

Package ‘sosta’

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Title A package for the analysis of anatomical tissue structures in spatial omics data

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Description `sosta` (Spatial Omics STructure Analysis) is a package for analyzing spatial omics data to explore tissue organization at the anatomical structure level. It reconstructs anatomically relevant structures based on molecular features or cell types. It further calculates a range of metrics at the structure level to quantitatively describe tissue architecture. The package is designed to integrate with other packages for the analysis of spatial omics data.

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BugReports <https://github.com/sgunz/sosta/issues>

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Contents

sosta-package	2
.df2ppp	3
.intensityImage	4
.intensityThreshold	4
.SPE2df	5
assingCellsToStructures	5
binaryImageToSF	6
cellTypeProportions	7
createPointPatternTissue	8
estimateReconstructionParametersSPE	9
findIntensityThreshold	10
getDimXY	10
meanShapeMetrics	11
minBoundaryDistances	12
normalizeCoordinates	13
reconstructShapeDensity	13
reconstructShapeDensityImage	14
reconstructShapeDensitySPE	15
shapeIntensityImage	16
shapeMetrics	17
simulateTissueBlobs	18
sostaSPE	18
spatialCoords2SF	19
SPE2ppp	19
stCalculateCurvature	20
stCalculateShapeCurl	21
stFeatureAxes	21
totalShapeMetrics	22
xyCoordinates	23
Index	24

sosta-package	<i>sosta: A package for the analysis of anatomical tissue structures in spatial omics data</i>
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Description

sosta (Spatial Omics STructure Analysis) is a package for analyzing spatial omics data to explore tissue organization at the anatomical structure level. It reconstructs morphologically relevant structures based on molecular features or cell types. It further calculates a range of structural and shape metrics to quantitatively describe tissue architecture. The package is designed to integrate with other packages for the analysis of spatial (omics) data.

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See Also

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/sgunz/sosta>
- <https://sgunz.github.io/sosta/>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/sgunz/sosta/issues>

`.df2ppp`*Function to convert data.frame to ppp object*

Description

Assumes that the `data.frame` is the output of `.SPE2df()`. Column order is important!

Usage

```
.df2ppp(df)
```

Arguments

<code>df</code>	<code>data.frame</code> ; with x, y coordinates, image, and categorical mark information. Order of columns is important.
-----------------	--

Value

`ppp`; object of type `ppp`

See Also

[.SPE2df](#), [as.ppp](#)

Examples

```
data(sostaSPE)
df <- .SPE2df(sostaSPE, marks = "cellType", imageCol = "imageName")
ppp <- .df2ppp(df)
```

.intensityImage	<i>Function to estimate the intensity image of a point pattern</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Function to estimate the intensity image of a point pattern

Usage

```
.intensityImage(ppp, markSelect = NULL, bndw = NULL, dim)
```

Arguments

ppp	point pattern object of class ppp
markSelect	character; name of mark that is to be selected for the reconstruction
bndw	bandwidth of kernel density estimator
dim	numeric; x dimension of the final reconstruction.

Value

list; list with the intensity image and the bandwidth and dimension parameters

.intensityThreshold	<i>Function to estimate the intensity threshold for the reconstruction of spatial structures</i>
---------------------	--

Description

Function to estimate the intensity threshold for the reconstruction of spatial structures

Usage

```
.intensityThreshold(densityImage, steps = 250)
```

Arguments

densityImage	real-valued pixel image; output from the function .intensityImage
steps	numeric; value used to filter the density estimates, where only densities greater than the maximum value divided by threshold are considered. Default is 250.

Value

numeric; estimated threshold

.SPE2df*Function to convert SpatialExperiment object to a data frame*

Description

Function to convert SpatialExperiment object to a data frame

Usage

```
.SPE2df(spe, imageCol, marks = NULL)
```

Arguments

spe	SpatialExperiment; a object of class SpatialExperiment
imageCol	character; name of a column in colData that corresponds to the image
marks	character; name of column in colData with categorical marks

Value

data.frame with x, y coordinates, image, and categorical mark information

Examples

```
data(sostaSPE)
.SPE2df(sostaSPE, marks = "cellType", imageCol = "imageName") |> head()
```

assingCellsToStructures*Function to assign points / coordinates to structures*

Description

This function assigns each spatial coordinate in a SpatialExperiment object (spe) to the first intersecting structure from a given set of spatial structures.

Usage

```
assingCellsToStructures(
  spe,
  allStructs,
  imageCol,
  uniqueId = "structID",
  nCores = 1
)
```

Arguments

spe	SpatialExperiment; An object of class SpatialExperiment containing spatial point data.
allStructs	sf; A simple feature collection (sf object) representing spatial structures. Must contain a column which contains a unique identifier for each structure. Default = structID.
imageCol	character; The column name in spe and allStructs that identifies the corresponding image.
uniqueId	character; The column name in the simple feature collection for which to compute the assignment.
nCores	integer; The number of cores to use for parallel processing (default is 1).

Value

A vector with structure assignments for each spatial point in spe. Points that do not overlap with any structure are assigned NA.

Examples

```
library("SpatialExperiment")
data("sostaSPE")
allStructs <- reconstructShapeDensitySPE(sostaSPE,
  marks = "cellType", imageCol = "imageName",
  markSelect = "A", bndw = 3.5, thres = 0.045
)
colData(sostaSPE)$structAssign <- assingCellsToStructures(
  spe = sostaSPE, allStructs = allStructs, imageCol = "imageName"
)
if (require("ggplot2")) {
  cbind(
    colData(sostaSPE[, sostaSPE[["imageName"]] == "image1"]),
    spatialCoords(sostaSPE[, sostaSPE[["imageName"]] == "image1"])
  ) |>
  as.data.frame() |>
  ggplot(aes(x = x, y = y, color = structAssign)) +
  geom_point(size = 0.25) +
  coord_equal()
}
```

binaryImageToSF

Converts a binary matrix to an sf polygon

Description

Converts a binary matrix to an sf polygon

Usage

```
binaryImageToSF(binaryMatrix, xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
```

Arguments

binaryMatrix	matrix; binary matrix
xmin	integer; minimum x coordinate of the coordinate system
xmax	integer; maximum x coordinate of the coordinate system
ymin	integer; minimum y coordinate of the coordinate system
ymax	integer; maximum y coordinate of the coordinate system

Value

sf object

Examples

```
matrixR <- matrix(c(
  0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
), nrow = 9, byrow = TRUE)
polyR <- binaryImageToSF(matrixR, xmin = 0, xmax = 1, ymin = 0, ymax = 1)
plot(polyR)
```

cellTypeProportions	<i>Calculate the proportion of each cell type within spatial structures</i>
---------------------	---

Description

Calculate the proportion of each cell type within spatial structures

Usage

```
cellTypeProportions(spe, structColumn, cellTypeColumn, nCores = 1)
```

Arguments

spe	SpatialExperiment object
structColumn	character; name of the colData column specifying the structure assignments
cellTypeColumn	character; name of the colData column specifying cell types
nCores	integer; The number of cores to use for parallel processing (default is 1).

Value

A data frame where rows correspond to unique structures and columns correspond to cell types, containing the proportion of each cell type within each structure.

Examples

```
library("SpatialExperiment")
data("sostaSPE")
allStructs <- reconstructShapeDensitySPE(sostaSPE,
  marks = "cellType", imageCol = "imageName",
  markSelect = "A", bndw = 3.5, thres = 0.045
)
colData(sostaSPE)$structAssign <- assingCellsToStructures(
  spe = sostaSPE, allStructs = allStructs, imageCol = "imageName"
)
cellTypeProportions(sostaSPE, "structAssign", "cellType")
```

```
createPointPatternTissue
```

Create a Point Pattern on a Simulated Tissue Image

Description

This function generates a spatial point pattern with different types of points (A, B, C) distributed over the simulated tissue structure.

Usage

```
createPointPatternTissue(tissueImage, intA, intB, intCInA, intCInB)
```

Arguments

tissueImage	Matrix; A binary matrix representing the simulated tissue.
intA	Numeric; Intensity of type "A" points (points per unit area) on tissue regions.
intB	Numeric; Intensity of type "B" points (points per unit area) on non-tissue regions.
intCInA	Numeric; Intensity of type "C" points placed in extended regions around tissue.
intCInB	Numeric; Intensity of type "C" points placed within tissue.

Value

A ppp object representing the spatial point pattern.

Examples

```
tissueImage <- simulateTissueBlobs(128, 100, 7)
createPointPatternTissue(tissueImage, 0.1, 0.1, 0.005, 0.005)
```

estimateReconstructionParametersSPE

Estimate reconstruction parameters from a set of images

Description

Estimate reconstruction parameters from a set of images

Usage

```
estimateReconstructionParametersSPE(
  spe,
  marks,
  imageCol,
  markSelect = NULL,
  nImages = NULL,
  fun = "bw.diggle",
  dim = 500,
  nCores = 1,
  plotHist = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

spe	SpatialExperiment; a object of class SpatialExperiment
marks	character; name of column in colData that will correspond to the ppp marks
imageCol	character; name of a column in colData that corresponds to the image
markSelect	character; name of mark that is to be selected for the reconstruction
nImages	integer; number of images for the estimation. Will be randomly sampled
fun	character; function to estimate the kernel density. Default bw.diggle.
dim	numeric; x dimension of the final reconstruction. A lower resolution speed up computation but lead to less exact reconstruction. Default = 500
nCores	numeric; number of cores for parallel processing using mclapply. Default = 1
plotHist	logical; if histogram of estimated densities and thresholds should be plotted. Default = TRUE

Value

tibble; tibble with estimated intensities and thresholds

Examples

```
data("sostaSPE")
estimateReconstructionParametersSPE(sostaSPE,
  marks = "cellType", imageCol = "imageName",
  markSelect = "A", plotHist = TRUE
)
```

findIntensityThreshold

Estimate the intensity threshold for the reconstruction of spatial structures

Description

Estimate the intensity threshold for the reconstruction of spatial structures

Usage

```
findIntensityThreshold(ppp, markSelect = NULL, bndw = NULL, dim, steps = 250)
```

Arguments

ppp	point pattern object of class ppp
markSelect	character; name of mark that is to be selected for the reconstruction
bndw	numeric; bandwidth of the sigma parameter in the density estimation, if no value is given the bandwidth is estimated using cross validation with the <code>bw.diggle</code> function.
dim	numeric; x dimension of the final reconstruction.
steps	numeric; value used to filter the density estimates, where only densities greater than the maximum value divided by threshold are considered. Default is 250.

Value

numeric; estimated intensity threshold

Examples

```
data(sostaSPE)
ppp <- SPE2ppp(sostaSPE, marks = "cellType", imageCol = "imageName", imageId = "image1")
findIntensityThreshold(ppp, markSelect = "A", dim = 250)
```

getDimXY

Function to get the dimension based on dim of y axis

Description

Function to get the dimension based on dim of y axis

Usage

```
getDimXY(ppp, ydim)
```

Arguments

ppp	point pattern object of class ppp
ydim	dimension of y axis

Value

vector; vector with x and y dimension

Examples

```
data(sostaSPE)
pp <- SPE2ppp(sostaSPE,
  marks = "cellType", imageCol = "imageName",
  imageId = "image1"
)
getDimXY(pp, 500)
```

meanShapeMetrics

Calculate mean shape metrics of a set of polygons

Description

Calculate mean shape metrics of a set of polygons

Usage

```
meanShapeMetrics(totalShapeMetricMatrix)
```

Arguments

```
totalShapeMetricMatrix
  matrix of shape metrics
```

Value

matrix; matrix of mean shape metrics

Examples

```
data(sostaSPE)
struct <- reconstructShapeDensityImage(sostaSPE,
  marks = "cellType", imageCol = "imageName",
  imageId = "image1", markSelect = "A", dim = 500
)
shapeMetrics <- totalShapeMetrics(struct)
meanShapeMetrics(shapeMetrics)
```

minBoundaryDistances	<i>Compute minimum boundary distances for each cell within its corresponding image structures</i>
----------------------	---

Description

Compute minimum boundary distances for each cell within its corresponding image structures

Usage

```
minBoundaryDistances(spe, imageCol, structColumn, allStructs, nCores = 1)
```

Arguments

spe	SpatialExperiment object
imageCol	character; name of the colData column specifying the image name
structColumn	character; name of the colData column specifying structure assignments
allStructs	sf object; contains spatial structures with corresponding image names
nCores	integer; The number of cores to use for parallel processing (default is 1).

Value

A numeric vector containing the minimum distances between cells and structure boundaries, values within structures have negative values.

Examples

```
library("SpatialExperiment")
data("sostaSPE")
allStructs <- reconstructShapeDensitySPE(sostaSPE,
  marks = "cellType", imageCol = "imageName",
  markSelect = "A", bndw = 3.5, thres = 0.045
)
colData(sostaSPE)$structAssign <- assingCellsToStructures(
  spe = sostaSPE, allStructs = allStructs, imageCol = "imageName"
)
colData(sostaSPE)$minDist <- minBoundaryDistances(
  spe = sostaSPE, imageCol = "imageName", structColumn = "structAssign",
  allStructs = allStructs
)
if (require("ggplot2")) {
  cbind(colData(sostaSPE), spatialCoords(sostaSPE)) |>
    as.data.frame() |>
    ggplot(aes(x = x, y = y, color = minDist)) +
    geom_point(size = 0.25) +
    scale_colour_gradient2() +
    geom_sf(data = allStructs, fill = NA, inherit.aes = FALSE) +
    facet_wrap(~imageName)
}
```

normalizeCoordinates	<i>Function to normalize coordinates between zero and one while keep scaling</i>
----------------------	--

Description

Function to normalize coordinates between zero and one while keep scaling

Usage

```
normalizeCoordinates(coords)
```

Arguments

coords	matrix; matrix with coordinates
--------	---------------------------------

Value

matrix; coordinates scaled between 0 and 1

Examples

```
matrixR <- matrix(c(
  0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
), nrow = 9, byrow = TRUE)
coords <- xyCoordinates(matrixR)
normalizeCoordinates(coords)
```

reconstructShapeDensity	<i>Reconstruct polygon from point pattern density</i>
-------------------------	---

Description

This function estimates the density of a spatial point pattern (ppp), thresholds the density to create a binary image, and then converts it to a valid sf object (polygons).

Usage

```
reconstructShapeDensity(ppp, markSelect = NULL, bndw = NULL, thres = NULL, dim)
```

Arguments

ppp	point pattern object of class ppp
markSelect	character; name of mark that is to be selected for the reconstruction
bndw	bandwidth of kernel density estimator
thres	intensity threshold for the reconstruction
dim	numeric; x dimension of the final reconstruction.

Value

sf object of class POLYGON

Examples

```
data("sostaSPE")
ppp <- SPE2ppp(sostaSPE, marks = "cellType", imageCol = "imageName", imageId = "image1")
thres <- findIntensityThreshold(ppp, markSelect = "A", dim = 500)
struct <- reconstructShapeDensity(ppp, markSelect = "A", thres = thres, dim = 500)
plot(struct)
```

reconstructShapeDensityImage

Reconstruct structure from spe object with given image id

Description

Reconstruct structure from spe object with given image id

Usage

```
reconstructShapeDensityImage(
  spe,
  marks,
  imageCol,
  imageId,
  markSelect,
  dim = 500,
  bndw = NULL,
  thres = NULL
)
```

Arguments

spe	SpatialExperiment; a object of class SpatialExperiment
marks	character; name of column in colData that will correspond to the ppp marks
imageCol	character; name of a column in colData that corresponds to the image
imageId	character; image id, must be present in imageCol
markSelect	character; name of mark that is to be selected for the reconstruction
dim	numeric; x dimension of the final reconstruction. A lower resolution speed up computation but lead to less exact reconstruction. Default = 500

bndw	numeric; smoothing bandwidth in the density estimation, corresponds to the sigma parameter in the <code>density.ppp</code> function, if no value is given the bandwidth is estimated using cross validation with the <code>bw.diggle</code> function.
thres	numeric; intensity threshold for the reconstruction; if NULL the threshold is set as the mean between the mode of the pixel intensity distributions

Value

sf object of class POLYGON

Examples

```
data("sostaSPE")
struct <- reconstructShapeDensityImage(sostaSPE,
  marks = "cellType", imageCol = "imageName", imageId = "image1",
  markSelect = "A", dim = 500
)
plot(struct)
```

reconstructShapeDensitySPE

Reconstruct structure from spatial experiment object per image id

Description

Reconstruct structure from spatial experiment object per image id

Usage

```
reconstructShapeDensitySPE(
  spe,
  marks,
  imageCol,
  markSelect,
  dim = 500,
  bndw = NULL,
  thres = NULL,
  nCores = 1
)
```

Arguments

spe	SpatialExperiment; a object of class SpatialExperiment
marks	character; name of column in colData that will correspond to the ppp marks
imageCol	character; name of a column in colData that corresponds to the image
markSelect	character; name of mark that is to be selected for the reconstruction
dim	numeric; x dimension of the final reconstruction. A lower resolution speed up computation but lead to less exact reconstruction. Default = 500
bndw	numeric; bandwidth of the sigma parameter in the density estimation, if no value is given the bandwidth is estimated using cross validation with the <code>bw.diggle</code> function for each image individually.

thres	numeric; intensity threshold for the reconstruction; if NULL the threshold is set as the mean between the mode of the pixel intensity distributions estimated for each image individual
nCores	numeric; number of cores for parallel processing using mclapply. Default = 1

Value

simple feature collection

Examples

```
data("sostaSPE")
allStructs <- reconstructShapeDensitySPE(sostaSPE,
  marks = "cellType", imageCol = "imageName",
  markSelect = "A", bndw = 3.5, thres = 0.005
)
allStructs
```

shapeIntensityImage *Intensity plot*

Description

This function plots the intensity of a point pattern image and displays a histogram of the intensity values. Note that intensities less than largest intensity value divided by 250 are not displayed in the histogram.

Usage

```
shapeIntensityImage(
  spe,
  marks,
  imageCol,
  imageId,
  markSelect,
  bndw = NULL,
  dim = 500
)
```

Arguments

spe	SpatialExperiment; a object of class SpatialExperiment
marks	character; name of column in colData that will correspond to the ppp marks
imageCol	character; name of a column in colData that corresponds to the image
imageId	character; image id, must be present in imageCol
markSelect	character; name of mark that is to be selected for the reconstruction
bndw	numeric; smoothing bandwidth in the density estimation, corresponds to the sigma parameter in the density.ppp function, if no value is given the bandwidth is estimated using cross validation with the bw.diggle function.
dim	numeric; x dimension of the final reconstruction. A lower resolution speeds up computation but lead to less exact reconstruction. Default = 500

Value

ggplot object with intensity image and histogram

Examples

```
data("sostaSPE")
shapeIntensityImage(sostaSPE,
  marks = "cellType", imageCol = "imageName",
  imageId = "image1", markSelect = "A"
)
```

shapeMetrics

Calculate a set of shape metrics of a polygon

Description

Calculate a set of shape metrics of a polygon

Usage

```
shapeMetrics(sfPoly)
```

Arguments

sfPoly POLYGON of class sfc

Value

list; list of shape metrics

Examples

```
matrix_R <- matrix(c(
  0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
), nrow = 9, byrow = TRUE)
polyR <- binaryImageToSF(matrix_R, xmin = 0, xmax = 1, ymin = 0, ymax = 1)
shapeMetrics(polyR)
```

simulateTissueBlobs	<i>Simulate Tissue Blobs</i>
---------------------	------------------------------

Description

This function generates a simulated tissue-like structure using a Gaussian blur technique.

Usage

```
simulateTissueBlobs(size, seedNumber, clumpSize)
```

Arguments

size	Integer; The size (width and height) of the simulated tissue image.
seedNumber	Integer; The number of random seed points used to generate tissue blobs.
clumpSize	Numeric; The standard deviation (sigma) of the Gaussian blur applied to generate tissue clumps.

Value

A binary matrix representing the simulated tissue structure.

Examples

```
tissueImage <- simulateTissueBlobs(128, 100, 7)
image(tissueImage)
```

sostaSPE	<i>Example SpatialExperiment Object with Simulated Tissue Images and Point Patterns</i>
----------	---

Description

This dataset contains a simulated `SpatialExperiment` object (`sostaSPE`) representing three tissue images, each with a corresponding spatial point pattern. The point patterns contain different cell types (A, B, and C), distributed according to simulated tissue structures.

Usage

```
sostaSPE
```

Format

A `SpatialExperiment` object with the following structure:

x	Numeric; x-coordinate of each point (cell location).
y	Numeric; y-coordinate of each point (cell location).
cell_type	Factor; Cell type assigned to each point (A, B, or C).
image_name	Factor; Identifier for the tissue image (image1, image2, or image3).

Details

The dataset was generated as follows:

- Three tissue images were simulated using `simulateTissueBlobs()`.
- Spatial point patterns were created for each tissue using `createPointPatternTissue()`.
- The point pattern data was converted into a `SpatialExperiment` object with spatial coordinates.

<code>spatialCoords2SF</code>	<i>Function to convert spatialCoords to an sf object</i>
-------------------------------	--

Description

Function to convert `spatialCoords` to an `sf` object

Usage

```
spatialCoords2SF(spe)
```

Arguments

<code>spe</code>	<code>SpatialExperiment</code> ; a object of class <code>SpatialExperiment</code>
------------------	---

Value

`sf`; Simple feature collection of geometry type POINT

Examples

```
data(sostaSPE)
speSel <- sostaSPE[, sostaSPE[["imageName"]] == "image1"]
spatialCoords2SF(speSel)
```

<code>SPE2ppp</code>	<i>Function to convert spatial coordinates of a SpatialExperiment object to a ppp object</i>
----------------------	--

Description

Function to convert spatial coordinates of a `SpatialExperiment` object to a `ppp` object

Usage

```
SPE2ppp(spe, marks, imageCol = NULL, imageId = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>spe</code>	<code>SpatialExperiment</code> ; a object of class <code>SpatialExperiment</code>
<code>marks</code>	character; name of column in <code>colData</code> that will correspond to the <code>ppp</code> marks
<code>imageCol</code>	character; name of a column in <code>colData</code> that corresponds to the image
<code>imageId</code>	character; image id, must be present in <code>imageCol</code>

Value

ppp; object of type ppp

Examples

```
data(sostaSPE)
SPE2ppp(sostaSPE,
  marks = "cellType", imageCol = "imageName",
  imageId = "image1"
)
```

stCalculateCurvature *Calculate curvature of sf object*

Description

Calculate curvature of sf object

Usage

```
stCalculateCurvature(sfPoly, smoothness = 5)
```

Arguments

sfPoly	POLYGON of class sf
smoothness	list; curvature measures

Value

list; list of curvatures values

References

<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/62250151/calculate-curvature-of-a-closed-object-in-r>

Examples

```
matrixR <- matrix(c(
  0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
), nrow = 9, byrow = TRUE)
polyR <- binaryImageToSF(matrixR, xmin = 0, xmax = 1, ymin = 0, ymax = 1)
stCalculateCurvature(polyR)
```

stCalculateShapeCurl *Calculate curl of a polygon*

Description

Calculate curl of a polygon

Usage

```
stCalculateShapeCurl(sfPoly)
```

Arguments

sfPoly POLYGON of class sf

Value

numeric; the curl of the polygon

Examples

```
matrixR <- matrix(c(
  1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0,
  1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1,
  1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1,
  1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0,
  1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0,
  1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1,
  1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1
), nrow = 7, byrow = TRUE)
polyR <- binaryImageToSF(matrixR, xmin = 0, xmax = 1, ymin = 0, ymax = 1)
stCalculateShapeCurl(polyR)
```

stFeatureAxes *Calculate the length of feature axes of an sf polygon*

Description

Calculate the length of feature axes of an sf polygon

Usage

```
stFeatureAxes(sfPoly)
```

Arguments

sfPoly POLYGON of class sf

Value

list; list containing the major and minor axis lengths

Examples

```
matrixR <- matrix(c(
  0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
), nrow = 9, byrow = TRUE)
polyR <- binaryImageToSF(matrixR, xmin = 0, xmax = 1, ymin = 0, ymax = 1)
stFeatureAxes(polyR)
```

totalShapeMetrics	<i>Calculate a set of shape metrics of a set of polygons</i>
-------------------	--

Description

Calculate a set of shape metrics of a set of polygons

Usage

```
totalShapeMetrics(sfInput)
```

Arguments

sfInput MULTIPOLYGON of class sf

Details

Calculate a set of shape metrics of a set of polygons. The function calculates all metrics that are implemented in the function `shapeMetrics()`

Value

matrix; matrix of shape metrics

Examples

```
data(sostaSPE)
struct <- reconstructShapeDensityImage(sostaSPE,
  marks = "cellType", imageCol = "imageName",
  imageId = "image1", markSelect = "A", dim = 500
)
totalShapeMetrics(struct)
```

xyCoordinates*Function to extract x y coordinates from binary image*

Description

Function to extract x y coordinates from binary image

Usage

```
xyCoordinates(inputMatrix)
```

Arguments

inputMatrix a binary matrix

Value

matrix; matrix with x,y coordinates of the cell of the input matrix

Examples

```
matrixR <- matrix(c(
  0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
  0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
), nrow = 9, byrow = TRUE)
xyCoordinates(matrixR)
```

Index

- * **datasets**
 - sostaSPE, [18](#)
- * **internal**
 - sosta-package, [2](#)
 - .SPE2df, [3](#), [5](#)
 - .df2ppp, [3](#)
 - .intensityImage, [4](#)
 - .intensityThreshold, [4](#)
- as.ppp, [3](#)
- assingCellsToStructures, [5](#)
- binaryImageToSF, [6](#)
- cellTypeProportions, [7](#)
- createPointPatternTissue, [8](#)
- estimateReconstructionParametersSPE, [9](#)
- findIntensityThreshold, [10](#)
- getDimXY, [10](#)
- meanShapeMetrics, [11](#)
- minBoundaryDistances, [12](#)
- normalizeCoordinates, [13](#)
- reconstructShapeDensity, [13](#)
- reconstructShapeDensityImage, [14](#)
- reconstructShapeDensitySPE, [15](#)
- shapeIntensityImage, [16](#)
- shapeMetrics, [17](#)
- simulateTissueBlobs, [18](#)
- sosta (sosta-package), [2](#)
- sosta-package, [2](#)
- sostaSPE, [18](#)
- spatialCoords2SF, [19](#)
- SPE2ppp, [19](#)
- stCalculateCurvature, [20](#)
- stCalculateShapeCurl, [21](#)
- stFeatureAxes, [21](#)
- totalShapeMetrics, [22](#)
- xyCoordinates, [23](#)