Package ‘isomiRs’

May 29, 2024

Version 1.32.1
Date 2024-05-03
Type Package
Title Analyze isomiRs and miRNAs from small RNA-seq
Description Characterization of miRNAs and isomiRs, clustering and differential expression.
biocViews miRNA, RNASeq, DifferentialExpression, Clustering, ImmunoOncology
BugReports https://github.com/lpantano/isomiRs/issues
Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, org.Mm.eg.db, targetscan.Hs.eg.db, pheatmap, BiocStyle, testthat
Depends R (>= 4.4), SummarizedExperiment
Imports AnnotationDbi, BiocGenerics, Biobase, broom, cluster, cowplot, DEGreport, DESeq2, IRanges, dplyr, GenomicRanges, gplots, ggplot2, gtools, gridExtra, grid, grDevices, graphics, GGally, limma, methods, RColorBrewer, readr, reshape, rlang, stats, stringr, S4Vectors, tidyr, tibble
LazyData true
License MIT + file LICENSE
VignetteBuilder knitr
Roxygen list(markdown = TRUE)
RoxygenNote 7.3.1
Encoding UTF-8
git_url https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/isomiRs
git_branch RELEASE_3_19
git_last_commit 5288d50
git_last_commit_date 2024-05-03
Repository Bioconductor 3.19
Date/Publication 2024-05-29
isomiRs-package

Author Lorena Pantano [aut, cre],
Georgia Escaramis [aut] (CIBERESP - CIBER Epidemiologia y Salud Publica)

Maintainer Lorena Pantano <lorena.pantano@gmail.com>

Contents

isomiRs-package .............................................................. 2
counts ................................................................. 3
dat286.long .......................................................... 4
design ................................................................. 4
eso ................................................................. 5
findTargets ............................................................ 5
gene_ex_rse ............................................................. 6
isoAnnotate ............................................................ 6
isoCounts .............................................................. 7
isoDE .................................................................. 8
IsomirDataSeq-class ...................................................... 9
IsomirDataSeqFromFiles .............................................. 10
IsomirDataSeqFromMirtop ............................................. 12
IsomirDataSeqFromRawData ........................................... 13
isoNetwork ............................................................ 14
isoNorm ............................................................... 15
isoPlot ............................................................... 16
isoPlotNet ............................................................ 17
isoPlotPosition ......................................................... 17
isoSelect ............................................................. 18
isoTop ................................................................. 19
ma_ex ................................................................. 20
mirData .............................................................. 20
mirna2targetsca ....................................................... 21
mirna_ex_rse .......................................................... 22
mirTritation .......................................................... 22
updateIsomirDataSeq .................................................. 22

Index ................................................................. 24

isomiRs-package isomiRs

Description

Characterization of miRNAs and isomiRs, clustering and differential expression.
**counts**

**Author(s)**

**Maintainer:** Lorena Pantano <lorena.pantano@gmail.com>

Authors:
- Georgia Escaramis (CIBERESP - CIBER Epidemiologia y Salud Publica)

**See Also**

Useful links:
- Report bugs at [https://github.com/lpantano/isomiRs/issues](https://github.com/lpantano/isomiRs/issues)

---

**Description**

The `counts` slot holds the count data as a matrix of non-negative integer count values, one row for each isomiR, and one column for each sample. The normalized matrix can be obtained by using the parameter `norm=TRUE`.

**Usage**

```r
counts.IsomirDataSeq(object, norm = FALSE)
```

```r
# S4 method for signature 'IsomirDataSeq'
counts(object, norm = FALSE)
```

```r
# S4 replacement method for signature 'IsomirDataSeq,matrix'
counts(object) <- value
```

**Arguments**

- `object` A `IsomirDataSeq` object.
- `norm` Boolean, return log2-normalized counts.
- `value` An integer matrix.

**Value**

`base::matrix` with raw or normalized count data.

**Examples**

```r
data(mirData)
head(counts(mirData))
```
dat286.long

Data frame containing mirna from Argyropoulos’s paper

Description


Usage

dat286.long

Format

mirna expression data in long format.

design

Accessors for the 'design' slot of a IsomirDataSeq object.

Description

The design holds the R formula which expresses how the counts depend on the variables in colData. See IsomirDataSeq for details.

Usage

## S4 method for signature 'IsomirDataSeq'
design(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'IsomirDataSeq,formula'
design(object) <- value

Arguments

object A IsomirDataSeq object.

value A formula to pass to DESeq2.

Value

design for the experiment

Examples

data(mirData)
design(mirData) <- formula(~ 1)
ego enrichResult class

Description

enrichResult class

Usage

ego

Format

enrichResult class with the output of: ego <- enrichGO(row.names(assay(gene_ex_rse, "norm")), org.Mm.eg.db, "ENSEMBL", ont = "BP")

findTargets Find miRNAs target using mRNA/miRNA expression

Description

This function creates a matrix with rows (genes) and columns (mirnas) with values indicating if miRNA-gene pair is target according putative targets and negative correlation of the expression of both molecules.

Usage

findTargets(mirna_rse, gene_rse, target, summarize = "group", min_cor = -0.6)

Arguments

mirna_rse SummarizedExperiment with miRNA information. See details.
gene_rse SummarizedExperiment with gene information. See details.
target Data.frame with two columns: gene and miRNA.
summarize Character column name in colData(rse) to use to group samples and compare between miRNA/gene expression.
min_cor Numeric cutoff for correlation value that will be use to consider a miRNA-gene pair as valid.

Value

mirna-gene matrix
Examples

data(isoExample)
mirna_ma <- data.frame(gene = names(gene_ex_rse)[1:20],
                      mir = names(mirna_ex_rse))
corMat <- findTargets(mirna_ex_rse, gene_ex_rse, mirna_ma)

---

gene_ex_rse Data frame containing gene expression data

Description

Data frame containing gene expression data

Usage

gene_ex_rse

Format

gene expression data with 18 samples: example of a time series data

---

isoAnnotate Annotate the rawData of the IsomirDataSeq object

Description

Get the sequence and the name information for each isomiR, and the importance value (isomir_reads/mirna_reads) for each sample.

Usage

isoAnnotate(ids)

Arguments

ids Object of class IsomirDataSeq.

Details

edit_mature_position represents the position at the mature sequence + nucleotide at reference + nucleotide at isomiR.

Value

data.frame with the sequence, isomir name, and importance for each sample and isomiR.
isoCounts

Examples

```r
data(mirData)
head(isoAnnotate(mirData))
```

isoCounts  
Create count matrix with different summarizing options

Description

This function collapses isomiRs into different groups. It is a similar concept than how to work with gene isoforms. With this function, different changes can be put together into a single miRNA variant. For instance all sequences with variants at 3’ end can be considered as different elements in the table or analysis having the following naming hsa-miR-124a-5p.iso.t3:AAA.

Usage

```r
isoCounts(
  ids,
  ref = FALSE,
  iso5 = FALSE,
  iso3 = FALSE,
  add = FALSE,
  snv = FALSE,
  seed = FALSE,
  all = FALSE,
  minc = 1,
  mins = 1,
  merge_by = NULL
)
```

Arguments

- `ids` Object of class `IsomirDataSeq`.
- `ref` Differentiate reference miRNA from rest.
- `iso5` Differentiate trimming at 5 miRNA from rest.
- `iso3` Differentiate trimming at 3 miRNA from rest.
- `add` Differentiate additions miRNA from rest.
- `snv` Differentiate nt substitution miRNA from rest.
- `seed` Differentiate changes in 2-7 nts from rest.
- `all` Differentiate all isomiRs.
- `minc` Int minimum number of isomiR sequences to be included.
- `mins` Int minimum number of samples with number of sequences bigger than `minc` counts.
- `merge_by` Column in coldata to merge samples into a single column in counts. Useful to combine technical replicates.
Details

You can merge all isomiRs into miRNAs by calling the function only with the first parameter `isoCounts(ids)`. You can get a table with isomiRs altogether and the reference miRBase sequences by calling the function with `ref=TRUE`. You can get a table with 5' trimming isomiRs, miRBase reference and the rest by calling with `isoCounts(ids, ref=TRUE, iso5=TRUE)`. If you set up all parameters to TRUE, you will get a table for each different sequence mapping to a miRNA (i.e. all isomiRs).

Examples for the naming used for the isomiRs are at http://seqcluster.readthedocs.org/mirna_annotation.html#mirna-annotation.

Value

`IsomirDataSeq` object with new count table. The count matrix can be access with `counts(ids)`.

Examples

data(mirData)
ids <- isoCounts(mirData, ref=TRUE)
head(counts(ids))
# taking into account isomiRs and reference sequence.
ids <- isoCounts(mirData, ref=TRUE, minc=10, mins=6)
head(counts(ids))

isoDE

Differential expression analysis with DESeq2

Description

This function does differential expression analysis with `DESeq2::DESeq2-package` using the specific formula. It will return a `DESeq2::DESeqDataSet` object.

Usage

`isoDE(ids, formula = NULL, ...)`

Arguments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Argument</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ids</td>
<td>Object of class <code>IsomirDataSeq</code>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>formula</td>
<td>Formula used for DE analysis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>...</td>
<td>Options to pass to <code>isoCounts()</code> including ref, iso5, iso3, add, subs and seed parameters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Details

First, this function collapses all isomiRs in different types. Read more at `isoCounts()` to know the different options available to collapse isomiRs.

After that, `DESeq2::DESeq2-package` is used to do differential expression analysis. It uses the count matrix and design experiment stored at `(counts(ids) and colData(ids))` `IsomirDataSeq` object to construct a `DESeq2::DESeqDataSet` object.

Value

`DESeq2::DESeqDataSet` object. To get the differential expression isomiRs, use `DESeq2::results()` from DESeq2 package. This allows to ask for different contrast without calling again `isoDE()`. Read `results` manual to know how to access all the information.

Examples

```r
data(mirData)
ids <- isoCounts(mirData, minc=10, mins=6)
dds <- isoDE(mirData, formula=~condition)
```

Description

The `IsomirDataSeq` is a subclass of `SummarizedExperiment` used to store the raw data, intermediate calculations and results of an miRNA/isomiR analysis. This class stores all raw isomiRs data for each sample, processed information, summary for each isomiR type, raw counts, normalized counts, and table with experimental information for each sample.

Details

`IsomirDataSeqFromFiles` creates this object using seqbuster output files.

Methods for this objects are `counts()` to get count matrix and `isoSelect()` for miRNA/isomiR selection. Functions available for this object are `isoCounts()` for count matrix creation, `isoNorm()` for normalization, `isoDE()` for differential expression. `isoPlot()` helps with basic expression plot. `metadata` contains one list:

- `rawData` is a `data.frame` with the information of each sequence found in the data and the counts for each sample.

The naming of isomiRs follows these rules:

- miRNA name
- `type:ref` if the sequence is the same as the miRNA reference, `iso` if the sequence has variations.
IsomirDataSeqFromFiles

IsomirDataSeqFromFiles

Loads miRNA annotation from seqbuster tool or pre-processed data.

Description

This function parses output of seqbuster tool to allow isomiRs/miRNAs analysis of samples in different groups such as characterization, differential expression and clustering. It creates an IsomirDataSeq object.

Usage

IsomirDataSeqFromFiles(
  files,
IsomirDataSeqFromFiles

coldata,
rate = 0.2,
canonicalAdd = TRUE,
uniqueMism = TRUE,
uniqueHits = FALSE,
design = ~1L,
minHits = 1L,
header = TRUE,
skip = 0,
quiet = TRUE,
...
}

Arguments

files files with the output of seqbuster tool
coldata data frame containing groups for each sample
rate minimum counts fraction to consider a mismatch a real mutation
canonicalAdd boolean only keep A/T non-template addition. All non-template nucleotides at the 3' end will be removed if they contain C/G nts.
uniqueMism boolean only keep mutations that have a unique hit to one miRNA molecule. For instance, if the sequence map to two different miRNAs, then it would be removed.
uniqueHits boolean whether filtering ambigous sequences or not.
design a formula to pass to DESeq2::DESeqDataSet
minHits Minimum number of reads in the sample to consider it in the final matrix.
header boolean to indicate files contain headers
skip skip first line when reading files
quiet boolean indicating to print messages while reading files. Default FALSE.
...
arguments provided to SummarizedExperiment and IsomirDataSeqFromRawData. including rowData.

Details

This function parses the output of http://seqcluster.readthedocs.org/mirna_annotation.html for each sample to create a count matrix for isomiRs, miRNAs or isomiRs grouped in types (i.e all sequences with variations at 5’ but ignoring any other type). It creates IsomirDataSeq object (see link to example usage of this class) to allow visualization, queries, differential expression analysis and clustering. To create the IsomirDataSeq, it parses the isomiRs files, and generates an initial matrix having all isomiRs detected among samples. As well, it creates a summary for each isomiR type (trimming, addition and substitution) to visualize general isomiRs distribution.

Value

IsomirDataSeq class object.
Examples

```r
path <- system.file("extra", package="isomiRs")
fn_list <- list.files(path, pattern="mirna", full.names = TRUE)
de <- data.frame(row.names=c("f1", "f2"),
                 condition = c("newborn", "newborn"))
ids <- IsomirDataSeqFromFiles(fn_list, coldata=de)

head(counts(ids))
IsomirDataSeqFromRawData(metadata(ids)["rawData"], de)
```

---

**IsomirDataSeqFromMirtop**

*Import mirtop output into IsomirDataSeq*

**Description**

The tabular output of `mirtop` is compatible with `IsomirDataSeq`. This function allows to import the data and filter low confidence isomiRs for downstream analysis.

**Usage**

```r
IsomirDataSeqFromMirtop(mirtop, coldata, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- `mirtop`  
  data.frame with the output of `mirtop` export
- `coldata`  
  data.frame with the metadata of the samples
- `...`  
  It supports the same parameters as in `IsomirDataSeqFromRawData`.

**Details**

The output is generated with `mirtop export --format isomir`.

**Value**

`IsomirDataSeq` class object.

**Examples**

```r
library(readr)
path <- system.file("extra", "mirtop", package="isomiRs")
fn <- list.files(path, full.names = TRUE)
de <- data.frame(row.names=c("sample1", "sample2"),
                 condition = c("cc", "cc"))
# mirtop export --format isomir ....
IsomirDataSeqFromMirtop(read_tsv(fn), de)
```
**IsomirDataSeqFromRawData**

*Loads miRNA annotation from seqbuster tool or pre-processed data.*

**Description**

Process raw data like tables to speed up filtering steps.

**Usage**

```r
IsomirDataSeqFromRawData(
  rawdata,
  coldata,
  design = ~1L,
  pct = 0.1,
  n_snv = 1,
  whitelist = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

- **rawdata** data.frame stored in metadata slot of `IsomirDataSeq` object.
- **coldata** data frame containing groups for each sample
- **design** a formula to pass to `DESeq2::DESeqDataSet`
- **pct** numeric used to remove isomiRs with an importance lower than this value. Importance is calculated by dividing the isomiR count by the total counts of the miRNA to which it maps.
- **n_snv** numeric used to remove isomiRs with more than this number of single nucleotide variants (indels are counted here).
- **whitelist** character vector with sequences to keep even if the filtering step would have removed them. They have to match the `seq` column in the table.
- `...` arguments provided to `SummarizedExperiment`, including `rowData`.

**Value**

`IsomirDataSeq` class object.

**Examples**

```r
path <- system.file("extra", package="isomiRs")
fn_list <- list.files(path, pattern="mirna", full.names = TRUE)
de <- data.frame(row.names=c("f1", "f2"),
                 condition = c("newborn", "newborn"))
ids <- IsomirDataSeqFromFiles(fn_list, coldata=de)
```
isoNetwork

**Clustering miRNAs-genes pairs in similar pattern expression**

### Description

Clustering miRNAs-genes pairs

### Usage

```r
isoNetwork(
  mirna_rse, gene_rse,
  summarize = NULL,
  target = NULL,
  org = NULL,
  enrich = NULL,
  genename = "ENSEMBL",
  min_cor = -0.6,
  min_fc = 0.5
)
```

### Arguments

- **mirna_rse**: SummarizedExperiment with miRNA information. See details.
- **gene_rse**: SummarizedExperiment with gene information. See details.
- **summarize**: Character column name in `colData(rse)` to use to group samples and compare between miRNA/gene expression.
- **target**: Matrix with miRNAs (columns) and genes (rows) target prediction (1 if it is a target, 0 if not).
- **org**: AnnotationDb object. For example: (org.Mm.eg.db)
- **enrich**: The output of clusterProfiler of similar functions.
- **genename**: Character keytype of the gene names in gene_rse object.
- **min_cor**: Numeric cutoff to consider a miRNA to regulate a target.
- **min_fc**: Numeric cutoff to consider as the minimum log2FoldChange between groups to be considered in the analysis.

### Details

This function will correlate miRNA and gene expression data using a specific metadata variable to group samples and detect pattern of expression that will be annotated with GO terms. `mirna_rse` and `gene_rse` can be created using the following code:

```r
mi_rse = SummarizedExperiment(assays=SimpleList(norm=mirna_matrix), colData, metadata=list(sign=mirna_keep))
```

where, `mirna_matrix` is the normalized counts expression, `colData` is the metadata information and `mirna_keep` the list of miRNAs to be used by this function.
isoNorm

Value

list with network information

Examples

```
# library(org.Mm.eg.db)
# library(clusterProfiler)
data(isoExample)
# ego <- enrichGO(row.names(assay(gene_ex_rse, "norm")),
# org.Mm.eg.db, "ENSEMBL", ont = "BP")
data <- isoNetwork(mirna_ex_rse, gene_ex_rse,
    summarize = "group", target = ma_ex,
    enrich = ego)
isoplotNet(data, minGenes = 5)
```

isoNorm  Normalize count matrix

Description

This function normalizes raw count matrix using DESeq2::rlog() function from DESeq2::DESeq2-package.

Usage

```
isoNorm(ids, formula = NULL, maxSamples = 50)
```

Arguments

- **ids**: Object of class IsomirDataSeq.
- **formula**: Formula that will be used for normalization.
- **maxSamples**: Maximum number of samples to use with DESeq2::rlog(), if not limma::voom() is used.

Value

IsomirDataSeq object with the normalized count matrix in a slot. The normalized matrix can be access with counts(ids, norm=TRUE).

Examples

```
data(mirData)
ids <- isoCounts(mirData, minc=10, mins=6)
ids <- isoNorm(mirData, formula=~condition)
head(counts(ids, norm=TRUE))
```
isoPlot

**Plot the amount of isomiRs in different samples**

**Description**

This function plot different isomiRs proportion for each sample. It can show trimming events at both side, additions and nucleotides changes.

**Usage**

```r
isoPlot(ids, type = "iso5", column = NULL, use = NULL, nts = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

- `ids` Object of class `IsomirDataSeq`.
- `type` String (iso5, iso3, add, snv, all) to indicate what isomiRs to use for the plot. See details for explanation.
- `column` String indicating the column in `colData` to color samples.
- `use` Character vector to only use these isomiRs for the plot. The id used is the rownames that comes from using `isoCounts` with all the arguments on TRUE.
- `nts` Boolean to indicate whether plot positions of nucleotides changes when showing single nucleotides variants.

**Details**

There are four different values for `type` parameter. To plot trimming at 5’ or 3’ end, use `type="iso5"` or `type="iso3"`. Get a summary of all using `type="all"`. In this case, it will plot 3 positions at both side of the reference position described at miRBase site. Each position refers to the % of sequences that start/end before or after the miRBase reference. The color indicates the sample group. The size of the point is proportional to the abundance considering the total as all the sequences in the sample. The position at y is the % of different sequences considering the total as all sequences with changes for the specific isomiR showed.

Same logic applies to `type="add"` and `type="subs"`. However, when `type="add"`, the plot will refer to addition events from the 3’ end of the reference position. Note that this additions don’t match to the precursor sequence, they are non-template additions. In this case, only 3 positions after the 3’ end will appear in the plot. When `type="subs"`, it will appear one position for each nucleotide in the reference miRNA. Points will indicate isomiRs with nucleotide changes at the given position. When `type="all"` a colar coordinate map will show the abundance of each isomiR type in a single plot. Note the position is relatively to the sequence not the miRNA.

**Value**

`ggplot2::ggplot()` Object showing different isomiRs changes at different positions.
Examples

```r
data(mirData)
isoPlot(mirData)
```

---

### isoPlotNet

**Functional miRNA / gene expression profile plot**

**Description**

Plot analysis from `isoNetwork()`. See that function for an example of the figure.

**Usage**

```r
isoPlotNet(obj, minGenes = 2)
```

**Arguments**

- `obj` Output from `isoNetwork()`.
- `minGenes` Minimum number of genes per term to be kept.

**Value**

Network ggplot.

---

### isoPlotPosition

**Plot nucleotides changes at a given position**

**Description**

This function plot different isomiRs proportion for each sample at a given position focused on the nucleotide change that happens there.

**Usage**

```r
isoPlotPosition(ids, position = 1L, column = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

- `ids` Object of class `IsomirDataSeq`.
- `position` Integer indicating the position to show.
- `column` String indicating the column in colData to color samples.
Details

It shows the nucleotides changes at the given position for each sample in each group. The color indicates the sample group. The size of the point is proportional to the number of total counts of isomiRs with changes. The position at y is the % of different isomiRs supporting the change. Note the position is relatively to the sequence not the miRNA.

Value

\texttt{ggplot2::ggplot()} Object showing nucleotide changes at a given position.

Examples

\begin{verbatim}
data(mirData)
isoPlotPosition(mirData)
\end{verbatim}

isoSelect \hspace{1cm} \textit{Method to select specific miRNAs from an IsomirDataSeq object.}

Description

This method allows to select a miRNA and all its isomiRs from the count matrix.

Usage

\begin{verbatim}
isoselect.IsomirDataSeq(object, mirna, minc = 10)
\end{verbatim}

## S4 method for signature 'IsomirDataSeq'
isoselect(object, mirna, minc = 10)

Arguments

\begin{itemize}
  \item \texttt{object} \hspace{1cm} A IsomirDataSeq object.
  \item \texttt{mirna} \hspace{1cm} String referring to the miRNA to show.
  \item \texttt{minc} \hspace{1cm} Minimum number of isomiR reads needed to be included in the table.
\end{itemize}

Value

\texttt{S4Vectors::DataFrame} with count information. The \texttt{row.names} show the isomiR names, and each of the columns shows the counts for this isomiR in that sample. Mainly, it will return the count matrix only for isomiRs belonging to the miRNA family given by the \texttt{mirna} parameter. IsomiRs need to have counts bigger than \texttt{minc} parameter at least in one sample to be included in the output. Annotation of isomiRs follows these rules:

\begin{itemize}
  \item miRNA name
  \item mismatches
  \item additions
  \item 5 trimming events
  \item 3 trimming events
\end{itemize}
isoTop

Author(s)
Lorena Pantano

Examples
data(mirData)
# To select isomiRs from let-7a-5p miRNA
# and with 10000 reads or more.
isoSelect(mirData, mirna="hsa-let-7a-5p", minc=10000)

isoTop

Heatmap of the top expressed isomiRs

Description
This function creates a heatmap with the top N isomiRs/miRNAs. It uses the matrix under `counts(ids)` to get the top expressed isomiRs/miRNAs using the average expression value and plot a heatmap with the raw counts for each sample.

Usage
isoTop(ids, top = 20, condition = NULL)

Arguments
ids Object of class IsomirDataSeq.
top Number of isomiRs/miRNAs used.
condition Give condition to color PCA samples

Value
PCA of the top expressed miRNAs

Examples
data(mirData)
isoTop(mirData)
Description

Data frame containing gene-mirna relationship

Usage

ma_ex

Format

A data frame with rows same as gene_ex_rse and columns same as mirna_ex_rse.

mirData

Example of IsomirDataSeq with human brain miRNA counts data

Description

This data set is the object return by IsomirDataSeqFromFiles. It contains miRNA count data from 14 samples: 7 control individuals (pc) and 7 patients with Parkinson’s disease in early stage (Pantano et al, 2016). Use colData to see the experiment design.

Usage

data("mirData")

Format

a IsomirDataSeq class.

Author(s)

Lorena Pantano, 2018-04-27

Source

Data is available from GEO dataset under accession number GSE97285.

Every sample was analyzed with seqbuster tool, see http://seqcluster.readthedocs.org/mirna_annotation.html for more details. You can get same files running the small RNA-seq pipeline from https://github.com/bcbio/bcbio-nextgen.

bcbio_nextgen was used for the full analysis.

See raw-data.R to know how to recreate the object. This script is inside "extra" folder of the package.
References


mirna2targetscan

Find targets in targetscan database

Description

From a list of miRNA names, find their targets in targetscan.Hs.eg.db annotation package.

Usage

mirna2targetscan(mirna, species = "hsa", org = NULL, keytype = NULL)

Arguments

- `mirna`: Character vector with miRNA names as in miRBase 21.
- `species`: hsa or mmu supported right now.
- `org`: AnnotationDb object. For example: (org.Mm.eg.db)
- `keytype`: Character mentioning the gene id to use. For example, ENSEMBL.

Value

data.frame with 4 columns:

- miRFamily
- Seedmatch
- PCT
- entrezGene

Examples

library(targetscan.Hs.eg.db)
mirna2targetscan(c("hsa-miR-34c-5p"))
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Usage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mirna_ex_rse</td>
<td>Data frame containing mirna expression data</td>
<td>mirna_ex_rse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mirTritation</td>
<td>Data frame containing mirna from Argyropoulos’s paper</td>
<td>mirTritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>updateIsomirDataSeq</td>
<td>Update IsomirDataSeq object from version &lt; 1.7</td>
<td>updateIsomirDataSeq(object)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
updateIsomirDataSeq

Arguments

object: IsomirDataSeq.

Details

This function will update to the current structure.
Index

* datasets
  dat286.long, 4
ego, 5
gene_ex_rse, 6
ma_ex, 20
mirna_ex_rse, 22
mirTritation, 22

base::matrix, 3
counts, 3
counts(), 9
counts, IsomirDataSeq-method (counts), 3
counts, IsomirDataSeq(counts), 3
counts<-, IsomirDataSeq, matrix-method (counts), 3
dat286.long, 4
data.frame, 6, 9, 21
DESeq2::DESeq2-package, 8, 9, 15
DESeq2::DESeqDataSet, 8, 9, 11, 13
DESeq2::results(), 9
DESeq2::rlog(), 15
design, 4
design, IsomirDataSeq-method (design), 4
design<-, IsomirDataSeq, formula-method (design), 4

ego, 5
findTargets, 5
gene_ex_rse, 6
ggplot2::ggplot(), 16, 18

isoAnnotate, 6
isoCounts, 7
isoCounts(), 8, 9
isoDE, 8
isoDE(), 9
IsomirDataSeq, 4, 6–13, 15–20, 22, 23

IsomirDataSeq (IsomirDataSeq-class), 9
IsomirDataSeq-class, 9
IsomirDataSeqFromFiles, 9, 10, 20
IsomirDataSeqFromMirtop, 12
IsomirDataSeqFromRawData, 11, 12, 13
isomiRs (isomiRs-package), 2
isomiRs-package, 2
isoNetwork, 14
isoNetwork(), 17
isoNorm, 15
isoNorm(), 9
isoPlot, 16
isoPlot(), 9
isoPlotNet, 17
isoPlotPosition, 17
isoSelect, 18
isoSelect(), 9
isoSelect, IsomirDataSeq-method (isoSelect), 18
isoSelect.IsomirDataSeq(isoSelect), 18
isoTop, 19

limma::voom(), 15

ma_ex, 20
mirData, 20
mirna2targetscan, 21
mirna_ex_rse, 22
mirTritation, 22

S4Vectors::DataFrame, 18

updateIsomirDataSeq, 22