Package ‘ontoProc’

March 6, 2024

Title  processing of ontologies of anatomy, cell lines, and so on

Description  Support harvesting of diverse bioinformatic ontologies, making particular use of the ontologyIndex package on CRAN. We provide snapshots of key ontologies for terms about cells, cell lines, chemical compounds, and anatomy, to help analyze genome-scale experiments, particularly cell x compound screens. Another purpose is to strengthen development of compelling use cases for richer interfaces to emerging ontologies.

Version  1.24.0

Imports  Biobase, S4Vectors, methods, stats, utils, BiocFileCache, shiny, graph, Rgraphviz, ontologyPlot, dplyr, magrittr, DT, igraph, AnnotationHub, SummarizedExperiment

Suggests  knitr, org.Hs.eg.db, org.Mm.eg.db, testthat, BiocStyle, SingleCellExperiment, celldex, rmarkdown, AnnotationDbi

Depends  R (>= 4.0), ontologyIndex

License  Artistic-2.0

LazyLoad  yes

biocViews  Infrastructure, GO

RoxygenNote  7.2.3

VignetteBuilder  knitr

Encoding  UTF-8


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BugReports  https://github.com/vjcitn/ontoProc/issues

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allGOterms

Description

allGOterms: data.frame with ids and terms

Usage

allGOterms

Format

data.frame instance

Source

This is a snapshot of all the terms available from GO.db (3.4.2), August 2017, using keys(GO.db, keytype="TERM").

Examples

data(allGOterms)
head(allGOterms)

bind_formal_tags

Description

add mapping from informal to formal cell type tags to a SummarizedExperiment colData

Usage

bind_formal_tags(se, informal, tagmap, force = FALSE)
c,TermSet-method

**Arguments**

- `se` SummarizedExperiment instance
- `informal` character(1) name of colData element with uncontrolled vocabulary
- `tagmap` data.frame with columns 'informal' and 'formal'
- `force` logical(1), defaults to FALSE; if TRUE, allows clobbering existing colData variable named "formal"

**Value**

SummarizedExperiment instance with a new colData column 'label.ont' giving the formal tags associated with each sample

**Note**

This function will fail if the value of 'informal' is not among the colData variable names, or if "formal" is among the colData variable names.

c,TermSet-method  combine TermSet instances

**Description**

combine TermSet instances

**Usage**

```r
## S4 method for signature 'TermSet'
c(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- `x` TermSet instance
- `...` additional instances

**Value**

TermSet instance
cellTypeToGO

utilities for approximate matching of cell type terms to GO categories and annotations

Description

utilities for approximate matching of cell type terms to GO categories and annotations

Usage

cellTypeToGO(celltypeString, gotab, ...)

cellTypeToGenes(
  celltypeString,
  gotab,
  orgDb,
  cols = c("ENSEMBL", "SYMBOL"),
  ...
)

Arguments

celltypeString character atom to be used to search GO terms using
gotab a data.frame with columns GO (goids) and TERM (term strings) agrep
... additional arguments to agrep
orgDb instances of orgDb
cols columns to be retrieved in select operation

Value
data.frame
data.frame

Note

Very primitive, uses agrep to try to find relevant terms.

Examples

library(org.Hs.eg.db)
data(allGOterms)
head(cellTypeToGO("serotonergic neuron", allGOterms))
head(cellTypeToGenes("serotonergic neuron", allGOterms, org.Hs.eg.db))
cleanCLOnames  obtain named character vector of terms from Cell Line Ontology, omitting obsolete and trailing 'cell'

Description
obtain named character vector of terms from Cell Line Ontology, omitting obsolete and trailing 'cell'

Usage
cleanCLOnames()

Value
character()

Examples
cleanCLOnames()[1:10]

CLfeats  produce a data.frame of features relevant to a Cell Ontology class

Description
produce a data.frame of features relevant to a Cell Ontology class

Usage
CLfeats(ont, tag = "CL:0001054", pr, go)

Arguments
ont  instance of ontologyIndex ontology
tag  character(1) a CL: class tag
pr  instance of ontologyIndex PRO protein ontology
go  instance of ontologyIndex GO gene ontology

Value
a data.frame instance
Note

This function will look in the intersection_of and has_part, lacks_part components of the CL entry to find properties asserted of or inherited by the cell type identified in ‘tag’. As of 1.19, this function does not look in global environment for ontologies. We use 2021 versions in the examples because some changes in ontologies omit important relationships; revisions to package code after 1.19.4 will attempt to address these.

Examples

c1 = getOnto("cellOnto", year_added="2021")
pr = getOnto("Pronto", "2021")  # legacy tag, for 2022 would be PROnto
go = getOnto("goOnto", "2021")
CLfeats(c1, tag="CL:0001054", pr=pr, go=go)

common_classes

list and count samples with common ontological annotation in two SEs

Usage

common_classes(ont, se1, se2)

Arguments

ont
instance of ontologyIndex ontology

se1
a SummarizedExperiment using ‘label.ont’ in colData to provide ontological
tags (from ‘ont’) for samples

se2
a SummarizedExperiment using ‘label.ont’ in colData to provide ontological
tags (from ‘ont’) for samples

Value

a data.frame with rownames given by the common tags, the class names as column ‘clname’, and
counts of samples bearing the given tags in remaining columns.

Examples

if (requireNamespace("celldex")) {
  imm = celldex::ImmGenData()
  if ("label.ont" %in% names(colData(imm))) {
    cl = getOnto("cellOnto")
    blu = celldex::BlueprintEncodeData()
    common_classes( cl, imm, blu )
  }
}

common_classes
### connect_classes

**Description**

connect ontological categories between related, annotated SummarizedExperiments

**Usage**

```r
class_connect(ont, se1, se2)
```

**Arguments**

- **ont**: an ontologyIndex ontology instance
- **se1**: SummarizedExperiment instance with 'label.ont' among colData columns
- **se2**: SummarizedExperiment instance with 'label.ont' among colData columns

**Value**

a list with two sublists mapping from terms in one SE to descendant terms in the other SE

### ctmarks

**Description**

app to review molecular properties of cell types via cell ontology

**Usage**

```r
cmarks(cl, pr, go)
```

**Arguments**

- **cl**: an import of a Cell Ontology (or extended Cell Ontology) in ontology_index form
- **pr**: an import of a Protein Ontology in ontology_index form
- **go**: an import of a Gene Ontology in ontology_index form

**Value**

a data.frame with features for selected cell types
cyclicSigset

Note
Prototype of harvesting of cell ontology by searching has_part, has_plasma_membrane_part, intersection_of and allied ontology relationships. Uses shiny. Can perform better if getPROnto() and getGeneOnto() values are in .GlobalEnv as pr and go respectively.

Examples
if (interactive()) {
  co = getOnto("cellOnto", year_added="2023")  # has plasma membrane relations
  go = getOnto("goOnto", "2023")
  pr = getOnto("Pronto", "2021")  # peculiar tag used in legacy, would be PROnto with 2022
  ctmars(co, go, pr)
}

cyclicSigset as in Bakken et al. (2017 PMID 29322913) create gene signatures for k cell types, each of which fails to express all but one gene in a set of k genes

Description
as in Bakken et al. (2017 PMID 29322913) create gene signatures for k cell types, each of which fails to express all but one gene in a set of k genes

Usage
cyclicSigset(
  idvec,
  conds = c("hasExp", "lacksExp"),
  tags = paste0("CL:X", 1:length(idvec))
)

Arguments
idvec character vector of identifiers, must have names() set to identify cells bearing genes
conds character(2) tokens used to indicate condition to which signature element contributes
tags character vector of cell-type identifiers; for Cell Ontology use CL: as prefix, one element for each element of idvec

Value
a long data.frame
Examples

```r
sigels = c("CL:X01"="GRIK3", "CL:X02"="NTNG1", "CL:X03"="BAGE2",
        "CL:X04"="MC4R", "CL:X05"="PAX6", "CL:X06"="TSPAN12", "CL:X07"="hSHISA8",
        "CL:X08"="SNCG", "CL:X09"="ARHGEF28", "CL:X10"="EGF")
sigdf = cyclicSigset(sigels)
head(sigdf)
```

---

demoApp  
*demonstrate the use of makeSelectInput*

Description

demonstrate the use of makeSelectInput

Usage

demoApp()

Value

Run only for side effect of starting a shiny app.

Examples

```r
if (interactive()) {
require(shiny)
print(demoApp())
}
```

---

dropStop  
*dropStop is a utility for removing certain words from text data*

Description

dropStop is a utility for removing certain words from text data

Usage

dropStop(x, drop, lower = TRUE, splitby = " ")

Arguments

- **x**: character vector of strings to be cleaned
- **drop**: character vector of words to scrub
- **lower**: logical, if TRUE, x converted with `tolower`
- **splitby**: character, used with `strsplit` to tokenize x
**Value**

a list with one element per input string, split by " ", with elements in drop removed

**Examples**

data(minicorpus)
minicorpus[1:3]
dropStop(minicorpus)[1:3]

```r
cheb = getOnto("chebi_lite")
ind = fastGrep("tanespimycin", cheb, "name")
cheb$name[ind]
```
findCommonAncestors  Find common ancestors

Description
Given a set of ontology terms, find their latest common ancestors based on the term hierarchy.

Usage
findCommonAncestors(..., g, remove.self = TRUE, descriptions = NULL)

Arguments
  ... One or more (possibly named) character vectors containing ontology terms.
  g A graph object containing the hierarchy of all ontology terms.
  remove.self Logical scalar indicating whether to ignore ancestors containing only a single term (themselves).
  descriptions Named character vector containing plain-English descriptions for each term. Names should be the term identifier while the values are the descriptions.

Details
This function identifies all terms in g that are the latest common ancestor (LCA) of any subset of terms in .... An LCA is one that has no children that have the exact same set of descendant terms in ...., i.e., it is the most specific term for that set of observed descendents. Knowing the LCA is useful for deciding how terms should be rolled up to broader definitions in downstream applications, usually when the exact terms in ... are too specific for practical use.

The descendents DataFrame in each row of the output describes the descendents for each LCA, stratified by their presence or absence in each entry of .... This is particularly useful for seeing how different sets of terms would be aggregated into broader terms, e.g., when harmonizing annotation from different datasets or studies. Note that any names for ... will be reflected in the columns of the DataFrame for each LCA.

Value
A DataFrame where each row corresponds to a common ancestor term. This contains the columns number, the number of descendent terms across all vectors in ...; and descendents, a List of DataFrames containing the identities of the descendents. It may also contain the column description, containing the description for each term.

Author(s)
Aaron Lun
Examples

c <- getOnto("cellOnto")

# TODO: wrap in utility function.
parents <- c$parents
self <- rep(names(parents), lengths(parents))
library(igraph)
g <- make_graph(rbind(unlist(parents), self))

# Selecting random terms:
LCA <- ontoProc:::findCommonAncestors(A=sample(names(V(g)), 20),
  B=sample(names(V(g)), 20), g=g)

LCA[1,]
LCA[1,"descendents"][[1]]

---

getChebiLite  basic getters in old style, retained 2023 for deprecation interval

Description

basic getters in old style, retained 2023 for deprecation interval

Usage

gethebiLite()

getCellosaurusOnto()

getUBERON_NE()

gethebiOnto()

getOncotreeOnto()

getDiseaseOnto()

getGeneOnto()

getHCAOnto()

getPROnto()

getPATOnto()

getMondoOnto()

getSIOOnto()
getLeavesFromTerm

Value

instance of ontology_index (S3) from ontologyIndex

Note

getChebiOnto loads ontoRda/chebi_full.rda
getOnctreeOnto loads ontoRda/oncotree.rda
getDiseaseOnto loads ontoRda/diseaseOnto.rda
getHCAOnto loads ontoRda/hcaOnto.rda produced from hcao.owl at https://github.com/HumanCellAtlas/ontology/releases/tag/1.0.6, 2/11/2019, python pronto was used to convert OWL to OBO.
getPROnto loads ontoRda/PRonto.rda, produced from http://purl.obolibrary.org/obo/pr.obo 'reasoned' ontology from OBO foundry, 02-08-2019. In contrast to other ontologies, this is imported via get_OBO with 'extract_tags='minimal''.

getLeavesFromTerm(x, ont)

Arguments

x                  a character(1) id element for ontology_index instance
ont                an ontology_index instance as defined in ontologyIndex package

Value

character vector of 'leaves' of ontology tree

Examples

ch = getOnto("chebi_lite")
alldr = getLeavesFromTerm("CHEBI:23888", ch)
head(ch$name[alldr[1:15]])
getOnto

get the ontology based on a short tag and year

Description
get the ontology based on a short tag and year

Usage
getOnto(ontoname = "cellOnto", year_added = "2023")

Arguments
ontoname character(1) must be an element in 'valid_ontonames()'
year_added character(1) refers to 'rdatadateadded' in AnnotationHub metadata

Note
This queries AnnotationHub for "ontoProcData" and then filters to find the AnnotationHub accession number and retrieves the ontologyIndex serialization of the associated OBO representation of the ontology.

Examples
co = getOnto()
tail(co$name[1000:1500])

humrna

humrna: a data.frame of SRA metadata related to RNA-seq in humans

Description
humrna: a data.frame of SRA metadata related to RNA-seq in humans

Usage
humrna

Format
data.frame

Note
arbitrarily chosen from RNA-seq studies for taxon 9606
Source

NCBI SRA

Examples

data(humrna)
names(humrna)
head(humrna[,1:5])

---

improveNodes        inject linefeeds for node names for graph, with textual annotation from ontology

---

Description

inject linefeeds for node names for graph, with textual annotation from ontology

Usage

improveNodes(g, ont)

Arguments

g        graphNEL instance
ont      instance of ontology from ontologyIndex

---

ldfToTerms     use output of cyclicSigset to generate a series of character vectors constituting OBO terms

---

Description

use output of cyclicSigset to generate a series of character vectors constituting OBO terms

Usage

ldfToTerms(
  ldf,
  propmap,
  sigels,
  prologMaker = function(id, ...) sprintf("id: %s", id)
)
**Arguments**

- ldf: a 'long format' data.frame as created by cyclicSigset
- propmap: a character vector with names of elements corresponding to 'abbreviated' relationship tokens and element values corresponding to full relationship-naming strings
- sigels: a named character vector associating cell types (names) to genes expressed in a cyclic set, one element per type
- prologMaker: a function with arguments (id, ...), in which id is character(1), that generates a vector of strings that will be used for each cell type-specific term.

**Value**

A character vector, strings can be concatenated to OBO

**Note**

ldfToTerms is not sufficiently general to produce terms for any reasonably populated long data frame/propmap combination, but it is a working example for the cyclic set context.

**Examples**

```r
# a set of cell types -- names are cell type token, values are genes expressed in a cyclic set -- each cell type expresses exactly one gene in the set and fails to express all the other genes in the set. See Figs 3 and 4 of Bakken et al [PMID 29322913].
sigels = c("CL:X01"="GRIK3", "CL:X02"="NTNG1", "CL:X03"="BAGE2", "CL:X04"="MC4R", "CL:X05"="PAX6", "CL:X06"="TSPAN12", "CL:X07"="hSHISA8", "CL:X08"="SNCG", "CL:X09"="ARHGEF28", "CL:X10"="EGF")
# create the associated long data frame
ldf = cyclicSigset(sigels)
# describe the abbreviations
pmap = c("hasExp"="has_expression_of", lacksExp="lacks_expression_of")
# now define the prolog for each cell type
makeIntnProlog = function(id, ...) {
  # make type-specific prologs as key-value pairs
  c(
    sprintf("id: %s", id),
    sprintf("name: %s-expressing cortical layer 1 interneuron, human", ...),
    sprintf("def: %s-expressing cortical layer 1 interneuron, human described via RNA-seq observations [PMID 29322913]", ...
    "is_a: CL:0000099 ! interneuron",
    "intersection_of: CL:0000099 ! interneuron")
  )
}
tms = ldfToTerms(ldf, pmap, sigels, makeIntnProlog)
cat(tms[[1]], sep="\n")
```
liberalMap

Produce a data.frame with a set of naive terms mapped to all matching ontology ids and their formal terms

Description

Produce a data.frame with a set of naive terms mapped to all matching ontology ids and their formal terms

Usage

liberalMap(terms, onto, useAgrep = FALSE, ...)

Arguments

terms
onto
useAgrep
...
character() vector, can use grep-compatible regular expressions
an instance of ontologyIndex::ontology_index
logical(1) if TRUE, agrep will be used
passed to agrep if used

Value

a data.frame

Examples

cands = c("astrocyte$", "oligodendrocyte", "oligodendrocyte precursor", "neoplastic", "^neuron$", "^vascular", "badterm")
#co = ontoProc::getCellOnto()
co = getOnto("cellOnto", year_added="2023")
liberalMap(cands, co)

makeSelectInput

generate a selectInput control for an ontologyIndex slice

Description

generate a selectInput control for an ontologyIndex slice
Usage

makeSelectInput(
  onto,
  term,
  type = "siblings",
  inputId,
  label,
  multiple = TRUE,
  ...
)

Arguments

onto                 ontologyIndex instance
term                 character(1) term used as basis for term list option set in the control
type                 character(1) 'siblings' or 'children', relationship to 'term' that the options will satisfy
inputId              character(1) for use in server
label                character(1) for labeling in ui
multiple              logical(1) passed to selectInput
...                   additional parameters passed to selectInput

Value

a selectInput control

Examples

makeSelectInput

make_graphNEL_from_ontology_plot

obtain graphNEL from ontology_plot instance of ontologyPlot

Description

obtain graphNEL from ontology_plot instance of ontologyPlot

Usage

make_graphNEL_from_ontology_plot(x)

Arguments

x                   instance of S3 class ontology_plot
Value

instance of S4 graphNEL class

Examples

```r
requireNamespace("Rgraphviz")
requireNamespace("graph")
c1 = getOnto("cellOnto")
        "CL:0000576", "CL:0000623", "CL:0000451", "CL:0000556")
p3k = ontologyPlot::onto_plot(c1, c13k)
gnel = make_graphNEL_from_ontology_plot(p3k)
gnel = improveNodes(gnel, c1)
graph::graph.par(list(nodes=list(shape="plaintext", cex=.8)))
gnel = Rgraphviz::layoutGraph(gnel)
Rgraphviz::renderGraph(gnel)
```

Description

use prose terminology with output of connect_classes

Usage

`map2prose(x, cl)`

Arguments

- `x` a component of connect_classes output
- `cl` an ontologyIndex ontology instance

Value

a decorated list
mapOneNaive  

use grep or agrep to find a match for a naive token into ontology

Description

use grep or agrep to find a match for a naive token into ontology

Usage

mapOneNaive(naive, onto, useAgrep = FALSE, ...)

Arguments

naive  character(1)
onto  an instance of ontologyIndex::ontology_index
useAgrep  logical(1) if TRUE, agrep will be used
...  passed to agrep if used

Value

if a match is found, the result of grep/agrep with value=TRUE is returned; otherwise a named
NA_character_ is returned

named vector, names are ontology identifiers, values are matched strings

Examples

#co = ontoProc::getCellOnto()
co = getOnto("cellOnto", year_added="2023")
mapOneNaive("astrocyte", co)

minicorpus  

minicorpus: a vector of annotation strings found in 'study title' of SRA metadata.

Description

minicorpus: a vector of annotation strings found in 'study title' of SRA metadata.

Usage

minicorpus

Format

character vector
**nomenCheckup**

**Note**

arbitrarily chosen from titles of RNA-seq studies for taxon 9606

**Source**

NCBI SRA

**Examples**

```r
data(minicorpus)
head(minicorpus)
```

**Description**

repair nomenclature mismatches (to curated term set) in a vector of terms

**Usage**

```r
nomenCheckup(cand, namedOffic, n = 1, tagcolname = "tag", ...)
```

**Arguments**

cand character vector of candidate terms

namedOffic named character vector of curated terms, the names are regarded as tags, intended to be identifiers in curated ontologies

n numeric(1) number of nearest neighbors to return

tagcolname character(1) prefix used to name columns for tags in output

... passed to `adist`

**Value**

a data.frame instance with 2n+1 columns (column 1 is candidate, remaining n pairs of columns are (term, tag) for n nearest neighbors as measured by `adist`.

**Examples**

```r
candidates = c("JHH7", "HUT102", "HS739T", "NCIH716")
# the candidates are cell line names returned in the text dump from
# https://portals.broadinstitute.org/ccle/page?gene=AHR
# note that one must travel to the third nearest neighbor
# to find the match (and tag) for Hs 739.T
# in this example, we compare to cell line names in Cell Line Ontology
nomenCheckup(candidates, cleanCLOnames(), n=3, tagcolname="clo")
```
onto_plot2

*high-level use of graph/Rgraphviz for rendering ontology relations*

**Description**

high-level use of graph/Rgraphviz for rendering ontology relations

**Usage**

```
onto_plot2(ont, terms2use, cex = 0.8, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- `ont`: instance of ontology from ontologyIndex
- `terms2use`: character vector
- `cex`: numeric(1) defaults to 0.8, supplied to Rgraphviz::graph.par
- `...`: passed to onto_plot of ontologyPlot

**Value**

graphNEL instance (invisibly)

**Examples**

```r
cl = getOnto("cellonto")
          "CL:0000576", "CL:0000623", "CL:0000451", "CL:0000556")
onto_plot2(cl, c13k)
```

onto_roots

*list parentless nodes in ontology_index instance*

**Description**

list parentless nodes in ontology_index instance

**Usage**

```
onto_roots(x)
```

**Arguments**

- `x`: an ontology_index instance
Value

a report (produced by `cat()`) of root ids and associated names

Examples

`onto_roots`

---

Description

`packDesc2019`: overview of ontoProc resources

Usage

`packDesc2019`

Format

data.frame instance

Note

Brief survey of functions available to load serialized ontology_index instances imported from OBO.

Examples

data(`packDesc2019`)
head(`packDesc2019`)

---

Description

`packDesc2021`: overview of ontoProc resources

Usage

`packDesc2021`

Format

data.frame instance
Note

Brief survey of functions available to load serialized ontology_index instances imported from OBO. Focus is on versions added in 2021.

Examples

data(packDesc2021)
head(packDesc2021)

packDesc2022 packDesc2022: overview of ontoProc resources

Description

packDesc2022: overview of ontoProc resources

Usage

packDesc2022

Format

data.frame instance

Note

Brief survey of functions available to load serialized ontology_index instances imported from OBO. Focus is on versions added in 2022.

Examples

data(packDesc2022)
head(packDesc2022)

packDesc2023 packDesc2023: overview of ontoProc resources

Description

packDesc2023: overview of ontoProc resources

Usage

packDesc2023
PROSYM

**Format**

data.frame instance

**Note**

Brief survey of functions available to load serialized ontology_index instances imported from OBO. Focus is on versions added in 2023. Several manual interventions were needed – cellosaurus was too large to use the script in inst/scripts/desc.R, and a number of ontologies do not have 2023 versions.

**Examples**

data(packDesc2023)
head(packDesc2023)

---

PROSYM  PROSYM: HGNC symbol synonyms for PR (protein ontology) entries identified in Cell Ontology

**Description**

PROSYM: HGNC symbol synonyms for PR (protein ontology) entries identified in Cell Ontology

**Usage**

PROSYM

**Format**

data.frame instance

**Note**

This is a snapshot of the synonyms component of an extract_tags='everything' import of PR. The 'EXACT.*PRO-short.*:DNx' pattern is used to retrieve HGNC symbols. See ?getPROnto for more provenance information.

**Source**

OBO Foundry

**Examples**

data(PROSYM)
head(PROSYM)
recognizedPredicates

---

**Description**

enumerate ontological relationships used in ontoProc utilities

**Usage**

recognizedPredicates()

**Value**

character vector, names of elements are abbreviated tokens that may be used in code

**Examples**

head(recognizedPredicates())

---

**secLevGen**

simple generation of children of 'choices' given as terms, returned as TermSet

---

**Description**

simple generation of children of 'choices' given as terms, returned as TermSet

**Usage**

secLevGen(choices, ont)

**Arguments**

- choices: vector of terms
- ont: instance of ontology_index (S3) from ontologyIndex package

**Value**

TermSet instance

**Examples**

efoOnto = getOnto("efoOnto")
secLevGen("disease", efoOnto)
selectFromMap

select a set of elements from a term 'map' and return a contribution to a data.frame

Description

select a set of elements from a term 'map' and return a contribution to a data.frame

Usage

selectFromMap(namedvec, index)

Arguments

namedvec named character vector, as returned from mapOneNaive
index numeric() or integer(), typically of length one

Value

a data.frame; if index does not inherit from numeric, a data.frame of one row with columns 'ontoid' and 'term' populated with NA_character_ is returned, otherwise a similarly named data.frame is returned with contents from the selected elements of namedvec

Examples

#co = ontoProc::getCellOnto()
co = getOnto("cellOnto", year_added="2023")
mast = mapOneNaive("astrocyte", co)
selectFromMap(mast, 1)

seur3kTab

tabulate the basic outcome of PBMC 3K tutorial of Seurat

Description

tabulate the basic outcome of PBMC 3K tutorial of Seurat

Usage

seur3kTab()

Value

a data.frame

Examples

seur3kTab()
siblings_TAG

generate a TermSet with siblings of a given term, excluding that term by default

Description

generate a TermSet with siblings of a given term, excluding that term by default
acquire the label of an ontology subject tag
acquire the labels of children of an ontology subject tag

Usage

siblings_TAG(Tagstring = "EFO:1001209", ontology, justSibs = TRUE)

label_TAG(Tagstring = "EFO:0000311", ontology)

children_TAG(Tagstring = "EFO:1001209", ontology)

Arguments

Tagstring a character(1) that identifies a term
ontology instance of ontology_index (S3) from ontologyIndex
justSibs character(1)

Value

TermSet instance
character(1)
TermSet instance

Note

for label_TAG, Tagstring may be a vector

Examples

efoOnto = getOnto("efoOnto")
siblings_TAG("EFO:1001209", efoOnto )
efoOnto = getOnto("efoOnto")
label_TAG("EFO:0000311", efoOnto )
efoOnto = getOnto("efoOnto")
children_TAG(ontology = efoOnto )
stopWords

Description
stopWords: vector of stop words from xpo6.com

Usage
stopWords

Format
character vector

Note
"Stop words" are English words that are assumed to contribute limited semantic value in the analysis of free text.

Source
http://xpo6.com/list-of-english-stop-words/

Examples
data(stopWords)
head(stopWords)

subset_descendants

Description
subset a SummarizedExperiment to which ontology tags have been bound using 'bind_formal_tags', obtaining the 'descendants' of the class of interest

Usage
subset_descendants(
  se,
  onto,
  class_name,
  class_tag,
  formal_cd_name = "label.ont"
)
sym2CellOnto

Arguments

se SummarizedExperiment instance
onto representation of an ontology using representation from ontologyIndex package
class_name character(1) if 'class_tag' is missing, this will be grepped in onto["name"] to find class and its descendants
class_tag character(1) used if given to identify "ontological descendants" of this term in se
formal_cd_name character(1) tells name used for ontology tag column in 'colData(se)'

Value

instance of SummarizedExperiment

Description

use Cell Ontology and Protein Ontology to identify cell-type defining conditions in which a given gene is named

Usage

sym2CellOnto(sym, cl, pr)

Arguments

sym gene symbol, must be used in protein ontology as a PRO:DNx exact match token
c1 result of getOnto("cellOnto")
pr result of getOnto("PROnto")

Value

DataFrame if any hits are found. A field 'cond' abbreviates the identified conditions: (has/lacks)PMP (plasma membrane part) (hi/lo)PMAmt (plasma membrane amount), (has/lacks)Part.

Note

Currently just checks for *plasma_membrane_part, *plasma_membrane_amount, and *Part conditions.

Examples

if (!exists("cl")) cl = getOnto("cellOnto")
if (!exists("pr")) pr = getOnto("PROnto")
sym2CellOnto("ITGAM", cl, pr)
sym2CellOnto("FOXP3", cl, pr)
TermSet-class

manage ontological data with tags and a DataFrame instance

Description

manage ontological data with tags and a DataFrame instance
abbreviated display for TermSet instances

Usage

## S4 method for signature 'TermSet'
show(object)

Arguments

object instance of TermSet class

Value

instance of TermSet

Examples

efoOnto = getOnto("efoOnto")
defsibs = siblings_TAG("EFO:1001209", efoOnto)
class(defsibs)
defsibs

valid_ontonames

give a vector of valid 'names' of ontoProc ontologies

Description

give a vector of valid 'names' of ontoProc ontologies

Usage

valid_ontonames()

Examples

head(valid_ontonames())
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