Package ‘mpra’

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Description

Tools for data management, count preprocessing, and differential analysis in massively parallel reporter assays (MPRA).

Details

This package provides tools for the analysis of MPRA data. The primary purpose is to enable powerful differential analysis of activity measures, but the package can also be used to generate precision weights useful in regression analyses of activity scores on sequence features. The main workhorse is the `mpralm` function which draws on the previously proposed `voom` framework for RNA-seq analysis in the `limma` package.

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References


Examples

data(mpraSetAggExample)
design <- data.frame(intcpt = 1,
                    episomal = grepl("MT", colnames(mpraSetAggExample)))
mpralm_fit <- mpralm(object = mpraSetAggExample, design = design,
                      aggregate = "none", normalize = TRUE,
                      model_type = "indep_groups", plot = FALSE)
toptab <- topTable(mpralm_fit, coef = 2, number = Inf)
head(toptab)

**compute_logratio**

Compute activity measure (log-ratio) for each element.

**Description**

Compute the log ratio of RNA counts to DNA counts using different methods. For "mean", uses the average of barcode-specific log ratios. For "sum", sums RNA and DNA counts over barcodes before forming the log ratio.

**Usage**

compute_logratio(object, aggregate = c("mean", "sum", "none"))

**Arguments**

- **object**: An object of class MPRASet.
- **aggregate**: Aggregation method over barcodes: "mean" to use the average of barcode-specific log ratios, "sum" to use the log ratio of summed RNA and DNA counts, "none" to perform no aggregation (counts have already been summarized over barcodes).

**Value**

A matrix with the same dimension as object, containing element- and sample-specific log ratios.

**Examples**

```r
data(mpraSetAggExample)
logr <- compute_logratio(mpraSetAggExample, aggregate = "sum")
```

**get_precision_weights**

Get precision weights from the copy number-variance relationship.

**Description**

Estimates the variability of the supplied log-ratios across samples as a function of copy number (DNA count levels).

**Usage**

get_precision_weights(logr, design, log_dna, span = 0.4, plot = TRUE, ...)

Arguments

- **logr**: Matrix of outcome measures: log2 ratio of RNA counts to DNA counts.
- **design**: Design matrix specifying comparisons of interest.
- **log_dna**: Matrix of log2 aggregated DNA counts of the same dimension as **logr**.
- **span**: The smoothing span for lowess in estimating the copy number-variance relationship. Default: 0.4.
- **plot**: If TRUE, plot the copy number-variance relationship.
- ... Further arguments to be passed to lmFit for obtaining residual standard deviations used in estimating the copy number-variance relationship.

Details

Residual standard deviations are computed using the supplied outcomes and design matrix. The square root of the residual standard deviations are modeled as a function of the average log2 aggregated DNA counts to estimate the copy number-variance relationship.

Value

A matrix of precision weights of the same dimension as **logr** and **log_dna**.

References


Examples

```r
data(mpraSetAggExample)
design <- data.frame(intcpt = 1,
                    episomal = grepl("MT", colnames(mpraSetAggExample)))
logr <- compute_logratio(mpraSetAggExample, aggregate = "none")
log_dna <- log2(getDNA(mpraSetAggExample, aggregate = FALSE) + 1)
w <- get_precision_weights(logr = logr, design = design,
                           log_dna = log_dna, plot = FALSE)
```

**mpralm**

*Linear models for differential analysis of MPRA data*

Description

Fits weighted linear models to test for differential activity in MPRA data.

Usage

```r
mpralm(object, design, aggregate = c("mean", "sum", "none"), normalize = TRUE,
       block = NULL, model_type = c("indep_groups", "corr_groups"),
       plot = TRUE, ...)
```
**Arguments**

- **object**: An object of class `MPRASet`.
- **design**: Design matrix specifying comparisons of interest. The number of rows of this matrix should equal the number of columns in `object`. The number of columns in this design matrix has no constraints and should correspond to the experimental design.
- **aggregate**: Aggregation method over barcodes: "mean" to use the average of barcode-specific log ratios, "sum" to use the log ratio of summed RNA and DNA counts, "none" to perform no aggregation (counts have already been summarized over barcodes).
- **normalize**: If TRUE, perform total count normalization before model fitting.
- **block**: A vector giving the sample designations of the columns of `object`. The default, `NULL`, indicates that all columns are separate samples.
- **model_type**: Indicates whether an unpaired model fit ("indep_groups") or a paired mixed-model fit ("corr_groups") should be used.
- **plot**: If TRUE, plot the mean-variance relationship.
- **...**: Further arguments to be passed to `lmFit` for obtaining residual standard deviations used in estimating the mean-variance relationship.

**Details**

Using `method_type = "corr_groups"` use the `duplicateCorrelation` function from the `limma` package to estimate the intra-replicate correlation of log-ratio values.

**Value**

An object of class `MArrayLM` resulting from the `eBayes` function.

**References**


**Examples**

```r
data(mpraSetAggExample)
design <- data.frame(intcpt = 1,
                        episomal = grepl("MT", colnames(mpraSetAggExample)))
mpralm_fit <- mpralm(object = mpraSetAggExample, design = design)
```
aggregate = "none", normalize = TRUE,
model_type = "indep_groups", plot = FALSE)
toptab <- topTable(mpralm_fit, coef = 2, number = Inf)
head(toptab)

Description

A container for data from massively parallel reporter assays (MPRA). Builds on the Summarized-Experiment class.

Usage

## Constructor
MPRASet(DNA = new("matrix"), RNA = new("matrix"),
barcode = new("character"), eid = new("character"),
eseq = new("character"), ...)

## Accessors
getRNA(object, aggregate = FALSE)
getDNA(object, aggregate = FALSE)
getBarcode(object)
getEid(object)
getEseq(object)

Arguments

object A MPRASet object.
aggregate A logical indicating if data should be aggregated to the element level (by sum-
ing across barcodes).
DNA A matrix of DNA counts where rows correspond to elements or individual bar-
codes and columns to samples of conditions being compared.
RNA A matrix of RNA counts where rows correspond to elements or individual bar-
codes and columns to samples of conditions being compared.
barcode If barcodes are supplied, a character vector of length equal to the number
of rows in DNA and RNA containing the barcode sequences or identifiers. NULL
otherwise.
edid A character vector of length equal to the number of rows in DNA and RNA
containing the enhancer identifiers corresponding to each row.
eseq If supplied, a character vector of length equal to the number of rows in DNA and
RNA containing the enhancer sequences corresponding to the regulatory elements
in each row. NULL otherwise.
... Further arguments to be passed to SummarizedExperiment.
Value

The constructor function `MPRAset` returns an object of class "MPRAset".

Slots

Slots are as described in a `SummarizedExperiment`. Of particular interest are `colData` which describes the phenotype data. The `assay` slot holds the assay data, with specific assay names RNA and DNA (accessed by `getRNA` and `getDNA`). Element and barcode data are accessible in the `rowData` slot. We have chosen to store barcode and element as character to be flexible, although they are often DNA sequences (and could therefore be considered `DNAStringSet` from package `Biostrings`).

Extends

Class "SummarizedExperiment", directly.

Accessors

gDNA: Gets the DNA channel data.
gRNA: Gets the RNA channel data.
gBarcode: Gets the barcode, if present.
geId: Gets the element ID

gEseq: Gets the element sequence, if present.

See Also

`SummarizedExperiment` for the basic class that is used as a building block.

Examples

```r
showClass("MPRAset")
```

---

### mpraSetExample

*Example data for the mpra package.*

**Description**

Example data for the MPRA package. `mpraSetExample` and `mpraSetAggExample` come from a study by Inoue et al that compares episomal and lentiviral MPRA. The former contains data at the barcode level and the latter contains data aggregated over barcodes. `mpraSetAllelicExample` come from a study by Tewhey et al that looks at regulatory activity of allelic versions of thousands of SNPs to follow up on prior eQTL results.

**Usage**

```r
data("mpraSetExample")
data("mpraSetAggExample")
data("mpraSetAllelicExample")
```
normalize_counts

**Format**

An MPRASet.

**Details**

`mpraSetExample` contains barcode level information for the study by Inoue et al. `mpraSetAggExample` contains count information from `mpraSetExample` where the counts have been summed over barcodes for each element. `mpraSetAllelicExample` contains count information for the Tewhey et al. study. The counts have been summed over barcodes for each element.

**Source**

A script for creating the three datasets is supplied in the `scripts` folder of the package. The data are taken from the GEO submission associated with the paper (see references), specifically GSE83894 and GSE75661.

**References**


**Examples**

data(mpraSetAggExample)

normalize_counts  Total count normalization of DNA and RNA counts

**Description**

Total count normalization of DNA and RNA counts.

**Usage**

`normalize_counts(object, block = NULL)`

**Arguments**

- `object`  An object of class MPRASet.
- `block`  A vector giving the sample designations of the columns of `object`. The default, `NULL`, indicates that all columns are separate samples.
normalize_counts

Details

block is a vector that is used when the columns of the MPRAset object are paired. This often is the case when comparing allelic versions of an element. In this case, the first $s$s columns of object give the counts for the reference allele in $s$s samples. The second $s$s columns give the counts for the alternative allele measured in the same $s$s samples. With 3 samples, block would be c(1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3). All columns are scaled to have 10 million counts.

Value

An object of class MPRASet with the total count-normalized DNA and RNA counts.

Examples

data(mpraSetAggExample)
mpraSetAggExample <- normalize_counts(mpraSetAggExample)
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