Package ‘uSORT’

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Title uSORT: A self-refining ordering pipeline for gene selection

Version 1.0.0

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Description This package is designed to uncover the intrinsic cell progression path from single-cell RNA-seq data. It incorporates data pre-processing, preliminary PCA gene selection, preliminary cell ordering, feature selection, refined cell ordering, and post-analysis interpretation and visualization.

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R topics documented:

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autoSPIN

A wrapper function for autoSPIN sorting method

Description

A wrapper function for autoSPIN method which implements optimized local refinement using the selected SPIN sorting method, i.e. STS or Neighborhood.

Usage

autoSPIN(data, data_type = c("linear", "cyclical"),
          sorting_method = c("STS", "neighborhood"),
          alpha = 0.2, sigma_width = 1,
          no_randomization = 20, window_perc_range = c(0.1, 0.9),
          window_size_incre_perct = 0.05)
**clusterGenes1**

**Arguments**

- **data**: An log2 transformed expression matrix containing n-rows of cells and m-cols of genes.
- **data_type**: A character string indicating the type of progression, i.e. 'linear' (strictly linear) or 'cyclical' (cyclically linear).
- **sorting_method**: A character string indicating the choice of SPIN sorting method, i.e. 'STS' (Side-to-Side) or 'Neighborhood'.
- **alpha**: A fraction value denoting the size of locality used for calculating the summed local variance.
- **sigma_width**: An integer number denoting the degree of spread of the gaussian distribution which is used for computing weight matrix for Neighborhood sorting method.
- **no_randomization**: An integer number indicating the number of repeated sorting, each of which uses randomly selected initial cell position.
- **window_perc_range**: A fraction value indicating the range of window size to be examined during local refinement.
- **window_size_incre_perct**: A fraction value indicating the step size at each iteration for incrementing window size.

**Value**

A data frame containing single column of ordered sample IDs.

**Examples**

```r
set.seed(15)
da <- iris[sample(150, 150, replace = FALSE), ]
rownames(da) <- paste0('

/quotesingle.Var spl_/quotesingle.Var', seq(1,nrow(da)))
d <- da[,1:4]
dl <- da[,5, drop=FALSE]
res <- autoSPIN(data = d)
dl <- dl[match(res$SampleID, rownames(dl)),]
annot <- data.frame(id = seq(1,nrow(res)), label=dl, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
#ggplot(annot, aes(x=id, y=id, colour = label)) + geom_point() + theme_bw()
```

---

**Description**

A modified monocle’s function for 'compareModels' which identifies and removes genes whose reduced_models is better than full_models in term of likelihood

**Usage**

```r
clusterGenes1(expr_matrix, krange, method = function(x) { as.dist((1 - cor(t(x)))/2 ), ...)
```
**compareModels1**

**Arguments**

- **expr_matrix**  Expression matrix.
- **krange**  krange.
- **method**  method function.
- **...**  Other parameters.

**Value**

test_res a dataframe containing status of modeling and adjusted p-value

**Author(s)**

MaiChan Lau

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**compareModels1**  
A modified monocle’s function

**Description**

A modified monocle’s function for `compareModels` which identifies and removes genes whose reduced_models is better than full_models in term of likelihood

**Usage**

`compareModels1(full_models, reduced_models)`

**Arguments**

- **full_models**  a Monocle’s vgam full model
- **reduced_models**  a Monocle’s vgam reduced/ null model

**Value**

test_res a dataframe containing status of modeling and adjusted p-value

**Author(s)**

MaiChan Lau
**differentialGeneTest1**  
*differential gene test*

**Description**
modified from FludigmSC package

**Usage**
```r
differentialGeneTest1(cds,  
    fullModelFormulaStr = "expression~sm.ns(Pseudotime, df=3)",  
    reducedModelFormulaStr = "expression~1", cores = 1)
```

**Arguments**
- `cds`: Input object.
- `fullModelFormulaStr`: Full model formula.
- `reducedModelFormulaStr`: Reduced model formula.
- `cores`: Number of cores will be used.

**Value**
test results

**diff_test_helper1**  
*A modified monocle's helper function*

**Description**
A modified monocle's function for 'diff_test_helper1' which includes more attempts on finding models and also compute max. magnitude change in expression values predicted by GLM model

**Usage**
```r
diff_test_helper1(x, fullModelFormulaStr, reducedModelFormulaStr,  
    expressionFamily, lowerDetectionLimit = 0.1, type_ordering = "linear")
```

**Arguments**
- `x`: an expression data
- `fullModelFormulaStr`: a Monocle's model structure
- `reducedModelFormulaStr`: a Monocle's model structure
- `expressionFamily`: a Monocle's model structure
- `lowerDetectionLimit`: a Monocle's family character
- `type_ordering`: a character indicating the type of underlying cell progression, i.e. linear or circular
driving_force_gene_selection

Value

test_res a dataframe containing status of modeling and adjusted p-value

Author(s)

MaiChan Lau

distance.function

A distance function A distance function computes cell-to-cell distance matrix.

Description

A distance function A distance function computes cell-to-cell distance matrix.

Usage

distance.function(expr, method = c("Euclidean", "Correlation", "eJaccard", "none"))

Arguments

expr An expression matrix containing n-rows of cells and m-cols of genes.
method A character string indicating the distance function.

Value

A matrix containing n-by-n cell distance.

driving_force_gene_selection

A feature/ gene selection function

Description

A feature/ gene selection function (1) removes sparsely expressed genes, (2) identifies differentially expressed genes based on preliminary cell ordering, (3) removes highly dispersed genes from the identified DEGs, (4) further picks genes which are expected to have large expression difference on the 2 extreme ends of preliminary cell ordering.

Usage


driving_force_gene_selection(cds, scattering.cutoff.prob = 0.75, 
  driving.force.cutoff = NULL, qval_cutoff = 0.05, min_expr = 0.1, 
  data_type = c("linear", "cyclical"), nCores = 1)
elbow_detection

Arguments

cds a Monocle’s CellDataSet object
scattering.cutoff.prob probability used for removing largely dispersed genes
driving.force.cutoff a value used for removing genes which do not change much along cell progress along cell progress path
qval_cutoff a user-defined adjusted p-value below which genes are retained
min_expr the minimum expression value
data_type a character indicating the type of underlying cell progression, i.e. linear or cyclical.
nCores Number of cores to use.

Value

integer

Author(s)

MaiChan Lau

Examples

dir <- system.file('extdata', package='uSORT')
file <- list.files(dir, pattern='.txt$', full=TRUE)
#exprs <- uSORT_preProcess(exprs_file = file)
#exp_raw <- t(exprs$exprs_raw)
#exp_trimmed <- t(exprs$exprs_log_trimed)
#cds <- uSORT:::EXP_to_CellDataSet(exp_trimmed, exp_raw)
#driver_genes <- driving_force_gene_selection(cds = cds)

elbow_detection A elbow detection function

Description

A elbow detection function detects the elbow/knee of a given vector of values. Values will be sorted descendingly before detection, and the ID of those values above the elbow will be returned.

Usage

elbow_detection(scores, if_plot = FALSE)

Arguments

scores A vector of numeric scores.
if_plot Boolean determine if plot the results.

Value

a vector of selected elements IDs
Examples

```r
scores <- c(10, 9, 8, 6, 3, 2, 1, 0.1)
elbow_detection(scores, if_plot = TRUE)
```

### EXP_to_CellDataSet

*A function for constructing a Monocle’s CellDataSet object from an expression matrix*

**Description**

A function for constructing a Monocle’s CellDataSet object from an expression matrix

**Usage**

```r
EXP_to_CellDataSet(log2_exp = NULL, expression_data_raw = NULL, lod = 1)
```

**Arguments**

- `log2_exp`: An log2 transformed expression matrix containing n-rows of cells and m-cols of genes.
- `expression_data_raw`: A data frame containing raw expression values, with rownames of cells and colnames of genes.
- `lod`: A value of limit of detection in the unit of TPM/CPM/RPKM.

**Value**

A CellDataSet object.

### fluidigmSC_analyzeGeneDetection

*A gene detection function*

**Description**

A gene detection function computes the fraction of genes detected in each cell, reproduced from FluidigmSC package.

**Usage**

```r
fluidigmSC_analyzeGeneDetection(expression_data, threshold = 1)
```

**Arguments**

- `expression_data`: A data frame containing raw expression values, with rownames of genes and colnames of cells.
- `threshold`: A limit of detection in the unit of TPM/CPM/RPMK.
**fluidigmSCIDENTIFYEXPOUTLIERS**

**Value**

A data frame containing a column of number of genes detected, and a column of the corresponding percentage of gene detection, rownames of cells.

---

**Description**

An outlier detection function identifies cells with median expression below that of the bulk, reproduced from FluidigmSC package.

**Usage**

```r
fluidigmSC_identifyExpOutliers(log2ex_data, expression_data_raw, threshold, step, fine_step, num_fine_test, pct_goodsample_threshold = 0.5, quantile_threshold = 0.95, low_quantile_threshold = 0.25, min_gene_number = 25, lod)
```

**Arguments**

- `log2ex_data`: A data frame containing log2 transformed expression values, with rownames of genes and colnames of cells.
- `expression_data_raw`: A data frame containing raw expression values, with rownames of genes and colnames of cells.
- `threshold`: A value in raw expression used as the starting threshold value.
- `step`: An integer number indicating the increment of threshold value at each iteration.
- `fine_step`: An integer number indicating the increment of threshold value at each iteration, at the refining stage.
- `num_fine_test`: An integer number indicating the number of iteration of the refining stage.
- `pct_goodsample_threshold`: A fraction value indicating the minimum percentage of samples on which the representative genes are detectable.
- `quantile_threshold`: A probability of gene detection rate above which a sample is considered as good sample.
- `low_quantile_threshold`: A probability of average gene expression value below which a sample is taken as an outlier.
- `min_gene_number`: An integer indicating the minimum size of representative genes.
- `lod`: A value of limit of detection in the unit of TPM/CPM/RPKM.

**Value**

A vector of character stating the IDs of outlier cells.
### fluidigmSC_isElementIgnoreCase

*A gene finding function*

Description

A gene finding function looking for genes in the target set x from the source set y, reproduced from FluidigmSC package.

Usage

```r
fluidigmSC_isElementIgnoreCase(x, y, ignore_case = TRUE)
```

Arguments

- `x`: A vector of characters representing gene names (target genes).
- `y`: A vector of characters representing gene names (source genes).
- `ignore_case`: Boolean, if TRUE ignores letter case.

Value

A vector of characters representing gene names.

### fluidigmSC_readLinearExp

*An expression reading function*

Description

An expression reading function which imports expression data from .txt file, and then computes log2 transformed data, reproduced from FluidigmSC package.

Usage

```r
fluidigmSC_readLinearExp(exp_file = TRUE, lod = 1)
```

Arguments

- `exp_file`: Input file name in txt format, with rownames of cells and colnames of genes.
- `lod`: A value of limit of detection in the unit of TPM/CPM/RPKM. It will be used as the starting value for outlier cell detection and the basis for removing scarce genes.

Value

A list containing `expression_data_raw` (data frame), `log2ex_data` (data frame), and `log2ex_avg_data` (data frame).
**Description**
A gene trimming function removes genes whose average expression value is below the log2(threshold), and also present in at least 10

**Usage**
fluidigmSC_removeGenesByLinearExpForAllType(log2ex_data, log2ex_avg_data, threshold)

**Arguments**
- **log2ex_data** | A data frame containing log2 transformed expression values, with rownames of genes and colnames of cells.
- **log2ex_avg_data** | A data frame containing log2 transformed average expression values for individual gene.
- **threshold** | A limit of detection in the unit of TPM/CPM/RPMK.

**Value**
A vector of character containing gene names of those passed the filtering.

---

**Description**
A gene trimming function removes genes whose average expression value is below the log2(threshold); reproduced from FluidigmSC package.

**Usage**
fluidigmSC_removeGenesByLinearExpForAllType_log2(log2ex_data, threshold)

**Arguments**
- **log2ex_data** | A data frame containing log2 transformed expression values, with rownames of genes and colnames of cells.
- **threshold** | A limit of detection in the unit of TPM/CPM/RPMK.

**Value**
A vector of character containing gene names of those passed the filtering.
monocle_wrapper  
A wrapper function for Monocle sorting method

Description
A wrapper function for Monocle sorting method

Usage
monocle_wrapper(log2_exp, expression_data_raw, lod = 1)

Arguments
log2_exp  
An log2 transformed expression matrix containing n-rows of cells and m-cols of genes.

expression_data_raw  
A data frame containing raw expression values, with rownames of cells and colnames of genes.

lod  
A value of limit of detection in the unit of TPM/CPM/RPKM.

Value
A data frame containing single column of ordered sample IDs.

Examples
set.seed(15)
da <- iris[sample(150, 150, replace = FALSE), ]
rownames(da) <- paste0('spl_', seq(1, nrow(da))
d <- da[, 1:4]
dl <- da[, 5, drop = FALSE]
res <- monocle_wrapper(log2_exp = d, expression_data_raw = d)
dl <- dl[match(res, rownames(dl)),]
annot <- data.frame(id = seq(1, length(res)), label = dl, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
#ggplot(annot, aes(x = id, y = id, colour = label)) + geom_point() + theme_bw()

neighborhood_sorting  
A sorting function using the Neighborhood algorithm

Description
A sorting function using the Neighborhood algorithm

Usage
neighborhood_sorting(d, weights_mat = NULL, max_iter = 100)
### neighborhood_sortingcost

**Description**
A cost computation function for Neighborhood algorithm

**Usage**

```r
eighborhood_sortingcost(expr = NULL, sigma_width = 1, method = c("Euclidean", "Correlation", "eJaccard", "none"))
```

**Arguments**
- `expr`: An expression matrix containing n-rows of cells and m-cols of genes.
- `sigma_width`: An integer number determining the degree of spread of the gaussian distribution which is used for computing weight matrix for Neighborhood sorting method.
- `method`: A character string indicating the distance function.

**Value**
A numeric value of sorting cost.

**Examples**

```r
set.seed(15)
da <- iris[sample(150, 150, replace = FALSE),]
d <- da[,1:4]
randomOrdering_cost <- neighborhood_sortingcost(d, method= 'Euclidean')
randomOrdering_cost
da <- iris
d <- da[,1:4]
properOrdering_cost <- neighborhood_sortingcost(d, method= 'Euclidean')
properOrdering_cost
```
neighborhood_sorting_wrapper

A wrapper function for Neighborhood sorting.

Description
A wrapper function for Neighborhood sorting as proposed in [Tsafrir et al. 2005].

Usage
neighborhood_sorting_wrapper(expr, sigma_width = 1, no_randomization = 10)

Arguments
- expr: An expression matrix containing n-rows of cells and m-cols of genes.
- sigma_width: An integer number determining the degree of spread of the gaussian distribution which is used for computing weight matrix for Neighborhood sorting method.
- no_randomization: An integer number indicating the number of repeated sorting, each of which uses a randomly selected initial cell ordering.

Value
A list containing \texttt{permutated.expr} (data frame) and \texttt{best.cost} (a numeric value).

pca_gene_selection

Gene selection using PCA technique

Description
Gene selection using PCA technique

Usage
pca_gene_selection(data)

Arguments
- data: A matrix of data.frame with row.name of cells, and col.name of genes

Value
A vector of the names of selected genes.

Examples
```r
dir <- system.file('extdata', package='uSORT')
file <- list.files(dir, pattern='.txt$', full=TRUE)
exprs <- uSORT_preProcess(exprs_file = file)
exp_trimmed <- t(exprs$exprs_log_trimed)
PCA_selected_genes <- pca_gene_selection(exp_trimmed)
```
**Rwanderlust**

**R implementation of wanderlust**

**Description**

R implementation of wanderlust

**Usage**

```r
Rwanderlust(data, s, l = 15, k = 15, num_graphs = 1,
num_waypoints = 250, waypoints_seed = 123, flock_waypoints = 2,
metric = "euclidean", voting_scheme = "exponential",
band_sample = FALSE, partial_order = NULL, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

- `data`: Input data matrix.
- `s`: Starting point ID.
- `l`: l nearest neighbours.
- `k`: k nearest neighbours, k < l.
- `num_graphs`: Number of repeated graphs.
- `num_waypoints`: Number of waypoints to guide the trajectory detection.
- `waypoints_seed`: The seed for reproducing the results.
- `flock_waypoints`: The number of times for flocking the waypoints, default is 2.
- `metric`: Distance calculation metric for nearest neighbour detection.
- `voting_scheme`: The scheme of voting.
- `band_sample`: Boolean, if band the sample
- `partial_order`: default NULL
- `verbose`: Boolean, if print the details

**Value**

a list containing Trajectory, Order, Waypoints

**Author(s)**

Hao Chen

**Examples**

```r
set.seed(15)
shuffled_iris <- iris[sample(150, 150, replace = FALSE), ]
data <- shuffled_iris[,1:4]
data_label <- shuffled_iris[,5]
wishbone <- Rwanderlust(data = data, num_waypoints = 100, waypoints_seed = 2)
pd1 <- data.frame(id = wishbone$Trajectory, label=data_label, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
pd2 <- data.frame(id = seq_along(row.names(data)), label=data_label, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
#ggplot(pd1, aes(x=id, y=id, colour = label)) + geom_point() + theme_bw()
#ggplot(pd2, aes(x=id, y=id, colour = label)) + geom_point() + theme_bw()
```
scattering_quantification_per_gene

An expression scattering measurement function

Description

An expression scattering measurement function computes the level of scattering for individual genes along the cell ordering.

Usage

scattering_quantification_per_gene(CDS = NULL)

Arguments

CDS  a Monocle’s CellDataSet object

Value

integer

Author(s)

MaiChan Lau

sorting_method_parameter_GUI

GUI for sorting method parameters

Description

The parameters appeared on GUI are based on input method, this function is called by uSORT_parameters_GUI. For internal use only.

Usage

sorting_method_parameter_GUI(method = c("autoSPIN", "sWanderlust", "monocle", "Wanderlust", "SPIN", "none"))

Arguments

method  method name.

Value

a list of parameters.

Author(s)

Hao Chen
A wrapper function for SPIN sorting method

Description
A wrapper function for SPIN method provides a R version of SPIN [Tsafrir et al. 2005].

Usage
```r
SPIN(data, sorting_method = c("STS", "neighborhood"), sigma_width = 1)
```

Arguments
- `data`: An log2 transformed expression matrix containing n-rows of cells and m-cols of genes.
- `sorting_method`: A character string indicating the choice of sorting method, i.e. 'STS' (Side-to-Side) or 'Neighborhood'.
- `sigma_width`: An integer number determining the degree of spread of the gaussian distribution which is used for computing weight matrix for Neighborhood sorting method.

Value
A data frame containing single column of ordered sample IDs.

Examples
```r
set.seed(15)
da <- iris[sample(150, 150, replace = FALSE), ]
rownames(da) <- paste0('spl_',seq(1,nrow(da)))
d <- da[,1:4]
dl <- da[,5,drop=FALSE]
res <- SPIN(data = d)
dl <- dl[match(res$SampleID,rownames(dl)),]
annot <- data.frame(id = seq(1,nrow(res)), label=dl, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
#ggplot(annot, aes(x=id, y=id, colour = label)) + geom_point() + theme_bw()
```

STS_sorting
A sorting function using the Side-to-Side (STS) algorithm

Description
A sorting function using the Side-to-Side (STS) algorithm

Usage
```r
STS_sorting(d, max_iter = 10)
```
**Arguments**

- **d**
  A matrix containing $n$-by-$n$ cell distance.

- **max_iter**
  An integer number indicating the maximum number of iteration if sorting does not converge.

**Value**

A list containing `ordering` (a vector of re-ordered sequence) and `cost` (a numeric value).

---

**Description**

A cost computation function for Side-to-Side (STS) algorithm

**Usage**

```r
STS_sortingcost(expr = NULL, method = c("Euclidean", "Correlation", "eJaccard", "none"))
```

**Arguments**

- **expr**
  An expression matrix containing $n$-rows of cells and $m$-cols of genes.

- **method**
  A character string indicating the distance function.

**Value**

A numeric value of sorting cost.

**Examples**

```r
set.seed(15)
da <- iris[sample(150, 150, replace = FALSE), ]
d <- da[,1:4]
randomOrdering_cost <- STS_sortingcost(d, method = 'Euclidean')
randomOrdering_cost
da <- iris
d <- da[,1:4]
properOrdering_cost <- STS_sortingcost(d, method = 'Euclidean')
properOrdering_cost
```
**STS_sorting_wrapper**

A wrapper function for Side-to-Side (STS) sorting.

**Description**

A wrapper function for Side-to-Side (STS) sorting as proposed in [Tsafrir et al. 2005].

**Usage**

```r
STS_sorting_wrapper(expr, no_randomization = 10)
```

**Arguments**

- `expr` An expression matrix containing n-rows of cells and m-cols of genes.
- `no_randomization` An integer number indicating the number of repeated sorting, each of which uses a randomly selected initial cell ordering.

**Value**

A list containing `permutated.expr` (data frame) and `best.cost` (a numeric value).

---

**summed_local_variance**

A summed local variance function

**Description**

A summed local variance function

**Usage**

```r
summed_local_variance(expr = NULL, alpha = NULL, data_type = "linear")
```

**Arguments**

- `expr` An expression matrix containing n-rows of cells and m-cols of genes.
- `alpha` A fraction value indicating the size of window for local variance measurement.
- `data_type` A character string indicating the type of progression, i.e. 'linear' (strictly linear) or 'cyclical' (cyclically linear).

**Value**

A numeric value of the summed local variance.
summed_local_variance_cyclical

A summed local variance function for cyclical linear data type

**Description**

A summed local variance function for cyclical linear data type

**Usage**

```
summed_local_variance_cyclical(d, alpha = 0.3)
```

**Arguments**

- **d**: A cell-to-cell distance matrix.
- **alpha**: A fraction value indicating the size of window for local variance measurement.

**Value**

A numeric value of the summed local variance.

---

summed_local_variance_linear

A summed local variance function for strictly linear data type

**Description**

A summed local variance function for strictly linear data type

**Usage**

```
summed_local_variance_linear(d, alpha = 0.3)
```

**Arguments**

- **d**: A cell-to-cell distance matrix.
- **alpha**: A fraction value indicating the size of window for local variance measurement.

**Value**

A numeric value of the summed local variance.
sWanderlust

Description

autoSPIN guided wanderlust. Specifically, we use autoSPIN to help find the starting point for wanderlust.

Usage

sWanderlust(data, data_type = c("linear", "cyclical"),
SPIN_option = c("STS", "neighborhood"), alpha = 0.2, sigma_width = 1,
diffusionmap_components = 4, l = 15, k = 15, num_waypoints = 150,
flock_waypoints = 2, waypoints_seed = 2711)

Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>data</td>
<td>data Input data matrix.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>data_type</td>
<td>The data type which guides the autoSPIN sorting, including linear, cyclical.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPIN_option</td>
<td>SPIN contains two options including STS(default), neighborhood.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>alpha</td>
<td>alpha parameter for autoSPIN, default is 0.2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sigma_width</td>
<td>Sigma width parameter for SPIN, default is 1.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>diffusionmap_components</td>
<td>Number of components from diffusion map used for wanderlust analysis, default is 4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>l</td>
<td>Number of nearest neighbors, default is 15.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>k</td>
<td>Number of nearest neighbors for repeating graphs, default is 15, should be less than or equal to l.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>num_waypoints</td>
<td>Number of waypoint used for wanderlust, default is 150.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>flock_waypoints</td>
<td>The number of times for flocking the waypoints, default is 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>waypoints_seed</td>
<td>The seed for reproducing the results.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Value

a vector of the sorted order.

Author(s)

Hao Chen

Examples

set.seed(15)
shuffled_iris <- iris[sample(150, 150, replace = FALSE), ]
data <- shuffled_iris[,1:4]
data_label <- shuffled_iris[,5]
wishbone <- sWanderlust(data = data, num_waypoints = 100)
trajectory_landmarks  *determining initial trajectory and landmarks*

**Description**

determining initial trajectory and landmarks

**Usage**

```r
trajectory_landmarks(knn, data, s, partial_order = NULL, waypoints = 250,
waypoints_seed = 123, metric = "euclidean", flock_waypoints = 2,
band_sample = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

- **knn** A sparse matrix of knn.
- **data** data.
- **s** The ID of starting point.
- **partial_order** A vector of IDs specified as recommended waypoints, NULL to ignore.
- **waypoints** Either the number of waypoints, or specify the waypoint IDs.
- **waypoints_seed** Random sampling seed, for reproducible results.
- **metric** Distance calculation metric for nearest neighbour detection.
- **flock_waypoints** Iteration of using nearest points around waypoint to adjust its position.
- **band_sample** if give more chance to nearest neighbours of starting point in randomly waypoints selection.

**Value**

a list

---

**uSORT**

**uSORT: A self-refining ordering pipeline for gene selection**

**Description**

This package is designed to uncover the intrinsic cell progression path from single-cell RNA-seq data.

The main function of `uSORT`-package which provides a workflow of sorting scRNA-seq data.
Usage

uSORT(exprs_file, log_transform = TRUE, remove_outliers = TRUE, 
preliminary_sorting_method = c("autoSPIN", "sWanderlust", "monocle", 
"Wanderlust", "SPIN", "none"), refine_sorting_method = c("autoSPIN", 
"sWanderlust", "monocle", "Wanderlust", "SPIN", "none"), 
project_name = "uSORT", result_directory = getwd(), nCores = 1, 
save_results = TRUE, reproduce_seed = 1234, 
scattering_cutoff_prob = 0.75, driving_force_cutoff = NULL, 
qval_cutoff_featureSelection = 0.05, pre_data_type = c("linear", 
"cyclical"), pre_SPIN_option = c("STS", "neighborhood"), 
pre_SPIN_sigma_width = 1, pre_autoSPIN_alpha = 0.2, 
pre_wanderlust_randomization = 20, pre_wanderlust_start_cell = NULL, 
pre_wanderlust_num_waypoints = 150, pre_wanderlust_waypoints_seed = 2711, 
pre_wanderlust_flock_waypoints = 2, ref_data_type = c("linear", 
"cyclical"), ref_SPIN_option = c("STS", "neighborhood"), 
ref_SPIN_sigma_width = 1, ref_autoSPIN_alpha = 0.2, 
ref_wanderlust_randomization = 20, ref_wanderlust_start_cell = NULL, 
ref_wanderlust_num_waypoints = 150, ref_wanderlust_flock_waypoints = 2, 
ref_wanderlust_waypoints_seed = 2711)

Arguments

exprs_file Input file name in txt format, with rownames of cells and colnames of genes.
log_transform Boolean, if log transform the data.
remove_outliers Boolean, if remove the outliers.
preliminary_sorting_method Method name for preliminary sorting, including autoSPIN, sWanderlust, monocle, Wanderlust, SPIN, or none.
refine_sorting_method Method name for refined sorting, including autoSPIN, sWanderlust, monocle, Wanderlust, SPIN, or none.
project_name A character name as the prefix of the saved result file.
result_directory The directory indicating where to save the results.
nCores Number of cores that will be employed for drive gene selection (parallel computing), default is 1.
save_results Boolean determining if save the results.
reproduce_seed A seed used for reproducing the result.
scattering_cutoff_prob Scattering cutoff value probability for gene selection, default 0.75.
driving_force_cutoff Driving force cutoff value for gene selection, default NULL(automatically).
qval_cutoff_featureSelection Q value cutoff for gene selection, default 0.05.
pre_data_type The data type which guides the autoSPIN sorting, including linear, cyclical.
Details

This package incorporates data pre-processing, preliminary PCA gene selection, preliminary cell ordering, feature selection, refined cell ordering, and post-analysis interpretation and visualization. The uSORT workflow can be implemented through calling the main function or the GUI uSORT.
Value

results object (a list)

See Also

uSORT-package, uSORT_GUI

Examples

dir <- system.file('extdata', package='uSORT')
file <- list.files(dir, pattern='.*txt$', full=TRUE)
#remove the # symbol of the following codes to test
#uSORT_results <- uSORT(exprs_file = file, project_name = "test",
#  preliminary_sorting_method = "autoSPIN",
#  refine_sorting_method = "sWanderlust",
#  save_results = FALSE)

uSORT_GUI

The user friendly GUI for uSORT-package

Description

This GUI provides an easy way for applying the uSORT package.

Usage

uSORT_GUI()

Value

the GUI for uSORT-package

Author(s)

Hao Chen

References

http://JinmiaoChenLab.github.io/uSORT/

See Also

uSORT-package, uSORT

Examples

interactive()
#if(interactive()) uSORT_GUI() # remove the hash symbol to run
uSORT_parameters_GUI  The GUI for inputting parameters for uSORT

Description
This is a function for generating the GUI for uSORT, it’s called by uSORT_GUI. For internal use only.

Usage
uSORT_parameters_GUI()

Value
a list of parameters.

Author(s)
Hao Chen

uSORT_preProcess  A data loading and pre-processing function

Description
A data loading and pre-processing function which firstly identifies outlier cells and scarcely expressed genes.

Usage
uSORT_preProcess(exprs_file, log_transform = TRUE, remove_outliers = TRUE, lod = 1)

Arguments
exprs_file  Input file name in txt format, with rownames of cells and colnames of genes.
log_transform  Boolean, if TRUE log transform the data.
remove_outliers  Boolean, if TRUE remove the outliers.
lod  A value of limit of detection in the unit of TPM/CPM/RPKM. It will be used as the starting value for outlier cell detection and the basis for removing scarce genes.

Value
A list containing exprs_raw(data frame) and exprs_log_trimed(data.frame).

Examples
dir <- system.file('extdata', package='uSORT')
file <- list.files(dir, pattern='*.txt$', full=TRUE)
exprs <- uSORT_preProcess(exprs_file = file)
**uSORT_sorting_wrapper**

wrapper of all available sorting methods in uSORT

**Description**

Sorting methods include autoSPIN, sWanderlust, monocle, Wanderlust, SPIN. Any of the sorting method can be called directly using this function.

**Usage**

```r
uSORT_sorting_wrapper(data, data_raw, method = c("autoSPIN", "sWanderlust", "monocle", "Wanderlust", "SPIN", "none"), data_type = c("linear", "cyclical"), SPIN_option = c("STS", "neighborhood"), SPIN_sigma_width = 1, autoSPIN_alpha = 0.2, autoSPIN_randomization = 20, wanderlust_start_cell = NULL, wanderlust_dfmap_components = 4, wanderlust_l = 15, wanderlust_num_waypoints = 150, wanderlust_waypoints_seed = 2711, wanderlust_flock_waypoints = 2)
```

**Arguments**

- **data**
  
  Input preprocessed data matrix with row.name of cells and col.name of genes.

- **data_raw**
  
  Input raw data matrix with row.name of cells and col.name of genes, for monocle method.

- **method**
  
  The name of the sorting method to use, including autoSPIN, sWanderlust, monocle, Wanderlust, SPIN and none.

- **data_type**
  
  The type of the data, either linear or cyclical.

- **SPIN_option**
  
  The running option of SPIN, STS or neighborhood.

- **SPIN_sigma_width**
  
  Sigma width for SPIN.

- **autoSPIN_alpha**
  
  Alpha for autoSPIN.

- **autoSPIN_randomization**
  
  Number of randomization for autoSPIN.

- **wanderlust_start_cell**
  
  The id of the starting cell for wanderlust.

- **wanderlust_dfmap_components**
  
  The number of components from diffusionmap for wanderlust.

- **wanderlust_l**
  
  The number of nearest neighbors used for wanderlust.

- **wanderlust_num_waypoints**
  
  The number of waypoints for wanderlust.

- **wanderlust_waypoints_seed**
  
  The seed for reproducible analysis.

- **wanderlust_flock_waypoints**
  
  The number of flock times for wanderlust.

**Value**

return the order of sorting results.
**Examples**

```r
dir <- system.file('extdata', package='uSORT')
file <- list.files(dir, pattern='.*\t\w+.*', full=TRUE)
exprs <- uSORT_preProcess(exprs_file = file)
exp_trimated <- t(exprs$exprs_log_trimated)
PCA_selected_genes <- pca_gene_selection(exp_trimated)
exp_PCA_genes <- exp_trimated[, PCA_selected_genes]
#order <- uSORT_sorting_wrapper(data = exp_PCA_genes, method = 'autoSPIN')
```

**Description**

Save result object into a RData file. Save cell to cell distance heatmap for both preliminary and refined results. Create plot of driver gene profiles on final ordering using heatmap.

**Usage**

```r
uSORT_write_results(uSORT_results, project_name, result_directory)
```

**Arguments**

- `uSORT_results`: Result object from `uSort` function, a list.
- `project_name`: A prefix for the saving files.
- `result_directory`: The path where to save the results.

**Value**

save the results.

**Examples**

```r
dir <- system.file('extdata', package='uSORT')
file <- list.files(dir, pattern='.*\t\w+.*', full=TRUE)
# remove the # symbol of the following codes to test
#uSORT_results <- uSORT(exprs_file = file,
# project_name = 'test',
# preliminary_sorting_method = 'autoSPIN',
# refine_sorting_method = 'sWanderlust',
# save_results = FALSE)
#uSORT_write_results(uSORT_results,
# project_name = 'test',
# result_directory = getwd())
```
**variability_per_gene**  
*A utility function for scattering_quantification_per_gene*

**Description**

A utility function for scattering_quantification_per_gene which computes the degree of scattering for single gene, whereby the value is computed by summing over the local values of smaller local windows.

**Usage**

```r
variability_per_gene(logExp = NULL, min_expr = 0.1, window_size_perct = 0.1, nonZeroExpr_perct = 0.1)
```

**Arguments**

- `logExp`: a log-scale expression vector of a gene
- `min_expr`: a minimum expression value
- `window_size_perct`: a window size (in dispersion level
- `nonZeroExpr_perct`: a minimum amount of cells (in expression, otherwise the associated window will be assigned to 0 dispersion value)

**Value**

integer

**Author(s)**

MaiChan Lau

---

**wanderlust_wrapper**  
a wrapper of wanderlust for sWanderlust

**Description**

a wrapper of wanderlust for sWanderlust

**Usage**

```r
wanderlust_wrapper(data, s, diffusionmap_components = 4, l = 15, k = 15, num_graphs = 1, num_waypoints = 150, waypoints_seed = 123, flock_waypoints = 2)
```
Arguments

data  Input data matrix.
s  The ID of starting point.
diffusionmap_components  Number of components from diffusion map used for wanderlust analysis, default is 4.
l  Number of nearest neighbors, default is 15.
k  Number of nearest neighbors for repeating graphs, default is 15, should be less than or equal to l.
um_graphs  Number of repeated graphs.
um_waypoints  Number of waypoint used for wanderlust, default is 150.
waypoints_seed  The seed for reproducing the results.
flock_waypoints  The number of times for flocking the waypoints, default is 2.

Value

sorted order.

Author(s)

Hao Chen
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