Package ‘sevenbridges’

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Type Package

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Description R client and utilities for Seven Bridges platform API, from Cancer Genomics Cloud to other Seven Bridges supported platforms.

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URL https://www.sevenbridges.com,
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    https://github.com/sbg/sevenbridges-r

BugReports https://github.com/sbg/sevenbridges-r/issues

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    class-task.R class-volume.R class-folders.R misc-uploader.R

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sevenbridges-package  Seven Bridges Platform API Client and CWL Tool Builder in R

Description

R client and utilities for Seven Bridges platform API, from Cancer Genomics Cloud to other Seven Bridges supported platforms.

Details

Package: sevenbridges
Type: Package
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addIdNum  add # prefix to id

Description

add # prefix to id
Usage

addIdNum(x)

Arguments

x (character) with # or not.

Value

a character with # prefix.

Examples

addIdNum(c("bam", "#fastq"))

---

api Core HTTP logic for Seven Bridges API

Description

Core HTTP logic for Seven Bridges API

Usage

api(token = NULL, version = "v2", path = NULL, method = c("GET", "POST", "PUT", "DELETE", "PATCH"), query = NULL, body = list(), encode = c("json", "form", "multipart"), limit = getOption("sevenbridges")$limit, offset = getOption("sevenbridges")$offset, fields = NULL, base_url = paste0("https://api.sbgenomics.com/", version, "/"), ...)

Arguments

token authenticate token string.

version API version number, default is v2.

path path connected with base_url.

method one of "GET", "POST", "PUT", or "Delete".

query Passed to httr package GET/POST call.

body Passed to httr package GET/POST/PUT/DELETE call.

encode If the body is a named list, how should it be encoded? Can be one of "json" (application/json), "Form" (application/x-www-form-urlencoded), or "multipart" (multipart/form-data). Default is "json". For "multipart", list elements can be strings or objects created by upload_file. For "form", elements are coerced to strings and escaped, use I() to prevent double-escaping. For "json", parameters are automatically "unboxed" (i.e. length 1 vectors are converted to scalars). To preserve a length 1 vector as a vector, wrap in I().

limit How many results to return

offset The point at which to start displaying them
All API calls take the optional query parameter fields. This parameter enables you to specify the fields you want to be returned when listing resources (e.g. all your projects) or getting details of a specific resource (e.g. a given project). For example, fields="id,name,size" to return the fields id, name and size for files. More details please check http://docs.sevenbridges.com/reference#section-general-api-information

base_url default is "https://api.sbgenomics.com/v2"

... passed to GET/POST/PUT/DELETE/PATCH call.

Details

Used for advanced users and the core method for higher level API in this package, please refer to the easy api vignette and additional vignettes pages for more convenient usage.

Value

returned request list of httr

References

http://docs.sevenbridges.com/v1.0/page/api

Examples

token = "your_token"

# list projects
api(token = token, path = "projects", method = "GET")

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<th>Class App</th>
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Description

Class App

Value

App object.

Fields

id app id
project project id
name app name
revision app revision
raw raw cwl list, if doesn’t have any, call cwl() method
Examples

```r
## Not run:
a = Auth(url = "https://api.sbgenomics.com/v2/",
         token = "fake_token")
# get a flow
app = a$public_app(id = "admin/sbg-public-data/rna-seq-alignment-star")
app$input_matrix()
app$output_matrix()
# get a flow
app = a$public_app(id = "admin/sbg-public-data/star")
app$input_matrix()
app$output_matrix()
## End(Not run)
```

## asList

Convert a object slots/fields to a list, json, or yaml file

### Description

Doesn't like as.list, only fields and slots are converted, prepare a object to be conveted to YAML/JSON.

### Usage

```r
asList(object, ...)
```

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'

```r
asList(object, ...)
```

## S4 method for signature 'CWL'

```r
asList(object, ...)
```

## S4 method for signature 'SingleEnum'

```r
asList(object, ...)
```

## S4 method for signature 'SimpleList'

```r
asList(object, ...)
```

asYAML(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'

```r
asYAML(object, ...)
```

asJSON(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'

```r
asJSON(object, ...)
```

## S4 method for signature 'DSCList'

```r
asList(object, ...)
```
**Auth-class**

**Arguments**

- `object` object, could be S4/R5 object. For example, class CWL, SimpleList.
- ... other parameters passed to as.yaml or toJSON.

**Value**

a list object or json or yaml file.

**Examples**

```r
## define a S4 object
A <- setClass("A", slots = list(a = "character", b = "numeric"))
## define a reference object which extends 'CWL' class
B <- setRefClass("B", fields = list(x = "character", y = "A"), contains = "CWL")
## new instances
a <- A(a = "hello", b = 123)
b <- B(x = "world", y = a)

## show
b
b$show("JSON")
b$show("YAML")

## You can convert slots/fields into a list
asList(a)
asList(b)
b$toList()

## asYAML
asYAML(a)
asYAML(b)
b$toYAML()

## asJSON
asJSON(a)
asJSON(b)
b$toJSON()
```

---

**Auth-class**

**Class Auth**

**Description**

Auth object

**Details**

Every object could be requested from this Auth object and any action could start from this object using cascading style. Please check vignette("api") for more information.
**Fields**

- **from [character]** Authentication method. Could be "direct" (pass the credential information to the arguments directly), "env" (read from pre-set system environment variables), or "file" (read configurations from a credentials file). Default is "direct".

- **platform [character]** Which platform you want to use, if platform and url are both not specified, the default is "cgc" (Cancer Genomics Cloud). Possible values include "cgc", "aws-us", "aws-eu", "gcp", and "cavatica".

- **url [character]** Base URL for API. Please only use this when you want to specify a platform that is not in the platform list above, and also leaving platform unspecified.

- **token [character]** Your authentication token.

- **sysenv_url** Name of the system environment variable storing the API base URL. By default: "SB_API_ENDPOINT".

- **sysenv_token** Name of the system environment variable storing the auth token. By default: "SB_AUTH_TOKEN".

- **config_file [character]** Location of the user configuration file. By default: "~/.sevenbridges/credentials".

- **profile_name [character]** Profile name in the user configuration file. The default value is "default".

- **fs** FS object, for mount and unmount file system.

**Methods**

- **api(..., limit = getOption("sevenbridges")$limit, offset = getOption("sevenbridges")$offset, fields = NULL, complete = FALSE)**
  This call returns all API paths, and pass arguments to api() function and input token and url automatically.

- **billing(id = NULL, breakdown = FALSE, ...)** If no id provided. This call returns a list of paths used to access billing information via the API else, This call lists all your billing groups, including groups that are pending or have been disabled. if breakdown = TRUE, This call returns a breakdown of spending per-project for the billing group specified by billing_group. For each project that the billing group is associated with, information is shown on the tasks run, including their initiating user (the runner), start and end times, and cost.

- **file(name = NULL, id = NULL, project = NULL, exact = FALSE, detail = FALSE, metadata = list(), origin.task = NULL, tag = NULL, complete = FALSE, search.engine = c("server", "brute"), ...)**
  This call returns a list of all files in a specified project that you can access. For each file, the call returns: 1) Its ID 2) Its filename The project is specified as a query parameter in the call.

- **invoice(id = NULL, ...)** If no id provided, This call returns a list of invoices, with information about each, including whether or not the invoice is pending and the billing period it covers. The call returns information about all your available invoices, unless you use the query parameter bg_id to specify the ID of a particular billing group, in which case it will return the invoice incurred by that billing group only.
  If id was provided, This call retrieves information about a selected invoice, including the costs for analysis and storage, and the invoice period.

- **project(name = NULL, id = NULL, index = NULL, ignore.case = TRUE, exact = FALSE, owner = NULL, detail = FALSE, ...)**
  If no id or name provided, this call returns a list of all projects you are a member of. Each project’s project_id and URL on the CGC will be returned. If name or id provided, we did a match search the list.

- **project_new(name = NULL, billing_group_id = NULL, description = name, tags = list(), type = "v2")**
  Create new projects, required parameters: name, billing_group_id, optional parameters: tags and description, type.

- **project_owner(owner = NULL, ...)** List the projects owned by and accessible to a particular user. Each project’s ID and URL will be returned.
rate_limit(...) This call returns information about your current rate limit. This is the number of API calls you can make in one hour.

user(username = NULL, ...) This call returns a list of the resources, such as projects, billing groups, and organizations, that are accessible to you.

If you are not an administrator, this call will only return a successful response if username is replaced with your own username. If you are an administrator, you can replace username with the username of any CGC user, to return information on their resources.

volume(name = NULL, id = NULL, index = NULL, ignore.case = TRUE, exact = FALSE, detail = FALSE, ...) If no id or name provided, this call returns a list of all volumes you are a member of. If name or id provided, we did a match search the list

Examples

# Direct authentication (default)
# replace with your auth token
token <- "aef7e9e3f6c54fb1b338ac4ecddf1a56"
a <- Auth(platform = "cgc", token = token)

## Not run:
# Authentication with environment variables
# This will read system environments variables
# `SB_API_ENDPOINT` and `SB_AUTH_TOKEN` by default
a <- Auth(from = "env")

# Authentication with user configuration file
# This will load profile `default` from config
# file `~/.sevenbridges/credentials` by default
a <- Auth(from = "file")

## End(Not run)

batch function for task batch execution

batch function for task batch execution

Usage

batch(input = NULL, criteria = NULL, type = c("ITEM", "CRITERIA"))

Arguments

input character, ID of the input on which you wish to batch on. You would usually batch on the input containing a list of files. If left out, default batching criteria defined in the app is used.

criteria a character vector, for example, c("metadata.sample_id", "metadata.library_id"). The meaning of the above batch, by dictionary is - group inputs (usually files) first on sample ID and then on library ID. If NULL, using type "ITEM" by default.
type Criteria on which to batch on - can be in two formats "ITEM" and "CRITERIA". If you wish to batch per item in the input (usually a file) using "ITEM". If you wish a more complex criteria, specify the "CRITERIA" on which you wish to group inputs on. Please check examples.

Value a list of 'batch_input' and 'batch_by' used for task batch

Examples

batch(input = "fastq") # by ITEM
batch(input = "fastq", c("metadata.sample_id", "metadata.library_id"))
# shorthand for this
batch(input = "fastq", c("metadata.sample_id", "metadata.library_id"), type = "CRITERIA")

---

**Binding-class**

**Binding**

**Description**

Binding

**Fields**

loadContents [logical] Only applies when type is File. Read up to the first 64 KiB of text from the file and place it in the "contents" field of the file object for manipulation by expressions.

secondaryFiles [] Only applies when type is File. Describes files that must be included alongside the primary file. If the value is Expression, the context of the expression is the input or output File parameter to which this binding applies. Where the value is a string, it specifies that the following pattern should be applied to the primary file: If string begins with one or more caret characters, for each caret, remove the last file extension from the path (the last period . and all following characters). If there are no file extensions, the path is unchanged. Append the remainder of the string to the end of the file path.

Examples

Binding(loadContents = TRUE, secondaryFiles = "./.test.txt")

---

**CCBList** characterORCommandLineBindingList Class

**Description**

characterORCommandLineBindingList Class

**Usage**

CCBList(...)
Arguments

... element or list of the element.

Value

CCBList

Examples

CCBList("-o output.bam")

---

CLB

Shorthand functions for cwl packages constructors

Description

Shorthand functions for cwl packages constructors

Arguments

type [ANY] Specify valid types of data that may be assigned to this parameter.
label [character] A short, human-readable label of this parameter object.
description [character] A long, human-readable description of this parameter object.
streamable [logical] Currently only applies if type is File. A value of true indicates that the file is read or written sequentially without seeking. An implementation may use this flag to indicate whether it is valid to stream file contents using a named pipe. Default: false.
default [ANY] The default value for this parameter if not provided in the input object.

... For InputParameter, it will be passed to CommandLineBinding, which could be created by command CLB. For parameters that accepted please check CommandLineBinding in cwl package. For your convenience, this manual also contain a section for CommandLineBinding. For OutPar or OutputParameter, it will be passed to CommandOutputParameter. Please check the following section as well.

Shorthand


CommandLineBinding

position [integer] The sorting key. Default position is 0.
prefix [character] Command line prefix to add before the value.
separate [logical] If true (default) then the prefix and value must be added as separate command line arguments; if false, prefix and value must be concatenated into a single command line argument.
itemSeparator [character] Join the array elements into a single string with the elements separated by by itemSeparator.
valueFrom [characterOrExpression] If valueFrom is a constant string value, use this as the value and apply the binding rules above. If valueFrom is an expression, evaluate the expression to yield the actual value to use to build the command line and apply the binding rules above. If the inputBinding is associated with an input parameter, the "context" of the expression will be the value of the input parameter. When a binding is part of the CommandLineTool.arguments field, the valueFrom field is required.

CommandOutputParameter

glob [characterORExpression] Find files relative to the output directory, using POSIX glob(3) pathname matching. If provided an array, match all patterns in the array. If provided an expression, the expression must return a string or an array of strings, which will then be evaluated as a glob pattern. Only files which actually exist will be matched and returned.

outputEval [Expression] Evaluate an expression to generate the output value. If glob was specified, the script context will be an array containing any files that were matched. Additionally, if loadContents is true, the file objects will include up to the first 64 KiB of file contents in the contents field. Following fields inherited from Binding

loadContents [logical] Only applies when type is File. Read up to the first 64 KiB of text from the file and place it in the "contents" field of the file object for manipulation by expressions.

secondaryFiles Only applies when type is File. Describes files that must be included alongside the primary file. If the value is Expression, the context of the expression is the input or output File parameter to which this binding applies. Where the value is a string, it specifies that the following pattern should be applied to the primary file: If string begins with one or more caret characters, for each caret, remove the last file extension from the path (the last period . and all following characters). Append the remainder of the string to the end of the file path.

Examples

```r
ipl <- IPList(
  input(id = "bam",
    type = "File",
    label = "Bam file",
    description = "Input bam file",
    position = 1L,
    separate = TRUE),
  input(id = "level",
    type = "Integer",
    label = "Compression Level",
    description = "Set compression level, from 0 (uncompressed) to 9 (best)",
    position = 2L),
  input(id = "prefix",
    type = "String",
    label = "Prefix",
    description = "Write temporary files to PREFIX.nnnn.bam",
    position = 3L)
)
```

cli_list_projects List projects using Seven Bridges command line uploader
**cli_list_tags**

**Description**

List projects available as upload targets using Seven Bridges command line uploader.

**Usage**

```r
cli_list_projects(token = NULL, uploader = NULL, proxy = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

- **token**: Authentication token.
- **uploader**: The directory where Seven Bridges command line uploader is located (the directory that contains the bin/ directory).
- **proxy**: A proxy server through which the uploader should connect. For details the proxy parameter format, see the part on parameter --proxy in the reference below.

**Value**

Character vector of the available project names.

**References**

[http://docs.sevenbridges.com/docs/upload-via-the-command-line](http://docs.sevenbridges.com/docs/upload-via-the-command-line)

**See Also**

See `cli_upload` for uploading files with the command line uploader, `cli_list_tags` for listing all tags in a project.

**Examples**

```r
token = "your_token"

cli_list_projects(
  token = token,
  uploader = "~/Downloads/sbg-uploader/"
)
```

---

**cli_list_tags**  
*List all the tags in project using Seven Bridges command line uploader*

**Description**

List all the tags in a destination project using Seven Bridges command line uploader.

**Usage**

```r
cli_list_tags(token = NULL, uploader = NULL, project = NULL, proxy = NULL)
```
cli_upload

Arguments

token  Authentication token.

uploader  The directory where Seven Bridges command line uploader is located (the directory that contains the bin/ directory).

project  Unique identifier of the project, for example, "username/project-name".

proxy  A proxy server through which the uploader should connect. For details the proxy parameter format, see the part on parameter --proxy in the reference below.

Value

Character vector of file tags in the project.

References

http://docs.sevenbridges.com/docs/upload-via-the-command-line

See Also

See cli_upload for uploading files with the command line uploader, cli_list_projects for listing available projects.

Examples

token = "your_token"

cli_list_tags(
  token = token,
  uploader = "~/Downloads/sbg-uploader/",
  project = "username/project-name")

cli_upload

Upload files using Seven Bridges command line uploader

Description

Upload files using Seven Bridges command line uploader.

Usage

cli_upload(token = NULL, uploader = NULL, file = NULL, project = NULL, proxy = NULL, tag = NULL, manifest_file = NULL, manifest_metadata = c("all", "none", "partial"), metadata_fields = NULL, dry_run = FALSE, dry_run_fields = NULL)

misc_upload_cli()
Arguments

- **token**: Authentication token.
- **uploader**: The directory where the command line uploader is located (the directory that contains the bin/ directory).
- **file**: The location of the (single) file to upload. To upload multiple files, please use manifest_file to specify.
- **project**: The project identifier (e.g. username/project-name) to upload files to. This option is mandatory. To upload files to a project, you must be a member of that project and must have the write permission granted by the project administrator.
- **proxy**: A proxy server through which the uploader should connect. For details the proxy parameter format, see the part on parameter --proxy in the reference below.
- **tag**: Tags for your the files (optional). Use a vector of character strings, for instance, c("tag one", "the second tag").
- **manifest_file**: Location of the manifest file (for uploading multiple files with metadata). See the reference URL below for the format of a manifest file.
- **manifest_metadata**: Should we use all, none, or only a part of the the metadata fields included in the manifest file? Default is "all".
- **metadata_fields**: Character vector, the metadata fields to use in the manifest file. This should be specified if and only if manifest_metadata = "partial".
- **dry_run**: Should we just output the data and check the settings without uploading anything? Default is FALSE.
- **dry_run_fields**: Character vector, specific metadata fields to output information about when dry_run = TRUE.

Value

The uploaded file’s ID number.

Note

To use the command line uploader, Java 1.7 or newer should be installed. See the reference link below for details.

References

Seven Bridges Command Line Uploader: [http://docs.sevenbridges.com/docs/upload-via-the-command-line](http://docs.sevenbridges.com/docs/upload-via-the-command-line)

Manifest file format: [http://docs.sevenbridges.com/docs/format-of-a-manifest-file](http://docs.sevenbridges.com/docs/format-of-a-manifest-file)

See Also

See `get_uploader` for downloading the command line uploader for Seven Bridges platforms. See `cli_list_projects` and `cli_list_tags` for listing available projects or tags with the command line uploader.
**CommandInputSchema-class**

**Description**

An input parameter for a CommandLineTool.

**Examples**

```r
ipl <- InputParameterList(
  CommandInputParameter(id = "BAM", type = "File",
        label = "input bam",
        description = "input bam",
        inputBinding = CommandLineBinding(
            position = 1L
        )),
  CommandInputParameter(id = "level", type = "Integer",
        label = "Compression level",
        description = "Compression level",
        inputBinding = CommandLineBinding(
            position = 2L,
            prefix = "-l"
        ))
)
```

**CommandInputSchema-class**

**Description**

CommandInputSchema Class

**Examples**

```r
CommandInputSchema()
```
Description

When listed under inputBinding in the input schema, the term "value" refers to the corresponding value in the input object. For binding objects listed in CommandLineTool.arguments, the term "value" refers to the effective value after evaluating valueFrom.

Details

The binding behavior when building the command line depends on the data type of the value. If there is a mismatch between the type described by the input schema and the effective value, such as resulting from an expression evaluation, an implementation must use the data type of the effective value.

- character: Add prefix and the string to the command line.
- numeric: Add prefix and decimal representation to command line.
- logical: If true, add prefix to the command line. If false, add nothing.
- File: Add prefix and the value of File.path to the command line.
- *Array: If itemSeparator is specified, add prefix and the join the array into a single string with itemSeparator separating the items. Otherwise add prefix and recursively add individual elements.
- *object: Add prefix only, and recursively add object fields for which inputBinding is specified.
- null: Add nothing.

Fields

- position [integer] The sorting key. Default position is 0.
- prefix [character] Command line prefix to add before the value.
- separate [logical] If true (default) then the prefix and value must be added as separate command line arguments; if false, prefix and value must be concatenated into a single command line argument.
- itemSeparator [character] Join the array elements into a single string with the elements separated by by itemSeparator.
- valueFrom [characterOrExpression] If valueFrom is a constant string value, use this as the value and apply the binding rules above. If valueFrom is an expression, evaluate the expression to yield the actual value to use to build the command line and apply the binding rules above. If the inputBinding is associated with an input parameter, the "context" of the expression will be the value of the input parameter. When a binding is part of the CommandLineTool.arguments field, the valueFrom field is required.

Examples

CommandlineBinding(position = 1L, prefix = "-l")
Description

A CommandLineTool process is a process implementation for executing a non-interactive application in a POSIX environment. To help accommodate the enormous variety in syntax and semantics for input, runtime environment, invocation, and output of arbitrary programs, CommandLineTool provides the concept of "input binding" to describe how to translate input parameters to an actual program invocation, and "output binding" to describe how generate output parameters from program output.

Fields

baseCommand (character) Specifies the program to execute. If the value is an array, the first element is the program to execute, and subsequent elements are placed at the beginning of the command line in prior to any command line bindings. If the program includes a path separator character it must be an absolute path, otherwise it is an error. If the program does not include a path separator, search the $PATH variable in the runtime environment find the absolute path of the executable.

arguments [characterORCommandLineBinding] Command line bindings which are not directly associated with input parameters.

stdin [characterORExpression] A path to a file whose contents must be piped into the command's standard input stream.

stdout [characterORExpression] Capture the command's standard output stream to a file written to the designated output directory. If stdout is a string, it specifies the file name to use. If stdout is an expression, the expression is evaluated and must return a string with the file name to use to capture stdout. If the return value is not a string, or the resulting path contains illegal characters (such as the path separator /) it is an error.

successCodes [integer] Exit codes that indicate the process completed successfully.

temporaryFailCodes [integer] Exit codes that indicate the process failed due to a possibly temporary condition, where executing the process with the same runtime environment and inputs may produce different results.

permanentFailCodes [integer] Exit codes that indicate the process failed due to a permanent logic error, where executing the process with the same runtime environment and same inputs is expected to always fail.

Input binding

The tool command line is built by applying command line bindings to the input object. Bindings are listed either as part of an input parameter using the inputBinding field, or separately using the arguments field of the CommandLineTool.

The algorithm to build the command line is as follows. In this algorithm, the sort key is a list consisting of one or more numeric and string elements. Strings are sorted lexicographically based on UTF-8 encoding.

- Collect CommandLineBinding objects from arguments. Assign a sorting key [position, i] where position is CommandLineBinding.position and the i is the index in the arguments list.
• Collect CommandLineBinding objects from the inputs schema and associate them with values from the input object. Where the input type is a record, array, or map, recursively walk the schema and input object, collecting nested CommandLineBinding objects and associating them with values from the input object.

• Assign a sorting key for each leaf binding object by appending nested position fields together with the array index, or map key of the data at each nesting level. If two bindings have the same position, the tie must be broken using the lexicographic ordering of the field or parameter name immediately containing the binding.

• Sort elements using the assigned sorting keys. Numeric entries sort before strings.

• In the sorted order, apply the rules defined in CommandLineBinding to convert bindings to actual command line elements.

• Insert elements from baseCommand at the beginning of the command line.

Runtime environment

All files listed in the input object must be made available in the runtime environment. The implementation may use a shared or distributed file system or transfer files via explicit download. Implementations may choose not to provide access to files not explicitly specified by the input object or process requirements.

Output files produced by tool execution must be written to the designated output directory.

The initial current working directory when executing the tool must be the designated output directory.

The TMPDIR environment variable must be set in the runtime environment to the designated temporary directory. Any files written to the designated temporary directory may be deleted by the workflow platform when the tool invocation is complete.

An implementation may forbid the tool from writing to any location in the runtime environment file system other than the designated temporary directory and designated output directory. An implementation may provide read-only input files, and disallow in-place update of input files.

The standard input stream and standard output stream may be redirected as described in the stdin and stdout fields.

Extensions

DockerRequirement, CreateFileRequirement, and EnvVarRequirement, are available as standard extensions to core command line tool semantics for defining the runtime environment.

Execution

Once the command line is built and the runtime environment is created, the actual tool is executed.

The standard error stream and standard output stream (unless redirected by setting stdout) may be captured by platform logging facilities for storage and reporting.

Tools may be multithreaded or spawn child processes; however, when the parent process exits, the tool is considered finished regardless of whether any detached child processes are still running.

Tools must not require any kind of console, GUI, or web based user interaction in order to start and run to completion.

The exit code of the process indicates if the process completed successfully. By convention, an exit code of zero is treated as success and non-zero exit codes are treated as failure. This may be customized by providing the fields successCodes, temporaryFailCodes, and permanentFailCodes. An implementation may choose to default unspecified non-zero exit codes to either temporaryFailure or permanentFailure.
Output binding

If the output directory contains a file called "cwl.output.json", that file must be loaded and used as the output object. Otherwise, the output object must be generated by walking the parameters listed in outputs and applying output bindings to the tool output. Output bindings are associated with output parameters using the outputBinding field. See CommandOutputBinding for details.

Examples

ipl <- InputParameterList(
  InputParameter(id = "BAM", type = "File",
                label = "input bam",
                description = "input bam",
                inputBinding = CommandLineBinding(
                      position = 1L
                )),
  InputParameter(id = "level", type = "Integer",
                label = "Compression level",
                description = "Compression level",
                inputBinding = CommandLineBinding(
                      position = 2L,
                      prefix = "-l"
                )),
  Digest(id = "md5", type = "String",
        description = "MD5 sum",
        inputBinding = TextBinding()
  )
)

clt <- CommandLineTool(inputs = ipl, baseCommand = "samtools sort")

---

CommandOutputBinding-class

CommandOutputBinding Class

Description

Describes how to generate an output parameter based on the files produced by a CommandLineTool. The output parameter is generated by applying these operations in the following order: glob, loadContents, outputEval.

Fields

glob [characterORExpression] Find files relative to the output directory, using POSIX glob(3) pathname matching. If provided an array, match all patterns in the array. If provided an expression, the expression must return a string or an array of strings, which will then be evaluated as a glob pattern. Only files which actually exist will be matched and returned.

outputEval [Expression] Evaluate an expression to generate the output value. If glob was specified, the script context will be an array containing any files that were matched. Additionally, if loadContents is true, the file objects will include up to the first 64 KiB of file contents in the contents field.

Examples

CommandOutputBinding(glob = "*.bam")
**CommandOutputParameter-class**

*CommandOutputParameter Class*

**Description**

CommandOutputParameter Class

**Fields**

outputBinding [CommandOutputBinding] Describes how to handle the concrete outputs of a process step (such as files created by a program) and describe them in the process output parameter.

**Examples**

CommandOutputParameter(outputBinding = CommandOutputBinding(glob = "*.bam"))

---

**CommandOutputSchema-class**

*CommandOutputSchema*

**Description**

CommandOutputSchema

**Fields**

outputBinding [CommandOutputBinding] Describes how to handle the concrete outputs of a process step (such as files created by a program) and describe them in the process output parameter.

**Examples**

CommandOutputSchema()
convert_app

Convert App or a CWL JSON file to Tool or Flow object

Description
Convert App or a CWL JSON file to Tool or Flow object

Usage
convert_app(from)
appType(x)

Arguments
from  an App object or a CWL JSON
x      a App object

Details
This function import CWL JSON file, based on its class: CommandLineTool or Workflow to relevant object in R, Tool object or Flow object.

Value
Tool or Flow object depends on CWL type.

appType
this function return class of a App object.

Examples

```r
tool.in = system.file("extdata/app", "tool_star.json", package = "sevenbridges")
flow.in = system.file("extdata/app", "flow_star.json", package = "sevenbridges")
# convert to Tool object
convert_app(tool.in)
# convert to Flow object
convert_app(flow.in)
```

CPURequirement-class

Rabix specific Requirements

Description
Extends ProcessRequirements. CPURequirement and MemRequirement to setup CPU and Memory requirements and hints.
Usage

docker(pull = NULL, imageId = NULL, load = NULL, file = NULL,
output = NULL, dockerPull = pull, dockerImageId = imageId,
dockerLoad = load, dockerFile = file, dockerOutputDirectory = output,
...)

requirements(...)  

fileDef(name = NULL, content = NULL)

Arguments

pull       [short form argument] Docker Repository[:Tag] like rocker/r-base  
imageId    [short form argument] The image id that will be used for docker run, imageId  
           Optionally set the id of image you get from SDK.  
load       [short form argument] Specify a HTTP URL from which to download a Docker  
           image using docker load.  
file       [short form argument] Supply the contents of a Dockerfile which will be built  
           using docker build.  
output     [short form argument] Set the designated output directory to a specific location  
           inside the Docker container.  
dockerPull Docker Repository[:Tag] like rocker/r-base  
dockerImageId The image id that will be used for docker run, imageId  
           Optionally set the id of image you get from SDK.  
dockerLoad Specify a HTTP URL from which to download a Docker image using docker  
           load.  
dockerFile Supply the contents of a Dockerfile which will be built using docker build.  
dockerOutputDirectory  
           Set the designated output directory to a specific location inside the Docker con-  
           tainer.  
...          extra arguments passed  
nname       file name  
content     file content, could be script

Details

It constructs ProesssRequirementList object, or from a returned raw list contains or requirements.

Value

A Requirement subclass.

Fields

value  [Integer] for CPU default is 1L, if 0L, use all CPU. For mem, default is 1000L. Note: for  
       CPU, 0L means multi-tread, and non-zero value will be converted to 1L, which means single  
       thread.
Examples

cpu(1)
CPURequirement(value = 1L)
docker("rocker/r-base")
requirements(docker("rocker/r-base"), cpu(1), mem(1024))
mem(2000)
MemRequirement(value = 2000L)
aws("c3.8xlarge")
anyReq("any")

CWL-class

Class CWL

Description

Define CWL class and generic methods, no fields defined.

Methods

getFields(values) return fields as a list, used for following conversion, does not assume the value is primitive type.
toJSON(...) Covert object to JSON
toList(...) Convert object to a list of simple data types
toYAML(...) Covert object to YAML

Examples

## no fields, only to provide methods to be extended
x <- CWL()

Delete files

Description

Delete files

Usage

delete(obj)

## S4 method for signature 'SimpleList'
delete(obj)

## S4 method for signature 'Files'
delete(obj)

## S4 method for signature 'Task'
delete(obj)
**download**

**Arguments**

- **obj**  
  single File or FileList

**Value**

- system message

**Examples**

```r
## Not run:
a$project("demo")$file("omni")$delete()
# or
delete(a$project("demo")$file("omni"))
## End(Not run)
```

---

**download**  
*Download files*

**Description**

Download files

**Usage**

```r
download(obj, ...)
```

- **S4 method for signature 'FilesList'**
  ```r
download(obj, ...)
  ```

- **S4 method for signature 'Files'**
  ```r
download(obj, ...)
  ```

**Arguments**

- **obj**  
  single File or FileList

- **...**  
  passed to download()

**Value**

- system message

**Examples**

```r
## Not run:
a$project("demo")$file("omni")$download()
# or
download(a$project("demo")$file("omni"))
## End(Not run)
```
Expression-class

**DSCList**

_DSC list_

**Description**

Contains DatatypeSingleEnum, Schema, character

**Usage**

DSCList(...)

**Arguments**

... element or list of the element.

**Value**

a DSCList

**Examples**

DSCList("test", DatatypeEnum(), Schema())

---

**Expression-class**

_Expression Class_

**Description**

Define an expression that will be evaluated and used to modify the behavior of a tool or workflow. See Expressions for more information about expressions and ExpressionEngineRequirement for information on how to define a expression engine.

**Fields**

- **engine** (JsonPointerORcharacter) Either cwl:JsonPointer or a reference to an ExpressionEngineRequirement defining which engine to use.
- **script** (character) The code to be executed by the expression engine.

**Examples**

Expression(engine = "#cwl-js-engine", script = "$job.inputs['threads']")
ExpressionTool-class

ExpressionTool Class

Description

Execute an expression as a process step.

Fields

expression (Expression) The expression to execute. The expression must return a JSON object which matches the output parameters of the ExpressionTool.

Examples

ExpressionTool(expression = Expression(engine = "cwl:JsonPointer", script = "$job.inputs['threads']"))

FileList

FileList Class

Description

FileList Class

File Class

Usage

FileList(...)

Arguments

... element or list of the element.

Value

File class generator

Fields

class (character) Must be File to indicate this object describes a file.
path (character) The path to the file.
checksum [character] Optional hash code for validating file integrity. Currently must be in the form "sha1$ + hexadecimal string" using the SHA-1 algorithm.
size [numeric] Optional file size.
secondaryFile [FileList] A list of additional files that are associated with the primary file and must be transferred alongside the primary file. Examples include indexes of the primary file, or external references which must be included when loading primary document. A file object listed in secondaryFiles may itself include secondaryFiles for which the same rules apply.
Examples

```r
library(jsonlite)
library(yaml)
f1 <- File()
f2 <- File(path = "./out.bam", checksum = "test",
    size = 3L, secondaryFile = FileList(File(path = "./out.bai")))
fl <- FileList(f1, f2)
asList(fl)
writeLines(asYAML(fl))
asJSON(fl)
f1
f2
fl
```

Files-class  

Class Files

Description

Class Files

Usage

FilesList(...)

Arguments

... one or more Files objects

Details

Files (with "s") class is usually returned by the API call which returns Files. A group of Files is defined as FilesList. Users do not usually need to construct Files or FilesList manually, they are generated from a API call most of the time.

Value

Files object

Fields

id character used as file id
name string used as file name
size file size
project project id if any, when returned by a API call, it usually return the project id and stored with the object.
created_on date created on
modified_on date modified on
storage list as storage type
origin list as origin
Folders-class

```r
tags list as tags
metadata a list for metadata associated with the file
url file download url
```

**Methods**

- `add_tag(x, ...)`: add new tags while keeping old tags
- `copy_to(project = NULL, name = NULL)`: copy a file to a project (id) with new name
- `download(destfile, ..., method = "curl")`: see `help(download.file)` for more options
- `meta()`: get metadata from a file
- `setMeta(..., overwrite = FALSE)`: set metadata with provided list, when overwrite is set to `TRUE`, it overwrites the metadata
- `set_meta(..., overwrite = FALSE)`: set metadata with provided list, when overwrite is set to `TRUE`, it overwrites the metadata
- `set_tag(x = NULL, overwrite = TRUE, ...)`: set a tag for a file, your tag need to be a list or vector
- `tag()`: get tag from a file
- `update(name = NULL, metadata = NULL, tags = NULL)`: This call updates the name, the full set metadata, and tags for a specified file.

**Note**

In sevenbridges package version <= 1.5.4, the Files class inherits from the File class defined in CWL. To avoid confusion, in the current implementation, they are defined separately and not coupled anymore.

**Examples**

```r
Files(id = "test_id", name = "test.bam")
```

---

**Folders-class**

**Class Folders**

**Description**

Class Folders

**Details**

Folders class is usually returned by the API call which returns Folders. It allows you to create and organize folders on platform. Folders are created inside projects, and can be used to contain files within the project. Users do not usually need to construct Folders manually, they are generated from a API call most of the time.

**Value**

Folders object
**Fields**

- **id** character string used as folder ID
- **name** character string used as folder name
- **project** project name the folder belongs to
- **parent** parent folder ID, usually returned by the project details (`root_folder`) or listed folder contents
- **type** file type: `FILE` or `FOLDER`
- **created_on** date the folder was created
- **modified_on** date the folder was modified

**Methods**

- `copy_file_to_folder(...)` copy a file between folders
- `create_folder(name = NULL, ...)` create a new folder
- `delete(...)` delete the folder
- `list_contents(...)` list folder contents
- `move_file_to_folder(...)` move a file between folders

**Examples**

```r
Folders(id = "test_id", name = "test.bam")
```

---

**FS-class**

**FS class**

**Description**

FS class

**Arguments**

- **server_address** placeholder
- **api_address** placeholder
- **vsfs_jar** placeholder
- **cache_dir** placeholder
- **cache_size** placeholder
- **project_id** placeholder

**Methods**

- `file(id = NULL)` given project id, show all files in it
- `mount(mount_point = NULL, project_id = NULL, ignore.stdout = TRUE, sudo = TRUE, ...)` mount a specific project if project_id is provided, otherwise mount all projects
- `path(id = NULL)` list path for all mounted projects, for easy copy/paste of file path; if project id is provized, show project path and files path
- `unmount(mount_cmd = NULL, project_id = NULL, ...)` unmount a project if project_id is provided, otherwise unmount all
get_cwl_class

Get class from CWL JSON file

**Description**
Get class from CWL JSON file

**Usage**
get_cwl_class(input)

**Arguments**
- **input**
  - cwl json file path

**Value**
character for cwl class "Workflow" or "CommandLineTool"

**Examples**

tool.in = system.file("extdata/app", "tool_unpack_fastq.json", package = "sevenbridges")
flow.in = system.file("extdata/app", "flow_star.json", package = "sevenbridges")
get_cwl_class(tool.in)
is_commandlinetool(tool.in)
is_workflow(tool.in)
get_cwl_class(flow.in)
is_commandlinetool(flow.in)
is_workflow(flow.in)

get_token

Opens web browser to copy the auth token

**Description**
Click the "Generate Token" or "Regenerate" button, copy and paste the authentication token string to the R console. The function will return the token string.

**Usage**
get_token(platform = c("cgc", "aws-us", "aws-eu", "gcp", "cavatica"))
misc_get_token()

**Arguments**
- **platform**
  - The Seven Bridges platform to use.

**Value**
auth token
**get_uploader**

**Examples**

```r
token = NULL
  # Will be prompted to enter the auth token
  token = get_token(platform = "cgc")
```

---

**get_uploader**

*Download Seven Bridges command line uploader and extract to a specified directory*

**Description**

This function downloads Seven Bridges command line uploader and extract the .tgz archive to a specified directory.

**Usage**

```r
get_uploader(platform = c("cgc", "aws-us", "aws-eu", "gcp"),
             destdir = NULL,
             quiet = FALSE)
```

```r
misc_get_uploader()
```

**Arguments**

- **platform**
  - Seven Bridges platform for which the uploader is designed. Possible choices are: "cgc" (Cancer Genomics Cloud), "aws-us" (Amazon Web Services US), "aws-eu" (Amazon Web Services EU), and "gcp" (Google Cloud Platform). Default is "cgc".

- **destdir**
  - The directory to extract the downloaded Seven Bridges command line uploader to. If the specified directory is not present, it will be created.

- **quiet**
  - Should the download progress be printed?

**Value**

0 if the command line uploader is successfully downloaded and unarchived.

**References**

[http://docs.sevenbridges.com/docs/upload-via-the-command-line](http://docs.sevenbridges.com/docs/upload-via-the-command-line)

**Examples**

```r
# Download CGC CLI uploader to `~/Downloads`
dir = "~/Downloads/
get_uploader("cgc", dir)
```
Handler-class

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<th>Handler instance</th>
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**Description**

Create Handler instance

**Details**

Used for parse R Markdown and lift into command line interface, Dockerfile, Docker container, and cwl json.

**Value**

a Handler object

**Fields**

- `dockerfileHandler` a function or NULL, how you handle Dockefile, for example, push it to GitHub.
- `dockerHandler` a function or NULL, how you handle local docker container, for example, push it to DockerHub.
- `cwlHandler` a function or NULL, how you handle cwl json file or yaml file, for example, push it to SevenBridges platform as an app.

**input_matrix**

Get input/output matrix out of JSON CWL file directly

**Description**

An efficient way to access JSON file, no need to convert a JSON into a Tool or Flow object before access, directly operate on a list parsed from JSON file. Compare to convert_app, it is much faster.

**Usage**

```r
input_matrix(from, new.order = c("id", "label", "type", "required", "prefix", "fileTypes"), required = NULL)
```

```r
output_matrix(from, new.order = c("id", "label", "type", "fileTypes"))
```

**Arguments**

- `from` JSON file path
- `new.order` a vector of column orders by default for input it’s "id", "label", "type", "required", "prefix", "fileTypes"; For output it’s "id", "label", "type", "fileTypes"
- `required` logical value, show required input node only or not.
Value

A data frame of input/output information.

Examples

```r
tool.in = system.file("extdata/app", "tool_unpack_fastq.json", package = "sevenbridges")
flow.in = system.file("extdata/app", "flow_star.json", package = "sevenbridges")
input_matrix(tool.in)
input_matrix(tool.in, required = TRUE)
input_matrix(flow.in)
input_matrix(flow.in, c("id", "type"))
output_matrix(tool.in)
output_matrix(flow.in)
```

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</table>

Description

Class Item

Details

Base class for describing a set of objects: Project, Task, Pipeline, Files, etc.

Fields

- `response` save the raw response from a request.
- `auth_token` propagate the auth_token from parent.
- `href` API href

Description

link two nodes to form a new Workflow
### Usage

```r
link(from, to, ...)  

## S4 method for signature 'Tool,Tool'
link(from, to, id1, id2, flow_id = NULL,  
    flow_label = NULL, flow_input = NULL, flow_output = NULL)

## S4 method for signature 'Tool,Workflow'
link(from, to, id1, id2, flow_id = NULL,  
    flow_label = NULL, flow_input = NULL, flow_output = NULL)

## S4 method for signature 'Workflow,Tool'
link(from, to, id1, id2, flow_id = NULL,  
    flow_label = NULL, flow_input = NULL, flow_output = NULL)

## S4 method for signature 'Workflow,Workflow'
link(from, to, id1, id2)

## S4 method for signature 'App,ToolORWorkflow'
link(from, to, id1, id2)

## S4 method for signature 'ToolORWorkflow,App'
link(from, to, id1, id2)
```

### Arguments

- `from` either Tool App or Workflow object
- `to` either Tool App or Workflow object
- `...` more arguments
- `id1` id to be connected from the output of the first node
- `id2` id id to be connected from the input of the second first node
- `flow_id` workflow id, if ignored, going to create one by joining tool id.
- `flow_label` workflow label, if ignored, going to create one by joining tool labels.
- `flow_input` full flow input id, e.g. "#SBG_Unpack_FASTQs.input_archive_file"
- `flow_output` full flow output id, e.g. "#STAR.log_files"

### Details

Flexible enought to allow users to connect two objects by ids

### Value

A Workflow object

### Examples

```r
t1 = system.file("extdata/app", "tool_unpack_fastq.json", package = "sevenbridges")
t2 = system.file("extdata/app", "tool_star.json", package = "sevenbridges")
t1 = convert_app(t1)
t2 = convert_app(t2)
# check possible link
```
link_what(t1, t2)
  # link
  f1 = link(t1, t2, "output_fastq_files", "reads")
  # link
  f2 = link(t1, t2, "output_fastq_files", "reads",
            flow_input = "#SBG_Unpack_FASTQs.input_archive_file",
            flow_output = "#STAR.log_files")

### Description

List possible linking methods

- shows potential link methods by providing grouped inputs/outputs
- shows potential link methods by providing grouped inputs/outputs
- shows potential link methods by providing grouped inputs/outputs
- shows potential link methods by providing grouped inputs/outputs

### Usage

link_what(from, to, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'Tool,Tool'
link_what(from, to)

## S4 method for signature 'Tool,SBGWorkflow'
link_what(from, to)

## S4 method for signature 'SBGWorkflow,Tool'
link_what(from, to)

## S4 method for signature 'SBGWorkflow,SBGWorkflow'
link_what(from, to)

### Arguments

- from: either Tool App or SBGWorkflow object
- to: either Tool App or Workflow object
- ... more arguments

### Details

Given two object of Tool, Flow or App, list all possible input/output match.

### Value

A Workflow object
misc_make_metadata

Examples

t1 = system.file("extdata/app", "tool_unpack_fastq.json",
                package = "sevenbridges")
t2 = system.file("extdata/app", "tool_star.json",
                package = "sevenbridges")
t1 = convert_app(t1)
t2 = convert_app(t2)
# check possible link
link_what(t1, t2)
tool.in = system.file("extdata/app", "tool_unpack_fastq.json", package = "sevenbridges")
flow.in = system.file("extdata/app", "flow_star.json", package = "sevenbridges")
t1 = convert_app(tool.in)
f2 = convert_app(flow.in)
link_what(t1, f2)
tool.in = system.file("extdata/app", "tool_unpack_fastq.json", package = "sevenbridges")
flow.in = system.file("extdata/app", "flow_star.json", package = "sevenbridges")
t1 = convert_app(tool.in)
f2 = convert_app(flow.in)
link_what(f2, t1)

misc_make_metadata  Meta schema

Description
Meta schema

Usage

misc_make_metadata()

Details
V2 version for meta data schema

Value
a Metadata object

Examples

# show schema (you can still provide customized one)
# empty because they are all NULL
Metadata()
# show schema
Metadata()$show(TRUE)
# or
names(Metadata()$asList(TRUE))
# returned meta field is actually define as function too, directly
# call them will give you details
platform()
paired_end()
quality_scale()
# check their suggested value and construct your metadata
Metadata(platform = "Affymetrix SNP Array 6.0", paired_end = 1, quality_scale = "sanger")
Parameter class (reference class)

Description
Define an input or output parameter to a process.

InputParameterList
OutputParameterList
InputParameter Class
OutputParameter Class

Usage

InputParameterList(...)

OutputParameterList(...)

Arguments

... element or list of the element.

Value
Parameter object

Fields

- type [ANY] Specify valid types of data that may be assigned to this parameter.
- label [character] A short, human-readable label of this parameter object.
- description [character] A long, human-readable description of this parameter object.
- streamable [logical] Currently only applies if type is File. A value of true indicates that the file is read or written sequentially without seeking. An implementation may use this flag to indicate whether it is valid to stream file contents using a named pipe. Default: false.
- default [ANY] The default value for this parameter if not provided in the input object.
- id (character) The unique identifier for this parameter object.
- inputBinding [Binding] Describes how to handle the inputs of a process and convert them into a concrete form for execution, such as command line parameters.
- id (character) The unique identifier for this parameter object.

Examples

Parameter(type = "integer", label = "thread",
  description = "Specify the thread ",
  default = 0)

ipl <- InputParameterList(
  InputParameter(id = "BAM", type = "File",
  label = "input bam",
  description = "input bam",
  streamable = TRUE,
  inputBinding = InputBinding(...)))
PrimitiveSingleEnum-class

Pre-defined enums

Description

Please check cwl:::.CWL.Primitive, cwl:::.CWL.Complex.

Examples

PrimitiveEnum()
PrimitiveEnum("boolean")
ComplexEnum("record")
DatatypeEnum("map")

Process-class

Process Class

Description

The base executable type in CWL is the Process object defined by the document. Note that the Process object is abstract and cannot be directly executed.

Fields

id [character] The unique identifier for this process object.
inputs (InputParameterList) Defines the input parameters of the process. The process is ready to run when all required input parameters are associated with concrete values. Input parameters include a schema for each parameter and is used to validate the input object, it may also be used build a user interface for constructing the input object.
outputs (OutputParameterList) Defines the parameters representing the output of the process. May be used to generate and/or validate the output object.
requirements [ProcessRequirementList] Declares requirements that apply to either the runtime environment or the workflow engine that must be met in order to execute this process. If an implementation cannot satisfy all requirements, or a requirement is listed which is not recognized by the implementation, it is a fatal error and the implementation must not attempt to run the process, unless overridden at user option.
processRequirement-class

hints [ANY] Declares hints applying to either the runtime environment or the workflow engine that may be helpful in executing this process. It is not an error if an implementation cannot satisfy all hints, however the implementation may report a warning.

label [character] A short, human-readable label of this process object.

description [character] A long, human-readable description of this process object.

Examples

ipl <- InputParameterList(
    InputParameter(id = "BAM", type = "File",
                   label = "input bam",
                   description = "input bam",
                   inputBinding = CommandLineBinding(
                                   position = 1L
                   )
    ),
    InputParameter(id = "level", type = "Integer",
                   label = "Compression level",
                   description = "Compression level",
                   inputBinding = CommandLineBinding(
                                   position = 2L,
                                   prefix = "-l"
                   )
    )
)

ipl

p <- Process(id = "process", inputs = ipl)
p
ProcessRequirement

A process requirement modifies the semantics or runtime environment of a process. If an implementation cannot satisfy all requirements, or a requirement is listed which is not recognized by the implementation, it is a fatal error and the implementation must not attempt to run the process, unless overridden at user option.

(character) The specific requirement type.

DockerRequirement Class

class Indicates that a workflow component should be run in a Docker container, and specifies how to fetch or build the image. If a CommandLineTool lists DockerRequirement under hints or requirements, it may (or must) be run in the specified Docker container. The platform must first acquire or install the correct Docker image, as described by DockerRequirement. The platform must execute the tool in the container using docker run with the appropriate Docker image and the tool command line. The workflow platform may provide input files and the designated output directory through the use of volume bind mounts. The platform may rewrite file paths in the input object to correspond to the Docker bind mounted locations. When running a tool contained in Docker, the workflow platform must not assume anything about the contents of the Docker container, such as the presence or absence of specific software, except to assume that the generated command line represents a valid command within the runtime environment of the container.

(character) Get a Docker image using docker pull
dockerPull dockerLoad (character) Specify a HTTP URL from which to download a Docker image using docker load.
dockerFile (character) Supply the contents of a Dockerfile which will be build using docker build.
dockerImageId (character) The image id that will be used for docker run. May be a human-readable image name or the image identifier hash. May be skipped if dockerPull is specified, in which case the dockerPull image id will be used.
dockerOutputDirectory (character) Set the designated output directory to a specific location inside the Docker container.

SubworkflowFeatureRequirement Class

Indicates that the workflow platform must support nested workflows in the run field of (Workflow-Step)(#workflowstep).

FileDef Class

Define a file that must be placed by in the designated output directory prior to executing the command line tool. May be the result of executing an expression, such as building a configuration file from a template.

(name) The name of the file to create in the output directory.

(name)Content (characterORExpression) If the value is a string literal or an expression which evaluates to a string, a new file must be created with the string as the file contents. If the value is an expression that evaluates to a File object, this indicates the referenced file should be added to the designated output directory prior to executing the tool. Files added in this way may be read-only, and may be implemented through bind mounts or file system links in such a way as to avoid unnecessary copying of the input file.
CreateFileRequirement Class

Define a list of files that must be created and placed by the workflow platform in the designated output directory prior to executing the command line tool. See FileDef for details.

(FileDefList) The list of files.

EnvironmentDef Class

fileDef Define an environment variable that will be set in the runtime environment by the workflow platform when executing the command line tool. May be the result of executing an expression, such as getting a parameter from input.

(character) The environment variable name.

envName envValue (characterORExpression) The environment variable value.

EnvVarRequirement Class

Define a list of environment variables which will be set in the execution environment of the tool. See EnvironmentDef for details.

(EnvironmentDefList) The list of environment variables.

ScatterFeatureRequirement Class

envDef Indicates that the workflow platform must support the scatter and scatterMethod fields of (WorkflowStep)(#workflowstep).

ExpressionEngineRequirement Class

Define an expression engine, as described in Expressions.

(character) Used to identify the expression engine in the engine field of Expressions.

requirements [ProcessRequirement]Requirements to run this expression engine, such as DockerRequirement for specifying a container with the engine.

engineCommand [character] The command line to invoke the expression engine.

engineConfig [character] Additional configuration or code fragments that will also be passed to the expression engine. The semantics of this field are defined by the underlying expression engine. Intended for uses such as providing function definitions that will be called from CWL expressions.

Examples

dkr <- DockerRequirement(dockerImageId = "testid")
cfr <- CreateFileRequirement(fileDef = FileDefList(FileDef(filename = "hello.txt")))
sfr <- SubworkflowFeatureRequirement()
evr <- EnvVarRequirement(envDef = EnvironmentDefList(
    EnvironmentDef(envName = "path",
        envValue = "testpath")
))
safr <- ScatterFeatureRequirement()
eer <- ExpressionEngineRequirement(id = "hello")
ProcessRequirementList(dkr, cfr, sfr, evr, safr, eer)
**project_details**  
*Returns the details of the project*

**Description**  
Returns the details of the project.

**Usage**  
`project_details(token = NULL, project_id = NULL, ...)`

**Arguments**
- token: auth token
- project_id: ID of a project you want to access.
- ...: parameters passed to api function

**Value**
parsed list of the returned json

**Examples**
```r
token = "your_token"

req = project_details(token,  
  project_id = "b0b3a611-6bb0-47e5-add7-a83402cf7858")
```

**project_members**  
*Returns a list of all users invited to the project and their privileges*

**Description**  
Returns a list of all users invited to the project and their privileges. Project ID is specified as path parameter. Call returns ID and username of the user with privileges.

**Usage**  
`project_members(token = NULL, project_id = NULL, ...)`

**Arguments**
- token: auth token
- project_id: ID of a project you want to access.
- ...: parameters passed to api function

**Value**
parsed list of the returned json
Examples

token = "your_token"

req = project_members(token,
    project_id = "b0b3a611-6bb0-47e5-add7-a83402cf7858")

response

Get raw response from an Item object

Description

Get raw response from an Item object

Usage

response(x)

response(x) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
response(x)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'ANY'
response(x) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'Item'
response(x)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'Item'
response(x) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'SimpleList'
response(x)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'SimpleList'
response(x) <- value

Arguments

x          object that may have response.
value      value to be replaced.

Value

a raw response from html

Examples

## Not run:
response(x)

## End(Not run)
SBGWorkflow-class

Build workflow

Description

Build workflow

Usage

Flow(..., graph = TRUE, x.width = 1000, y.width = 400, x.start = 100,
     y.start = 200, canvas_zoom = 1, canvas_x = 40, canvas_y = 130)

## S4 method for signature 'Tool,Tool'
 e1 + e2

## S4 method for signature 'WorkflowStepList,Tool'
 e1 + e2

## S4 method for signature 'WorkflowStepList,WorkflowStepList'
 e1 + e2

## S4 method for signature 'App,App'
 e1 + e2

## S4 method for signature 'WorkflowStepList,App'
 e1 + e2

 e1 %>>% e2

## S4 method for signature 'Tool,Tool'
 e1 %>>% e2

## S4 method for signature 'Workflow,Tool'
 e1 %>>% e2

## S4 method for signature 'Workflow,Workflow'
 e1 %>>% e2

## S4 method for signature 'App,App'
 e1 %>>% e2

## S4 method for signature 'Workflow,App'
 e1 %>>% e2

Arguments

... extra arguments passed to SBGWorkflow

graph if add graph coordinates or not, used for flow visualization on Seven Bridges platforms.

x.width x scale width
y.width  y scale width
x.start   node x start point for a flow
y.start   node y start point for a flow
canvas_zoom zoom factor
canvas_x  canvas x
canvas_y  canvas y
e1        either Tool App or Workflow object
e2        either Tool App or Workflow object

Value

a SBGWorkflow object.

Methods

copy_obj() this is a hack to make copy of reference cwl object
get_input(ids, force = FALSE) get input by pure input id from all steps
get_input_exposed() exposed input id other than file
get_input_node() get input file nodes id
get_input_port() show included port of all inputs
get_output(ids, force = FALSE) get output by pure output id from all steps
get_output_node() get output file nodes id
get_required() show flow required input id and types
get_step(name = NULL, id = NULL) get step object by name or id, name support pattern match
get_tool(name = NULL, id = NULL) get a tool object by name or id, name support pattern match
input_id() show input id
input_matrix(new.order = c("id", "label", "type", "required", "prefix", "fileTypes"), required = TRUE) This return a matrix of input parameters, by default, following the order id, label, type, required, prefix, fileTypes. new.order accept names of column you want to print, but it has to be a field of inputs. When its set to NULL, it prints all fields. When required = TRUE, only print required field.
input_type() show a vector of flow input type, names of them are input id
link_map() show a table of all linked nodes
linked_input_id() input id that linked to an output
linked_output_id() output id that linked to an input
list_tool() list all tools included in this flow
output_id() show output id
output_matrix(new.order = c("id", "label", "type", "fileTypes")) This return a matrix of output parameters, by default, following the order id, label, type, fileTypes. new.order accept names of column you want to print, but it has to be a field of outputs. When its set to NULL, it prints all fields. When required = TRUE, only print required field.
output_type() show a vector of flow output type, names of them are output id
run(run_inputs = list(), engine = c("bunny", "rabix", "cwlrun")) Run this tool with inputs locally. engine supported: bunny, rabix, cwlrun. inputs accept list or JSON.
set_batch(input = NULL, criteria = NULL, type = c("ITEM", "CRITERIA")) Set a flow input node into a batch mode, this is now required before you execute a batch task on a batch-not-enabled flow.

set_flow_input(id = NULL, add = TRUE) expose tool input node as flow input, default is additive, if add = FALSE this will overwrite and only made provided id inputs of flow

set_flow_output(id = NULL, add = TRUE) expose tool output node as flow output, default is additive, if add = FALSE this will overwrite and only made provided id outputs of flow

set_input_port(ids, include = TRUE) set included port for provided input id(s)

set_required(ids, required = TRUE) Set a input node required (TRUE) or not required (FALSE) this require full input id (with tool id prefix) such as #STAR.alignIntronMax

step_input_id(full = FALSE) Show step input id, default names of them is tool id. When full = TRUE, show full name then names of vector is type.

step_output_id(full = FALSE) Show step output id, default names of them is tool id. when full = TRUE, show full name then names of vector is type.

Examples

```r
f1 = system.file("extdata/app", "flow_star.json", package = "sevenbridges")
f1 = convert_app(f1)
# input matrix
f1$input_matrix()
# by name
f1[input_matrix(c("id", "type", "required", "link_to"))]
# return only required
f1$input_matrix(required = TRUE)
# return everything
f1$input_matrix(NULL)
# return a output matrix with more information
f1$output_matrix()
# return only a few fields
f1$output_matrix(c("id", "type"))
# return everything
f1$output_matrix(NULL)
# flow inputs
f1$input_type()
# flow outouts
f1$output_type()
# flow input id
f1$input_id()
# linked input id
f1$link_input_id()
# flow output id
f1$output_id()
# linked output id
f1$link_output_id()
# link_map
f1$link_map()
# all step input id
f1$step_input_id()
# all step input full id with type
f1$step_input_id(TRUE)
# all step output id
f1$step_output_id()
# all step output full id with type
```
sbg_get_env

Set authentication environment variables for Seven Bridges API

Description

Set authentication environment variables for Seven Bridges API
Usage

sbg_get_env(x)

Arguments

x Name of the system environment variable

Value

value of the environment variable

Examples

# set and get two environment variables for CGC
token = "your_token"
## Not run:
sbg_set_env("https://cgc-api.sbgenomics.com/v2", token)
sbg_get_env("SB_API_ENDPOINT")
sbg_get_env("SB_AUTH_TOKEN")
## End(Not run)

sbg_set_env

Set authentication environment variables for Seven Bridges API

Description

Set authentication environment variables for Seven Bridges API

Usage

sbg_set_env(url = NULL, token = NULL)

Arguments

url Base URL for API.
token Your authentication token.

Value

set two environment variables for authentication

Examples

# set and get environment variables for CGC
token = "your_token"
## Not run:
sbg_set_env("https://cgc-api.sbgenomics.com/v2", token)
sbg_get_env("SB_API_ENDPOINT")
sbg_get_env("SB_AUTH_TOKEN")
## End(Not run)
Description

A schema defines a parameter type.

Usage

Arguments

Value

Fields

type (ANY) The data type of this parameter.

fields [SchemaList] When type is record, defines the fields of the record.
symbols [character] When type is enum, defines the set of valid symbols.
items [ANY] When type is array, defines the type of the array elements.
values [ANY] When type is map, defines the value type for the key/value pairs.

inputBinding [Binding] Describes how to handle a value in the input object convert it into a concrete form for execution, such as command line parameters.

Examples

Schema(fields = SchemaList(SchemaDef(name = "schema")))
**setListClass**

*List Class generator.*

**Description**

Extends IRanges SimpleList class and return constructor.

**Usage**

```r
setListClass(elementType = NULL, suffix = "List", contains = NULL,
where = topenv(parent.frame()))
```

**Arguments**

- `elementType` [character]
- `suffix` [character] default is "List"
- `contains` [character] class name.
- `where` environment.

**Value**

S4 class constructor

---

**setTaskHook**

*set task function hook*

**Description**

set task function hook according to

**Usage**

```r
setTaskHook(status = c("queued", "draft", "running", "completed", "aborted", "failed"), fun)

getTaskHook(status = c("queued", "draft", "running", "completed", "aborted", "failed"))
```

**Arguments**

- `status` one of "queued", "draft", "running", "completed", "aborted", or "failed".
- `fun` function it must return a TRUE or FALSE in the end of function body, when it's TRUE this function will also terminate monitor process, if FALSE, function called, but not going to terminate task monitoring process.

**Value**

object from setHook and getHook.
Examples

```r
getTaskHook("completed")
setTaskHook("completed", function()
  message("completed")
  return(TRUE)
)
```

Description

Set file tags
Add new file tags and keep the old tags

Usage

```r
set_tag(obj, ...)
```

```r
## S4 method for signature 'FilesList'
set_tag(obj, ...)
```

```r
## S4 method for signature 'Files'
set_tag(obj, ...)
```

```r
add_tag(obj, ...)
```

```r
## S4 method for signature 'FilesList'
add_tag(obj, ...)
```

## S4 method for signature 'Files'
add_tag(obj, ...)

Arguments

- **obj**: single File or FileList
- **...**: passed to `obj$set_tag()` or `obj$add_tag()`

Value

- tag list
- tag list

Examples

```r
## Not run:
fl = a$project("demo")$file("omni")
set_tag(fl, "new tag")
set_tag(fl, list("new tag", "new tag 2"))
## End(Not run)
## Not run:
```
set_test_env

```r
fl = a$project("demo")$file("omni")
add_tag(fl, "new tag")
add_tag(fl, list("new tag", "new tag 2"))
## End(Not run)
```

---

**set_test_env**  **Set testing env**

**Description**

Checks if docker is installed, is running and has required images downloaded and if do creates container

**Usage**

```r
set_test_env(type = "host", docker_image = "tengfei/testenv",
data_dir = getwd())
```

**Arguments**

- **type**  "dind" or "host"
- **docker_image**  required docker image with pre-installed bunny, default: tengfei/testenv
- **data_dir**  directory with data to mount (also will be execution directory)

**Value**

docker stdout

**Examples**

```r
## Not run:
set_test_env("dind", "tengfei/testenv", "/Users/<user>/tools")
## End(Not run)
```

---

**test_tool_bunny**  **Test tools in rabix/bunny**

**Description**

Test tools locally in rabix/bunny inside docker container

**Usage**

```r
test_tool_bunny(rabix_tool, inputs)
```

**Arguments**

- **rabix_tool**  rabix tool from Tool class
- **inputs**  input parameters declared as json (or yaml) string
test_tool_cwlrun

Value

bunny stdout

Examples

```r
## Not run:
inputs <- '{"counts_file": {"class": "File", "path": "/FPM.txt"}, "gene_names": "BRCA1"}'
rbx <- <define rabix tool>
set_test_env("tengfei/testenv", "<mount_dir>")
test_tool_bunny(rbx, inputs)
## End(Not run)
```

test_tool_cwlrun Test tools with cwl-runner

Description

Test tools locally cwl-runner (https://github.com/common-workflow-language/cwltool)

Usage

```r
test_tool_cwlrun(rabix_tool, inputs = list())
```

Arguments

- **rabix_tool**: rabix tool from Tool class
- **inputs**: input parameters declared as json (or yaml) string

Value

```r
cwl-runner stdout
```

Examples

```r
## Not run:
inputs <- '{"counts_file": {"class": "File", "path": "/FPM.txt"}, "gene_names": "BRCA1"}'
rbx <- <define rabix tool>
set_test_env("tengfei/testenv", "<mount_dir>")
test_tool_cwlrun(rbx, inputs)
## End(Not run)
```
test_tool_rabix  Test tools in rabix/rabix-devel (DEPRECATED)

Description
Test tools locally in rabix/rabix-devel python executor (DEPRECATED)

Usage
test_tool_rabix(rabix_tool, inputs = list())

Arguments
rabix_tool rabix tool from Tool class
inputs input parameters declared as json (or yaml) string

Value
rabix stdout

Examples
## Not run:
inputs <- '{"counts_file": {"class": "File", "path": "/FPKM.txt"}, "gene_names": "BRCA1"}'
rbx <- <define rabix tool>
set_test_env("tengfei/testenv", "<mount_dir>")
test_tool_rabix(rbx, inputs)
## End(Not run)

Tool-class  Class Tool

Description
codeTool class extends CommandLineTool with more seven bridges flabored fields the SBG class.
obj$toJSON(), obj$toJSON(pretty = TRUE) or obj$toYAML() will convert a Tool object into a
text JSON/YAML file.

Value
a Tool object.

Fields
context [character] by default: http://www.commonwl.org/draft-2/
owner [list] a list of owner names.
contributor [list] a list of contributor names.
Methods

copy_obj() this is a hack to make copy of reference cwl object
get_input(name = NULL, id = NULL) get input objects by names or id
get_input_port() the inputs node with sbg:includeInPorts equals TRUE
get_output(name = NULL, id = NULL) get output objects by names or id
get_required() return required input fields types, names of them are input id
input_id(full = FALSE, requiredOnly = FALSE) Get input id from a Tool, when full = TRUE, connect tool id with input id. e.g. If requiredOnly = TRUE, return required field only.
input_matrix(new.order = c("id", "label", "type", "required", "prefix", "fileTypes"), required = FALSE) This return a matrix of input parameters, by default, following the order id, label, type, required, prefix, fileTypes. new.order accept names of column you want to print, but it has to be a field of inputs. When its set to NULL, it prints all fields. When required = TRUE, only print required field.
input_type() this return a vector of types, names of them are input id
output_id(full = FALSE) Get output id from a Tool, when full = TRUE, connect tool id with input id.
output_matrix(new.order = c("id", "label", "type", "fileTypes")) This return a matrix of output parameters, by default, following the order id, label, type, fileTypes. new.order accept names of column you want to print, but it has to be a field of outputs. When its set to NULL, it prints all fields. when required = TRUE, only print required field.
output_type() this return a vector of types, names of them are output id
run(run_inputs = list(), engine = c("bunny", "rabix", "cwlrun")) Run this tool with inputs locally. engine supported: bunny, rabix, cwlrun. Inputs accept list or JSON
set_input_port(ids, include = TRUE) Set inputs ports field sbg:includeInPorts to the value of include, default is TRUE.
set_required(ids, required = TRUE) Set an input node required or not required. The first parameter takes single input id or more than one ids. the second parameters required is the value you want to set to inputs. TRUE means set to required.

Examples

t1 = system.file("extdata/app", "tool_star.json", package = "sevenbridges")
# convert json file into a Tool object
t1 = convert_app(t1)
# get input type information
t1$input_type()
# get output type information
t1$output_type()
# return a input matrix with more information
t1$input_matrix()
# return only a few fields
t1$input_matrix(c("id", "type", "required"))
# return only required
nt1$input_matrix(required = TRUE)
# return everything
t1$input_matrix(NULL)
# return a output matrix with more information
t1$output_matrix()
# return only a few fields
t1$output_matrix(c("id", "type"))
ToolUI

Create Rabix tool object

Description

Call this as an addin to create an Rabix tool object.

Usage

ToolUI()
upload_complete_all  Reports the complete file upload

Description
If the whole parts are uploaded, and the provided ETags are correct, then the file is assembled and made available on the SBG platform.

Usage
upload_complete_all(token = NULL, upload_id = NULL, ...)

Arguments
- token  auth token
- upload_id  ID of the upload
- ...  parameters passed to api function

Value
parsed list of the returned json

Examples
token = "your_token"

req = upload_complete_all(token, upload_id = "8D7sQJxQk14ubsEnKaoeQZJrV6ouQtMzBWAQDNJdxPDLYpUC3WogwtdJncevHxnT")

upload_complete_part  Reports the completion of the part upload

Description
The ETag is provided for the correctness check upon completion of the whole upload. Value for the ETag is provided by AWS S3 service when uploading the file in the ETag header.

Usage
upload_complete_part(token = NULL, upload_id = NULL, part_number = NULL, e_tag = NULL, ...)
upload_delete

Arguments

- **token**: auth token
- **upload_id**: ID of the upload
- **part_number**: ID of the part you wish to report as completed
- **e_tag**: Value of the ETag header returned by AWS S3 when uploading part of the file.
- ... parameters passed to api function

Value

parsed list of the returned json

Examples

```python
token = "your_token"
req = upload_complete_part(token,
    upload_id = "807sQJxQk14ubsEnKaoeQZ1RvV6ouQtMzBWAQNJdxPDLypUC3WogwtJdncevHxnT",
    part_number = "1",
    e_tag = "d41d8cd98f00b204e9800998ecf8427e")
```

upload_delete

Abort the upload

Description

Abort the upload; all upload records and the file are deleted.

Usage

```r
upload_delete(token = NULL, upload_id = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

- **token**: auth token
- **upload_id**: ID of the upload
- ... parameters passed to api function

Value

parsed list of the returned json

Examples

```python
token = "your_token"
req = upload_delete(token,
    upload_id = "807sQJxQk14ubsEnKaoeQZ1RvV6ouQtMzBWAQNJdxPDLypUC3WogwtJdncevHxnT")
```
upload_info

---

**Description**

Returns upload information for the ongoing upload.

**Usage**

```r
upload_info(token = NULL, upload_id = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- `token` - auth token
- `upload_id` - ID of the upload
- `...` - parameters passed to api function

**Value**

parsed list of the returned json

**Examples**

```r
token = "your_token"
req = upload_info(token,
 upload_id = "8D7sQxQk14ubtEnKoeeQZIrV6ouQtmzBWaQNjdxBlypUC3WogwtJdncevHxT")
```

upload_info_part

---

**Description**

Returns AWS S3 signed URL for a part of the file upload.

**Usage**

```r
upload_info_part(token = NULL, upload_id = NULL, part_number = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- `token` - auth token
- `upload_id` - ID of the upload
- `part_number` - Number of the upload file part that you wish to access
- `...` - parameters passed to api function

**Value**

parsed list of the returned json
Examples

token = "your_token"

req = upload_info_part(token,
    upload_id = "aVuXRqSX2bse6va3AFFgVAppOCQ9IABeA8HnyyiEw85j6pNyV989H4xvJpr53xa",
    part_number = 1)

upload_init

Initializes the upload of the specified file

Description

This is the first operation performed when you wish to upload a file. Operation is initialized by providing file name, project id where you wish the file to be uploaded to (if not specified, defaults to user’s stash) and optionally by providing wanted part size. You may wish to set your part size to a low value if you experience problems with uploading large file parts, although default value of 5MB should be good enough for most users.

Usage

upload_init(token = NULL, project_id = NULL, name = NULL, size = NULL,
    part_size = NULL, ...)

Arguments

token auth token

project_id ID of the project you wish to upload to

name Name of the file you wish to upload

size Size of the file you wish to upload

part_size Requested part size. Note that API may reject your requested part size and return proper one in response.

... parameters passed to api function

Details

Limits:

- Maximum number of parts is 10000
- Maximum file size is 5TB
- Maximum part size is 5GB
- Default part size is 5MB

Value

parsed list of the returned json
Examples

token = "your_token"

req = upload_init(token,
  project_id = "f0eb447f-3511-4b28-9253-eba96191d432",
  name = "Sample1_RNASeq_chr20.pe_1.fastq", size = 5242880)

Description

A workflow is a process consisting of one or more steps. Each step has input and output parameters defined by the inputs and outputs fields. A workflow executes as described in execution model.

Usage

WorkflowOutputParameterList(...)

Arguments

... element or list of the element.

Value

a Workflow object.

Fields

outputs (WorkflowOutputParameterList) Defines the parameters representing the output of the process. May be used to generate and/or validate the output object. Inherited from Process

steps (WorkflowStepList) The individual steps that make up the workflow. Steps are executed when all input data links are fulfilled. An implementation may choose to execute the steps in a different order than listed and/or execute steps concurrently, provided that dependencies between steps are met.

WorkflowOutputParameter Class

Describe an output parameter of a workflow. The parameter must be connected to one or more parameters defined in the workflow that will provide the value of the output parameter.

[character] Specifies one or more workflow parameters that will provide this output value.

source linkMerge [LinkMergeMethod] The method to use to merge multiple inbound links into a single array. If not specified, the default method is merge_nested:

Dependencies

Dependencies between parameters are expressed using the source field on workflow step input parameters and workflow output parameters.

The source field expresses the dependency of one parameter on another such that when a value is associated with the parameter specified by source, that value is propagated to the destination parameter. When all data links inbound to a given step are fulfilled, the step is ready to execute.
Extensions

ScatterFeatureRequirement and SubworkflowFeatureRequirement are available as standard extensions to core workflow semantics.

Examples

```r
## need better examples here
ws <- WorkflowStepList(WorkflowStep(id = "step1", label = "align-and-sort", 
  description = "align and sort", 
  inputs = WorkflowStepInputList(
    WorkflowStepInput(id = "id1"),
    WorkflowStepInput(id = "id2")
  )
))
Workflow(steps = ws)
```
WorkflowStepInput-class

outputs (WorkflowStepOutputList) Defines the parameters representing the output of the process. May be used to generate and/or validate the output object.

requirements [ProcessRequirement] Declares requirements that apply to either the runtime environment or the workflow engine that must be met in order to execute this workflow step. If an implementation cannot satisfy all requirements, or a requirement is listed which is not recognized by the implementation, it is a fatal error and the implementation must not attempt to run the process, unless overridden at user option.

hints [ANY] Declares hints applying to either the runtime environment or the workflow engine that may be helpful in executing this workflow step. It is not an error if an implementation cannot satisfy all hints, however the implementation may report a warning.

label [character] A short, human-readable label of this process object.

description [character] A long, human-readable description of this process object.

run (CommandLineToolORExpressionToolORWorkflow) Specifies the process to run.

scatter [character] scatterMethod [ScatterMethod] Required if scatter is an array of more than one element.

WorkflowStepInput Class

The input of a workflow step connects an upstream parameter (from the workflow inputs, or the outputs of other workflows steps) with the input parameters of the underlying process. If the sink parameter is an array, or named in a workflow scatter operation, there may be multiple inbound data links listed in the connect field. The values from the input links are merged depending on the method specified in the linkMerge field. If not specified, the default method is merge_nested:

The input shall be an array consisting of exactly one entry for each input link. If merge_nested is specified with a single link, the value from the link is wrapped in a single-item list.

merge_nested flattened 1) The source and sink parameters must be compatible types, or the source type must be compatible with single element from the "items" type of the destination array parameter. 2) Source parameters which are arrays are concatenated; source parameters which are single element types are appended as single elements.

Fields:

id (character) A unique identifier for this workflow input parameter.

source [character] Specifies one or more workflow parameters that will provide input to the underlying process parameter.

linkMerge [LineMergeMethod] The method to use to merge multiple inbound links into a single array. If not specified, the default method is merge_nested:

default [ANY] The default value for this parameter if there is no source field.

WorkflowStepOutput Class

Associate an output parameter of the underlying process with a workflow parameter. The workflow parameter (given in the id field) be may be used as a source to connect with input parameters of other workflow steps, or with an output parameter of the process.

(character) A unique identifier for this workflow output parameter. This is the identifier to use in the source field of WorkflowStepInput to connect the output value to downstream parameters.
Scatter/gather

id  To use scatter/gather, ScatterFeatureRequirement must be specified in the workflow or workflow step requirements.

A "scatter" operation specifies that the associated workflow step or subworkflow should execute separately over a list of input elements. Each job making up a scatter operation is independent and may be executed concurrently.

The scatter field specifies one or more input parameters which will be scattered. An input parameter may be listed more than once. The declared type of each input parameter is implicitly wrapped in an array for each time it appears in the scatter field. As a result, upstream parameters which are connected to scattered parameters may be arrays.

All output parameters types are also implicitly wrapped in arrays; each job in the scatter results in an entry in the output array.

If scatter declares more than one input parameter, scatterMethod describes how to decompose the input into a discrete set of jobs.

- dotproduct specifies that each the input arrays are aligned and one element taken from each array to construct each job. It is an error if all input arrays are not the same length.

- nested_crossproduct specifies the cartesian product of the inputs, producing a job for every combination of the scattered inputs. The output must be nested arrays for each level of scattering, in the order that the input arrays are listed in the scatter field.

- flat_crossproduct specifies the cartesian product of the inputs, producing a job for every combination of the scattered inputs. The output arrays must be flattened to a single level, but otherwise listed in the order that the input arrays are listed in the scatter field.

Subworkflows

To specify a nested workflow as part of a workflow step, SubworkflowFeatureRequirement must be specified in the workflow or workflow step requirements.

Examples

```r
ws <- WorkflowStepList(WorkflowStep(id = "step1", label = "align-and-sort",
                        description = "align and sort",
                        inputs = WorkflowStepInputList(
                            WorkflowStepInput(id = "id1"),
                            WorkflowStepInput(id = "id2")
                        )))
```
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