto)

Arguments

header the header of a dataset file generated with generateDatasetFile
dataset an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
channel a character string specifying the name of the column containing the values for computing the density, e.g. "SigIntensity"
plotTitle the plot title
plotDesign 1 or 2. 1 will generate one window containing all plots, 2 will generate a series of plots
showPlot 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows
supHisto 0 or 1. 1 will additionally superimpose a colour histogram of the values for the positive and negative controls. Otherwise choose 0.

Value

Generates a series of plots for each experiment and each plate, showing the density of positive and negative controls (if applicable). The plots are saved as pdf and png files named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the plotTitle.

The function returns a list of length 3 containing:

plotName the plot name
c(minOfScreens, numOfScreens) a vector with the number of the first experiment and of the last experiment
c(minOfPlates, numOfPlates) a vector with the number of the first plate and the number of the last plate

See Also

ccontrolDensity, controlDensityPerScreen

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
controlDensityPerPlate(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", "Control density", 1, 1, 1)
controlDensityPerScreen

Plotting the control density per experiment

Description
Plots the density of positive and negative controls (if applicable) for each experiment.

Usage
controlDensityPerScreen(header, dataset, channel, plotTitle, showPlot, supHisto)

Arguments
- header: the header of a dataset file generated with \texttt{generateDatasetFile}
- dataset: an R data frame generated with \texttt{generateDatasetFile}
- channel: a character string specifying the name of the column containing the values for computing the density, e.g. \texttt{"SigIntensity"}
- plotTitle: the plot title
- showPlot: 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows
- supHisto: 0 or 1. 1 will additionally superimpose a colour histogram of the values for the positive and negative controls. Otherwise choose 0.

Value
Generates a series of plots for each experiment, showing the density of positive and negative controls (if applicable). The plots are saved as pdf and png files named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the \texttt{plotTitle} and the number of the experiment.

The function returns a list of length 3 containing:
- \texttt{plotName}: the plotname
- \texttt{minOfScreens}: the number of the first experiment
- \texttt{numOfScreens}: the number of the last experiment

See Also
\texttt{controlDensity, controlDensityPerPlate}

Examples
\begin{verbatim}
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
controlDensityPerScreen(header, dataset, \texttt{"SigIntensity"}, \texttt{"Control density"}, 1, 1)
\end{verbatim}
controlNorm

**Normalization on controls**

**Description**

Performs a normalization on either positive or negative controls.

**Usage**

controlNorm(header, dataset, listOfArgs)

**Arguments**

- **header**: the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- **dataset**: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- **listOfArgs**: a list containing:
  - a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for normalization
  - 1 or 2, 1 meaning a normalization per experiment, 2 meaning a normalization per plate
  - 0 or 1, 0 meaning a normalization on the median of negative controls, 1 meaning a normalization on the median of positive controls. Can also be the `GeneName` of a specific control siRNA
  - 1 or 2, 1 meaning the signal values are divided by the median, 2 meaning the median is subtracted from the signal values

**Value**

Returns a list containing:

- **header**: the new header (with an added entry about the normalization procedure in the comments).
- **dataset**: the new dataset with normalized values. The old values are saved in an extra column with the suffix ".old".

**Examples**

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
normres <- controlNorm(header, dataset, list(2, 0, "SigIntensity", 1))
newheader <- normres[[1]]
newdataset <- normres[[2]]
```
createSubset

Creating a subset of a dataset according to a certain column value

Description

Creates a subset of a dataset containing all wells/lines having a certain value in a specified column.

Usage

createSubset(dataset, listIDs, equalTo)

Arguments

dataset       an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
listIDs       a character string and one of the following: Spotnumber, Internal_GeneID, GeneName, SpotType, SigIntensity, SDSIntensity, Background, LabtekNb, RowNb, ColNb, ScreenNb, NbCells, PercCells, ...
equalTo       A value or character string specifying the value in the chosen column, e.g. all wells on plate 2

Value

A subset of the dataset containing only the wells/lines having a certain value in a specified column.

See Also

indexSubset

Examples

data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

subset <- createSubset(dataset, dataset$LabtekNb, 2)

dataset                                           a typical example RNAi dataset

Description

See generateDatasetFile for details

Usage

dataset

Format

See generateDatasetFile
**Description**


**Usage**

datasetDrosophila

**Format**

see `generateDatasetFile` for details

**discardLabtek**

Remove a complete plate from the analysis

**Description**

Removes a plate/LabTek from the analysis by setting its spot type in the dataset to -1.

**Usage**

discardLabtek(data, screenNr, labtekNr)

**Arguments**

data: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`

screenNr: the number of the experiment that contains the plate to discard

labtekNr: the number of the plate to discard

**Value**

A new dataset that still contains the specified plate/LabTek, but excludes it from the further analysis by setting its SpotTypes to -1.

**See Also**

discardWells

**Examples**

data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

newdataset <- discardLabtek(dataset, 2, 2)
discardWells

Remove wells from the analysis

Description

Removes wells from the analysis by setting their spot type in the dataset to -1.

Usage

discardWells(data, screenNr, labtekNr, vecPositions)

Arguments

data an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
screenNr the number of the experiment that contains the plate to discard
labtekNr the number of the plate to discard
vecPositions a vector specifying the numbers of the wells to discard

Value

A new dataset that does not contain the specified wells. A new dataset that still contains the specified wells/spots, but excludes them from the further analysis by setting their SpotTypes to -1.

See Also

discardLabtek

Examples

data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
newdataset <- discardWells(dataset, 2, 1, c(1, 10, 15))

divideChannels

Divide channel values

Description

Replace two channels by their ratio.

Usage

divideChannels(ch1, ch2)

Arguments

ch1 a vector giving all values from channel 1
ch2 a vector giving all values from channel 2
divNorm

Value
A vector of the ratio of channel 1 and channel 2.

See Also
sumChannels

Examples

data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

newch <- divideChannels(dataset$SigIntensity, dataset$NbCells)

divNorm
Mean, median, ... , normalization

Description
Normalization with the mean, median, or any other function.

Usage
divNorm(header, dataset, listOfArgs)

Arguments
header
the header of a dataset file generated with generateDatasetFile
dataset
an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
listOfArgs
a list containing:
  - a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for normalization
  - a function to be used for the normalization, e.g. mean, median, ...
  - 1 or 2, 1 meaning a normalization per experiment, 2 meaning a normalization per plate
  - 1 or 2, 1 meaning the normalization is achieved by a division of the intensity values by the outcome of funname, 2, meaning by a substraction
  - a flag specifying whether controls should be excluded for the computation of the result of the function specified in the first element (1) or not (0).

Value
Returns a list containing:

header
the new header (with an added entry about the normalization procedure in the comments)
dataset
the new dataset with normalized values. The old values are saved in an extra column with the suffix ".old"
Computing the dynamic range

Description

Computes the dynamic range per plate for a complete dataset file and plots the results.

Usage

DRQualControl(header, data, nbLinesHeader, channel, plotTitle, showPlot)

Arguments

header the header of a dataset file generated with generateDatasetFile
data an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
nbLinesHeader typically 3
channel A character string specifying the name of the column containing the values for computing the dynamic range, e.g. "SigIntensity"
plotTitle the plot title
showPlot 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows

Value

Returns the dynamic range for each plate in the shell and saves them in a text file. The name of the text file will be the concatenation of the experiment name specified in the header and the character string "DR.txt".

Shows a plot of the dynamic range values and saves it as a pdf file under the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the function argument plotTitle.

References


Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
normres <- divNorm(header, dataset, list(median, 2, 1, "SigIntensity", 1))
newheader <- normres[[1]]
newdataset <- normres[[2]]

DRQualControl(header, dataset, 3, "SigIntensity", "DR per plate", 1)
eraseDataSetColumn  
Remove columns from dataset

Description
Removes a specified column from a dataset.

Usage
eraseDataSetColumn(dataset, colname)

Arguments

- **dataset**: an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
- **colname**: a character string specifying the name of the column to be removed

Value
An R data frame with the specified column removed.

Examples
```r
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
newdataset <- eraseDataSetColumn(dataset, "SDSIntensity")
```

findReplicates  
Find all replicates of a certain siRNA/gene in a dataset

Description
Returns which lines in the dataset correspond to a given siRNA/gene ID.

Usage
findReplicates(dataset, whichCol, replicateID)

Arguments

- **dataset**: an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
- **whichCol**: a character string specifying the name of the column containing the ID, either Internal_GeneID or GeneName
- **replicateID**: the siRNA/gene ID of interest

Value
An integer vector containing the indexes in the main dataset of all wells corresponding to a given siRNA/gene ID
furthestFromZero

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

Indexes <- findReplicates(dataset, "GeneName", "CPSF1")

furthestFromZero(Ivec, na.rm = T)

Arguments

Ivec All channel values for a specific siRNA/gene
na.rm Removes NA values

Value

A double giving the value furthest from zero out of the given replicate values.

See Also

rms, trim, closestToZero, summarizeReps, summarizeRepsNoFiltering

Examples

data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

Indexes <- findReplicates(dataset, "GeneName", "CPSF1")
replicateclosest <- furthestFromZero(dataset$SigIntensity[Indexe])

generateDatasetFile

Generate Dataset File

Description

Generates a text file containing all experimental data. Needed for all subsequent analysis functions.

Usage

generateDatasetFile(externalExperimentName, typeOfData, comments, outputFile, plateLayoutInternal, plateLayoutNCBI, nbRowsPerPlate, nbColsPerPlate, screenNb_pre, emptyWells, poorWells, controlCoordsOutput, backgroundValOutput, meanSignalOutput, SDmeanSignal, objNumOutput, cellNumOutput)
Arguments

externalExperimentName
A character string specifying the experiment name, e.g. "Johns Experiment Nb. 1"

typeOfData
A character string specifying the type of data, e.g. "364 well plate data for virus screens"

comments
A character string specifying comments. NA if not available.

outputFile
A character string specifying the name of the text file containing the dataset.

plateLayoutInternal
A matrix of internal siRNA IDs specifying their position on the plate (row-wise). Each column of the matrix stands for one plate.

plateLayoutNCBI
A matrix of gene names specifying their position on the plate (row-wise). Each column of the matrix stands for one plate.

nbRowsPerPlate
The number of rows per plate

nbColsPerPlate
The number of columns per plate

screenNb_pre
The screen/experiment number

emptyWells
A list containing, for each plate, an integer vector of the positions of empty wells. NA if there are no empty wells on the plate.

poorWells
A list containing, for each plate, an integer vector of the positions of wells that, for a certain reason, should not be taken into account during the analysis. NA if there are no such wells on the plate.

controlCoordsOutput
A list containing, for each plate, a list of integer vectors specifying the positions of positive (first element in sublist) and negative (second element in sublist) controls. NA if there are no positive/negative controls on the plate.

backgroundValOutput
A list containing, for each plate, a vector of background values per well

meanSignalOutput
A list containing, for each plate, a vector of intensity values for each well

SDmeanSignal
A list containing, for each plate, a vector of standard deviations of intensity values for each well

objNumOutput
A list containing, for each plate, a vector of the number of identified objects for each well

cellNumOutput
A list containing, for each plate, a vector of intensity values for each well, e.g. a vector of the number of identified cells for each well.

Details

Positions on plates are specified with one integer only. For example, the position of the well in row 2 and column 5 is \((\text{RowNo}-1)\times(\text{Number of columns on plate})+\text{ColNo}\).

Value

The function generates a text file consisting of a header and a 'dataset'. The header contains the experiment description (ExternalExperimentName, TypeOfData and Comments). The dataset is an R data frame, each row corresponding to one well, with the following columns:

Spotnumber
The position of the well on the plate
generateDatasetFile

Internal_GeneID
  The ID of the siRNA
GeneName
  The gene name
SpotType
  Can be -1, 0, 1 or 2.
  Type -1 wells (e.g. empty wells, wells with poor quality) are not considered in
  subsequent analyses but are kept in the data set for the sake of completeness.
  Type 0 wells correspond to negative controls, type 1 wells to positive controls.
  Type 2 wells correspond to the standard data wells.
SigIntensity
  The signal intensity (channel 1)
SDSIntensity
  The standard deviation of the signal intensity, if available
Background
  The background per well, if available
LabtekNb
  The plate number
RowNb
  The row number
ColNb
  The column number
ScreenNb
  The screen number
NbCells
  E.g. the number of cells identified in the well (channel 2)
PercCells
  The ratio (number of identified cells)/(number of identified objects)

See Also
  joinDatasetFiles, joinDatasets

Examples

## gene names
plateLayout1 <- c("test1", "empty", "test3", "test4", "test5",
"test6", "test7", "empty", "test9", "test10", "test11", "test12")
plateLayout2 <- c("test1", "test2", "test3", "test4", "test5",
"test6", "test7", "test8", "test9", "test10", "test11", "test12")
plateLayout <- cbind(plateLayout1, plateLayout2)
emptyWells <- list(c(2, 8), NA_integer_)
## the first plate has two empty wells at position 2 and 8, ## the second plate does not have any empty wells
poorWells <- NA_integer_
## no wells of poor quality
controlCoordsOutput <- list(list(NA_integer_, NA_integer_), list(NA_integer_, c(9,10)))
## the first plate does not have any control siRNAs, ## the second plate has two negative controls at position 9 and 10
backgroundValOutput<NA_integer_
## no background signal intensities available
sigPlate1<-c(2578, NA_integer_, 3784, 3784, 2578, 5555, 5555, NA_integer_, 8154, 2578, 3784, 2578)
sigPlate2<-c(8154, 3784, 5555, 3784, 11969, 2578, 1196, 5555, 17568, 2578, 5555, 2578)
## the signal intensities on the plates
meanSignalOutput<-list(sigPlate1, sigPlate2)

SDmeansignal<-NA_integer_
##no standard deviation available

objnumOutput<-NA_integer_
##no cell count available

cellnumOutput<-NA_integer_

generateDatasetFile("First test screen", "RNAi in virus-infected cells", NA_character_, "testscreen_output.txt", plateLayout, plateLayout, 3, 4, 1, emptyWells, poorWells, controlCoordsOutput, backgroundValOutput, meanSignalOutput, SDmeansignal, objnumOutput, cellnumOutput)

##load the dataset into R:
header<-readLines("testscreen_output.txt",3)

---

**generateReplicateMat** Generate a matrix of replicates

**Description**
Generates a matrix out of a dataset, each row corresponding to an siRNA/gene ID, each column to a channel value or its index in the dataset.

**Usage**
generateReplicateMat(data, minNbReps, IndexOrInt, col4val, col4anno)

**Arguments**

- **data** an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- **minNbReps** set to 2 if you want to exclude replicates occurring only once in the dataset, otherwise 1.
- **IndexOrInt** a character string - either "Index" or "Intensities" - specifying which values are to be contained in the output matrix.
- **col4val** a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used for the values of the output matrix (if `IndexOrInt` is set to "Intensities"), for example "SigIntensity" or "NbCells"
- **col4anno** a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used for the output matrix' rows, for example "GeneName" or "Internal_GeneID".

**Details**
The function will omit values or indexes of lines/wells whose value in the column specified by `col4val` is set to NA, (which is the case if the spot type is set to -1). If you do not want to omit those, use `generateRepMatNoFilter`. 
**generateRepMatNoFilter**

**Value**

A matrix with each row corresponding to an siRNA/gene ID (as reflected in rownames), each column to a channel value or its index in the dataset. Missing values (in case of different number of replicates occurring for different siRNAs/genes) are set to NA.

**See Also**

generateRepMatNoFilter

**Examples**

data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

replicatematrix <- generateReplicateMat(dataset, 2, "Index", "SigIntensity", "GeneName")

---

**Description**

Generates a matrix out of a dataset, each row corresponding to an siRNA/gene ID, each column to a channel value or its index in the dataset.

**Usage**

generateRepMatNoFilter(data, minNbReps, IndexOrInt, col4val, col4anno)

**Arguments**

data an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`

minNbReps set to 2 if you want to exclude replicates occurring only once in the dataset, otherwise 1.

IndexOrInt a character string - either "Index" or "Intensities" - specifying which values are to be contained in the output matrix.

col4val a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used for the values of the output matrix (if `IndexOrIntensities` is set to "Intensities"), for example "SigIntensity" or "NbCells"

col4anno a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used for the output matrix' rows, for example "GeneName" or "Internal_GeneID".

**Details**

The function will not omit values or indexes of lines/wells with spot type -1. If you want to omit those, use `generateReplicateMatrix`.

**Value**

A matrix with each row corresponding to an siRNA/gene ID (as reflected in rownames), each column to a channel value or its index in the dataset. Missing values (in case of different number of replicates occurring for different siRNAs/genes) are set to NA.
See Also
   generateReplicateMat

Examples
   data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
   replicatematrix <- generateRepMatNoFilter(dataset, 2, "Index", "SigIntensity", "GeneName")

   gseaAnalysis
       Perform a GSEA analysis of a list of genes

Description
   Performs a GSEA analysis of a list of genes using the package topGO (see References).

Usage
   gseaAnalysis(hitVector, whichOnto)

Arguments
   hitVector       a named hit vector as generated by hitselectionZscore or hitselectionPval
   whichOnto      One of the three GO ontologies: "biological_process", "molecular_function" or "cellular_component"

Value
   A table containing the enriched GO terms and their significance.

References

See Also
   Ttest

Examples
   data(scoredDataset1, package="RNAither")
   data(pValVec1, package="RNAither")

   ##for details on the generation of pValVec1 and scoredDataset1, see the example of the Ttest function linked above.
   scoredHits1 <- hitselectionPval(scoredDataset1, pValVec1, "SigIntensity", "Hits1", 0.1, "GeneName", "pvalue_testfile1.txt")
   hitVector1 <- scoredHits1[[2]]
   gseaTable <- gseaAnalysis(hitVector1, "biological_process")
**Description**

See `generateDatasetFile` for details

**Usage**

header

**Format**

See `generateDatasetFile`

---

**headerDrosophila**

*the header of the genome-wide RNAi screen of cell viability in Drosophila Kc167 cells by Boutros et al.*

**Description**

M. Boutros et al., Genome-wide RNAi analysis of growth and viability in Drosophila cells, Science, 303(5659):832-835, 2004. 3, 18

**Usage**

headerDrosophila

**Format**

See `generateDatasetFile`

---

**hitselectionPval**

*Selecting hits according to p-values*

**Description**

Selects significant genes according to their p-value.

**Usage**

```
hitselectionPval(dataset, pValVec, col4val, col4sel, thresh, col4anno, file4hits)
```
hitselectionPval

Arguments

- **dataset**: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- **pValVec**: a vector of p-values, as generated by one of the test functions `Ttest`, `MannWhitney` or `RankProduct`
- **col4val**: a character vector specifying a column of intensity values
- **col4sel**: a character vector specifying the name of the new dataset column where hits will be stored
- **thresh**: the threshold for the p-values, typically 0.05
- **col4anno**: a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used to define the replicate, e.g. "GeneName" or "Internal_GeneID"
- **file4hits**: the name of the file to store the results in

Details

If there are no p-values under the defined threshold `thresh`, the threshold is increased to `min(pvalvec)`.

Value

A list containing:

- **dataset**: the dataset with an added column defining the hits in the form of a binary vector
- **hitVector**: the binary vector itself
- **replicaMatrix**: a matrix of replicates with corresponding values (as generated by `generateReplicateMat`)
- **thresh**: the threshold for the p-values

P-values and the intensity values for each siRNA are stored in a text output file.

See Also

- `hitselectionZscore`, `hitselectionZscorePval`, `Ttest`

Examples

```r
data(scoredDataset1, package="RNAither")
data(pValVec1, package="RNAither")

##for details on the generation of pValVec1 and scoredDataset1, see the example of the Ttest function linked above.

scoredHits1 <- hitselectionPval(scoredDataset1, pValVec1, "SigIntensity", "Pval_hits", 0.05, "GeneName", "pvalue_testfile1.txt")

newdataset <- scoredHits1[[1]]
hitvector <- scoredHits1[[2]]
```
hitselectionZscore

Selecting hits according to ZScores

Description

Selects significant genes according to their ZScore.

Usage

hitselectionZscore(dataset, col4zscore, col4sel, thresh, flag, flag2, col4anno, sumFunc, file4hits)

Arguments

dataset an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
col4zscore a character vector specifying the name of the column containing the ZScores, usually SigIntensity
col4sel a character vector specifying the name of the new dataset column where hits will be stored
thresh the threshold for the ZScores. The interpretation depends on the choice of the parameter flag2.
flag 1 or 2. 1 means the ZScores are kept per well, 2 that they are summarized according to the parameter sumFunc.
flag2 1, 2 or -2.
    If 1 is chosen and thresh == n, then the n greatest Zscores are chosen as hits.
    If 1 is chosen and thresh == -n, then the n smallest Zscores are chosen.
    If 1 is chosen and thresh == 0, all ZScores are chosen and written to the output file.
    If 2 is chosen, all Zscores greater than or equal to thresh are chosen.
    If -2 is chosen, all Zscores smaller than or equal to thresh are chosen.
col4anno a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used to define the replicate, for example "GeneName" or "Internal_GeneID"
sumFunc the function used to summarize ZScore values, e.g. mean or median.
file4hits the name of the file to store the results in

Details

If flag2 == -2, and there are no ZScores under the defined threshold thresh, the threshold is increased to min(ZScores).
If flag2 == 2, and there are no ZScores over the defined threshold thresh, the threshold is increased to max(ZScores).

Value

A list containing:
dataset the dataset with an added column defining the hits in the form of a binary vector
hitVector the binary vector itself
thresh the threshold for the ZScores

ZScores are stored in a text output file.
References


See Also

hitselectionPval, hitselectionZscorePval, Ttest

Examples

data(scoredDataset1, package="RNAither")
data(pValVec1, package="RNAither")

##for details on the generation of pValVec1 and scoredDataset1, see the example of the Ttest function linked above.

scoredHits1 <- hitselectionZscore(scoredDataset1, "SigIntensity", "Zscore_hits", -10, 2, 1, "GeneName", median, "Zscores_testfile1.txt")

newdataset <- scoredHits1[[1]]
hitvector <- scoredHits1[[2]]

hitselectionZscorePval

Selecting hits according to ZScores and p-values

Description

Selects significant genes according to their ZScore (summarized with the gene median) and p-values.

Usage

hitselectionZscorePval(dataset, pValVec, col4zscore, col4sel, thresh, thresh2, flag2, col4anno, sumFunc, file4hits)

Arguments

dataset an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
pValVec a vector of p-values, as generated by one of the test functions Ttest, MannWhitney or RankProduct
col4zscore a character vector specifying the name of the column containing the ZScores, usually "SigIntensity"
col4sel a character vector specifying the name of the new dataset column where hits will be stored
thresh the threshold for the ZScores. The interpretation depends on the choice of the parameter flag2.
thresh2 the threshold for the p-values
flag2 2 or -2. If 2 is chosen, all Zscores greater than or equal to thresh are chosen. If -2 is chosen, all Zscores smaller than or equal to thresh are chosen.
col4anno a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used to define the replicate, for example "GeneName" or "Internal_GeneID".

col4anno sumFunc the function used to summarize ZScore values, e.g. mean or median.

file4hits the name of the file to store the results in

Details

If there are no p-values under the defined threshold \( \text{thresh2} \), it is increased to \( \min(p\text{valvec}) \).

If \( \text{flag2} = -2 \) and there are no ZScores under the defined threshold \( \text{thresh} \), it is increased to \( \min(Z\text{Scores}) \).

If \( \text{flag2} = 2 \) and there are no ZScores over the defined threshold \( \text{thresh} \), it is increased to \( \max(Z\text{Scores}) \).

If there are not hits for the combined threshold of p-values and ZScores, the ZScore threshold is changed until there is a hit.

Value

A list containing:

dataset the dataset with an added column defining the hits in the form of a binary vector

hitVector the binary vector itself

thresh the threshold for the ZScores

thresh2 the threshold for the p-values

ZScores and p-values are stored in a text output file.

See Also

hitselectionPval, hitselectionZscore, Ttest

Examples

data(scoredDataset1, package="RNAither")
data(pValVec1, package="RNAither")

##for details on the generation of pValVec1 and scoredDataset1, see the example of the Ttest function linked above.

scoredHits1 <- hitselectionZscorePval(scoredDataset1, pValVec1, "SigIntensity", "Zscore_pval_hits", -1.5, 0.05, -2, "GeneName", median, "Zscores_pvals_testfile1.txt")

newdataset <- scoredHits1[[1]]

hitvector <- scoredHits1[[2]]
Incorporate a vector of p-values into a dataset

**Description**

Incorporates a vector of p-values into a dataset. Also works with a dataset containing values per well (non summarized), or with a hit vector.

**Usage**

```r
incorporatepValVec(dataset, pValVec, replicaMatrix, col4anno, colname4pval)
```

**Arguments**

- `dataset`: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `pValVec`: a vector of p-values
- `replicaMatrix`: a matrix of replicate values, as generated by `generateReplicateMat`
- `col4anno`: a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used to define the replicate, for example "GeneName" or "Internal_GeneID"
- `colname4pval`: a character string specifying the name of the dataset column the p-values will be stored in

**Value**

Returns the dataset with an added column of p-values.

**See Also**

`multTestAdjust`, `Ttest`

**Examples**

```r
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

data(scoredDataset1, package="RNAither")
## scoredDataset1 already contains the p-value column
data(pValVec1, package="RNAither")

## for details on the generation of pValVec1 and scoredDataset1, see the example of the Ttest function linked above.

temp <- generateReplicateMat(dataset, 1, "Intensities", "SigIntensity", "GeneName")
replicamatrix <- temp[[1]]
newdataset <- incorporatepValVec(dataset, pValVec1, replicamatrix, "GeneName", "pvals")
## newdataset and scoredDataset1 are now equivalent
```
indexSubset

Saving the indexes of a subset in the main dataset

Description

Used together with createSubset, returns the indexes in the main dataset of the wells chosen as a subset by the previous call of createSubset.

Usage

indexSubset(listIDs, equalTo)

Arguments

- listIDs: a character string and one of the following: Spotnumber, Internal_GeneID, GeneName, SpotType, SigIntensity, SDSIntensity, Background, LabtekNb, RowNb, ColNb, ScreenNb, NbCells, PercCells, ...
- equalTo: A value or character string specifying the value in the chosen column, e.g. all wells on plate 2

Value

An integer vector containing the indexes in the main dataset of the wells chosen as a subset by the previous call of createSubset.

See Also

createSubset

table

dataframe

Examples

data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

subset <- createSubset(dataset, dataset$LabtekNb, 2)
indexOfSubsetInDataset <- indexSubset(dataset$LabtekNb, 2)

joinDatasetFiles

Join dataset files

Description

Merges two or more dataset files into one, with one common header.

Usage

joinDatasetFiles(listOfFile, nbOfLinesInHeader, newHead, outputFile)

Arguments

- listOfFile: a list of the names of the files to join
- nbOfLinesInHeader: typically 3
- newHead: the new header
- outputFile: the name of the file to save the header and concatenated dataset in
joinDatasets

See Also

`generateDatasetFile, joinDatasetFiles`

Examples

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
saveDataset(header, dataset, "save_testfile1.txt")

header[[1]] <- "external_experiment_name, Test screen"
header[[2]] <- "comments, contains twice Screen Nb 1"

joinDatasetFiles(list("save_testfile1.txt", "save_testfile1.txt"), 3, header,
"concatenated_testfile.txt")
```

---

**joinDatasets**

**Join datasets**

**Description**

Merges two or more datasets into one.

**Usage**

```r
joinDatasets(listOfDatasets)
```

**Arguments**

- `listOfDatasets` a list of the datasets to join

**Value**

The joined datasets.

**See Also**

`generateDatasetFile, joinDatasetFiles`

**Examples**

```r
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
doubledataset <- joinDatasets(list(dataset, dataset))
```
**LiWongRank**

**Li Wong rank / invariant probeset normalization**

**Description**

Performs a Li Wong rank / invariant probeset normalization (see References).

**Usage**

LiWongRank(header, dataset, listOfArgs)

**Arguments**

- **header**
  - the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`

- **dataset**
  - an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`

- **listOfArgs**
  - a list containing:
    - a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for normalization
    - a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used for the computation of the siRNA/gene ranks

**Details**

For each plate type/layout in each experiment, generates a ranked list of siRNAs according to their intensity values. Only siRNAs occurring only once on the plate are allowed in the list. The normalization is performed only if all plate types have a maximum of 20.

For each "unique" siRNA on a plate type, the variance of its ranks across plates is computed. A histogram of variances is plotted and allows the user to choose a threshold. A list of siRNAs with rank variances under the given threshold is then returned for each plate type so that the user can choose an siRNA to normalize the plate with.

**Value**

Returns a list containing:

- **header**
  - the new header (with an added entry about the normalization procedure in the comments)

- **dataset**
  - the new dataset with normalized values. The old values are saved in an extra column with the suffix ".old"

**References**


Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

normres <- LiWongRank(header, dataset, list("SigIntensity", "GeneName"))
newheader=normres[[1]]
newdataset=normres[[2]]


lowessNorm

Lowess normalization

Description

Performs a plate-wise lowess normalization of the data.

Usage

lowessNorm(header, dataset, listOfArgs)

Arguments

header the header of a dataset file generated with generateDatasetFile
dataset an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
listOfArgs a list containing:
- a character string specifying the column used as channel 1 (colname4ch1)
- a character string specifying the column used as channel 2 (colname4ch2)
- optionally: the smoother span (smSpan) of the lowess function. This gives the proportion of points which influence the smooth at each value. Larger values give more smoothness. Defaults to 2/3.

Value

Corrects intensity values in case the values of ch2 decrease with the increase of ch1 values.

Returns a list containing:

header the new header (with an added entry about the normalization procedure in the comments)
dataset the new dataset with normalized values. The old values are saved in an extra column with the suffix ".old"

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

normres <- lowessNorm(header, dataset, list("NbCells","SigIntensity"))
newheader <- normres[[1]]
newdataset <- normres[[2]]
mainAnalysis

Wrapper function for full automated analysis

Description

Performs a standard analysis of the data (quality and statistics) from a dataset file.

Usage

mainAnalysis(header, dataset, flagForSameExp, listOfNormalizations, listOfArgs4norm, listOfStatTests, listOfArgs4stat, multTestAdj, hitScoringVec1, hitScoringVec2, posNegFlag, flag4Gsea, vecOfChannels, whichOnto)

Arguments

header the header of a dataset file generated with generateDatasetFile
dataset an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
flagForSameExp either 0 or 1. If 1, all experiments defined in the column ScreenNb in the dataset file must have the same design (same type and same number of replicates - exact plate layout is irrelevant) so that Spearman’s correlation coefficient can be computed between experiments (each with summarized replicates)
listOfNormalizations a list of the normalization function to apply. Can be LiWongRank, varAdjust, divNorm, quantileNormalization, BScore, ZScore, ZScorePerScreen, subtractBackground, lowessNorm, controlINorm
listOfArgs4norm a list containing, for each element of listOfNormalizations, the arguments to be passed on
listOfStatTests a list of the statistical tests to perform. Can be Ttest, MannWhitney, RankProduct
listOfArgs4stat a list containing, for each element of listOfStatTests, the arguments to be passed on
multTestAdj indicates the p-value correction for multiple testing - one of "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "bonferroni", "BH", "BY", "fdr", or "none" (Type ?p.adjust for details))
hitScoringVec1 a vector of length 3 indicating (in that order):
  - scoring according to p-value (0: no, 1: yes)
  - scoring according to ZScore with ZScore < threshold (0: no, 1: yes), or according to ZScore < threshold and p-value < hitScoringVec2[1] (2)
  - scoring according to ZScore with ZScore > threshold (0: no, 1: yes), or according to ZScore > threshold and p-value < hitScoringVec2[1] (2).
  If hitScoringVec1[2] or hitScoringVec1[3] are equal to 2, hitScoringVec1[1] must be equal to one, otherwise p-values will not be computed.
hitScoringVec2 a vector of length 3 indicating the thresholds for hitScoringVec1
posNegFlag either 0 (no controls available) or 1 (controls available)
flag4Gsea Can be:
- either 0: No GSEA analysis is performed
- or 1: A GSEA analysis is performed for each hit scoring method
- or a binary vector that allows to choose which hit scoring method(s) will be used for a GSEA analysis. Hit scoring methods are sorted as follows: first, hits are scored according to the p-values of each test specified in `listOfStatTests`. Then, if the option of scoring hits according to p-values and Intensities is chosen (see `hitScoringVec1`), for each test, a hit vector is generated. Finally, if the option of scoring hits according to Intensities only is chosen, hit vectors are generated for this option.

vecOfChannels a character vector containing the names of the channels to be used for quality plots, for example "SigIntensity" or "NbCells"

whichOnto one of the three GO hierarchies: "biological_process", "molecular_function" or "cellular_component" - used for the GSEA analysis

Value
Generates the html output files `index.html` and `indexnorm.html` containing the quality analysis of raw and normalized data, respectively, and `stats.html`, containing the statistical analysis. If several normalization methods are applied, an `indexnorm` file is generated after each.

Note
This function is deprecated and kept only for backwards compatibility. Please use the "rnaiter" function instead.

Examples
```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
mainAnalysis(header, dataset, 0, list(controlNorm), list(list(1, 0, "SigIntensity", 1)), list(Ttest, MannWhitney), list(list("l", 1, "SigIntensity", "GeneName"), list("l", 1, "SigIntensity", "GeneName"), "none", c(1, 0, 0), c(0.05, 0, 0), 1, 0, c("SigIntensity", "NbCells"), "biological_process")
```

makeBoxplot4PlateType Generate a boxplot of the data per plate

Description
Generates a boxplot comparing the same plates in different experiments.

Usage
```r
makeBoxplot4PlateType(header, dataset, channel, plotTitle, showPlot)
```
makeBoxplotControls

Arguments

header: the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`.
dataset: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`.
channel: a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for the boxplot.
plotTitle: the plot title.
showPlot: 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

Value

For each plate type, a boxplot of intensity values per experiment will be saved as a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the plotTitle and the number of the plate.

The function returns a list containing:

plotName: the plotname.
minOfPlates: the number of the first experiment.
numOfPlates: the number of the last experiment.

See Also

`makeBoxplotControls`, `makeBoxplotControlsPerScreen`, `makeBoxplotControlsPerPlate`, `makeBoxplotPerPlate`, `makeBoxplotPerScreen`.

Examples

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
makeBoxplot4PlateType(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", "Data vs. Controls", 1)
```

`makeBoxplotControls` Generate a boxplot of the data vs. the controls

Description

Generates a boxplot of intensity values of negative controls, positive controls and experimental data.

Usage

`makeBoxplotControls(header, dataset, channel, plotTitle, showPlot)`

Arguments

header: the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`.
dataset: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`.
channel: a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for the boxplot.
plotTitle: the plot title.
showPlot: 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.
makeBoxplotControlsPerPlate

Value

A boxplot of intensity values of negative controls, positive controls and experimental data will be saved as a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the plotTitle.

The function returns the plot name.

See Also

makeBoxplotControlsPerScreen, makeBoxplotControlsPerPlate, makeBoxplotPerPlate, makeBoxplotPerScreen

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

makeBoxplotControls(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", "Data vs. Controls", 1)

makeBoxplotControlsPerPlate

Generate a boxplot of the data vs. the controls for each plate

Description

Generates a boxplot of intensity values of negative controls, positive controls and experimental data for each plate of each experiment available in the dataset.

Usage

makeBoxplotControlsPerPlate(header, dataset, channel, plotTitle, plotDesign, showPlot)

Arguments

header the header of a dataset file generated with generateDatasetFile
dataset an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
channel a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for the boxplot
plotTitle the plot title
plotDesign 1 or 2. 1 will generate one window containing all plots, 2 will generate a series of plots.
showPlot 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

Value

For each experiment, a series of boxplots of intensity values of negative controls, positive controls and experimental data will be saved as a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the plotTitle and the number of the experiment.

The function returns a list containing:

plotName the plotname
`makeBoxplotControlsPerScreen` 41

\[ c(\text{minOfScreens}, \text{numOfScreens}) \]
\[ \text{a vector with the number of the first experiment and of the last experiment} \]
\[ c(\text{minOfPlates}, \text{numOfPlates}) \]
\[ \text{a vector with the number of the first plate and the number of the last plate} \]

See Also

`makeBoxplotControls, makeBoxplotControlsPerPlate, makeBoxplotPerPlate, makeBoxplotPerScreen`

Examples

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
makeBoxplotControlsPerPlate(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", "Data vs. Controls", 1, 1)
```

```r
makeBoxplotControlsPerScreen

*Generate a boxplot of the data vs. the controls for each experiment*
```

Description

Generates a boxplot of intensity values of negative controls, positive controls and experimental data for each experiment available in the dataset.

Usage

`makeBoxplotControlsPerScreen(header, dataset, channel, plotTitle, plotDesign, showPlot)`

Arguments

- `header` the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `dataset` an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `channel` a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for the boxplot
- `plotTitle` the plot title
- `plotDesign` 1 or 2. 1 will generate one window containing all plots, 2 will generate a series of plots.
- `showPlot` 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

Value

A series of boxplots of intensity values of negative controls, positive controls and experimental data will be saved as a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the `plotTitle`.

The function returns a list containing:

- `plotName` the plotname
- `minOfScreens` the number of the first experiment
- `numOfScreens` the number of the last experiment
makeBoxplotPerPlate

See Also
makeBoxplotControls, makeBoxplotControlsPerPlate, makeBoxplotPerPlate, makeBoxplotPerScreen

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
makeBoxplotControlsPerScreen(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", "Data vs. Controls", 1, 1)

makeBoxplotPerPlateGenerate a boxplot of the data per plate

Description
Generates a boxplot of intensity values per plate for each experiment available in the dataset.

Usage
makeBoxplotPerPlate(header, dataset, channel, plotTitle, plotDesign, showPlot)

Arguments

header the header of a dataset file generated with generateDatasetFile
dataset an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
channel a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for the boxplot
plotTitle the plot title
plotDesign 1 or 2. 1 will generate one window containing all plots, 2 will generate a series of plots.
showPlot 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

Value
For each experiment, a boxplot of intensity values per plate will be saved as a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the plotTitle.
The function returns a list containing:

plotName the plotname
minOfScreens the number of the first experiment
numOfScreens the number of the last experiment

See Also
makeBoxplotControls, makeBoxplotControlsPerPlate, makeBoxplotControlsPerScreen, makeBoxplotPerScreen
Examples

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
makeBoxplotPerScreen(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", "Data vs. Controls", 1, 1)
```

---

**makeBoxplotPerScreen**  
*Generate a boxplot of the data per experiment*

**Description**
Generates a boxplot of intensity values per experiment.

**Usage**

```r
makeBoxplotPerScreen(header, dataset, channel, plotTitle, showPlot)
```

**Arguments**
- `header`: the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `dataset`: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `channel`: a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for the box-plot
- `plotTitle`: the plot title
- `showPlot`: 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

**Value**
A boxplot of intensity values per experiment will be saved as a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the `plotTitle`.

**See Also**
- `makeBoxplotControls`, `makeBoxplotControlsPerPlate`, `makeBoxplotControlsPerScreen`, `makeBoxplotPerPlate`

**Examples**

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
makeBoxplotPerScreen(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", "Data vs. Controls", 1)
```
perform a Mann-Whitney test

Description
Performs the non-parametric Mann-Whitney test on the intensity data.

Usage
MannWhitney(dataset, listofargs)

Arguments
dataset an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
listofargs a list containing:
- "g" (greater) for significant increase, "l" (lower) for significant decrease, or "two.sided" for both
- either a number indicating the true value of the mean, or a character string indicating the name of the gene to compare with
- a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for the test
- a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used to define the replicate, e.g. "GeneName" or "Internal_GeneID"

Value
Returns a list containing:
pValVec a named vector of p-values
dataset the dataset with an added column "p.value.mannwhitney"
paste("pValue.mannwhitney", testType, sep="_") the character string "p.value.mannwhitney" concatenated with the testType (first element of listofargs)
"Mann-Whitney test" the character string "Mann-Whitney test"

See Also
Ttest, RankProduct

Examples
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
pvals1 <- MannWhitney(dataset, list("l", median(dataset$SigIntensity, na.rm=TRUE), "SigIntensity", "GeneName"))
pValVec1 <- pvals1[[1]]
scoredDataset1 <- pvals1[[2]]
**multTestAdjust**

Adjust p-values for multiple testing.

Description

Adjusts p-values for multiple testing.

Usage

```r
multTestAdjust(pValVec, adjustMethod)
```

Arguments

- `pValVec`: a vector of p-values
- `adjustMethod`: one of the following: "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "bonferroni", "BH", "BY", "fdr", "none". For details type `?p.adjust`.

Value

Returns a vector of corrected p-values. Can be integrated into a dataframe with the function `incorporatePValVec`.

See Also

`incorporatePValVec`, `Ttest`

Examples

```r
data(pValVec1, package="RNAither")
##for details on the generation of pValVec1, see the example of the Ttest function linked above.
newpvalvec <- multTestAdjust(pValVec1,"fdr")
```

---

**numCellQualControl**

Quality control of the number of cells

Description

Plots a histogram of the cell number per well and allows the user to set an upper and a lower threshold so as to exclude wells from the analysis.

Usage

```r
numCellQualControl(DataSetFile, nbLinesHeader, plotTitle)
```

Arguments

- `DataSetFile`: a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `nbLinesHeader`: typically 3
- `plotTitle`: the plot title
orderGeneIDs

Value

Prints out the list of wells under and over the predefined thresholds in the shell.

Saves a list of discarded siRNA values (if applicable) in a text file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with either "numCellQualControl\_discarded\_higher.txt" or "numCellQualControl\_discarded\_lower.txt".

Saves the histogram with the applied thresholds in a pdf file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the plotTitle.

Overwrites the given DataSetFile with the new dataset.

See Also

percCellQualControl

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
saveDataset(header, dataset, "save_testfile1.txt")

numCellQualControl("save_testfile1.txt", 3, "Histogram of the number of cells")

orderGeneIDs

Order a dataset

Description

Orders dataset according to one of its columns.

Usage

orderGeneIDs(dataset, ID1)

Arguments

dataset an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
ID1 a character string specifying the name of the column according to which the dataset will be sorted

Value

An R data frame (‘dataset’) ordered according to its values in the specified column.

See Also

order

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

orderedDataset=orderGeneIDs(dataset,"SigIntensity")
Description

Plots a histogram of the percentage of cells per well (ratio of the number of identified cells and the number of identified objects) and allows the user to set an upper and a lower threshold so as to exclude wells from the analysis.

Usage

percCellQualControl(DataSetFile, nbLinesHeader, plotTitle)

Arguments

DataSetFile a dataset file generated with generateDatasetFile
nbLinesHeader typically 3
plotTitle the plot title

Value

Prints out the list of wells under and over the predefined thresholds in the shell.
Saves a list of discarded siRNA values (if applicable) in a text file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with either "percCellQualControl\_discarded\_higher.txt" or "percCellQualControl\_discarded\_lower.txt".
Saves the histogram with the applied thresholds in a pdf file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the plotTitle.
Overwrites the given DataSetFile with the new dataset.

See Also

numCellQualControl

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
saveDataset(header, dataset, "save_testfile1.txt")

percCellQualControl("save_testfile1.txt", 3, "Histogram of the number of cells")
plotBar  
*Plot signal intensities per well*

**Description**

Plots signal intensity values for each well, a blue line showing the median, two green lines showing one median absolute deviation, two red lines showing two median absolute deviations.

**Usage**

`plotBar(header, dataset, col4val, flag, plotTitle, showPlot)`

**Arguments**

- `header`: the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `dataset`: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `col4val`: a character string specifying the column whose intensity values will be used for the plot
- `flag`: 0, 1, or 2. 0 uses the data from the complete dataset, 1 generates one plot for each experiment, 2 generates one plot for each plate.
- `plotTitle`: the plot title
- `showPlot`: 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

**Value**

Saves the plots in pdf and png files named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the `plotTitle` and if applicable the experiment number and/or the plate number.  
When `flag` == 0, returns the plot name (`plotName`).  
When `flag` == 1, returns a list containing:

- `plotName`: The plot name
- `minOfScreens`: The number of the first experiment
- `numOfScreens`: The number of the last experiment

When `flag` == 2, returns a list containing: the plot name, a vector with the number of the first experiment and of the last experiment, and a vector with the number of the first plate and the number of the last plate.

**See Also**

`ZScorePlot`, `ZScorePlotTwo`

**Examples**

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

plotname <- plotBar(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", 0, "Data per well", 1)
```
### Description

Plots and saves a histogram of data values and shows the controls, if available, in color.

### Usage

```r
plotControlHisto(header, dataset, channel, plotTitle, showPlot)
```

### Arguments

- **header**: the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- **dataset**: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- **channel**: a character string specifying the name of the column containing the values to be plotted, e.g. "SigIntensity"
- **plotTitle**: the plot title
- **showPlot**: 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

### Value

Saves the histogram in a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the `plotTitle`.

Positive controls are plotted in green, negative controls in red.

The function returns the plot name.

### See Also

`plotControlHistoPerplate`, `plotControlHistoPerscreen`

### Examples

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
plotControlHisto(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", "Distribution of Data and Controls", 1)
```
plotControlHistoPerplate

*Plot a histogram of the data values and controls per plate*

**Description**

Plots and saves a histogram of data values per experiment and per plate and shows the controls, if available, in color.

**Usage**

```
plotControlHistoPerplate(header, dataset, channel, plotTitle, plotDesign, showPlot)
```

**Arguments**

- `header`: the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `dataset`: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `channel`: a character string specifying the name of the column containing the values to be plotted, e.g. "SigIntensity"
- `plotTitle`: the plot title
- `plotDesign`: 1 or 2. 1 will generate one window containing all plots, 2 will generate a series of plots.
- `showPlot`: 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

**Value**

Saves the histograms in a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the `plotTitle`.

Positive controls are plotted in green, negative controls in red.

The function returns a list containing:

- `histoName`: the plotname
- `c(minOfScreens, numOfScreens)`: a vector with the number of the first experiment and of the last experiment
- `c(minOfPlates, numOfPlates)`: a vector with the number of the first plate and the number of the last plate

**See Also**

`plotControlHisto, plotControlHistoPerscreen`

**Examples**

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
plotControlHistoPerplate(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", "Distribution of Data and Controls", 1, 1)
```
plotControlHistoPerscreen

Plot a histogram of the data values and controls per experiment

Description

Plots and saves a histogram of data values per experiment and shows the controls, if available, in color.

Usage

plotControlHistoPerscreen(header, dataset, channel, plotTitle, plotDesign, showPlot)

Arguments

- **header**: the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- **dataset**: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- **channel**: a character string specifying the name of the column containing the values to be plotted, e.g. "SigIntensity"
- **plotTitle**: the plot title
- **plotDesign**: 1 or 2. 1 will generate one window containing all plots, 2 will generate a series of plots.
- **showPlot**: 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

Value

Saves the histograms in a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the **plotTitle**.

Positive controls are plotted in green, negative controls in red.

The function returns a list containing:

- **histoName**: the plotname
- **minOfScreens**: the number of the first experiment
- **numOfScreens**: the number of the last experiment

See Also

- `plotControlHisto`
- `plotControlHistoPerplate`

Examples

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

plotControlHistoPerscreen(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", "Distribution of Data and Controls", 1, 1)
```
plotHisto

Plot a histogram of the data values

Description

Plots and saves a histogram of the chosen data values.

Usage

plotHisto(header, dataset, channel, plotTitle, showPlot)

Arguments

header the header of a dataset file generated with generateDatasetFile
dataset an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
channel a character string specifying the name of the column containing the values to be plotted, e.g. "SigIntensity"
plotTitle the plot title
showPlot 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

Value

Saves the histogram in a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the plotTitle.

The function returns the plot name.

See Also

plotHistoPerplate, plotHistoPerscreen

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
plotHisto(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", "Distribution of Data and Controls", 1)

plotHistoPerplate

Plot a histogram of the data values per plate

Description

Plots and saves a histogram of the chosen data values per experiment and per plate.

Usage

plotHistoPerplate(header, dataset, channel, plotTitle, plotDesign, showPlot)
plotHistoPerscreen

Arguments

header the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
dataset an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
channel a character string specifying the name of the column containing the values to be plotted, e.g. "SigIntensity"
plotTitle the plot title
plotDesign 1 or 2. 1 will generate one window containing all plots, 2 will generate a series of plots.
showPlot 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

Value

Saves the histograms in a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the `plotTitle`.

The function returns a list containing:

histoName the plotname
c(minOfScreens, numOfScreens) a vector with the number of the first experiment and of the last experiment
c(minOfPlates, numOfPlates) a vector with the number of the first plate and the number of the last plate

See Also

`plotHisto, plotHistoPerscreen`

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

plotHistoPerplate(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", "Distribution of Data and Controls", 1, 1)

plotHistoPerscreen

Plot a histogram of the data values per experiment

Description

Plots and saves a histogram of the chosen data values.

Usage

`plotHistoPerscreen(header, dataset, channel, plotTitle, plotDesign, showPlot)`
Arguments

- **header**: the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- **dataset**: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- **channel**: a character string specifying the name of the column containing the values to be plotted, e.g. "SigIntensity"
- **plotTitle**: the plot title
- **plotDesign**: 1 or 2. 1 will generate one window containing all plots, 2 will generate a series of plots.
- **showPlot**: 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

Value

Saves the histograms in a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the `plotTitle`.

The function returns a list containing:

- **histoName**: the plotname
- **minOfScreens**: the number of the first experiment
- **numOfScreens**: the number of the last experiment

See Also

- `plotHisto`, `plotHistoPerplate`

Examples

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
plotHistoPerscreen(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", "Distribution of Data and Controls", 1, 1)
```

---

### plotQQ

**Make a QQ plot**

**Description**

Shows and saves a QQ plot of the data.

**Usage**

```r
plotQQ(header, dataset, channel, plotTitle, showPlot)
```
plotQQperplate

Arguments

header the header of a dataset file generated with generateDatasetFile
dataset an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
cchannel a character string specifying the name of the column containing the values to be plotted, e.g. "SigIntensity"
plotTitle the plot title
showPlot 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

Value

Saves the QQ plot in a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the plotTitle.
The function returns the plot name.

See Also

plotQQperscreen, plotQQperplate

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

plotQQ(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", "QQplot", 1)

plotQQperplate Make a QQ plot per plate

Description

Shows and saves a QQ plot of the data for each experiment and each plate in the dataset.

Usage

plotQQperplate(header, dataset, channel, plotTitle, plotDesign, showPlot)

Arguments

header the header of a dataset file generated with generateDatasetFile
dataset an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
cchannel a character string specifying the name of the column containing the values to be plotted, e.g. "SigIntensity"
plotTitle the plot title
plotDesign 1 or 2. 1 will generate one window containing all plots, 2 will generate a series of plots.
showPlot 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.
plotQQperscreen

Value

Saves the QQ plots in a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the plotTitle.

The function returns a list containing:

- `histoName`: the plotname
- `c(minOfScreens, numOfScreens)`: a vector with the number of the first experiment and of the last experiment
- `c(minOfPlates, numOfPlates)`: a vector with the number of the first plate and the number of the last plate

See Also

`plotQQ, plotQQperscreen`

Examples

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

plotQQperplate(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", "QQplot", 1, 1)
```

---

plotQQperscreen       Make a QQ plot per experiment

Description

Shows and saves a QQ plot of the data for each experiment in the dataset.

Usage

```r
plotQQperscreen(header, dataset, channel, plotTitle, plotDesign, showPlot)
```

Arguments

- `header`: the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `dataset`: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `channel`: a character string specifying the name of the column containing the values to be plotted, e.g. "SigIntensity"
- `plotTitle`: the plot title
- `plotDesign`: 1 or 2. 1 will generate one window containing all plots, 2 will generate a series of plots.
- `showPlot`: 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.
Value

Saves the QQ plots in a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the `plotTitle`.

The function returns a list containing:

- `histoName` the plotname
- `minOfScreens` the number of the first experiment
- `numOfScreens` the number of the last experiment

See Also

`plotQQ, plotQQperplate`

Examples

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

plotQQperscreen(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", "QQplot", 1, 1)
```

---

\textit{pValVec1} \hspace{1cm} A vector of \textit{p-values after a median normalization and a t-test}

Description

See \texttt{divNorm} and \texttt{Ttest} for details

Usage

\texttt{pValVec1}

Format

\texttt{vector}

\textit{pValVec2} \hspace{1cm} A vector of \textit{p-values after a Mann-Whitney test}

Description

See \texttt{MannWhitney} for details

Usage

\texttt{pValVec2}

Format

\texttt{vector}
quantileNormalization  

Quantile normalization

Description

Quantile normalization (see References)

Usage

quantileNormalization(header, dataset, listOfArgs)

Arguments

header  
the header of a dataset file generated with generateDatasetFile

dataset  
an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile

listOfArgs  
a list containing:
- a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for normalization
- 1 or 2, 1 meaning a normalization per experiment, 2 meaning a normalization per plate

Value

Returns a list, containing:

header  
the new header (with an added entry about the normalization procedure in the comments)

dataset  
the new dataset with normalized values. The old values are saved in an extra column with the suffix ".old"

References


Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
normres <- quantileNormalization(header, dataset, list(2, "SigIntensity"))
newheader <- normres[[1]]
newdataset <- normres[[2]]
Description
Performs the non-parametric rank product test on the intensity data.

Usage
RankProduct(dataset, listofargs)

Arguments
- **dataset**: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- **listofargs**: a list containing:
  - the number of permutations to perform to compute the p-values (usually 100)
  - 1 or 2, depending if the search is for a significant decrease or increase
  - a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for the test
  - a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used to define the replicate, for example "GeneName" or "Internal_GeneID"

Value
Returns a list containing:
- **pValVec**: a named vector of p-values
- **dataset**: the dataset with an added column "p.value.rankproduct"
- **paste("pValue.rankproduct", testType, sep="_")**: the character string "p.value.rankproduct"
- **"Rank product test"**: the character string "Rank product test"

The p values returned are equivalent to the percentage of false prediction (pfp), which in theory is the equivalent of false discovery rate (FDR). It is possible that they are larger than 1.

See Also
Ttest, MannWhitney

Examples
```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

pvals1 <- RankProduct(dataset, list(100, 1, "SigIntensity", "GeneName"))
pvalVec1 <- pvals1[[1]]
scoredDataset1 <- pvals1[[2]]
```
replicatesCV  

Compute the correlation of variation (CV)

Description
Computes the correlation of variation as defined in Tseng et al. (see References)

Usage
replicatesCV(header, dataset, PlotTitle, col4val, col4anno, plotDesign, showPlot)

Arguments
- header: the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- dataset: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- PlotTitle: the plot title
- col4val: a character string specifying the column whose values will be used to compute the correlation of variation
- col4anno: a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used to define the replicate, e.g. "GeneName" or "Internal_GeneID"
- plotDesign: 1 or 2. 1 will generate one window containing all plots, 2 will generate a series of plots.
- showPlot: 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

Value
The correlation of variation of an siRNA is defined as the standard deviation of its values divided by their mean.

The function generates a plot of the average intensity against the CV for each experiment. The plot will be saved as a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the `PlotTitle`.

The function returns a list containing:
- `histoName`: the plotname
- `minOfScreens`: the number of the first experiment
- `numOfScreens`: the number of the last experiment

References

Examples
```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
replicatesCV(header, dataset, "Correlation of Variation versus Mean Intensity", "SigIntensity", "GeneName", 1, 0)
```
replicatesSpearmancor  Compute the correlation coefficient between replicates or experiments

Description

Computes Spearman’s rank correlation coefficient for each replicate - either inside each experiment, or between experiments.

Usage

replicatesSpearmancor(header, dataset, flag, col4val, col4anno, fileNameSuffix)

Arguments

header  the header of a dataset file generated with generateDatasetFile
dataset  an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
flag  1 or 2. 1 will compute the coefficient for a maximum of 3 replicates, for each experiment available in the dataset. 2 will summarize the replicates from each experiment with their root mean square and compute the correlation coefficient between experiments.

col4val  a character string specifying the column whose values will be used to compute the correlation coefficient

co4anno  a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used to define the replicate, e.g. "GeneName" or "Internal_GeneID"

fileNameSuffix  a character string that will be used to name the output file containing a table with the correlation coefficients.

Value

For flag==1, the correlation coefficients are printed out to the shell and saved in a text file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the character string filename-suffix and "Spearmancor.txt".

For flag==2, the correlation coefficients are printed out to the shell and saved in a text file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the character string filename-suffix and "Spearmancor\_AllExp.txt".

The function returns a table containing the correlation coefficients.

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

replicatesSpearmancor(header, dataset, 1, "SigIntensity", "GeneName", "testfile1_")
**rns**

*Compute the replicate root mean square*

**Description**

Computes the root mean square of replicate values

**Usage**

```r
rms(Ivec, na.rm = T)
```

**Arguments**

- `Ivec`: All channel values for a specific siRNA/gene
- `na.rm`: Removes NA values

**Value**

A double giving the root mean square of the given replicate values.

**See Also**

`trim`, `closestToZero`, `furthestFromZero`, `summarizeReps`, `summarizeRepsNoFiltering`

**Examples**

```r
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
Indexes <- findReplicates(dataset, "GeneName", "CPSF1")
rmsval <- rms(dataset$SigIntensity[Indexes])
```

**rnaither**

*Wrapper function for full automated analysis*

**Description**

Performs a standard analysis of the data (quality and statistics) from a dataset file.

**Usage**

```r
rnaither(data, expname, excludeCellcounts="none", logtransform=FALSE, normalization=c("lowess","b
```
Arguments

data  A data frame containing the experimental data to analyze. Each row is corresponding to one well, with the following columns:
- Spotnumber The position of the well on the plate
- Internal_GeneID The ID of the siRNA
- GeneName The gene name
- SpotType Can be -1, 0, 1 or 2. Type -1 wells (e.g. empty wells, wells with poor quality) are not considered in subsequent analyses but are kept in the data set for the sake of completeness. Type 0 wells correspond to negative controls, type 1 wells to positive controls. Type 2 wells correspond to the standard data wells.
- SigIntensity The signal intensity (channel 1)
- SDSIntensity The standard deviation of the signal intensity, if available
- Background The background per well, if available
- LabtekNb The plate number
- RowNb The row number
- ColNb The column number
- ScreenNb The screen number
- NbCells E.g. the number of cells identified in the well (channel 2)
- PercCells The ratio (number of identified cells)/(number of identified objects)

expname A character string, assigning a name to the experiment. This will be used as title in the html output generated by rnaither.

excludeCellcounts A string constant, one of "none", "lowest", "both", "lowestperplate" or "bothperplate". The default is "none". This parameter can be used to exclude wells from the analysis that have very low or very high numbers of cells.
- "none" No wells will be excluded based on the number of cells they contain.
- "lowest", "lowestperplate" The wells with the lowest 5 percent of cellcounts will be excluded from further analysis. "lowest" will consider the entire screen at once, and exclude the wells that are overall the lowest 5 percent. "lowestperplate" will consider each plate separately, excluding on each plate the 5 percent of wells having the lowest cellcounts.
- "both", "bothperplate" The wells with the lowest and highest 5 percent of cellcounts will be excluded from further analysis. Excluding wells with high cell counts may be useful for image based screens, if it is suspected that cells overlap in images, which might cause problems for image processing. "both" will consider the entire screen at once, and exclude the wells that are overall the lowest and highest 5 percent. "bothperplate" will consider each plate separately, excluding on each plate the 5 percent of wells having the lowest and highest cellcounts.

logtransform A logical variable, specifying whether or not the signal intensities should be log-transformed. Default is FALSE.

normalization A list of strings containing the normalization steps to carry out. The default are is c("lowess","bscore"). The following normalization procedures are available:
- "lowess" To carry out lowess normalization. This corrects for effects of cell counts on the signal intensities.
• "liwong" to carry out Li-Wong rank normalization of the signal intensities.
• "varadjust" to divide each signal intensity value by the variance of the signal intensities on the respective plate.
• "divnorm" to divide each signal intensity value by the median signal intensity of the respective plate.
• "quantile" to carry out a quantile normalization on the signal intensities.
• "bscore" to carry out a bscore normalization on the signal intensities (corrects for spatial effects on a plate).
• "zscore" to carry out a zscore normalization (subtract median of plate, divide by median absolute deviation per plate).
• "negcontrol" to normalize on the negative controls - subtract median of negative controls, divide by MAD of negative controls, per plate.
• "percontrol" to do a percentage of controls normalization - Rescale signal intensities so that mean of negative controls is 100, mean of positive controls is 0.
• "percneg" to do a percentage of negative controls normalization - set mean of negative controls to 100, zero signal intensity remains at 0. Normalization routines will be executed in the order as they occur in the list.

test
Specify what statistical test should be used to identify hits. One of
• "ttest" to carry out a t-test if the mean score for a given siRNA / Gene is 0.
• "wilcox" to carry out a Wilcoxon test if the mean score for a given siRNA / Gene is 0.
• "none" to carry out no statistical test.

The default is "ttest".

scorethresh
The threshold on the normalized score to be used to identify hits. The default is 2.0, hence siRNAs with score > +2 or score < -2 are considered hits.

pvalthresh
The threshold on the p-value from the statistical test to be used to identify hits. The default is 0.05

dogo
A logical variable, specifies whether or not a Gene Ontology-based analysis should be carried out. This parameter is currently ignored, GO is presently not supported by the rnaither wrapper.

outdir
A string specifying the directory in which the results should be stored. Can be an absolute or relative path.

layoutnames
A list of strings, that can be used to assign names to different layouts in the screen. The list should contain the same number of elements as there are different layouts in the screen. These names will be used as labels for the layouts in the html output. If this parameter is not specified, layouts will be numbered in the canonical way.

makeplots
TRUE or FALSE, if set to FALSE, only a subset of the quality control plots will be generated. This speeds up processing, but will result in missing images in the html output.

reorder
Logical variable, indicating whether dataset should be reordered prior to processing further. This is recommended if the data frame is incomplete, i.e. if wells or plates are missing completely. reorder=T will considerably slow down the analysis.

Value
Generates the html output file index.html in the directory specified by the outdir parameter.
**saveDataset**

Save the normalized dataset into a dataset text file

**Description**

Saves the normalized dataset and corresponding header into the specified dataset text file.

**Usage**

```r
saveDataset(header, data, dataSetFile)
```

**Arguments**

- `header`: the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `data`: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `dataSetFile`: the name of the text file the data will be saved in; can be the same as the old file (will be overwritten without prompting)

**Examples**

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
normres <- divNorm(header, dataset, list(median, 2, 1, "SigIntensity", 1))
newheader <- normres[[1]]
newdataset <- normres[[2]]
saveDataset(newheader, newdataset, "save_testfile1.txt")
```

**saveOldIntensityColumns**

Save old intensity value columns

**Description**

Duplicates the specified column and adds it to the end of the dataset.

**Usage**

```r
saveOldIntensityColumns(dataset, col4val)
```

**Arguments**

- `dataset`: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `col4val`: a character string specifying the column whose values will be saved as an extra column before normalization
Value

The values in the chosen column are saved in an extra column with the suffix ".old".

Examples

data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
newdataset <- saveOldIntensityColumns(dataset, "SigIntensity")

---

savepValVec

Save p-values to file

Description

Saves a vector of p-values to a text file.

Usage

savepValVec(pValVec, filename)

Arguments

- **pValVec**: a vector of p-values
- **filename**: the name of the text file to save the p-values to.

See Also

Ttest

Examples

data(pValVec1, package="RNAither")

##for details on the generation of pValVec1, see the example of the Ttest function linked above.
savepValVec(pValVec1, "pvals_testfile1.txt")

---

scoredDataset1

A dataset containing an additional column showing the p-values, after a median normalization and a t-test

Description

See divNorm and Ttest for details

Usage

scoredDataset1

Format

see generateDatasetFile for details
scoredDataset2

A dataset containing an additional column showing the p-values after a Mann-Whitney test

Description

See MannWhitney for details

Usage

scoredDataset1

Format

see generateDatasetFile for details

SNRQualControl

Computing the SNR

Description

Computes the signal to noise ratio for all data, per experiment and per plate for a complete dataset file and plots histograms of the results.

Usage

SNRQualControl(dataSetFile, nbLinesHeader, channel, noise, plotTitle, showPlot)

Arguments

dataSetFile a dataset file generated with generateDatasetFile
nbLinesHeader typically 3
channel a character string specifying the name of the column containing the values for computing the SNR, e.g. "SigIntensity"
noise A character string specifying the name of the column containing the values for computing the SNR, e.g. "Background"
plotTitle the plot title
showPlot 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows

Value

Shows histogram plots of the SNR for the whole dataset file, per experiment and per plate and saves them in a pdf file. The name of the file will be the concatenation of the experiment name specified in the header and the function argument plotTitle.
spatialDistrib

Generate spatial plots of intensity values

Description
Generate plots of plates and their intensity values.

Usage
spatialDistrib(header, dataset, plotTitle, col4plot, col4anno, showPlot)

Arguments
header the header of a dataset file generated with generateDatasetFile
dataset an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
plotTitle the plot title
col4plot a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for the plot
col4anno a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for the annotation of the plot
showPlot 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

Value
For each plate, the plot will be saved as a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the plotTitle, the number of the experiment, and the number of the plate.
Wells containing positive controls are marked with a "P", wells containing negative controls with an "N".
Each plate will also be saved as an html file containing mouse-overs with the siRNA name for each well.
The function returns a list containing:

histoName the plotname
c(minOfScreens, numOfScreens) a vector with the number of the first experiment and of the last experiment
c(minOfPlates, numOfPlates) a vector with the number of the first plate and the number of the last plate

See Also
compareReplicateSD, compareReplicateSDPerScreen
**Examples**

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

spatialDistrib(header, dataset, "Spatial distribution of cell counts", "NbCells", "GeneName", 1)
```

**spatialDistribHits**  
*Plotting the spatial distribution of the hits*

**Description**

Plots the plates showing the spatial distribution of the hits using the `plotPlate` function of the `prada` package.

**Usage**

```r
spatialDistribHits(header, dataset, plotTitle, col4hits, col4anno, showPlot)
```

**Arguments**

- `header`: the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `dataset`: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `plotTitle`: the plot title
- `col4hits`: a character vector specifying the name of the dataset column containing the binary hit vector
- `col4anno`: a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used to define the replicate, e.g. "GeneName" or "Internal_GeneID"
- `showPlot`: 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

**Value**

For each plate, the plot will be saved as a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the `plotTitle`, the number of the experiment, and the number of the plate.

Wells containing positive controls are marked with a "P", wells containing negative controls with an "N".

Each plate will also be saved as an html file containing mouse-overs with the siRNA name for each well.

The function returns a list containing:

- `histoName`: the plotname
- `c(minOfScreens, numOfScreens)`: a vector with the number of the first experiment and of the last experiment
- `c(minOfPlates, numOfPlates)`: a vector with the number of the first plate and the number of the last plate
subtractBackground

See Also

tTest

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(pValVec1, package="RNAither")
data(scoredDataset1, package="RNAither")

## for details on the generation of pValVec1 and scoredDataset1, see the example of the Ttest function linked above.

scoredHits1 <- hitselectionPval(scoredDataset1, pValVec1, "SigIntensity", "Hits1", 0.05,
"GeneName", "pvalue_testfile1.txt")

hitDataset1 <- scoredHits1[[1]]

spatialDistribHits(header, hitDataset1, "Spatial distribution of hits", "Hits1", "GeneName", 1)

---

subtractBackground  

**Background subtraction**

Description

Subtracts a specified background value from the intensity values.

Usage

subtractBackground(header, dataset, listOfArgs)

Arguments

- header: the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- dataset: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- listOfArgs: a list containing:
  - a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for background subtraction
  - a character string specifying the column whose values will be used as background

Value

A list containing:

- header: The new header (with an added entry about the normalization procedure in the comments)
- dataset: The new dataset with normalized values. The old values are saved in an extra column of the dataset with the suffix ".old"
sumChannels

Examples

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

normres <- subtractBackground(header, dataset, list("SigIntensity", "Background"))
newheader <- normres[[1]]
newdataset <- normres[[2]]
```

```r
newdataset=sumChannels(header, dataset, divideChannels, "SigIntensity", "NbCells")
```
summarizeReps

Generate a new dataset with summarized replicates

Description
Generates a new dataset with summarized replicates.

Usage
summarizeReps(data, funSum, col4val, col4anno, cols2del)

Arguments
data an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
funSum a function used to summarize the values of a replicate, e.g. mean, median, rms, trim, max, min, closestToZero, furthestFromZero, ...
col4val a character vector (containing for example "SigIntensity", Background, NbCells, PercCells, ...) specifying the columns that will be summarized by funSum
col4anno a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used to define the replicate, e.g. "GeneName" or "Internal_GeneID"
cols2del a character vector containing the columns to delete, for example "SDSIntensity"

Details
All columns containing replicate values will be summarized by funSum. For all columns containing positions, screen numbers, plate numbers, etc., all information for different replicates will be kept, comma-separated. All columns containing standard deviations of channels should be specified in colnames2delete.

Value
Returns the summarized dataset.

See Also
summarizeRepsNoFiltering, eraseDataSetColumn, generateReplicateMat, generateRepMatNoFilter, mean, median, rms, trim, max, min, closestToZero, furthestFromZero

Examples
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

colname4val <- c("SigIntensity", "Background", "NbCells", "PercCells")
summarizeddataset <- summarizeReps(dataset, mean, colname4val, "GeneName", "SDSIntensity")
summarizeRepsNoFiltering

Generate a new dataset with summarized replicates

Description
Generates a new dataset with summarized replicates. Keeps wells/spots with SpotType -1 in the dataset, but intensity values are replaced with NA.

Usage
summarizeRepsNoFiltering(data, funSum, col4val, col4anno, cols2del)

Arguments
data an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
funSum a function used to summarize the values of a replicate, e.g. mean, median, rms, trim, max, min, closestToZero, furthestFromZero, ...
col4val a character vector (containing for example "SigIntensity", Background, NbCells, PercCells, ...) specifying the columns that will be summarized by funSum
col4anno a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used to define the replicate, e.g. "GeneName" or "Internal_GeneID"
cols2del a character vector containing the columns to delete, for example "SDSIntensity"

Details
All columns containing replicate values will be summarized by funSum. For all columns containing positions, screen numbers, plate numbers, etc., all information for different replicates will be kept, comma-separated. All columns containing standard deviations of channels should be specified in colnames2delete.

Value
Returns the summarized dataset.

See Also
summarizeReps, eraseDataSetColumn, generateReplicateMat, generateRepMatNoFilter, mean, median, rms, trim, max, min, closestToZero, furthestFromZero

Examples
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
colname4val <- c("SigIntensity", "Background", "NbCells", "PercCells")
summarizeddataset <- summarizeRepsNoFiltering(dataset, mean, colname4val, "GeneName", "SDSIntensity")
trim  

Compute the replicate mean with trimmed values

**Description**

Computes the mean of replicate values, omitting the highest and the lowest 5

**Usage**

```r
trim(Ivec, na.rm = T)
```

**Arguments**

- `Ivec`: All channel values for a specific siRNA/gene
- `na.rm`: Removes NA values

**Value**

A double giving the trimmed mean of the given replicate values, i.e. omitting the highest and the lowest 5

**See Also**

`rms, closestToZero, furthestFromZero, summarizeReps, summarizeRepsNoFiltering`

**Examples**

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

Indexes <- findReplicates(dataset, "GeneName", "CPSF1")
replicatemean <- trim(dataset$SigIntensity[Indexes])
```

---

Ttest

Perform a Student’s t-test

**Description**

Performs a Student’s t-test on the intensity data.

**Usage**

```r
Ttest(dataset, listofargs)
```
### Arguments

- **dataset**: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- **listofargs**: a list containing:
  - "g" (greater) for significant increase, "l" (lower) for significant decrease, or "two.sided" for both
  - either a number indicating the true value of the mean, or a character string indicating the name of the gene to compare with
  - a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for the test
  - a character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used to define the replicate, e.g. "GeneName" or "Internal_GeneID"

### Value

Returns a list containing:

- **pValVec**: a named vector of p-values
- **dataset**: the dataset with an added column "p.value.mannwhitney"
- **paste("pValue.ttest", testType, sep="-")**: the character string "pValue.ttest" concatenated with the `testType` (first element of `listofargs`)
- **"t test"**: the character string "t test"

### See Also

- `MannWhitney`, `RankProduct`

### Examples

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
pvals1 <- Ttest(dataset, list("l", median(dataset$SigIntensity, na.rm=TRUE), "SigIntensity", "GeneName"))
pValVec1 <- pvals1[[1]]
scoredDataset1 <- pvals1[[2]]
```

---

### Description

Divides the intensity values by their median absolute deviation (of the experiment or of the plate)

### Usage

```r
varAdjust(header, dataset, listOfArgs)
```
vennDiag

Arguments

header the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
dataset an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
listOfArgs a list containing:
  - a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for normalization
  - 1 or 2, 1 meaning a normalization per screen, 2 a normalization per plate
  - a flag specifying whether controls should be excluded for the computation of the median absolute deviation (1) or not (0).

Value

Divides the intensity values by their median absolute deviation (of the experiment or of the plate).

Returns a list containing:

header The new header (with an added entry about the normalization procedure in the comments)
dataset The new dataset with normalized values. The old values are saved in an extra column of the dataset with the suffix ".old"

Examples

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
normres <- varAdjust(header, dataset, list(1, "SigIntensity", 1))
newheader <- normres[[1]]
newdataset <- normres[[2]]
```

vennDiag

**Plotting a Venn Diagram to compare hits**

Description

Plots a Venn Diagram of up to three binary hit vectors.

Usage

```r
vennDiag(header, listOfCols, listOfNames, plotTitle, showPlot)
```

Arguments

header the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
listOfCols a list of binary hit vectors to compare
listOfNames a list of character strings for the annotation of the Venn Diagram
plotTitle the plot title
showPlot 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows
Value

The plot is saved in a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the `plotTitle`. The function returns the plot name.

See Also

`Ttest`, `MannWhitney`

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(pValVec1, package="RNAither")
data(pValVec2, package="RNAither")
data(scoredDataset1, package="RNAither")
data(scoredDataset2, package="RNAither")

```r
# for details on the generation of pValVec and scoredDataset,
# see the examples of the functions Ttest and MannWhitney linked above.

scoredHits1 <- hitselectionPval(scoredDataset1, pValVec1, "SigIntensity", "pValue.ttest_l", 0.05, "GeneName", "pvalue_testfile1.txt")
scoredHits2 <- hitselectionPval(scoredDataset2, pValVec2, "SigIntensity", "pValue.mannwhitney_l", 0.05, "GeneName", "pvalue_testfile2.txt")

hitvector1 <- scoredHits1[[2]]
hitvector2 <- scoredHits2[[2]]

plot_name <- vennDiag(header, list(hitvector1, hitvector2), list("t test", "Mann-Whitney test"), "Venn diagram", 1)
```

---

**volcanoPlot**  
*Making a volcano plot*

Description

Makes a volcano plot of the data.

Usage

`volcanoPlot(header, dataset, col4plotx, col4ploty, col4anno, plotTitle, sigLevel, showPlot)`

Arguments

- `header`: the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `dataset`: an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `col4plotx`: a character vector specifying the name of the column containing the intensity values, usually `SigIntensity`
- `col4ploty`: a character vector specifying the name of the dataset column containing the corresponding p-values
col4anno: A character string specifying the name of the dataset column to be used to define the replicate, e.g., "GeneName" or "Internal_GeneID".

plotTitle: The plot title.

sigLevel: The significance level for the p-value, indicating where a horizontal green line will be drawn.

showPlot: 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

Value

Plots the intensity values against the negative decadic logarithm of the p-values. A green horizontal line is drawn at the specified significance level.

The plot is saved in a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the plotTitle.

The function returns the plot name.

See Also

Ttest

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(pValVec1, package="RNAither")
data(scoredDataset1, package="RNAither")

##for details on the generation of pValVec1 and scoredDataset1, see the example of the Ttest function linked above.

scoredHits1 <- hitselectionPval(scoredDataset1, pValVec1, "SigIntensity", "pValue.ttest_l", 0.05, "GeneName", "pvalue_testfile1.txt")

hitDataset1 <- scoredHits1[[1]]

hitvector1 <- scoredHits1[[2]]

volcano_name <- volcanoPlot(header, hitDataset1, "SigIntensity", "pValue.ttest_l", "GeneName", "Volcano Plot", 0.05, 1)

### ZPRIMEQualControl: Computing the Z' factor

Description

Computes the Z' factor per plate for a complete dataset file and plots the results.

Usage

ZPRIMEQualControl(header, data, channel, plotTitle, showPlot)
### ZScore

#### Description

ZScore normalization (see Value and References)

#### Usage

```
ZScore(header, dataset, listOfArgs)
```

#### Arguments

- `header` (character string): the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `dataset` (R data frame): an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
- `channel` (character string): a character string specifying the name of the column containing the values for computing the Z' factor, e.g. "SigIntensity"
- `plotTitle` (character string): the plot title
- `showPlot` (integer): 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

#### Value

Returns the Z' values in the shell for each plate and saves them in a text file. The name of the text file will be the concatenation of the experiment name specified in the header and the character string "Z'Scores.txt".

Shows a plot of the Z' factor values and saves it as a png and a pdf file under the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the function argument `plotTitle`.

The function returns a list containing:

- `plotName` (character string): the plot name
- `ZPrimeTable` (data frame): table containing the Z' values

#### References


#### Examples

```
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
res <- ZPRIMEQualControl(header, dataset, "SigIntensity", "Z' factors per plate", 1)
zprime_plot <- res[[1]]
zprime_table <- res[[2]]
```
ZScorePerScreen

Arguments
header: the header of a dataset file generated with generateDatasetFile
dataset: an R data frame generated with generateDatasetFile
listOfArgs: a list containing:
  - a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for normalization
  - a flag specifying whether controls should be excluded for the computation of the median and median absolute deviation (1) or not (0).

Value
The ZScore is defined as the quotient of the difference between an intensity value and the median of the plate, and of the median absolute deviation. Returns a list containing:

header: The new header (with an added entry about the normalization procedure in the comments)
dataset: The new dataset with normalized values. The old values are saved in an extra column of the dataset with the suffix ".old"

References

See Also
ZScorePerScreen, BScore

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
normres <- ZScore(header, dataset, list("SigIntensity", 1))
newheader <- normres[[1]]
newdataset <- normres[[2]]
ZScorePlot

Arguments

header the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
dataset an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
listOfArgs a list containing:
- a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for normalization
- a flag specifying whether controls should be excluded for the computation of the median and median absolute deviation (1) or not (0).

Value

The ZScore is defined as the quotient of the difference between an intensity value and the median of the experiment, and of the median absolute deviation.

Returns a list containing:

header The new header (with an added entry about the normalization procedure in the comments)
dataset The new dataset with normalized values. The old values are saved in an extra column of the dataset with the suffix ".old"

References


See Also

ZScore, BScore

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
normres <- ZScorePerScreen(header, dataset, list("SigIntensity", 1))
newheader <- normres[[1]]
newdataset <- normres[[2]]

ZScorePlot

Plot normalized intensity values per well

Description

Plots the normalized intensity values for each well, together with a black line showing the mean, two green lines showing the standard deviation, and two red lines showing 2 standard deviations.

Usage

ZScorePlot(header, dataset, flag, col4plot, col4anno, plotTitle, showPlot)
Arguments

header the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
dataset an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
flag either 1 or 2. 1 if the dataset contains values per well, 2 if the dataset contains summarized values for each siRNA (e.g. a dataset summarized with `summarizeReps`).
col4plot a character string specifying the column whose values will be used for the plot
col4anno a character string specifying the column that will be used for the plot annotation
plotTitle the plot title
showPlot 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

Value

Plots the normalized intensity values for each well, together with a black line showing the mean, and two red lines showing 2 standard deviations. Clicking on the points shows the gene/siRNA name.

The plot is saved as a pdf and a png file named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the `plotTitle`.

The function returns the plot name.

See Also

`plotBar, ZScorePlotTwo`

Examples

```r
data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")
normedvals <- ZScore(header, dataset, list("SigIntensity", 1))
ZScorePlot(normedvals[[1]], normedvals[[2]], 1, "SigIntensity", "GeneName", "Normed intensity values per well", 1)
```

---

**ZScorePlotTwo**

*Plot signal intensities per well (II)*

Description

Plots signal intensity values for each well, a black line showing the median, two green lines showing one median absolute deviation, two red lines showing two median absolute deviations.

Usage

`ZScorePlotTwo(header, dataset, flag, flag2, col4plot, col4anno, plotTitle, showPlot)`
Arguments

header the header of a dataset file generated with `generateDatasetFile`
dataset an R data frame generated with `generateDatasetFile`
flag 0, 1, or 2. 0 uses the data from the complete dataset, 1 generates one plot for each experiment, 2 generates one plot for each plate.
flag2 0 draws lines using mean and sd, 1 draws lines using median and mad.
col4plot a character string specifying the column whose intensity values will be used for the plot
col4anno in case `showPlot` == 1, a character string specifying the column used for identifying points
plotTitle the plot title
showPlot 0 or 1. 1 will open one or several plot windows in the R GUI, 0 will only save the plot(s) without opening windows.

Value

Saves the plots in pdf and png files named after the experiment name specified in the header concatenated with the `plotTitle` and if applicable the experiment number and/or the plate number.
When `flag` == 0, returns the plot name (`plotName`).
When `flag` == 1, returns a list containing:

- `plotName` The plot name
- `minOfScreens` The number of the first experiment
- `numOfScreens` The number of the last experiment

When `flag` == 2, returns a list containing: the plot name, a vector with the number of the first experiment and of the last experiment, and a vector with the number of the first plate and the number of the last plate.

See Also

`plotBar`, `ZScorePlot`

Examples

data(exampleHeader, package="RNAither")
data(exampleDataset, package="RNAither")

plotname <- ZScorePlotTwo(header, dataset, 0, 1, "SigIntensity", "GeneName", "Data per well", 0)
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