

# Package ‘hummingbird’

May 14, 2025

**Type** Package

**Title** Bayesian Hidden Markov Model for the detection of differentially methylated regions

**Version** 1.18.0

**Description** A package for detecting differential methylation. It exploits a Bayesian hidden Markov model that incorporates location dependence among genomic loci, unlike most existing methods that assume independence among observations. Bayesian priors are applied to permit information sharing across an entire chromosome for improved power of detection. The direct output of our software package is the best sequence of methylation states, eliminating the use of a subjective, and most of the time an arbitrary, threshold of p-value for determining significance. At last, our methodology does not require replication in either or both of the two comparison groups.

**License** GPL (>=2)

**Depends** R (>= 4.0)

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**Imports** Rcpp, graphics, GenomicRanges, SummarizedExperiment, IRanges

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**biocViews** HiddenMarkovModel, Bayesian, DNAMethylation, BiomedicalInformatics, Sequencing, GeneExpression, DifferentialExpression, DifferentialMethylation

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**Author** Eleni Adam [aut, cre],  
 Tieming Ji [aut],  
 Desh Ranjan [aut]

**Maintainer** Eleni Adam <eadam002@odu.edu>

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hummingbird-package    *A Bayesian Hidden Markov Model for the detection of differentially methylated regions*

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### Description

A package for identifying differentially methylated regions (DMRs) between case and control groups using whole genome bisulfite sequencing (WGBS) or reduced representative bisulfite sequencing (RRBS) experiment data.

The hummingbird package uses a Bayesian hidden Markov model (HMM) for detecting DMRs. It fits a Bayesian HMM for one chromosome at a time. The final output of hummingbird are the detected DMRs with start and end positions in a given chromosome, directions of the DMRs (hyper- or hypo-), and the numbers of CpGs in these DMRs.

The hummingbird package implements the algorithm described in the publication below.

### Details

The main functions of the package are: hummingbirdEM, hummingbirdPostAdjustment and hummingbirdGraph.

**Author(s)**

Eleni Adam, Tieming Ji, Desh Ranjan

Maintainer: Eleni Adam <eadam002@odu.edu>

**References**

Ji (2019) A Bayesian hidden Markov model for detecting differentially methylated regions. *Biometrics* 75(2):663-673.

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abnormM

*Sample matrix*

---

**Description**

A matrix containing the methylated read count data of the case group. It is part of the sample dataset `exampleHummingbird`.

**Usage**

```
abnormM
```

**Details**

Each column of the matrix represents a replicate and each row represents a CpG position.

**Source**

Chen et al. (2017) Global misregulation of genes largely uncoupled to DNA methylome epimutations characterizes a congenital overgrowth syndrome. *Scientific Reports* 7, 12667

The raw FASTQ files of the WGBS experiment from this study are publicly available at Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO) database with accession no. GSE93775.

**Examples**

```
data(exampleHummingbird)
abnormM
```

abnormUM

*Sample matrix*

---

**Description**

A matrix containing the unmethylated read count data of the case group. It is part of the sample dataset exampleHummingbird.

**Usage**

```
abnormUM
```

**Details**

Each column of the matrix represents a replicate and each row represents a CpG position.

**Source**

Chen et al. (2017) Global misregulation of genes largely uncoupled to DNA methylome epimutations characterizes a congenital overgrowth syndrome. *Scientific Reports* 7, 12667

The raw FASTQ files of the WGBS experiment from this study are publicly available at Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO) database with accession no. GSE93775.

**Examples**

```
data(exampleHummingbird)
abnormUM
```

---

exampleHummingbird*Sample dataset*

---

**Description**

Example of input data for the hummingbird package.

The sample dataset is partial data of chromosome 29 in the large offspring syndrome (LOS) study described in Chen Z. et al (2017).

**Usage**

```
data("exampleHummingbird")
```

**Format**

**experimentSEControl** A SummarizedExperiment object containing the input data for the control group: The two assays: normM, normUM and the CpG position information: pos.

**experimentSECcase** A SummarizedExperiment object containing the input data for the case group: The two assays: abnormM, abnormUM and the CpG position information: pos.

**normM** A matrix containing the methylated read count data of the control group. Each column of the matrix represents a replicate and each row represents a CpG position.

**normUM** A matrix containing the unmethylated read count data of the control group. Each column of the matrix represents a replicate and each row represents a CpG position.

**abnormM** A matrix containing the methylated read count data of the case group. Each column of the matrix represents a replicate and each row represents a CpG position.

**abnormUM** A matrix containing the unmethylated read count data of case group. Each column of the matrix represents a replicate and each row represents a CpG position.

**pos** The CpG positions.

**Source**

Chen et al. (2017) Global misregulation of genes largely uncoupled to DNA methylome epimutations characterizes a congenital overgrowth syndrome. *Scientific Reports* 7, 12667

The raw FASTQ files of the WGBS experiment from this study are publicly available at Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO) database with accession no. GSE93775.

**Examples**

```
library(SummarizedExperiment)
data(exampleHummingbird)
```

---

exampleSECcase	<i>Sample input data</i>
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---

**Description**

A SummarizedExperiment object containing the input data for the case group. It is part of the sample dataset exampleHummingbird.

**Usage**

```
exampleSECcase
```

**Details**

It contains the two assays: abnormM, abnormUM and the CpG position information: pos.

**Source**

Chen et al. (2017) Global misregulation of genes largely uncoupled to DNA methylome epimutations characterizes a congenital overgrowth syndrome. *Scientific Reports* 7, 12667

The raw FASTQ files of the WGBS experiment from this study are publicly available at Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO) database with accession no. GSE93775.

**Examples**

```
library(SummarizedExperiment)
data(exampleHummingbird)
exampleSECase
```

---

exampleSEControl	<i>Sample input data</i>
------------------	--------------------------

---

**Description**

A SummarizedExperiment object containing the input data for the control group. It is part of the sample dataset exampleHummingbird.

**Usage**

```
exampleSEControl
```

**Details**

It contains the two assays: normM, normUM and the CpG position information: pos.

**Source**

Chen et al. (2017) Global misregulation of genes largely uncoupled to DNA methylome epimutations characterizes a congenital overgrowth syndrome. *Scientific Reports* 7, 12667

The raw FASTQ files of the WGBS experiment from this study are publicly available at Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO) database with accession no. GSE93775.

**Examples**

```
library(SummarizedExperiment)
data(exampleHummingbird)
exampleSEControl
```

**Description**

This function reads input data, sets initial values, executes the Expectation-Maximization (EM) algorithm for the Bayesian HMM and infers the best sequence of methylation states.

**Usage**

```
hummingbirdEM(experimentInfoControl, experimentInfoCase, binSize)
```

**Arguments**

`experimentInfoControl`

A SummarizedExperiment object containing the input data for the control group: The two assays: `normM`, `normUM` and the CpG position information: `pos`.

`normM` is a matrix containing the methylated read count data of the normal group and `normUM` is a matrix containing the unmethylated read count data of the normal group. Each column of a matrix represents a replicate and each row represents a CpG position.

`experimentInfoCase`

A SummarizedExperiment object containing the input data for the case group: The two assays: `abnormM`, `abnormUM` and the CpG position information: `pos`.

`abnormM` is a matrix containing the methylated read count data of the abnormal group and `abnormUM` is a matrix containing the unmethylated read count data of the abnormal group. Each column of a matrix represents a replicate and each row represents a CpG position.

`binSize`

The size of a bin. Default value is: 40.

**Value**

A GenomicRanges object that contains the start and end positions of each bin, the distance between the current bin the bin ahead of it, the average methylation rate of normal and abnormal groups and the predicted direction of methylation change ("0" means a predicted normal bin; "1" means a predicted hypermethylated bin; "-1" means a predicted hypomethylated bin).

**Examples**

```
library(GenomicRanges)
library(SummarizedExperiment)
data(exampleHummingbird)

# CpG position vector
pos <- pos[,1]
# Assays for the normal group
assaysControl <- list(normM = normM, normUM = normUM)
```

```

# Assays for the case group
assaysCase <- list(abnormM = abnormM, abnormUM = abnormUM)
# SummarizedExperiment objects
exampleSEControl <- SummarizedExperiment(assaysControl,
                                         rowRanges = GPos("chr29", pos))
exampleSECASE <- SummarizedExperiment(assaysCase,
                                       rowRanges = GPos("chr29", pos))

emInfo <- hummingbirdEM(experimentInfoControl = exampleSEControl,
                       experimentInfoCase = exampleSECASE, binSize = 40)

```

---

hummingbirdEMinternal *EM Algorithm (internal)*

---

## Description

Expectation-Maximization Algorithm for Fitting the Hidden Markov Model. This function reads in methylated and unmethylated read count data, transforms it into logarithm bin-wise data, sets up initial values and implements the EM algorithm to estimate HMM parameters and find the best sequence of hidden states based on model fitting.

## Usage

```
hummingbirdEMinternal(normM, normUM, abnormM, abnormUM, pos, binSize)
```

## Arguments

normM	A matrix containing the methylated read count data of the normal group. Each column of a matrix represents a replicate and each row represents a CpG position.
normUM	A matrix containing the unmethylated read count data of the normal group. Each column of a matrix represents a replicate and each row represents a CpG position.
abnormM	A matrix containing the methylated read count data of the abnormal group. Each column of a matrix represents a replicate and each row represents a CpG position.
abnormUM	A matrix containing the unmethylated read count data of the abnormal group. Each column of a matrix represents a replicate and each row represents a CpG position.
pos	The CpG position information.
binSize	The size of a bin.

## Details

Users do not need to call this function directly. This is a low-level function used by the higher-level function in the hummingbird package, the hummingbirdEM.



**Value**

obs	For each bin: The predicted direction of methylation change ("0" means a predicted normal bin; "1" means a predicted hypermethylated bin; "-1" means a predicted hypomethylated bin). The distance between the current bin and the bin ahead of it, the start and end positions of each bin.
normAbnorm	The average methylation rate of normal and abnormal groups.

**See Also**

Users may call the [hummingbirdEM](#) function.

**Examples**

```
library(GenomicRanges)
library(SummarizedExperiment)

# Load sample dataset containing input data
data(exampleHummingbird)

# Run the EM (internal) function
hmmbirdEMinternalOutput <- hummingbirdEMinternal(
  normM = assays(exampleSEControl)[["normM"]],
  normUM = assays(exampleSEControl)[["normUM"]],
  abnormM = assays(exampleSECASE)[["abnormM"]],
  abnormUM = assays(exampleSECASE)[["abnormUM"]],
  pos = pos, binSize = 40)
```

---

hummingbirdGraph

*Observations and Predictions Graphs*


---

**Description**

This function generates observation and prediction graphs for a user specified region.

**Usage**

```
hummingbirdGraph(experimentInfoControl, experimentInfoCase, postAdjInfoDMRs,
  coord1, coord2)
```

**Arguments**

experimentInfoControl

A SummarizedExperiment object containing the input data for the control group:  
The two assays: normM, normUM and the CpG position information: pos.

experimentInfoCase

A SummarizedExperiment object containing the input data for the case group:  
The two assays: abnormM, abnormUM and the CpG position information: pos.

postAdjInfoDMRs	The DMRs GenomicRanges object output of the hummingbirdPostAdjustment function.
coord1	The start coordinate of the genomic region to plot.
coord2	The end coordinate of the genomic region to plot.

### Value

The function outputs two graphs: The Observations graph and the Predictions graph. The observation figure shows bin-wise average methylation rate for case and control groups. The prediction figure shows bin-wise prediction, where "0" denotes a predicted normal bin; "1" denotes a predicted hypermethylated bin; and "-1" denotes a predicted hypomethylated bin.

### Examples

```
library(GenomicRanges)
library(SummarizedExperiment)
data(exampleHummingbird)
emInfo <- hummingbirdEM(experimentInfoControl = exampleSEControl,
                       experimentInfoCase = exampleSECASE, binSize = 40)
postAdjInfo <- hummingbirdPostAdjustment(
  experimentInfoControl = exampleSEControl,
  experimentInfoCase = exampleSECASE,
  emInfo = emInfo, minCpGs = 10,
  minLength = 100, maxGap = 300)
hummingbirdGraph(experimentInfoControl = exampleSEControl,
                 experimentInfoCase = exampleSECASE,
                 postAdjInfoDMRs = postAdjInfo$DMRs,
                 coord1 = 107991, coord2 = 108350)
```

---

hummingbirdPostAdjustment

*Post Adjustment algorithm for the output of the EM*

---

### Description

This function adjusts HMM output. It enables three additional requirements on DMRs: 1) the minimum length of a DMR, 2) the minimum number of CpGs in a DMR, and 3) the maximum distance (in base pairs) between any two adjacent CpGs in a DMR.

### Usage

```
hummingbirdPostAdjustment(experimentInfoControl, experimentInfoCase, emInfo,
                          minCpGs, minLength, maxGap)
```

**Arguments**

experimentInfoControl	A SummarizedExperiment object containing the input data for the control group: The two assays: normM, normUM and the CpG position information: pos.
experimentInfoCase	A SummarizedExperiment object containing the input data for the case group: The two assays: abnormM, abnormUM and the CpG position information: pos.
emInfo	The output GenomicRanges object of the hummingbirdEM function.
minCpGs	The minimum number of CpGs contained in a DMR. Default value: 10.
minLength	The minimum length of a DMR. Default value: 500.
maxGap	The maximum gap between any two CpGs. Default value: 300.

**Value**

A list of two GenomicRanges objects, the DMRs and the obsPostAdj.

DMRs	Contains the detected regions based on the user-defined arguments (minLength, minCpGs, and maxGap). It contains the refined DMRs with the start genomic position, the end genomic position, length of the region, direction of predicted methylation change ("0" indicates no significant change, "1" indicates predicted hyper-methylation, and "-1" indicates predicted hypo-methylation), and the number of CpGs.
obsPostAdj	The methylation status of each CpG site.

**Examples**

```
library(GenomicRanges)
library(SummarizedExperiment)
data(exampleHummingbird)
emInfo <- hummingbirdEM(experimentInfoControl = exampleSEControl,
                       experimentInfoCase = exampleSECASE, binSize = 40)
postAdjInfo <- hummingbirdPostAdjustment(
  experimentInfoControl = exampleSEControl,
  experimentInfoCase = exampleSECASE,
  emInfo = emInfo, minCpGs = 10,
  minLength = 100, maxGap = 300)
```

---

hummingbirdPostAdjustmentInternal

*Post Adjustment algorithm (internal)*

---

**Description**

Post Adjustment algorithm for the output of the EM. This function adjusts HMM output such that each detected DMR has a minimum length and a minimum number of CpGs in each DMR.

**Usage**

```
hummingbirdPostAdjustmentInternal(em, pos, minCpGs, minLength, maxGap)
```

**Arguments**

<code>em</code>	The output of the <code>hummingbirdEMinternal</code> function, specifically the <code>obs</code> object.
<code>pos</code>	The CpG position information.
<code>minCpGs</code>	The minimum number of CpGs contained in a DMR.
<code>minLength</code>	The minimum length of a DMR.
<code>maxGap</code>	The maximum gap between any two CpGs.

**Details**

Users do not need to call this function directly. This is a low-level function used by the higher-level function in the `hummingbird` package, the `hummingbirdPostAdjustment`.

**Value**

<code>DMRs</code>	The detected regions based on the user-defined arguments ( <code>minLength</code> , <code>minCpGs</code> , and <code>maxGap</code> ). It contains the (numbered) refined DMRs with the start genomic position, the end genomic position, length of the region, direction of predicted methylation change ("0" indicates no significant change, "1" indicates predicted hypermethylation, and "-1" indicates predicted hypo-methylation) and the number of CpGs.
<code>obsPostAdj</code>	The methylation status of each CpG site.

**See Also**

Users may call the [hummingbirdPostAdjustment](#) function.

**Examples**

```
library(GenomicRanges)
library(SummarizedExperiment)

# Load sample dataset containing input data
data(exampleHummingbird)

# Run the EM (internal) function
hmmbirdEMinternalOutput <- hummingbirdEMinternal(
  normM = assays(exampleSEControl)[["normM"]],
  normUM = assays(exampleSEControl)[["normUM"]],
  abnormM = assays(exampleSECASE)[["abnormM"]],
  abnormUM = assays(exampleSECASE)[["abnormUM"]],
  pos = pos, binSize = 40)

# Run the Post Adjustment (internal) function
hmmbirdPAinternalOutput <- hummingbirdPostAdjustmentInternal(
```

```
em = hmmbirdEMinternalOutput$obs,
pos = pos, minCpGs = 10, minLength = 100, maxGap = 300)
```

---

normM	<i>Sample matrix</i>
-------	----------------------

---

### Description

A matrix containing the methylated read count data of the control group. It is part of the sample dataset `exampleHummingbird`.

### Usage

```
normM
```

### Details

Each column of the matrix represents a replicate and each row represents a CpG position.

### Source

Chen et al. (2017) Global misregulation of genes largely uncoupled to DNA methylome epimutations characterizes a congenital overgrowth syndrome. *Scientific Reports* 7, 12667

The raw FASTQ files of the WGBS experiment from this study are publicly available at Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO) database with accession no. GSE93775.

### Examples

```
data(exampleHummingbird)
normM
```

---

normUM	<i>Sample matrix</i>
--------	----------------------

---

### Description

A matrix containing the unmethylated read count data of the control group. It is part of the sample dataset `exampleHummingbird`.

### Usage

```
normUM
```

### Details

Each column of the matrix represents a replicate and each row represents a CpG position.

**Source**

Chen et al. (2017) Global misregulation of genes largely uncoupled to DNA methylome epimutations characterizes a congenital overgrowth syndrome. *Scientific Reports* 7, 12667

The raw FASTQ files of the WGBS experiment from this study are publicly available at Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO) database with accession no. GSE93775.

**Examples**

```
data(exampleHummingbird)
normUM
```

---

pos	<i>Sample matrix</i>
-----	----------------------

---

**Description**

The CpG positions. It is part of the sample dataset exampleHummingbird.

**Usage**

```
pos
```

**Source**

Chen et al. (2017) Global misregulation of genes largely uncoupled to DNA methylome epimutations characterizes a congenital overgrowth syndrome. *Scientific Reports* 7, 12667

The raw FASTQ files of the WGBS experiment from this study are publicly available at Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO) database with accession no. GSE93775.

**Examples**

```
data(exampleHummingbird)
pos
```

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