Package ‘airpart’

March 20, 2024

Title  Differential cell-type-specific allelic imbalance

Version  1.10.0

Description  Airpart identifies sets of genes displaying differential cell-type-specific allelic imbalance across cell types or states, utilizing single-cell allelic counts. It makes use of a generalized fused lasso with binomial observations of allelic counts to partition cell types by their allelic imbalance. Alternatively, a nonparametric method for partitioning cell types is offered. The package includes a number of visualizations and quality control functions for examining single cell allelic imbalance datasets.

License  GPL-2

Depends  R (>= 4.1)

Imports  SingleCellExperiment, SummarizedExperiment, S4Vectors, scater, stats, smurf, apeglm (>= 1.13.3), emdbook, melust, clue, dynamicTreeCut, matrixStats, dplyr, plyr, ggplot2, ComplexHeatmap, forestplot, RColorBrewer, rlang, IpSolve, grid, grDevices, graphics, utils, pbapply

Suggests  knitr, rmarkdown, roxygen2 (>= 6.0.0), testthat (>= 3.0.0), gplots, tidyr

VignetteBuilder  knitr

biocViews  SingleCell, RNASeq, ATACSeq, ChIPSeq, Sequencing, GeneRegulation, GeneExpression, Transcription, TranscriptomeVariant, CellBiology, FunctionalGenomics, DifferentialExpression, GraphAndNetwork, Regression, Clustering, QualityControl

Encoding  UTF-8

BugReports  https://github.com/Wancen/airpart/issues

URL  https://github.com/Wancen/airpart

RoxygenNote  7.2.3

Config/testthat/edition  3
allellicRatio

Fit beta-binomial across cell types

Description

This function performs additional inference on the allelic ratio across cell types, giving posterior mean and credible intervals per cell type. A Cauchy prior is centered for each cell type on the allelic ratio from the fused lasso across all genes in the gene cluster (or using a weighted means if the fused lasso is not provided).

Usage

allellicRatio(sce, formula, nogroup = FALSE, level = 0.95, DAItest = FALSE, ...)
cellQC

Quality control on cells

Description

Quality control on cells

Usage

```r
cellQC(
  sce,
  spike,
  threshold = 0,
  mad_sum = 5,
  mad_detected = 3,
  mad_spikegenes = 5
)
```
Arguments

- **sce**: SingleCellExperiment with counts and ratio
- **spike**: the character name of spike genes. If missing, spikePercent will all be zero and filter_spike will be false.
- **threshold**: A numeric scalar specifying the threshold above which a gene is considered to be detected.
- **mad_sum**: A numeric scalar specifying exceed how many median absolute deviations from the median log10-counts a cell is considered to be filtered out. Default is 5.
- **mad_detected**: A numeric scalar specifying exceed how many median absolute deviations from the median detected features a cell is considered to be filtered out. Default is 5.
- **mad_spikegenes**: A numeric scalar specifying exceed how many median absolute deviations from the median spike genes expression percentage a cell is considered to be filtered out. Default is 5.

Value

A DataFrame of QC statistics includes

- **sum**: the sum of counts of each cell
- **detected**: the number of features above threshold
- **spikePercent**: the percentage of counts assignes to spike genes
- **filter_sum**: indicate whether log10-counts within mad_sum median absolute deviations from the median log10-counts for the dataset
- **filter_detected**: indicate whether features detected by this cell within mad_detected median absolute deviations from the median detected features for the dataset
- **filter_spike**: indicate whether percentage expressed by spike genes within mad_spikegenes median absolute deviations from the median spike genes expression percentage for the dataset

Examples

```r
sce <- makeSimulatedData()
sce <- preprocess(sce)
cellQCmetrics <- cellQC(sce)
keep_cell <- (
  cellQCmetrics$filter_sum | # sufficient features (genes)
  # sufficient molecules counted
  cellQCmetrics$filter_detected |
  # sufficient features expressed compared to spike genes
  cellQCmetrics$filter_spike
)
sce <- sce[, keep_cell]

# or manually setting threshold
cellQCmetrics <- cellQC(sce,
  spike = "Ercc",
  mad_detected = 4, mad_spikegenes = 4
)```
keep_cell <- (cellQCmetrics$sum > 2.4 | cellQCmetrics$detected > 110)

## consensusPart

### Consensus Partitions

#### Description

Derive consensus partitions of an ensemble fused lasso partitions.

#### Usage

```r
consensusPart(sce)
```

#### Arguments

- **sce**: SingleCellExperiment

#### Value

A matrix grouping factor partition is replaced in metadata. Consensus Partation also stored in colData"part".

#### Examples

```r
library(smurf)
sce <- makeSimulatedData()
sce <- preprocess(sce)
sce <- geneCluster(sce, G = 1:4)
f <- ratio ~ p(x, pen = "gflasso") # formula for the GFL
sce_sub <- fusedLasso(sce,
  formula = f, model = "binomial", genecluster = 1,
  niter = 2, ncores = 2, se.rule.nct = 3
)
sce_sub <- consensusPart(sce_sub)
```
estDisp

Estimate overdispersion parameter of a beta-binomial

Description

Estimate overdispersion parameter of a beta-binomial

Usage

estDisp(sce, genecluster, type = c("plot", "values"))

Arguments

sce SingleCellExperiment with a1 matrix and counts
genecluster the gene cluster for which to estimate the over-dispersion parameter. Default is the cluster with the most cells
type whether to output the over-dispersion estimates as a plot or a value

Value

A ggplot object of the dispersion estimates over the mean, or a data.frame of the mean and dispersion estimates (theta)

Examples

sce <- makeSimulatedData()
sce <- preprocess(sce)
sce <- geneCluster(sce, G = seq_len(4))
estDisp(sce, genecluster = 1)

extractResult

Extract results from an airpart analysis

Description

results extracts a result table from an airpart analysis giving posterior allelic ratio estimates, s values, false sign rate(fsr), upper confidence interval and lower confidence interval.

Usage

extractResult(sce, estimates = c("ar", "svalue", "fsr", "lower", "upper"))

Arguments

sce SingleCellExperiment
estimates the estimates want to be extracted. Default is allelic ratio estimates, can be "svalue", "fsr", "lower"(credible interval) and "upper"(credible interval)
featureQC

Value
a DataFrame of estimates

Examples
```r
sce <- makeSimulatedData()
sce <- preprocess(sce)
sce <- geneCluster(sce, G = 1:4)
sce_sub <- wilcoxExt(sce, genecluster = 1)
sce_sub <- allelicRatio(sce_sub)
ar <- extractResult(sce_sub)
ar
```

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>featureQC</th>
<th>Quality control on features</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Description
Quality control on features

Usage
```r
featureQC(sce, spike, detection_limit = 1, threshold = 0.25, sd = 0.03, pc = 2)
```

Arguments
- `sce` SingleCellExperiment with counts and ratio
- `spike` the character name of spike genes. The default is Ercc
- `detection_limit` Numeric scalar providing the value above which observations are deemed to be expressed.
- `threshold` A numeric scalar specifying the threshold above which percentage of cells expressed within each cell type. Default is 0.25
- `sd` A numeric scalar specifying the cell type weighted allelic ratio mean standard deviation threshold above which are interested features with highly variation. Default is 0.03
- `pc` pseudocount in the preprocess step

Value
A DataFrame of QC statistics includes
- `filter_celltype` indicate whether genes expressed in more than threshold cells for all cell types
- `sd` read counts standard deviation for each feature
- `filter_sd` indicate whether gene standard deviation exceed sd
- `filter_spike` indicate no spike genes
Examples

```r
sce <- makeSimulatedData()
sce <- preprocess(sce)
featureQCmetric <- featureQC(sce)
keep_feature <- (featureQCmetric$filter_celltype &
  featureQCmetric$filter_sd &
  featureQCmetric$filter_spike)
sce <- sce[keep_feature, ]

# or manually setting threshold
featureQCmetric <- featureQC(sce,
  spike = "Ercc",
  threshold = 0.25, sd = 0.03, pc = 2
)
keep_feature <- (featureQCmetric$filter_celltype &
  featureQCmetric$sd > 0.02)
```

---

**fusedLasso**

*Generalized fused lasso to partition cell types by allelic imbalance*

---

**Description**

Fits generalized fused lasso with either binomial(link="logit") or Gaussian likelihood, leveraging functions from the *smurf* package.

**Usage**

```r
fusedLasso(
  sce,  
  formula,  
  model = c("binomial", "gaussian"),  
  genecluster,  
  niter = 1,  
  pen.weights,  
  lambda = "cv1se.dev",  
  k = 5,  
  adj.matrix,  
  lambda.length = 25L,  
  se.rule.nct = 8,  
  se.rule.mult = 0.5,  
  ...  
)
```

**Arguments**

- `sce`: A SingleCellExperiment containing assays ("ratio", "counts") and colData "x"
A formula object which will typically involve a fused lasso penalty: default is just using cell-type ‘x’: \( \text{ratio} \sim \text{p(x, pen="gflasso")} \). Other possibilities would be to use the Graph-Guided Fused Lasso penalty, or add covariates want to be adjusted for, which can include a gene-level baseline ‘gene’ ratio \( \sim \text{p(x, pen = "ggflasso") + gene + batch} \). See `glmmsmur` for more details.

Either "binomial" or "gaussian" used to fit the generalized fused lasso.

Which gene cluster to run the fused lasso on. Usually one first identifies an interesting gene cluster pattern by `summaryAllelicRatio`

Number of iterations to run; recommended to run 5 times if allelic ratio differences across cell types are within [0.05, 0.1]

Argument as described in `glmmsmur`

Argument as described in `glmmsmur`. Default lambda is determined by "cv1se.dev" (cross-validation within 1 standard error rule(SE); deviance)

Number of cross-validation folds

Argument as described in `glmmsmur`

Argument as described in `glmmsmur`

The number of cell types to trigger a different SE-based rule than 1 SE (to prioritize larger models, less fusing, good for detecting smaller, e.g. 0.05, allelic ratio differences). When the number of cell types is less than or equal to this value, \text{se.rule.mult} SE rule is used. When the number of cell types is larger than this value, the standard 1 SE rule is used.

The multiplier of the SE in determining the lambda: the chosen lambda is within \text{se.rule.mult} x SE of the minimum deviance. Small values will prioritize larger models, less fusing. Only used when number of cell types is equal to or less than \text{se.rule.nct}

Additional arguments passed to `glmmsmur`

Usually, we used a Generalized Fused Lasso penalty for the cell states in order to regularize all possible coefficient differences. Another possibility would be to use the Graph-Guided Fused Lasso penalty to only regularize the differences of coefficients of neighboring cell states.

When using a Graph-Guided Fused Lasso penalty, the adjacency matrix corresponding to the graph needs to be provided. The elements of this matrix are zero when two levels are not connected, and one when they are adjacent.

See the package vignette for more details and a complete description of a use case.

A SummarizedExperiment with attached metadata and colData: a matrix grouping factor partition and the penalized parameter lambda are returned in metadata "partition" and "lambda". Partition and logistic group allelic estimates are stored in colData: "part" and "coef".
References

This function leverages the glmsmurf function from the smurf package. For more details see the following manuscript:


See Also

`glmsmurf, glmsmurf.control, p.glm`

Examples

```r
library(S4Vectors)
library(smurf)
sce <- makeSimulatedData()
sce <- preprocess(sce)
sce <- geneCluster(sce, G = seq_len(4))
f <- ratio ~ p(x, pen = "gflasso") \# formula for the GFL
sce_sub <- fusedLasso(sce,
  formula = f, model = "binomial", genecluster = 1, ncores = 1)
metadata(sce_sub)$partition
metadata(sce_sub)$lambda

\# can add covariates or `gene` to the formula
f2 <- ratio ~ p(x, pen = "gflasso") + gene
sce_sub <- fusedLasso(sce[1:5,],
  formula = f2, model = "binomial",
  genecluster = 1, ncores = 1)

\# Suppose we have 4 cell states, if we only want neighbouring cell states
\# to be grouped together with other cell states. Note here the names of
\# the cell states should be given as row and column names.
nct <- nlevels(sce$x)
adjmatrix <- makeOffByOneAdjMat(nct)
colnames(adjmatrix) <- rownames(adjmatrix) <- levels(sce$x)
f <- ratio ~ p(x, pen = "ggflasso") \# use graph-guided fused lasso
sce_sub <- fusedLasso(sce,
  formula = f, model = "binomial", genecluster = 1,
  lambda = 0.5, ncores = 1,
  adj.matrix = list(x = adjmatrix)
)
metadata(sce_sub)$partition
```

---

geneCluster

**Gene clustering based on allelic ratio matrix with pseudo-count**

Description

Gene clustering based on allelic ratio matrix with pseudo-count
geneCluster 11

Usage

geneCluster(
  sce,
  G,
  method = c("GMM", "hierarchical"),
  minClusterSize = 3,
  plot = TRUE,
  ...
)

Arguments

sce  SingleCellExperiment containing assays "ratio_pseudo" and colData factor "x"
G  An integer vector specifying the numbers of clusters for which the BIC is to be calculated. The default is G=c(8, 12, 16, 20, 24).
method  the method to do gene clustering. The default is the Gaussian Mixture Modeling which is likely to be more accurate. "hierarchical" represents automatic hierarchical clustering which is faster to compute.
minClusterSize  Minimum cluster size of "hierarchical" method.
plot  logical, whether to make a PCA plot
...  Catches unused arguments in indirect or list calls via do.call as described in Mclust

Value

gene cluster IDs are stored in the rowData column cluster and a table of gene cluster is returned in metadata geneCluster

References

This function leverages Mclust from the mclust package, or hclust.

For mclust see: Luca Scrucca and Michael Fop and T. Brendan Murphy, Adrian E. Raftery "mclust 5: clustering, classification and density estimation using Gaussian finite mixture models" 2016. The R Journal. doi: 10.32614/RJ-2016-021

See Also

Mclust

Examples

sce <- makeSimulatedData()
sce <- preprocess(sce)
sce <- geneCluster(sce, G = seq_len(4))
makeForest  

Plot allelic ratio result as forest  

Description  

Draw a forest plot to visualized cell type specific allelic ratio estimator and confidence interval. It is based on the forestplot-package's forestplot function.

Usage  

makeForest(  
sce,  
genepoi,  
ctpoi = seq_len(nlevels(sce$x)),  
showtext = FALSE,  
xticks,  
boxsize = 0.25,  
lab = "Allelic Ratio",  
col,  
grid = structure(seq(0.1, 0.9, 0.1), gp = gpar(lty = 2, col = "#CCCCFF")),  
...  
)

Arguments  

sce  
A SingleCellExperiment containing colData allelic ratio estimator in the third column and last two column is the confidence interval.

genepoi  
the gene position index or gene name vector that want to be plotted. Ordered by increased cell type svalue. Default is the top 40 genes that has minimum svalue in any cell type or all genes if number of genes smaller than 40.

ctpoi  
the cell type position index that want to be plotted.

showtext  
indicate whether show the svalue information along the forestplot.

xticks  
argument as described in forestplot

boxsize  
Override the default box size based on precision

lab  
x-axis label. Default is "Allelic Ratio"

col  
Set the colors for all the elements. See fpColors for details

grid  
If you want a discrete gray dashed grid at the level of the ticks you can set this parameter to TRUE. If you set the parameter to a vector of values lines will be drawn at the corresponding positions. If you want to specify the gpar of the lines then either directly pass a gpar object or set the gp attribute e.g. attr(line_vector, "gp") <- gpar(lty=2, col = "red")

...  
Passed on the other argument in forestplot.
makeHeatmap

Plot allelic ratio as heatmap

Description

Plot allelic ratio as heatmap

Usage

makeHeatmap(
  sce,
  assay = c("ratio_pseudo", "ratio", "counts"),
  genecluster = NULL,
  show_row_names = FALSE,
  order_by_group = TRUE,
  ...
)
makeOffByOneAdjMat

Generating adjacency matrix for neighboring cell states.

Description

To use the Graph-Guided Fused Lasso penalty to only regularize the differences of coefficients of neighboring areas, suitable for time/spatial analysis. The adjacency matrix corresponding to the graph needs to be provided. The elements of this matrix are zero when two levels are not connected, and one when they are adjacent.

Usage

makeOffByOneAdjMat(nct)

Arguments

nct the number of cell types/states
Details

If manually input the adjacency matrix, this matrix has to be symmetric and the names of the cell states should be given as row and column names.

Examples

```r
sce <- makeSimulatedData()
nct <- nlevels(sce$x)
adjmatrix <- makeOffByOneAdjMat(nct)
colnames(adjmatrix) <- rownames(adjmatrix) <- levels(sce$x)
```

Description

Make simulated data for airpart

Usage

```r
makeSimulatedData(
  mu1 = 2,
  mu2 = 10,
  nct = 4,
  n = 30,
  ngenecl = 50,
  theta = 20,
  ncl = 3,
  p.vec = rep(c(0.2, 0.8, 0.5, 0.5, 0.7, 0.9), each = 2),
  totalClusters = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

- `mu1` low count (typical of "noisy" ratio estimates)
- `mu2` high count
- `nct` number of cell types
- `n` number of cells per cell type
- `ngenecl` number of genes per cluster
- `theta` overdispersion parameter (higher is closer to binomial)
- `ncl` number of gene cluster
- `p.vec` the allelic ratio vector which follows gene cluster order. (length is nct * ncl)
- `totalClusters` logical, whether cell types should cluster by total count
makeStep

Value

SingleCellExperiment with the following elements as assays

- a1 allelic count matrix for the numerator/effect allele
- a2 allelic count matrix for the denominator/non-effect allele
- true.ratio a matrix of the true probabilities (allelic ratios) for the cell types

Also x in the colData is a vector of annotated cell types in the same order as cells in count matrix

Examples

```r
library(SummarizedExperiment)
sce <- makeSimulatedData()
assayNames(sce)
```

---

makeStep | Plot group partition and posterior allelic ratio estimates by step

Description

Plot group partition and posterior allelic ratio estimates by step

Usage

```r
makeStep(sce, xlab = "cell type")
```

Arguments

- `sce` SingleCellExperiment
- `xlab` the x axis name.

Value

- a ggplot2 object.

Examples

```r
sce <- makeSimulatedData()
sce <- preprocess(sce)
sce <- geneCluster(sce, G = 1:4)
sce_sub <- wilcoxExt(sce, genecluster = 1)
sce_sub <- allelicRatio(sce_sub)
makeStep(sce_sub)
```
**makeViolin**

*Posterior mean allelic ratio estimates in violin plots*

**Description**

Posterior mean allelic ratio estimates in violin plots

**Usage**

`makeViolin(sce, xlab = "cell type", ylim = c(0, 1))`

**Arguments**

- `sce` SingleCellExperiment
- `xlab` the x axis name.
- `ylim` the y axis range

**Value**

a ggplot2 object, n represents number of cells in that cell type.

**Examples**

```r
sce <- makeSimulatedData()
sce <- preprocess(sce)
sce <- geneCluster(sce, G = 1:4)
sce_sub <- wilcoxExt(sce, genecluster = 1)
sce_sub <- allelicRatio(sce_sub)
makeViolin(sce_sub)
```

---

**preprocess**

*Preprocess the SingleCellExperiment*

**Description**

Preprocess the SingleCellExperiment

**Usage**

`preprocess(sce, pc = 2)`

**Arguments**

- `sce` SingleCellExperiment with `a1` (effect allele) and `a2` (non-effect allele). The allelic ratio will be calculated as `a1 / (a1 + a2)`.
- `pc` pseudocount for calculating the smoothed ratio
Value

SingleCellExperiment with total count, allelic ratio = a1/(a1 + a2), and pseud-ocount-smoothed ratio

Examples

library(SummarizedExperiment)
sce <- makeSimulatedData()
sce <- preprocess(sce)
assayNames(sce)

summaryAllelicRatio Allelic ratio summary

Description

Oroduce allelic ratio summaries for each gene cluster

Usage

summaryAllelicRatio(sce, genecluster)

Arguments

sce SingleCellExperiment
genecluster an optional vector of gene cluster IDs. if nothing is given, all cluster’s summaries will be calculated

Value

a list of gene cluster summary tables containing:

- weighted.mean weighted mean of allelic ratio for the cell types
- mean mean allelic ratio for the cell types
- var variance of allelic ratio for the cell types

Examples

library(S4Vectors)
sce <- makeSimulatedData()
sce <- preprocess(sce)
sce <- geneCluster(sce, G = 1:4)
summary <- summaryAllelicRatio(sce, genecluster = c(1, 3))
summary
wilcoxExt

Extension on Pairwise Mann Whitney Wilcoxon Test for partitioning

Description

Extends the Pairwise Mann Whitney Wilcoxon Test by combining hierarchical clustering for partition.

Usage

wilcoxExt(
  sce,
  genecluster,
  threshold,
  adj.matrix,
  p.adjust.method = "none",
  ncores = NULL,
  ...
)

Arguments

  sce A SingleCellExperiment containing assays ("ratio", "counts") and colData "x"
  genecluster which gene cluster result want to be returned. Usually identified interesting gene
  cluster pattern by summaryAllelicRatio
  threshold a vector with candidate thresholds for raw p-value cut-off. Default is 10^seq(from=-2, to=-0.4, by=0.2). For details please see vignette
  adj.matrix an adjacency matrix with 1 indicates cell states allowed to be grouped together, 0 otherwise.
  p.adjust.method method for adjusting p-values (see p.adjust). Can be abbreviated
  ncores A cluster object created by makeCluster. Or an integer to indicate number of
  child-processes (integer values are ignored on Windows) for parallel evaluations
  ... additional arguments to pass to wilcox.test.

Value

A matrix grouping factor partition and the significant cut-off threshold are returned in metadata "partition" and "threshold". Partation also stored in colData"part". Note we recommend the returned "threshold" is not at the ends of input "threshold".
Examples

```r
library(S4Vectors)
sce <- makeSimulatedData()
sce <- preprocess(sce)
sce <- geneCluster(sce, G = seq_len(4))
sce_sub <- wilcoxExt(sce, genecluster = 1)
metadata(sce_sub)$partition
metadata(sce_sub)$threshold

# Suppose we have 4 cell states, if we don't want cell state 1
# to be grouped together with other cell states
adj.matrix <- 1 - diag(4)
colnames(adj.matrix) <- rownames(adj.matrix) <- levels(sce$x)
adj.matrix[1, c(2, 3, 4)] <- 0
adj.matrix[c(2, 3, 4), 1] <- 0
thrs <- 10^seq(from = -2, to = -0.4, by = 0.1)
sce_sub <- wilcoxExt(sce,
  genecluster = 1, threshold = thrs,
  adj.matrix = adj.matrix
)
metadata(sce_sub)$partition
```
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