Package ‘deltaGseg’

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Type Package

Title deltaGseg

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Description Identifying distinct subpopulations through multiscale time series analysis

License GPL-2

Depends R (>= 2.15.1), methods, ggplot2, changepoint, wavethresh, tseries, pvclust, fBasics, grid, reshape, scales

Suggests knitr

VignetteBuilder knitr

biocViews Proteomics, TimeCourse, Visualization, Clustering


NeedsCompilation no

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chooseBreaks

Choose a given number of breakpoints in a set of trajectories.

Description

This function automatically chooses a subset of breakpoints from all the estimated breakpoints of function `splitTraj`.

Usage

```r
chooseBreaks(breakpoints, numbreaks)
```

Arguments

- `breakpoints`: Numeric list, output from `splitTraj`.
- `numbreaks`: Integer. Number of breakpoints to be returned per trajectory. Breakpoints chosen will be evenly spaced from those defined by `splitTraj`.

Details

None.
**chooseBreaks-methods**

**Value**

Returns a numeric list of breakpoints, one list per trajectory.

**Author(s)**

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

**See Also**

`splitTraj`

**Examples**

data(deltaGseg)
all_breakpoints<-splitTraj(traj1) #default splits=15 (i.e. 16 segments).
all_breakpoints
chooseBreaks(all_breakpoints,numbreaks=3)

---

**chooseBreaks-methods  chooseBreaks**

**Description**

Choose evenly spaced breakpoints from a list of breakpoints.

**Methods**

signature(breakpoints="list",numbreaks="numeric") Returns a sublist of breakpoints of length numbreaks.

**Author(s)**

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

---

**clusterPV  clusterPV**

**Description**

Wrapper for modified pvclust function.

**Usage**

clusterPV(object,bootstrap=500)

**Arguments**

object An object of class 'SegTrajectories'.
bootstrap Integer. Number of bootstraps to run.
**Details**

This is a wrapper to call the pvclust function that has been modified to suit our deltaGseg computation.

**Value**

Returns an object of class "pvclust". For use in `clusterSegments` when running the pvclust option.

**Author(s)**

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

**References**


**See Also**

`clusterSegments`

**Examples**

```r
data(deltaGseg)
cclusterPV(traj1.denoise)
```

---

**Description**

Returns a pvclust values for object of class "SegTrajectories")

**Methods**

`signature(object = "SegSeriesTrajectories")` Returns an object of class "pvclust".

**Author(s)**

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

**References**

None

**See Also**

`transformSeries`

**Examples**

```
#data(deltaGseg)
#clusterPV(td2)
```
clusterSegments

Description

The function does hierarchical clustering of the segmented (and joined) series by hclust and performs one of the "intervention" methods (see the respective parameter below) to identify subpopulations. The hierarchical clustering is performed by Euclidean distances using "average" linkage method.

Usage

clusterSegments(object, intervention = "groups", pv=NULL, graphics=NULL)

Arguments

object
An object of class 'SegTrajectories'

intervention
intervention: Character. One of "groups","heights" or "pvclust". Option pvclust performs simple hierarchical clustering by hclust and then assesses the uncertainty in the clustering by the bootstrap probability values computed via multiscale bootstrap resampling. Option "groups" asks the user to input the number of subpopulations we wants to identify (interactive). Option "heights" asks the user to interactively set a threshold T (a horizontal line on the tree plot) that defines the number of subpopulations.

pv
Supplied p-values for intervention=pvclust. See clusterPV

graphics
Character vector. Optional parameter defining the colors for plotting (each color indicates a different subpopulation). Must be at least the length of total number of subpopulations defined.

Details

The algorithm offers several alternatives for subpopulation estimation that, ultimately, they lead to similar solutions. The user should first visualize the segmented data to get a rough idea of the possible subpopulations (plots generated by the algorithm). Option "pvclust" computes the hierarchical clustering tree with the p-values. The subpopulations are defined interactively by the user (point and click based on the R function identify(); see help(identify)). Alternatively, option "groups" asks the user to input the number of subpopulations or define them interactively in option "height" (point and click at the desired height in the tree). The final plot shows the number of estimated subpopulations.

Value

An object of class SegSeriesTrajectories.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References

Examples

```r
## Not run:
## interactive!
data(deltaGseg)
traj1.ss<-clusterSegments(traj1.denoise, intervention = "groups") #define clusters by number of groups formed.
## End(Not run)
```

clusterSegments-methods

```r
clusterSegments
```

Description

Performs the function `clusterSegments` on an object of class "SegTrajectories".

Methods

```r
signature(object = "SegTrajectories") Returns an object of class "SegSeriesTrajectories"
```

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References

None

Examples

```r
#data(deltaGseg)
#st<-clusterSegments(dt)
```

deltaGseg
deltaGseg

description
deltaGseg
deltaGseg

deltaGseg
deltaGseg

deltaGseg
deltaGseg

Details

Package: deltaGseg
Type: Package
Version: 0.99.0
Date: 2013-02-04
License: GPL-2
**denoiseSegments**

**Author(s)**
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis
Maintainer: Diana H.P. Low <dlow@imcb.a-star.edu.sg>

**References**

---

**denoiseSegments**

**Wavelet denoising of trajectory series (segments)**

**Description**
This function computes Augmented Dickey-Fuller test for weak-stationarity and carries out segmentation and wavelets denoising.

**Usage**
denoiseSegments(object, seg_method="BinSeg", maxQ=15, fn=1, factor=0.8, thresh_level=TRUE, minobs=200)

**Arguments**
- **object**: An object of class "Trajectories" or "TransTrajectories". (the output of functions parseTraj or transformSeries, respectively).
- **seg_method**: Character. One of "SegNeigh" or "BinSeg". By default it performs the Segment Neighborhood (SegNeigh) method to find multiple changes in mean for data that is assumed to be normally distributed. The value returned is the result of finding the optimal location of up to Q changepoints using the log of the likelihood ratio statistic. Once all changepoint locations have been calculated, the optimal number of changepoints is decided using k\*pen as the penalty function where k is the number of changepoints tested (k in (1,Q)). In very large series, the memory demanding "SegNeigh" can be replaced by "BinSeg" (Binary Segmentation). The segmentation is performed only if the Augmented Dickey-Fuller test P-value is significant at alpha=0.05. If not, an error message appears indicating the need of series splitting or differentiation (see transformSeries).
- **maxQ**: Integer. The maximum number of Q changepoints to be estimated.
### denoiseSegments-methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>fn</td>
<td>Integer. It specifies the degree of smoothness of the wavelet that you want to use in the decomposition. It takes values from 1 (coarsest/hard smoothing, i.e. Haar's step function) to 10 (finest/soft smoothing). Put simply, the fitted (wavelet denoised/estimated) data of segment q with fn=1 have lower variance than the fitted data of q under fn=10. The former data will resemble a step function over time while the latter will be much closer to the original data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>factor</td>
<td>Numeric. Between 0.6 and 1 used for re-scaling the denoising threshold.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>thresh_level</td>
<td>Logical. If FALSE then a global threshold is computed on and applied to all scale levels. If TRUE a threshold is computed and applied separately to each scale level (for serious residuals autocorrelation).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>minobs</td>
<td>Integer. The minimum number of observations a segment should consist of to be accepted</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Value

An object of class "SegTrajectories"

### Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

### References


### See Also

- transformSeries

### Examples

```r
data(deltaGseg)
traj1.denoise<-denoiseSegments(traj1.tr,seg_method="BinSeg",maxQ=15,fn=1,factor=0.8,thresh_level=TRUE,minobs=200)
```

### Description

Performs the function denoiseSegments on an object of either class "Trajectories" or "TransTrajectories" (classUnion="TrajORTransTraj").

### Methods

- `signature(object = "Trajectories")` Returns an object of class "SegTrajectories"
- `signature(object = "TransTrajectories")` Returns an object of class "SegTrajectories"
Author(s)
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References
None

Examples
#data(deltaGseg)
#dt<-denoiseSegments(tt)

Description
This function generates the diagnostic plots of the wavelet denoising model residuals. The assumptions are that the residuals autocorrelation is not significant and that the residuals distribution is approximately normal or, at least, symmetric around 0. We provide plots and test to verify these assumptions (depends on R package fBasics).

Usage
diagnosticPlots(object, norm.test="KS", single.series = FALSE)

Arguments
object An object of class "SegSeriesTrajectories".
norm.test Character. One of "KS", "Shapiro", "Agost". Test for residuals normality accepting "KS" (Kolmogorov Smirnov test with Lilliefors correction), "Shapiro" (Shapiro test for normality) and "Agost" (D’Agostino test for normality using the skewness and kurtosis of the data; also gives the skewness and kurtosis p-values for the hypothesis that the respective estimated measures differ from the theoretical values under the normal distribution).
single.series Logical. If FALSE (default) the residuals of each series are independently analyzed.

Details
The function outputs the standard autocorrelation plots for viewing the residuals autocorrelation, histograms for checking the normality assumptions and the respective P-values to test the normality assumption.

Value
A series of plots with printed P-values for the autocorrelation and normality tests.

Author(s)
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis
getAVD

References

Examples
data(deltaGseg)
diagnosticPlots(traj1.ss,norm.test="KS",single.series=TRUE)

diagnosticPlots-methods
diagnosticPlots

Description
Performs the function diagnosticPlots on an object of class "SegSeriesTrajectories".

Methods
signature(object = "SegSeriesTrajectories") Returns histogram and acf plots of series

Author(s)
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References
None

Examples
#data(deltaGseg)
#diagnosticPlots(st)

getAVD

getAVD

Description
Accessor of Trajectories or TransTrajectories object to retrieve adf p-values.

Usage
getAVD(object)

Arguments
object An object of class 'Trajectories' or 'TransTrajectories'.

Value
Returns a vector (of pvalues) for each trajectory defined in the object.
getAVD-methods

Note

None.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

See Also

parseTraj, transformSeries

Examples

data(deltaGseg)
getAVD(traj1)

getAVD-methods getAVD

Description

Returns numeric vector from the slot @avd in an object of class "Trajectories", or @tavd in an object of class "TransTrajectories."

Methods

signature(object = "Trajectories") Numeric vector of length equal to series length.
signature(object = "TransTrajectories") Numeric vector of length equal to series length.

See Also

getAVD, parseTraj, transformSeries

getBreaks

description

Accessor of TransTrajectories object to retrieve computed breakpoints.

Usage

getBreaks(object)

Arguments

object An object of class 'TransTrajectories'.

Details

None.
Value

Returns a list (of numerical breakpoint values) for each trajectory defined in an object of class 'Trajectories'.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References

None

See Also

splitTraj, transformSeries

table Trajectories

Examples

data(deltaGseg)
getBreaks(traj1.tr)

Description

Returns a list from the @breakpoints slot for object of class "TransTrajectories")

Methods

signature(object = "SegSeriesTrajectories") List of breakpoints per series after transformation of series data using transformSeries

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References

None

See Also

transformSeries

table Trajectories

Examples

#data(deltaGseg)
#getBreaks(traj1.tr)
getIntervals

Description

Helper function to retrieve subpopulations and computes the intervals for each subpopulation after segmentation and clustering.

Usage

getIntervals(object)

Arguments

object An object of class 'SegSeriesTrajectories'.

Details

None.

Value

Returns a list of subpopulations and the intervals.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References

None

See Also

clusterSegments

t

Examples

data(deltaGseg)
getIntervals(traj1.ss)
getSegments-methods  getIntervals

Description

Returns a list of subpopulations and the intervals of the segmented series.

Methods

signature(object = "SegSeriesTrajectories") Returns a list of subpopulations and the intervals of the segmented series from segmentationWithinSeries.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References

None

See Also

transformSeries

Examples

#data(deltaGseg)
#getIntervals(traj1.ss)

getSegments  getSegments

Description

Accessor of SegTrajectories or SegSeriesTrajectories object to retrieve segment matrix.

Usage

getSegments(object)

Arguments

object  Object of class "SegTrajectories" or "SegSeriesTrajectories"

Value

A matrix with segment information including quantiles.

Note

None.
Author(s)
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References
None.

See Also
denoiseSegments, clusterSegments

Examples

data(deltaGseg)
segments<-getSegments(traj1.denoise)

Description
Returns a matrix from the @smatrix slot (for object of class "SegTrajectories") or @ssmatrix slot (for object of class "SegSeriesTrajectories")

Methods
signature(object = "SegSeriesTrajectories") Matrix is a result of the function clusterSegments
signature(object = "SegTrajectories") Matrix is a result of the function denoiseSegments

Author(s)
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References
None

Examples

#data(deltaGseg)
#getSegments(traj1.denoise)
getTNames-methods

Description

Accessor of Trajectories and TransTrajectories object to retrieve filename(s) used in trajectory computation.

Usage

getTNames(object)

Arguments

object An object of class 'Trajectories' or 'TransTrajectories'.

Details

None.

Value

Returns character vector of filenames.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References

None.

Examples

data(deltaGseg)
getTNames(traj1)

getTNames-methods Retrieve filenames of trajectories

Description

Returns a vector from the @filenames or @tfilenames slot.

Details

Returns a vector of filename(s) values.
Methods

signature(object = "Trajectories") Returns the original filenames of series read by parseTraj.

signature(object = "TransTrajectories") Returns filenames generated by the transformSeries function if the original series has been split into sub-series. Sub-series names are denoted by an underscore after the original names, eg. FILE1_1, FILE1_2.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References

None

Examples

#data(deltaGseg)
#getTNames(traj1)

Description

Accessor of Trajectories or TransTrajectories object to retrieve trajectories.

Usage

getTraj(object)

Arguments

object An object of class "Trajectories" or "TransTrajectories"

Details

None.

Value

List of length equal to number of trajectories, each containing matrix with 2 columns. 1: time points, 2: free energy values.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References

None.
parseTraj

Examples

data(deltagseg)
alltrajectories<-getTraj(traj1)

getTraj-methods  getTrajectories

Description

Returns a list of matrices from the @trajlist slot (for object of class "Trajectories") or @ttrajlist slot (for object of class "TransTrajectories")

Methods

signature(object = "Trajectories") Returns the original trajectories used for computation.
signature(object = "TransTrajectories") Returns the transformed trajectories generated by the function transformSeries

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

parseTraj  Reads in files containing trajectory data

Description

Reads in files with 2-column, space-separated numerical values containing 1:time points, 2:trajectory (free binding energies).

Usage

parseTraj(path = getwd(), files = NULL, fromfile=TRUE)

Arguments

path  Directory containing trajectory files.
files  Character vector of filenames to read. If not provided, will read all files in given directory and treat them as a set. Can also be used to read in variables if given as list.
fromfile  Logical. If set to FALSE, the files parameter will be used to read in variables.

Details

This is an initialization function for the deltaGseg package. It reads the trajectory files (input) and reports the a short description of the file, the Augmented Dickey-Fuller test p-values for each trajectory in the set and the data plot. The input files should be in tab delimited form with 2 columns: the first column contains the time points 1, 2, ..., T and the second the free binding energies at each time point.
plot-methods

Value

A 'Trajectories' object.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References

None.

See Also

Trajectories-class

Examples

traj1<-parseTraj(path=system.file("extdata",package="deltaGseg"),files=c("D_GBTOT1","D_GBTOT2","D_GBTOT3"))
traj1  #prints summary of traj1 object

# using parseTraj for existing variables ##
subtraj<-getTraj(traj1)[[1]]  #extracts first trajectory in the above series
traj2<-parseTraj(files=list(subtraj),fromfile=FALSE)
traj2

plot-methods

Plot Trajectories-related objects

Description

Plot "Trajectories" objects and customizes output.

Methods

signature(x = "Trajectories") plot(object,name='all',breakpoints=NULL)

name: Character. Name of sub-series, or if all, plots the whole series.
breakpoints: List. Supply breakpoints generated by splitTraj.

signature(x = "TransTrajectories") plot(object,labelling=TRUE)

labelling: Logical. Writes labels. May be turned off to prevent overcrowding of plot.

signature(x = "SegTrajectories") plot(object)

signature(x = "SegSeriesTrajectories") plot(object)
Description

Plots (sub)series before and after transformation.

Usage

plotDiff(object, name=NULL)

Arguments

object An object of class 'TransTrajectories'.
name Character. Name of (sub)series.

Details

None.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References

None

See Also

transformSeries

Examples

data(deltaGseg)
plotDiff(simtraj.tr2, name="1_2")

Description

Plots differentiated (sub)series in object of class "TransTrajectories")

Methods

signature(object = "TransTrajectories") Plots (sub)series before and after transformation.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis
References
None

See Also
transformSeries

Examples

#data(deltaGseg)
#plotDiff(traj1.tr,"D_GBTOT3_1")

### pvals

**pvals**

* pvalues data

---

**Description**

pvals is the bootstrapped pvalues obtained via pvclust for clusterSegments

**Usage**

data(deltaGseg)

**Format**

class pvclust

**Source**

internal

---

**SegSeriesTrajectories-class**

Class "SegSeriesTrajectories"

---

**Description**

Objects of this class is a product of the clusterSegments function.

**Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("SegSeriesTrajectories", ...).
Slots

ssmatrix: Object of class "data.frame" The output is a data.frame with the following information (in columns): the observed data ("observed"), the estimated, wavelet denoised data ("estimated"), the residuals of the estimation ("residuals"), the estimated subpopulations IDs ("subpopulations"), the series IDs/filenames ("seriesID")

ssparams: Object of class "character" Parameters used to run the clustering algorithm, clusterSegments.

sparams: Object of class "character" Parameters used to run the segmentation algorithm, denoiseSegments.

smatrix: Object of class "matrix" A matrix containing the preliminary results from segmentation/denoising for each (sub)series generated by transformSeries. Each list element contains the following information in matrix form (in columns): the observed data (1st column), the estimated, wavelet denoised data (2nd column), the residuals of the estimation (3rd column), the starting/ending time points of each segment (4th/5th columns), the estimated segment IDs (6th column), the quantiles of the estimated data [minimum, 5%, 10%, 15%, ..., 95%, maximum] (from columns 7th to 27th) and the series IDs (28th column)

path: Object of class "character" Inherited from Trajectories-class

tfilenames: Object of class "character" Inherited from Trajectories-class

trajlist: Object of class "list" Trajectories. Inherited from Trajectories-class

avd: Object of class "numeric" adf p-values. Inherited from Trajectories-class

tmethod: Object of class "character" Transformation method. Inherited from TransTrajectories-class

breakpoints: Object of class "list" breakpoints, if used.

tavd: Object of class "numeric" adf p-values after transformation, if used. Inherited from TransTrajectories-class

ttrajlist: Object of class "list" Transformed trajectories. Inherited from TransTrajectories-class

tfilenames: Object of class "character" Transformed trajectories names. Inherited from TransTrajectories-class

c: Object of class "numeric" Grouping information.

Extends

Class "SegTrajectories", directly. Class "TransTrajectories", directly. Class "Trajectories", directly.

Accessors

In the code snippets below, x is a SegSeriesTrajectories object.

getTNames(x): Retrieves filenames from slot filenames or tfilenames depending on whether the series has been transformed.

getTraj(x): Retrieves trajectories list from slot trajlist or ttrajlist depending on whether the series has been transformed.

getBreaks(x): Retrieves breakpoints (if any) from slot breakpoints

getAVD(x): Retrieves adf p-values from slot avd or tavd depending on whether the series has been transformed.

getSegments(x): Retrieves clustered segmentation data from slot smatrix produced by clusterSegments
Other methods

In the code snippets below, x is a SegSeriesTrajectories object.

- `diagnosticPlots(x)`: Generates the diagnostic plots of the wavelet denoising model residuals
- `getIntervals(x)`: Helper function to retrieve subpopulations and computes the intervals for each subpopulation after segmentation and clustering.
- `plot(x)`: Plots the final clustered segmentation data after `clusterSegments`
- `show(x)`: Displays summary of object, including inherited classes. This helps in recalling the analysis path taken to produce the current results.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

See Also

`SegTrajectories, clusterSegments`

Examples

```r
showClass("SegSeriesTrajectories")
```

---

**SegTrajectories-class**  
**Class** "SegTrajectories"

**Description**

Objects of this class is a product of the `denoiseSegments` function.

**Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("SegTrajectories", ...)`.  

**Slots**

- `sparams`: Object of class "character" Parameters used to run the segmentation algorithm.
- `smatrix`: Object of class "matrix" A matrix containing the preliminary results from segmentation/denoising for each (sub)series generated by `transformSeries`. Each list element contains the following information in matrix form (in columns): the observed data (1st column), the estimated, wavelet denoised data (2nd column), the residuals of the estimation (3rd column), the starting/ending time points of each segment (4th/5th columns), the estimated segment IDs (6th column), the quantiles of the estimated data [minimum, 5%, 10%, 15%, ..., 95%, maximum] (from columns 7th to 27th) and the series IDs (28th column)
- `path`: Object of class "character" Inherited from `Trajectories-class`
- `filenames`: Object of class "character" Inherited from `Trajectories-class`
- `trajlist`: Object of class "list" Trajectories. Inherited from `Trajectories-class`
- `avd`: Object of class "numeric" adf p-values. Inherited from `Trajectories-class`
- `tmethod`: Object of class "character" Transformation method. Inherited from `TransTrajectories-class`
breakpoints: Object of class "list" breakpoints, if used.

tavd: Object of class "numeric" adf p-values after transformation, if used. Inherited from TransTrajectories-class

ttrajlist: Object of class "list" Transformed trajectories. Inherited from TransTrajectories-class

tfilenames: Object of class "character" Transformed trajectories names. Inherited from TransTrajectories-class

Extends

Class "TransTrajectories", directly. Class "Trajectories", directly.

Accessors

In the code snippets below, x is a SegTrajectories object.

getTNames(x): Retrieves filenames from slot filenames or tfilenames depending on whether the series has been transformed.

getTraj(x): Retrieves trajectories list from slot trajlist or ttrajlist depending on whether the series has been transformed.

getBreaks(x): Retrieves breakpoints (if any) from slot breakpoints.

getAVD(x): Retrieves adf p-values from slot avd or tavd depending on whether the series has been transformed.

getSegments(x): Retrieves initial segmentation data from slot smatrix produced by denoiseSegments

Other methods

In the code snippets below, x is a SegTrajectories object.

clusterPV(x, bootstrap=500): Computes p-values to be used with method="pvclust" in clusterSegments(x)

clusterSegments(x): clustering of segmented trajectories into similar groups.

plot(x): Plots the initial segmentation data after denoising by denoiseSegments

show(x): Displays summary of object, including inherited classes. This helps in recalling the analysis path taken to produce the current results.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

See Also

denoiseSegments

Examples

showClass("SegTrajectories")
## Methods for Function show

### Description

~~ Methods for function show ~~

### Methods

```r
signature(object = "SegSeriesTrajectories")
signature(object = "SegTrajectories")
signature(object = "Trajectories")
signature(object = "TransTrajectories")
```

### simtraj

**Sample trajectory series**

### Description

simulated trajectory for appendix example

### Usage

```r
data(deltaGseg)
```

### Format

class Trajectories

### Source

internal

### simtraj.tr

**Sample trajectory series**

### Description

simulated trajectory for appendix example

### Usage

```r
data(deltaGseg)
```

### Format

class Trajectories

### Source

internal
splitTraj

**Description**

simulated trajectory for appendix example

**Usage**

data(deltaGseg)

**Format**

class Trajectories

**Source**

internal

---

splitTraj

**Identify Breakpoints in a Trajectory**

**Description**

splitTraj determines the breakpoints to split a given trajectory into a user specified number of segments. This analysis is performed for very long series (more than 20,000 time points) in order to avoid any memory allocation problems in R. Alternatively, it can be used for manual splitting of the series (see `transformSeries` with method="override_splitting")

**Usage**

```r
splitTraj(object, segsplits = rep(5, length(object@filenames)))
```

**Arguments**

- `object` An object of class "Trajectories".
- `segsplits` Numeric vector. The number of breakpoints. The length of segsplits must equal the number of trajectory series in the Trajectories object. Each value specifies the number of splits we want to impose in our long series in order to make it shorter.

**Details**

The output of the function is the estimated points that split the series into smaller sub-series. Typically, the plotted series and the estimated splits are further inspected using plots.

**Value**

A numeric list of length equal to number of trajectory series, containing the breakpoints for each series.
**splitTraj-methods**

**Author(s)**
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

**References**
None

**Examples**
```
data(deltaGseg)
splitTraj(traj1)
```

---

**splitTraj-methods**

**splitTraj**

**Description**
Performs the function splitTraj

**Methods**
```
signature(object = "Trajectories")
```

**Description**
Returns a list of breakpoints identified in the trajectory series.

**Author(s)**
Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

**References**
None

**Examples**
```
#data(deltaGseg)
#all_breakpoints<-splitTraj(traj1)
```

---

**traj1**

Sample trajectory series

**Description**
traj1 is a sample trajectory series from the data files provided in the deltaGseg package

**Usage**
```
data(deltaGseg)
```

**Format**
```
class Trajectories
```
Source

internal

trajectories

Sample trajectory series

Description

traj1.tr is the denoised trajectory after using `denoiseSegments`

Usage

data(deltaGseg)

Format

class SegTrajectories

Source

internal

trajectories

Sample trajectory series

Description

traj1.ss is the clustered series after using `clusterSegments`

Usage

data(deltaGseg)

Format

class SegSeriesTrajectories

Source

internal
Sample trajectory series

Description

`traj1.tr` is the transformed trajectory after using `transformSeries`.

Usage

data(deltaGseg)

Format

class TransTrajectories

Source

internal

Trajectories-class  Class "Trajectories"

Description

Objects of this class is a product of the initialization function, `parseTraj`.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("Trajectories", ...)`.

Slots

- `path`: Object of class "character" Directory where files were read from.
- `filenames`: Object of class "character" Name of files read.
- `trajlist`: Object of class "list" Trajectories.
- `avd`: Object of class "numeric" adf p-values.

Accessors

In the code snippets below, `x` is a Trajectories object.

- `getTNames(x)`: Retrieves filenames from slot `filenames`.
- `getTraj(x)`: Retrieves trajectories list from slot `trajlist`.
- `getBreaks(x)`: Retrieves breakpoints (if any) from slot `breakpoints`.
- `getAVD(x)`: Retrieves adf p-values from slot `avd`. 
transformSeries

Other methods

In the code snippets below, x is a Trajectories object.

- `splitTraj(x)`: Computes likely breakpoints for the series.
- `transformSeries(x)`: Apply transformation functions for the series if series is not stationary, or to split long series after determining breakpoints with `splitTraj`.
- `plot(x, name='all')`: Plots the trajectory series either individually, or combined.
- `show(x)`: Displays summary of object, including inherited classes. This helps in recalling the analysis path taken to produce the current results.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

See Also

- `parseTraj`

Examples

- `showClass("Trajectories")`

---

**transformSeries**

Transforms a Non-Stationary Series into a Weakly-Stationary one

Description

It transforms non-stationary series into weakly stationary (sub)series with three alternative methods (see parameter "methods").

Usage

```r
transformSeries(object, method = "splitting", breakpoints = 1)
```

Arguments

- `object`: An object of class "Trajectories".
- `method`: Character. One of "differentiation", "override_splitting", "splitting". See details.
- `breakpoints`: Integer (for method="splitting") or numeric vector (for method="override_splitting"). See details.

Details

(i) method="differentiation": first differences $B[t]-B[t-1]$ are calculated and the first differentiated series is used for further analysis (segmentation and clustering). This option is needed in special cases, only when the series exhibits a trend-like behavior that cannot be removed by splitting. The first differentiations with remove the trend completely (see Appendix in the manual).

(ii) method="splitting": the series are split by automatic data segmentation to subseries. This option divides a non-stationary series to a number of subseries that are weakly stationary;
(iii) method="override_splitting": the series are split into subseries by user-defined cut-offs obtained from the numerical output of the splitTraj function. This option is for long stationary series that cannot be analyzed due to memory limitations. It can be also used for manual splitting when "splitting" option is not satisfactory. Typically, "splitting" and "override_splitting" generate new data files of subseries.

Determining breakpoints for method (i) "splitting": an integer specifying the number of split points. This number (a single value applied to all series) denotes the number of subseries that the original series should be divided into. (ii) "override_splitting": the parameter takes the exact values (time points coordinates) of split points (a list of length equal to the number of series; see manual). One can derive and manually insert these split points after inspecting the output of the splitTraj function (see manual). The user should select a few splits so that the original series is not divided into too many subseries (difficult to process because many new files are generated). Alternatively, function chooseBreaks automatically chooses a subset of breakpoints (not recommended to keep those without inspection)

Value

An object of class "TransTrajectories".

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

References


See Also

parseTraj, splitTraj, chooseBreaks

Examples

data(deltaGseg)
trans_series<-transformSeries(traj1,method='splitting',breakpoints=1)

transformSeries-methods

Description

Returns a matrix from the @smatrix slot (for object of class "SegTrajectories") or @ssmatrix slot (for object of class "SegSeriesTrajectories")

Methods

signature(object = "Trajectories") Returns an object of class "TransTrajectories"

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis
TransTrajectories-class

References
None

Examples

```r
#data(deltaGseg)
#breakpoints<-chooseBreaks(all_breakpoints,3)
#tt<-transformSeries(traj1,breakpoints=breakpoints)
```

---

TransTrajectories-class

Class "TransTrajectories"

Description
Object of this class is a product of the `transformSeries` function.

Objects from the Class
Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("TransTrajectories", ...)`.

Slots

- `tmeth` Object of class "character" Transformation method.
- `breakpoints`: Object of class "list" breakpoints, if used.
- `tavd`: Object of class "numeric" adf p-values after transformation.
- `ttrajlist`: Object of class "list" Transformed trajectories.
- `difftraj`: Object of class "list" Differentiated trajectories. These trajectories may be produced if `transformSeries` was used with `method="differentiation"`. The original trajectory will be kept in `ttrajlist` its differentiated version (used only for computation, not presentation) will be stored in this slot. The plotting function `plotDiff` enables the user to compare the original and differentiated versions of the subseries.
- `tfilenames`: Object of class "character" Transformed trajectories names.
- `path`: Object of class "character" Inherited from `Trajectories-class`
- `filenames`: Object of class "character" Inherited from `Trajectories-class`
- `trajlist`: Object of class "list" Trajectories. Inherited from `Trajectories-class`
- `avd`: Object of class "numeric" adf p-values. Inherited from `Trajectories-class`

Extends
Class "Trajectories", directly.

Accessors
In the code snippets below, `x` is a `TransTrajectories` object.

- `getTNames(x)` Retrieves filenames from slot `tfilenames`.
- `getTraj(x)` Retrieves trajectories list from slot `ttrajlist`.
- `getBreaks(x)` Retrieves breakpoints (if any) from slot `breakpoints`
- `getAVD(x)` Retrieves adf p-values from slot `tavd`.
Other methods

In the code snippets below, x is a TransTrajectories object.

- `denoiseSegments(x)`: denoising and initial segmentation of trajectory series.
- `plotDiff(x, name='diff_object_name')`: Plots the original and differentiated subseries (one at a time) if method="differentiation" was used in `transformSeries`.
- `plot(x)`: Plots the transformed series after `transformSeries`.
- `show(x)`: Displays summary of object, including inherited classes. This helps in recalling the analysis path taken to produce the current results.

Author(s)

Diana H.P. Low, Efthimios Motakis

See Also

- `transformSeries`

Examples

- `showClass("TransTrajectories")`
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