Package ‘TurboNorm’

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Type Package

Title A fast scatterplot smoother suitable for microarray normalization

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Description A fast scatterplot smoother based on B-splines with second-order difference penalty. Functions for microarray normalization of single-colour data i.e. Affymetrix/Illumina and two-colour data supplied as marray MarrayRaw-objects or limma RGLList-objects are available.

License LGPL

LazyLoad yes

Depends R (>= 2.12.0), convert, limma (>= 1.7.0), marray

Imports stats, grDevices, affy, lattice

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URL http://www.humgen.nl/MicroarrayAnalysisGroup.html

NeedsCompilation yes

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R topics documented:

TurboNorm-package ........................................ 2
methylation ................................................. 3
normalize.pspline ......................................... 3
panel.pspline ............................................... 5
pspline ...................................................... 6
turbotrend .................................................. 8

Index 10
Description

A fast scatterplot smoother based on B-splines with second order difference penalty. Functions for microarray normalization of single-colour data i.e. Affymetrix/Illumina and two-colour data supplied as marray MarrayRaw-objects or limma RGList-objects are available.

Details

Package: TurboNorm
Type: Package
Version: 1.7.2
Date: 2013-29-01
License: LGPL
LazyLoad: yes

This package contains an implementation of piecewise constant P-splines of Eilers and Marx (1996) that can be used for normalization of either single- or two-colour data. For two-colour data objects of type RGList from the limma package and MarrayRaw from the package marray can be normalized using the function pspline(). For single colour microarray data wrapper functions are written based on the affy package functions normalize.loess() and normalize.AffyBatch.loess() namely normalize.pspline() and normalize.AffyBatch.pspline(). Also a panel.pspline() is available for adding the smoothed curve to lattice graphics panels.

Note

The package pspline (S original by Jim Ramsey, R port by Brian Ripley) implements the B-spline/Natural Cubic Spline smoother

Author(s)

Chantal van Leeuwen and Maarten van Iterson Maintainer: Maarten van Iterson<mviterson@gmail.com>

References


See Also
turbotrend, pspline, normalize.pspline, normalize.AffyBatch.pspline, panel.pspline
methylation

CpG island DNA methylation array data

Description

CpG island DNA methylation array data of a neuro-ectodermal cell line that was treated with a demethylating agent

Usage

data(methylation)

Format

"RGList" as defined in the package limma containing data from CpG island DNA methylation array data of a neuro-ectodermal cell line that was treated with a demethylating agent. The element "weights" of the "RGList" contains the subset of invariant fragments, those without methylation-sensitive restriction sites, as a logical vector.

Details

The data is extracted from a larger experiment described in van Iterson et al. Because the data is from a high-dense tiling array a random subset of the data was chosen for convenience in making the vignette.

References


Examples

data(methylation)

normalize.pspline

Functions for single-colour microarray data normalization using the P-splines

Description

Modified version of normalize.loess and normalize.AffyBatch.pspline from the affy package uses the P-spline smoother in stead of the loess algorithm

Usage

normalize.pspline(mat, epsilon = 10^-2, maxit = 1, log.it = TRUE, verbose = TRUE, weights = rep(1, nrow(mat)), ...) normalize.AffyBatch.pspline(abatch, type=c("together","pmonly","mmonly","separate"), ...)
**Arguments**

- **mat**: a matrix with columns containing the values of the chips to normalize.
- **abatch**: an `AffyBatch` object.
- **epsilon**: a tolerance value (supposed to be a small value - used as a stopping criterion).
- **maxit**: maximum number of iterations.
- **log.it**: logical. If `TRUE` it takes the log2 of `mat`.
- **verbose**: logical. If `TRUE` displays current pair of chip being worked on.
- **weights**: For weighted normalization. The default is `NULL`, so there are no weights used.
- **type**: A string specifying how the normalization should be applied. See details for more.
- **...**: Graphical parameters can be supplied.

**Details**

This function is a modified version of the function `normalize.loess` from the affy package. Instead of the loess algorithm the function uses the P-spline algorithm. The type argument should be one of "separate", "pmonly", "mmonly", "together" which indicates whether to normalize only one probe type (PM, MM) or both together or separately.

**Value**

Normalized `AffyBatch`

**Author(s)**

Maarten van Iterson and Chantal van Leeuwen

**References**


**See Also**

`normalize.loess`

**Examples**

```r
library(affydata)
data(Dilution)
PM <- log2(pm(Dilution[,c(1,3)]))
M <- PM[,1]-PM[,2]
A <- 0.5*(PM[,1]+PM[,2])
nPM <- log2(normalize.pspline(pm(Dilution[,c(1,3)])))
```
nM <- nPM[,1]-nPM[,2]
nA <- 0.5*(nPM[,1]+nPM[,2])

par(mfcol=c(2,1))
plot(M~A)
plot(nM~nA)

norm <- normalize.AffyBatch.pspline(Dilution, type="pmonly")
weights <- rep(1, nrow(exprs(Dilution)))
normw <- normalize.AffyBatch.pspline(Dilution, type="pmonly", weights=weights)

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panel.pspline  
Panel function for adding a P-spline smoothed curves to a lattice graphics panel

Description
The function panel.pspline is similar to panel.loess but show the P-spline smoothed curve.

Usage
panel.pspline(x, y, weights = rep(1, length(y)), nintervals = 100, type, horizontal = FALSE, col.line=1, lty=1, lwd=1, ...)

Arguments
x, y  vectors giving the coordinates of the points in the scatter plot
weights  vector of weights of with same length as the data for a weighted smoothing. Default all weights are 1.
nintervals  an integer indicating the number of intervals equal to 1 + number of knots. Currently the intervals must be larger than 10.
type  see panel.loess
horizontal  see panel.loess
col.line, lty, lwd  line colour, type and width that will be used in the plots, defaults are col=1, lty=1 and lwd=1.
...

Details
?panel.loess

Author(s)
Maarten van Iterson and Chantal van Leeuwen
References


See Also

panel.loess

Examples

library(marray)
library(lattice)
data(swirl)
data <- data.frame(M=as.vector(maM(swirl)), A=as.vector(maA(swirl)), Sample=rep(paste("Array", 1:4), each=nrow(swirl))

xyplot(M~A|Sample, data=data,
  panel = function(x, y) {
    panel.grid(h=-1, v= 2)
    panel.xyplot(x, y)
    panel.loess(x, y, span=0.25, col="black")
    panel.pspline(x, y, col="red", lwd=2))})

pspline  
Function for two-colour microarray data normalization using the P-splines

Description

Wrapper function for two colour microarray data normalization using the P-spline smoother suitable for a RGList- or MarrayRaw-objects.

Usage

pspline(object, background = c("none", "substract"), weights = NULL, nintervals = 100, subset=NULL)

Arguments

object  
either a RGList or an MarrayRaw-object.

background  
for background substraction use 'substract'. Default is no background substraction.

weights  
vector of weights that will be used a for a weighted normalization. The default NULL assumse equal weight 1 for all data points.

nintervals  
number of bins in which the data will be divided. The default is 100 bins.
showArrays either a integer( > 0) or a vector of integers indicating the arrays for which a MA-plot will be produced.

subset subset of the data on which the normalization will be based. A special case of weighted normalization.

verbose if TRUE gives additional information on the fit.

line.col, line.lty, line.lwd line colour, type and width that will be used in the plots, defaults are col=2, lty=1 and lwd=2.

... additional graphical arguments for plotting.

Details

if necessary?

Value

The value that will be returned is either a MAList or MArrayNorm-object depending on the input type.

Author(s)

Chantal van Leeuwen and Maarten van Iterson

References


See Also

normalizeWithinArrays, maNormMain

Examples

library(marray)
data(swirl)
x <- pspline(swirl, showArrays=2, pch=20, col="grey")
x <- pspline(swirl, showArrays=2:4, line.col="green")
turbotrend

Describing

A fast scatterplot smoother based on B-splines with second order difference penalty

Usage

turbotrend(x, y, w = rep(1, length(y)), n = 100, lambda=10^seq(-10, 10, length=1000), iter=0, method=c("original", "demmler"))

Arguments

x, y vectors giving the coordinates of the points in the scatter plot.
w vector of weights of with same length as the data for a weighted smoothing. Default all weights are 1.
n an integer indicating the number of intervals equal to 1 + number of knots. Currently the intervals must be larger than 10.
lambda Optionally a user-defined penalty parameter can be provided, if not generalized cross-validation is used to find the optimal penalty parameter.
iter Number of robustifying iterations similar as lowess.
method method for solving the system of linear equations either using the data in the original space or transformed to the Demmler-Reinsch basis.

Details

some details about implementation

Value

An object of type pspline is returned as a list with the following items:
x original data vector x
y fitted y-values with same length as vector x
w vector of weights
n number of bins
ytrend binnend fitted y-values
xtrend binned x-values
lambda if scalar penalty parameter used else if vector of two lower and upper bound of the grid
iter number of robustifying iterations
gcv generalized cross-validation
edf effective degrees of freedom (trace of the smoother matrix)
call function call which produced this output

Author(s)

Maarten van Iterson, Chantal van Leeuwen
References


See Also

loess, lowess, smooth, smooth.spline and smooth.Pspline

Examples

library(marray)
data(swirl)
x <- maA(swirl)[,1]
y <- maM(swirl)[,1]
xord <- x[order(x)]
yord <- y[order(x)]

plot(xord, yord, main = "data(swirl) & smoothing splines + lowess")
lines(turbotrend(xord, yord), col = "red", lwd=2)
lines(smooth.spline(xord, yord), col = "green", lwd=2)
lines(lowess(xord, yord), col = "purple", lwd=2)
legend("topleft", c("piecewise constant P-splines", "Cubic B-splines", "lowess"), text.col=c("red","green","purple"), bty="n")
Index

*Topic **datasets**
  methylation, 3
*Topic **hplot**
  panel.pspline, 5
*Topic **package**
  TurboNorm-package, 2
*Topic **regression**
  turbotrend, 8
*Topic **smooth**
  normalize.pspline, 3
  pspline, 6
  turbotrend, 8

AffyBatch, 4

loess, 9
lowess, 9

maNormMain, 7
methylolation, 3

normalize.AffyBatch.pspline, 2
normalize.AffyBatch.pspline
(normalize.pspline), 3
normalize.loess, 4
normalize.pspline, 2, 3
normalizeWithinArrays, 7

panel.loess, 5, 6
panel.pspline, 2, 5
pspline, 2, 6

smooth, 9
smooth.Pspline, 9
smooth.spline, 9

TurboNorm-package, 2
turbotrend, 2, 8