Package ‘deltaGseg’

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Type Package
Title deltaGseg
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Description Identifying distinct subpopulations through multiscale time series analysis
License GPL-2
Depends R (>= 2.15.1), methods, ggplot2, changepoint, wavethresh,
tseries, pvclust, fBasics, grid, reshape, scales
Suggests knitr
VignetteBuilder knitr
biocViews Proteomics, TimeCourse, Visualization, Clustering
pvclust-mods.R helpers.R
NeedsCompilation no

R topics documented:

chooseBreaks ........................................ 2
chooseBreaks-methods ................................. 3
clusterPV ............................................. 3
clusterPV-methods ................................. 4
clusterSegments ................................... 5
clusterSegments-methods ..................... 6
deltaGseg ....................................... 6
denoiseSegments .................................. 7
denoiseSegments-methods ...................... 8
diagnosticPlots ................................. 9
diagnosticPlots-methods ................. 10
getAVD ....................................... 10
getAVD-methods ............................... 11
getBreaks ....................................... 11
getBreaks-methods .............................. 12
getIntervals .................................. 13
chooseBreaks

Choose a given number of breakpoints in a set of trajectories.

Description

This function automatically chooses a subset of breakpoints from all the estimated breakpoints of function splitTraj.

Usage

chooseBreaks(breakpoints, numbreaks)

Arguments

breakpoints Numeric list, output from splitTraj.
numbreaks Integer. Number of breakpoints to be returned per trajectory. Breakpoints chosen will be evenly spaced from those defined by splitTraj.

Details

None.
**chooseBreaks-methods**

**Value**
Returns a numeric list of breakpoints, one list per trajectory.

**Author(s)**
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

**See Also**
`splitTraj`

**Examples**
```r
data(deltaGseg)
all_breakpoints<-splitTraj(traj1) #default splits=15 (i.e. 16 segments).
all_breakpoints
chooseBreaks(all_breakpoints,numbreaks=3)
```

---

**chooseBreaks-methods  chooseBreaks**

**Description**
Choose evenly spaced breakpoints from a list of breakpoints.

**Methods**

```r
signature(breakpoints="list",numbreaks="numeric")
```

Returns a sublist of breakpoints of length `numbreaks`.

**Author(s)**
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

---

**clusterPV**

**Description**
Wrapper for modified pvclust function.

**Usage**

```r
clusterPV(object,bootstrap=500)
```

**Arguments**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>object</td>
<td>An object of class <code>SegTrajectories</code>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bootstrap</td>
<td>Integer. Number of bootstraps to run.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
clusterPV-methods

Details
This is a wrapper to call the pvclust function that has been modified to suit our deltaGseg computation.

Value
Returns an object of class "pvclust". For use in clusterSegments when running the pvclust option.

Author(s)
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References

See Also
clusterSegments

Examples
data(deltaGseg)
clusterPV(traj1.denoise)

Description
Returns a pvclust values for object of class "SegTrajectories")

Methods
signature(object = "SegSeriesTrajectories") Returns an object of class "pvclust".

Author(s)
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References
None

See Also
transformSeries

Examples
# data(deltaGseg)
# clusterPV(td2)
clusterSegments

Description
The function does hierarchical clustering of the segmented (and joined) series by hclust and performs one of the "intervention" methods (see the respective parameter below) to identify subpopulations. The hierarchical clustering is performed by Euclidean distances using "average" linkage method.

Usage
clusterSegments(object, intervention = "groups", pv=NULL, graphics=NULL)

Arguments
- object: An object of class 'SegTrajectories'
- intervention: Character. One of "groups","heights" or "pvclust". Option pvclust performs simple hierarchical clustering by hclust and then assesses the uncertainty in the clustering by the bootstrap probability values computed via multiscale bootstrap resampling. Option "groups" asks the user to input the number of subpopulations we wants to identify (interactive). Option "heights" asks the user to interactively set a threshold T (a horizontal line on the tree plot) that defines the number of subpopulations.
- pv: Supplied p-values for intervention=pvclust. See clusterPV
- graphics: Character vector. Optional parameter defining the colors for plotting (each color indicates a different subpopulation). Must be at least the length of total number of subpopulations defined.

Details
The algorithm offers several alternatives for subpopulation estimation that, ultimately, they lead to similar solutions. The user should first visualize the segmented data to get a rough idea of the possible subpopulations (plots generated by the algorithm). Option "pvclust" computes the hierarchical clustering tree with the p-values. The subpopulations are defined interactively by the user (point and click based on the R function identify(); see help(identify)). Alternatively, option "groups" asks the user to input the number of subpopulations or define them interactively in option "height" (point and click at the desired height in the tree). The final plot shows the number of estimated subpopulations.

Value
An object of class SegSeriesTrajectories.

Author(s)
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References
Examples

## Not run:
## interactive!
data(deltaGseg)
traj1.ss<-.clusterSegments(traj1.denoise, intervention = "groups") # define clusters by number of groups formed.

## End(Not run)

classClusterSegment-methods

clusterSegments

Description

Performs the function clusterSegments on an object of class "SegTrajectories".

Methods

signature(object = "SegTrajectories") Returns an object of class "SegSeriesTrajectories"

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References

None

Examples

#data(deltaGseg)
#st<-.clusterSegments(dt)

deltaGseg
deltaGseg

Description

deltaGseg

Details

Package: deltaGseg
Type: Package
Version: 0.99.0
Date: 2013-02-04
License: GPL-2
denoiseSegments

Author(s)
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis
Maintainer: Diana H.P. Low <dlow@imcb.a-star.edu.sg>

References
2012 Sep 5.
Dickey, D.A. and W.A. Fuller (1979), Distribution of the Estimators for Autoregressive Time Series
Auger, I. E.; Lawrence, C. E. Algorithms for the optimal identification of segment neighborhoods.
Shimodaira, H. (2004) Approximately unbiased tests of regions using multistep-multiscale boot-

denoiseSegments Wavelet denoising of trajectory series (segments)

Description
This function computes Augmented Dickey-Fuller test for weak-stationarity and carries out seg-
mentation and wavelets denoising.

Usage
denoiseSegments(object,seg_method="BinSeg",maxQ=15,fn=1,factor=0.8,thresh_level=TRUE,minobs=200)

Arguments

object 
An object of class "Trajectories" or "TransTrajectories". (the output of functions
parseTraj or transformSeries, respectively).

seg_method
Character. One of "SegNeigh" or "BinSeg". By default it performs the Segment
Neighborhood (SegNeigh) method to find multiple changes in mean for data that
is assumed to be normally distributed. The value returned is the result of finding
the optimal location of up to Q changepoints using the log of the likelihood ratio
statistic. Once all changepoint locations have been calculated, the optimal num-
er of changepoints is decided using k*pen as the penalty function where k is the
number of changepoints tested (k in (1,Q)). In very large series, the memory de-
manding "SegNeigh" can be replaced by "BinSeg" (Binary Segmentation). The
segmentation is performed only if the Augmented Dickey-Fuller test P-value is
significant at alpha=0.05. If not, an error message appears indicating the need
of series splitting or differentiation (see transformSeries).

maxQ
Integer. The maximum number of Q changepoints to be estimated.
denoiseSegments-methods

**fn**
- Integer. It specifies the degree of smoothness of the wavelet that you want to use in the decomposition. It takes values from 1 (coarsest/hard smoothing, i.e. Haar’s step function) to 10 (finest/soft smoothing). Put simply, the fitted (wavelet denoised/estimated) data of segment q with fn=1 have lower variance than the fitted data of q under fn=10. The former data will resemble a step function over time while the latter will be much closer to the original data.

**factor**
- Numeric. Between 0.6 and 1 used for re-scaling the denoising threshold.

**thresh_level**
- Logical. If FALSE then a global threshold is computed on and applied to all scale levels. If TRUE a threshold is computed and applied separately to each scale level (for serious residuals autocorrelation).

**minobs**
- Integer. The minimum number of observations a segment should consist of to be accepted

**Value**
- An object of class "SegTrajectories"

**Author(s)**
- Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

**References**

**See Also**
- transformSeries

**Examples**
```r
data(deltaGseg)
traj1.denoise<-denoiseSegments(traj1.tr,seg_method="BinSeg",maxQ=15,fn=1,factor=0.8,thresh_level=TRUE,minobs=200)
```

---

**Description**
Performs the function denoiseSegments on an object of either class "Trajectories" or "TransTrajectories" (classUnion="TrajORTraj")

**Methods**
- signature(object = "Trajectories") Returns an object of class "SegTrajectories"
- signature(object = "TransTrajectories") Returns an object of class "SegTrajectories"
This function generates the diagnostic plots of the wavelet denoising model residuals. The assumptions are that the residuals autocorrelation is not significant and that the residuals distribution is approximately normal or, at least, symmetric around 0. We provide plots and test to verify these assumptions (depends on R package fBasics).

Usage

```r
diagnosticPlots(object, norm.test="KS", single.series = FALSE)
```

Arguments

- **object**: An object of class "SegSeriesTrajectories".
- **norm.test**: Character. One of "KS", "Shapiro", "Agost". Test for residuals normality accepting "KS" (Kolmogorov Smirnov test with Lilliefors correction), "Shapiro" (Shapiro test for normality) and "Agost" (D'Agostino test for normality using the skewness and kurtosis of the data; also gives the skewness and kurtosis p-values for the hypothesis that the respective estimated measures differ from the theoretical values under the normal distribution).
- **single.series**: Logical. If FALSE (default) the residuals of each series are independently analyzed.

Details

The function outputs the standard autocorrelation plots for viewing the residuals autocorrelation, histograms for checking the normality assumptions and the respective P-values to test the normality assumption.

Value

A series of plots with printed P-values for the autocorrelation and normality tests.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis
References


Examples

data(deltaGseg)
diagnosticPlots(traj1.ss,norm.test="KS",single.series=TRUE)

getAVD

description

Accessor of Trajectories or TransTrajectories object to retrieve adf p-values.

Usage

getAVD(object)

Arguments

object An object of class 'Trajectories' or 'TransTrajectories'.

Value

Returns a vector (of pvalues) for each trajectory defined in the object.
getAVD-methods

Note
None.

Author(s)
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

See Also
parseTraj, transformSeries

Examples

data(deltaGseg)
getAVD(traj1)

getAVD-methods  getAVD

Description
Returns numeric vector from the slot @avd in an object of class "Trajectories", or @tavd in an object of class "TransTrajectories."

Methods
signature(object = "Trajectories") Numeric vector of length equal to series length.
signature(object = "TransTrajectories") Numeric vector of length equal to series length.

See Also
getAVD, parseTraj, transformSeries

getBreaks  getBreaks

Description
Accessor of TransTrajectories object to retrieve computed breakpoints.

Usage
getBreaks(object)

Arguments
object An object of class 'TransTrajectories'.

Details
None.
Value

Returns a list (of numerical breakpoint values) for each trajectory defined in an object of class 'Trajectories'.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References

None

See Also

splitTraj, transformSeries

Examples

data(deltaGseg)
getBreaks(traj1.tr)

Description

Returns a list from the @breakpoints slot for object of class "TransTrajectories")

Methods

signature(object = "SegSeriesTrajectories") List of breakpoints per series after transformation of series data using transformSeries

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References

None

See Also

transformSeries

Examples

#data(deltaGseg)
#getBreaks(traj1.tr)
**Description**

Helper function to retrieve subpopulations and computes the intervals for each subpopulation after segmentation and clustering.

**Usage**

```r
getIntervals(object)
```

**Arguments**

- `object` An object of class `SegSeriesTrajectories`.

**Details**

None.

**Value**

Returns a list of subpopulations and the intervals.

**Author(s)**

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

**References**

None

**See Also**

`clusterSegments`

**Examples**

```r
data(deltaGseg)
getIntervals(traj1.ss)
```
**getIntervals-methods**  

**Description**  
Returns a list of subpopulations and the intervals of the segmented series.)

**Methods**  
signature(object = "SegSeriesTrajectories") Returns a list of subpopulations and the intervals of the segmented series from segmentationWithinSeries

**Author(s)**  
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

**References**  
None

**See Also**  
transformSeries

**Examples**

```r
#data(deltaGseg)
#getIntervals(traj1.ss)
```

---

**getSegments**  

**Description**  
Accessor of SegTrajectories or SegSeriesTrajectories object to retrieve segment matrix.

**Usage**

getSegments(object)

**Arguments**

- **object** Object of class "SegTrajectories" or "SegSeriesTrajectories"

**Value**

A matrix with segment information including quantiles.

**Note**

None.
Author(s)
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References
None.

See Also
denoiseSegments, clusterSegments

Examples

data(deltaGseg)
segments<-getSegments(traj1.denoise)

Description
Returns a matrix from the @smatrix slot (for object of class "SegTrajectories") or @ssmatrix slot (for object of class "SegSeriesTrajectories")

Methods
signature(object = "SegSeriesTrajectories") Matrix is a result of the function clusterSegments
signature(object = "SegTrajectories") Matrix is a result of the function denoiseSegments

Author(s)
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References
None

Examples

#data(deltaGseg)
#getSegments(traj1.denoise)
getTNames-methods

Description
Accessor of Trajectories and TransTrajectories object to retrieve filename(s) used in trajectory computation.

Usage
getTNames(object)

Arguments
object An object of class 'Trajectories' or 'TransTrajectories'.

Details
None.

Value
Returns character vector of filenames.

Author(s)
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References
None.

Examples
data(deltaGseg)
getTNames(traj1)

getTNames-methods
Retrieve filenames of trajectories

Description
Returns a vector from the @filenames or @tfilenames slot.

Details
Returns a vector of filename(s) values.
**getTraj**

Methods

signature(object = "Trajectories") Returns the original filenames of series read by parse-Traj.

signature(object = "TransTrajectories") Returns filenames generated by the transformSeries function if the original series has been split into subseries. Subseries names are denoted by an underscore after the original names, eg. FILE1_1, FILE1_2.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References

None

Examples

```r
#data(deltaGseg)
#getTNames(traj1)
```

---

**Description**

Accessor of Trajectories or TransTrajectories object to retrieve trajectories.

**Usage**

```r
getTraj(object)
```

**Arguments**

- `object` An object of class "Trajectories" or "TransTrajectories"

**Details**

None.

**Value**

List of length equal to number of trajectories, each containing matrix with 2 columns. 1: time points, 2: free energy values.

**Author(s)**

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

**References**

None.
Examples

    data(deltaGseg)
    alltrajectories<-getTraj(traj1)

getTraj-methods  getTrajectories

Description

Returns a list of matrices from the @trajlist slot (for object of class "Trajectories") or @trajlist slot (for object of class "TransTrajectories")

Methods

signature(object = "Trajectories") Returns the original trajectories used for computation.
signature(object = "TransTrajectories") Returns the transformed trajectories generated by the function transformSeries

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

Description

Reads in files containing trajectory data

Usage

    parseTraj(path = getwd(), files = NULL, fromfile=TRUE)

Arguments

    path  Directory containing trajectory files.
    files Character vector of filenames to read. If not provided, will read all files in given directory and treat them as a set. Can also be used to read in variables if given as list.
    fromfile Logical. If set to FALSE, the files parameter will be used to read in variables.

Details

This is an initialization function for the deltaGseg package. It reads the trajectory files (input) and reports the a short description of the file, the Augmented Dickey-Fuller test p-values for each trajectory in the set and the data plot. The input files should be in tab delimited form with 2 columns: the first column contains the time points 1, 2, ..., T and the second the free binding energies at each time point.
Value

A 'Trajectories' object.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References

None.

See Also

Trajectories-class

Examples

traj1<-parseTraj(path=system.file("extdata",package="deltaGseg"),files=c("D_GBTOT1","D_GBTOT2","D_GBTOT3"))
traj1  #prints summary of traj1 object

# using parseTraj for existing variables ##
subtraj<-getTraj(traj1)[[1]]  #extracts first trajectory in the above series
traj2<-parseTraj(files=list(subtraj),fromfile=FALSE)
traj2

plot-methods

Plot Trajectories-related objects

Description

Plot "Trajectories" objects and customizes output.

Methods

signature(x = "Trajectories") plot(object,name='all',breakpoints=NULL)

name: Character. Name of sub-series, or if all, plots the whole series.
breakpoints: List. Supply breakpoints generated by splitTraj.

signature(x = "TransTrajectories") plot(object,labelling=TRUE)

labelling: Logical. Writes labels. May be turned off to prevent overcrowding of plot.

signature(x = "SegTrajectories") plot(object)

signature(x = "SegSeriesTrajectories") plot(object)
plotDiff

Description
Plots (sub)series before and after transformation.

Usage
plotDiff(object, name=NULL)

Arguments
- `object`: An object of class `TransTrajectories`.
- `name`: Character. Name of (sub)series.

Details
None.

Author(s)
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References
None

See Also
transformSeries

Examples
```r
data(deltaGseg)
plotDiff(simtraj.tr2, name="1_2")
```

plotDiff-methods

Description
Plots differentiated (sub)series in object of class "TransTrajectories".

Methods
signature(object = "TransTrajectories") Plots (sub)series before and after transformation.

Author(s)
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis
**pvals**

**References**
None

**See Also**
- `transformSeries`

**Examples**

```r
#data(deltaGseg)
#plotDiff(traj1.tr,'D_GBTOT3_1')
```

---

**Description**
pvals is the bootstrapped pvalues obtained via `pvclust` for `clusterSegments`.

**Usage**
data(deltaGseg)

**Format**
class pvclust

**Source**
internal

---

**SegSeriesTrajectories-class**

Class "SegSeriesTrajectories"

---

**Description**
Objects of this class is a product of the `clusterSegments` function.

**Objects from the Class**
Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("SegSeriesTrajectories", ...)`. 
SegSeriesTrajectories-class

Slots

ssmatrix: Object of class "data.frame" The output is a data.frame with the following information (in columns): the observed data ("observed"), the estimated, wavelet denoised data ("estimated"), the residuals of the estimation ("residuals"), the estimated subpopulations IDs ("subpopulations"), the series IDs/filenames ("seriesID")

ssparams: Object of class "character" Parameters used to run the clustering algorithm, clusterSegments.

sparsparams: Object of class "character" Parameters used to run the segmentation algorithm, denoiseSegments.

smatrix: Object of class "matrix" A matrix containing the preliminary results from segmentation/denoising for each (sub)series generated by transformSeries. Each list element contains the following information in matrix form (in columns): the observed data (1st column), the estimated, wavelet denoised data (2nd column), the residuals of the estimation (3rd column), the starting/ending time points of each segment (4th/5th columns), the estimated segment IDs (6th column), the quantiles of the estimated data [minimum, 5%, 10%, 15%, ..., 95%, maximum] (from columns 7th to 27th) and the series IDs (28th column)

path: Object of class "character" Inherited from Trajectories-class

filenames: Object of class "character" Inherited from Trajectories-class

trajlist: Object of class "list" Trajectories. Inherited from Trajectories-class

avd: Object of class "numeric" adf p-values. Inherited from Trajectories-class

tmethod: Object of class "character" Transformation method. Inherited from TransTrajectories-class

breakpoints: Object of class "list" breakpoints, if used.

tavd: Object of class "numeric" adf p-values after transformation, if used. Inherited from TransTrajectories-class

ttrajlist: Object of class "list" Transformed trajectories. Inherited from TransTrajectories-class

tfilenames: Object of class "character" Transformed trajectories names. Inherited from TransTrajectories-class

c: Object of class "numeric" Grouping information.

Extends

Class "SegTrajectories", directly. Class "TransTrajectories", directly. Class "Trajectories", directly.

Accessors

In the code snippets below, x is a SegSeriesTrajectories object.

getTNames(x): Retrieves filenames from slot filenames or tfilenames depending on whether the series has been transformed.

getTraj(x): Retrieves trajectories list from slot trajlist or ttrajlist depending on whether the series has been transformed.

getBreaks(x): Retrieves breakpoints (if any) from slot breakpoints

getAVD(x): Retrieves adf p-values from slot avd or tavd depending on whether the series has been transformed.

getSegments(x): Retrieves clustered segmentation data from slot smatrix produced by clusterSegments
Other methods

In the code snippets below, x is a SegSeriesTrajectories object.

- `diagnosticPlots(x)`: Generates the diagnostic plots of the wavelet denoising model residuals
- `getIntervals(x)`: Helper function to retrieve subpopulations and computes the intervals for each subpopulation after segmentation and clustering.
- `plot(x)`: Plots the final clustered segmentation data after `clusterSegments`
- `show(x)`: Displays summary of object, including inherited classes. This helps in recalling the analysis path taken to produce the current results.

Author(s)
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

See Also
SegTrajectories, clusterSegments

Examples

```r
showClass("SegSeriesTrajectories")
```

---

**SegTrajectories-class**  
**Class** "SegTrajectories"

**Description**

Objects of this class is a product of the `denoiseSegments` function.

**Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("SegTrajectories", ...)`.  

**Slots**

- `sparams`: Object of class "character" Parameters used to run the segmentation algorithm.
- `smatrix`: Object of class "matrix" A matrix containing the preliminary results from segmentation/denoising for each (sub)series generated by `transformSeries`. Each list element contains the following information in matrix form (in columns): the observed data (1st column), the estimated, wavelet denoised data (2nd column), the residuals of the estimation (3rd column), the starting/ending time points of each segment (4th/5th columns), the estimated segment IDs (6th column), the quantiles of the estimated data [minimum, 5%, 10%, 15%, ..., 95%, maximum] (from columns 7th to 27th) and the series IDs (28th column)
- `path`: Object of class "character" Inherited from Trajectories-class
- `filenames`: Object of class "character" Inherited from Trajectories-class
- `trajlist`: Object of class "list" Trajectories. Inherited from Trajectories-class
- `avd`: Object of class "numeric" adf p-values. Inherited from Trajectories-class
- `tmethod`: Object of class "character" Transformation method. Inherited from TransTrajectories-class
breakpoints: Object of class "list" breakpoints, if used.

tavd: Object of class "numeric" adf p-values after transformation, if used. Inherited from SegTrajectories-class

ttrajlist: Object of class "list" Transformed trajectories. Inherited from SegTrajectories-class

tfilenames: Object of class "character" Transformed trajectories names. Inherited from SegTrajectories-class

Extends

Class "SegTrajectories", directly. Class "Trajectories", directly.

Accessors

In the code snippets below, x is a SegTrajectories object.

getTNames(x): Retrieves filenames from slot filenames or tfilenames depending on whether the series has been transformed.

getTraj(x): Retrieves trajectories list from slot trajlist or ttrajlist depending on whether the series has been transformed.

getBreaks(x): Retrives breakpoints (if any) from slot breakpoints

getAVD(x): Retrieves adf p-values from slot avd or tavd depending on whether the series has been transformed.

getSegments(x): Retrieves initial segmentation data from slot smatrix produced by denoiseSegments

Other methods

In the code snippets below, x is a SegTrajectories object.

clusterPV(x, bootstrap=500): Computes p-values to be used with method="pvclust" in clusterSegments(x)
clusterSegments(x): clustering of segmented trajectories into similar groups.
plot(x): Plots the initial segmentation data after denoising by denoiseSegments
show(x): Displays summary of object, including inherited classes. This helps in recalling the analysis path taken to produce the current results.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

See Also

denoiseSegments

Examples

showClass("SegTrajectories")
show-methods  ~ Methods for Function show ~

Description

~~ Methods for function show ~~

Methods

signature(object = "SegSeriesTrajectories")
signature(object = "SegTrajectories")
signature(object = "Trajectories")
signature(object = "TransTrajectories")

simtraj  Sample trajectory series

Description

simulated trajectory for appendix example

Usage

data(deltaGseg)

Format

class Trajectories

Source

internal

simtraj.tr  Sample trajectory series

Description

simulated trajectory for appendix example

Usage

data(deltaGseg)

Format

class Trajectories

Source

internal
**Description**

simTraj.tr2  
*Sample trajectory series*

simTraj determines the breakpoints to split a given trajectory into a user specified number of segments. This analysis is performed for very long series (more than 20,000 time points) in order to avoid any memory allocation problems in R. Alternatively, it can be used for manual splitting of the series (see transformSeries with method="override_splitting")

**Usage**

```r
splitTraj(object, segsplits = rep(5,length(object@filenames)))
```

**Arguments**

- **object**: An object of class "Trajectories".
- **segsplits**: Numeric vector. The number of breakpoints. The length of segsplits must equal the number of trajectory series in the Trajectories object. Each value specifies the number of splits we want to impose in our long series in order to make it shorter.

**Details**

The output of the function is the estimated points that split the series into smaller sub-series. Typically, the plotted series and the estimated splits are further inspected using plots.

**Value**

A numeric list of length equal to number of trajectory series, containing the breakpoints for each series.
**splitTraj-methods**

**Description**
Performs the function \texttt{splitTraj}

**Methods**
- \texttt{signature(object = \texttt{"Trajectories"})} Returns a list of breakpoints identified in the trajectory series.

**Author(s)**
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

**References**
None

**Examples**
```r
#data(deltaGseg)
splitTraj(traj1)
```

---

**traj1**

\textit{Sample trajectory series}

**Description**

\texttt{traj1} is a sample trajectory series from the data files provided in the deltaGseg package

**Usage**

\texttt{data(deltaGseg)}

**Format**

class Trajectories
**Source**

internal

---

**tra1.denoise**

Sample trajectory series

**Description**

tra1.tr is the denoised trajectory after using `denoiseSegments`

**Usage**

data(deltaGseg)

**Format**

class SegTrajectories

**Source**

internal

---

**tra1.ss**

Sample trajectory series

**Description**

tra1.ss is the clustered series after using `clusterSegments`

**Usage**

data(deltaGseg)

**Format**

class SegSeriesTrajectories

**Source**

internal
Sample trajectory series

description

traj1.tr is the transformed trajectory after using transformSeries

usage

data(deltaGseg)

format

class TransTrajectories

source

internal

Trajectories-class

Class "Trajectories"

description

Objects of this class is a product of the initialization function, parseTraj.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("Trajectories", ...).

slots

path: Object of class "character" Directory where files were read from.  
filenames: Object of class "character" Name of files read.  
trajlist: Object of class "list" Trajectories.  
avd: Object of class "numeric" adf p-values.

accessors

In the code snippets below, x is a Trajectories object.

getTNames(x): Retrieves filenames from slot filenames.  
getTraj(x): Retrieves trajectories list from slot trajlist.  
getBreaks(x): Retrives breakpoints (if any) from slot breakpoints  
getAVD(x): Retrieves adf p-values from slot avd.
Other methods

In the code snippets below, x is a Trajectories object.

\`\texttt{splitTraj}(x)\`: Computes likely breakpoints for the series.
\`\texttt{transformSeries}(x)\`: Apply transformation functions for the series if series is not stationary, or to split long series after determining breakpoints with \`\texttt{splitTraj}\`.
\`\texttt{plot}(x, \texttt{name='all'})\`: Plots the trajectory series either individually, or combined.
\`\texttt{show}(x)\`: Displays summary of object, including inherited classes. This helps in recalling the analysis path taken to produce the current results.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

See Also

\`\texttt{parseTraj}\`

Examples

\`\texttt{showClass("Trajectories")}\`

---

**transformSeries**  
*Transforms a Non-Stationary Series into a Weakly-Stationary one*

**Description**

It transforms non-stationary series into weakly stationary (sub)series with three alternative methods (see parameter "methods").

**Usage**

\`\texttt{transformSeries}(object, method = "splitting", breakpoints = 1)\`

**Arguments**

- **object**: An object of class "Trajectories".
- **method**: Character. One of "differentiation","override_splitting","splitting". See details.
- **breakpoints**: Integer (for method="splitting") or numeric vector (for method="override_splitting"). See details.

**Details**

(i) method="differentiation": first differences $B[t] - B[t-1]$ are calculated and the first differentiated series is used for further analysis (segmentation and clustering). This option is needed in special cases, only when the series exhibits a trend-like behavior that cannot be removed by splitting. The first differentiations with remove the trend completely (see Appendix in the manual).

(ii) method="splitting": the series are split by automatic data segmentation to subseries. This option divides a non-stationary series to a number of subseries that are weakly stationary;
(iii) method="override_splitting": the series are split into subseries by user-defined cut-offs obtained from the numerical output of the splitTraj function. This option is for long stationary series that cannot be analyzed due to memory limitations. It can be also used for manual splitting when "splitting" option is not satisfactory. Typically, "splitting" and "override_splitting" generate new data files of subseries.

Determining breakpoints for method (i) "splitting": an integer specifying the number of split points. This number (a single value applied to all series) denotes the number of subseries that the original series should be divided into. (ii) "override_splitting": the parameter takes the exact values (time points coordinates) of split points (a list of length equal to the number of series; see manual). One can derive and manually insert these split points after inspecting the output of the splitTraj function (see manual). The user should select a few splits so that the original series is not divided into too many subseries (difficult to process because many new files are generated). Alternatively, function chooseBreaks automatically chooses a subset of breakpoints (not recommended to keep those without inspection)

Value

An object of class "TransTrajectories".

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References


See Also

parseTraj, splitTraj, chooseBreaks

Examples

data(deltaGseg)
trans_series<-transformSeries(traj1, method='splitting', breakpoints=1)

transformSeries-methods

Description

Returns a matrix from the @smatrix slot (for object of class "SegTrajectories") or @ssmatrix slot (for object of class "SegSeriesTrajectories")

Methods

signature(object = "Trajectories") Returns an object of class "TransTrajectories"

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis
TransTrajectories-class

Class "TransTrajectories"

Description
Object of this class is a product of the transformSeries function.

Objects from the Class
Objects can be created by calls of the form new("TransTrajectories", ...).

Slots

- tmethod: Object of class "character" Transformation method.
- breakpoints: Object of class "list" breakpoints, if used.
- tavd: Object of class "numeric" adf p-values after transformation.
- ttrajlist: Object of class "list" Transformed trajectories.
- difftraj: Object of class "list" Differentiated trajectories. These trajectories may be produced if transformSeries was used with method="differentiation". The original trajectory will be kept in ttrajlist its differentiated version (used only for computation, not presentation) will be stored in this slot. The plotting function plotDiff enables the user to compare the original and differentiated versions of the subseries.
- tfilenames: Object of class "character" Transformed trajectories names.
- path: Object of class "character" Inherited from Trajectories-class
- filenames: Object of class "character" Inherited from Trajectories-class
- trajlist: Object of class "list" Trajectories. Inherited from Trajectories-class
- avd: Object of class "numeric" adf p-values. Inherited from Trajectories-class

Extends
Class "Trajectories", directly.

Accessors
In the code snippets below, x is a TransTrajectories object.

- getTNames(x): Retrieves filenames from slot tfilenames.
- getTraj(x): Retrieves trajectories list from slot ttrajlist.
- getBreaks(x): Retrieves breakpoints (if any) from slot breakpoints
- getAVD(x): Retrieves adf p-values from slot tavd.
Other methods

In the code snippets below, x is a TransTrajectories object.

- `denoiseSegments(x)`: denoising and initial segmentation of trajectory series.
- `plotDiff(x, name='diff_object_name')`: Plots the original and differentiated subseries (one at a time) if method="differentiation" was used in `transformSeries`
- `plot(x)`: Plots the transformed series after `transformSeries`
- `show(x)`: Displays summary of object, including inherited classes. This helps in recalling the analysis path taken to produce the current results.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

See Also

`transformSeries`

Examples

`showClass("TransTrajectories")`
Index

*Topic `textasciitilde` other possible keyword(s) `textasciitilde`
show-methods, 25

*Topic classes
SegSeriesTrajectories-class, 21
SegTrajectories-class, 23
Trajectories-class, 29
TransTrajectories-class, 32

*Topic datasets
pvals, 21
simtraj, 25
simtraj.tr, 25
simtraj.tr2, 26
traj1, 27
traj1.denoise, 28
traj1.ss, 28
traj1.tr, 29

*Topic methods
chooseBreaks-methods, 3
clusterPV-methods, 4
clusterSegments-methods, 4, 5, 13, 15, 21–24, 28
clusterSegments,SegTrajectories-method (clusterSegments-methods), 6
clusterSegments-methods, 6
deltaGseg, 6
denoiseSegments, 7, 15, 22, 24, 28, 33
denoiseSegments,SegTrajectories-method (denoiseSegments-methods), 8
denoiseSegments,TransTrajectories-method (denoiseSegments-methods), 8
denoiseSegments-methods, 8
diagnosticPlots, 9, 23
diagnosticPlots,SegSeriesTrajectories-method (diagnosticPlots-methods), 10
diagnosticPlots-methods, 10
getAVD, 10, 11
getAVD,Trajectories-method (getAVD-methods), 11
getAVD,TransTrajectories-method (getAVD-methods), 11
getAVD-methods, 11
getBreaks, 11
getBreaks,TransTrajectories-method (getBreaks-methods), 12
getBreaks-methods, 12
getIntervals-methods, 14
getSegments-methods, 15
getTNames-methods, 16
getTraj-methods, 18
plot-methods, 19
plotDiff-methods, 20
show-methods, 25
splitTraj-methods, 27
transformSeries-methods, 31

*Topic package
deltaGseg, 6
chooseBreaks, 2, 31
chooseBreaks, list, numeric-method (chooseBreaks-methods), 3
chooseBreaks-methods, 3
clusterPV, 3, 5, 24
INDEX

getTNames, TransTrajectories-method  
  (getTNames-methods), 16
getTNames-methods, 16
getTraj, 17
getTraj, TransTrajectories-method  
  (getTraj-methods), 18
getTraj, TransTrajectories-method  
  (getTraj-methods), 18
getTraj-methods, 18

parseTraj, 7, 11, 18, 30, 31
plot (plot-methods), 19
plot, SegSeriesTrajectories-method  
  (plot-methods), 19
plot, SegTrajectories-method  
  (plot-methods), 19
plot, Trajectories-method  
  (plot-methods), 19
plot, TransTrajectories-method  
  (plot-methods), 19
plot-methods, 19
plotDiff, 20, 32, 33
plotDiff, TransTrajectories-method  
  (plotDiff-methods), 20
plotDiff-methods, 20
pvals, 21
pvclust, 21

SegSeriesTrajectories-class, 21
SegTrajectories, 22, 23
SegTrajectories-class, 23
show, SegSeriesTrajectories-method  
  (show-methods), 25
show, SegTrajectories-method  
  (show-methods), 25
show, Trajectories-method  
  (show-methods), 25
show, TransTrajectories-method  
  (show-methods), 25
show-methods, 25
simtraj, 25
simtraj.tr, 25
simtraj.tr2, 26
splitTraj, 3, 12, 19, 26, 30, 31
splitTraj, Trajectories-method  
  (splitTraj-methods), 27
splitTraj-methods, 27

traj1, 27
traj1.denoise, 28
traj1.ss, 28
traj1.tr, 29
Trajectories, 22, 24, 32