Package ‘scMerge’

May 28, 2024

Type Package

Title scMerge: Merging multiple batches of scRNA-seq data

Version 1.20.0

Description Like all gene expression data, single-cell data suffers from batch effects and other unwanted variations that makes accurate biological interpretations difficult. The scMerge method leverages factor analysis, stably expressed genes (SEGs) and (pseudo-) replicates to remove unwanted variations and merge multiple single-cell data. This package contains all the necessary functions in the scMerge pipeline, including the identification of SEGs, replication-identification methods, and merging of single-cell data.

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData false

Depends R (>= 3.6.0)

Imports BiocParallel, BiocSingular, BiocNeighbors, cluster, DelayedArray, DelayedMatrixStats, distr, igraph, M3Drop (>= 1.9.4), proxyC, ruv, cvTools, scater, batchelor, scran, methods, S4Vectors (>= 0.23.19), SingleCellExperiment (>= 1.7.3), SummarizedExperiment

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

Suggests BiocStyle, covr, HDF5Array, knitr, Matrix, rmarkdown, scales, proxy, testthat, badger

VignetteBuilder knitr

biocViews BatchEffect, GeneExpression, Normalization, RNASeq, Sequencing, SingleCell, Software, Transcriptomics

URL https://github.com/SydneyBioX/scMerge

BugReports https://github.com/SydneyBioX/scMerge/issues

git_url https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/scMerge

git_branch RELEASE_3_19
example_sce

Subsetted mouse ESC `SingleCellExperiment` object

Description

A dataset containing 300 cells and 2026 genes from two batches of mouse ESC data

Usage

```r
data(example_sce, package = 'scMerge')
```

Format

A `SingleCellExperiment` object

Source

https://www.ebi.ac.uk/arrayexpress/experiments/E-MTAB-2600/
fastRUVIII

References

Kolodziejczyk et al.

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**fastRUVIII**

*A fast version of the ruv::RUVIII algorithm*

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**Description**

Perform a fast version of the ruv::RUVIII algorithm for scRNA-Seq data noise estimation

**Usage**

```r
fastRUVIII(
  Y,
  M,
  ctl,
  k = NULL,
  eta = NULL,
  svd_k = 50,
  include.intercept = TRUE,
  average = FALSE,
  BPPARAM = SerialParam(),
  BSPARAM = ExactParam(),
  fullalpha = NULL,
  return.info = FALSE,
  inputcheck = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

- **Y**
  
  The unnormalised scRNA-Seq data matrix. A m by n matrix, where m is the number of observations and n is the number of features.

- **M**
  
  The replicate mapping matrix. The mapping matrix has m rows (one for each observation), and each column represents a set of replicates. The (i, j)-th entry of the mapping matrix is 1 if the i-th observation is in replicate set j, and 0 otherwise. See ruv::RUVIII for more details.

- **ctl**
  
  An index vector to specify the negative controls. Either a logical vector of length n or a vector of integers.

- **k**
  
  The number of unwanted factors to remove. This is inherited from the ruvK argument from the scMerge::scMerge function.

- **eta**
  
  Gene-wise (as opposed to sample-wise) covariates. See ruv::RUVIII for details.

- **svd_k**
  
  If BSPARAM is set to RandomParam or IrlbaParam class from BiocSingular package, then svd_k will be used to reduce the computational cost of singular value decomposition. Default to 50.
getAdjustedMat

Description

Get Adjusted Matrix with scMerge2 parameter estimated

Usage

getAdjustedMat(
  exprsMat,
  fullalpha,
  ctl = rownames(exprsMat),
  adjusted_means = NULL,
  include.intercept
  When eta is specified (not NULL) but does not already include an intercept term, this will automatically include one. See ruv::RUVIII for details.
  average
  Average replicates after adjustment. See ruv::RUVIII for details.
  BPPARAM
  A BiocParallelParam class object from the BiocParallel package is used. Default is SerialParam().
  BSPARAM
  A BiocSingularParam class object from the BiocSingular package is used. Default is ExactParam().
  fullalpha
  Not used. Please ignore. See ruv::RUVIII for details.
  return.info
  Additional information relating to the computation of normalised matrix. We recommend setting this to true.
  inputcheck
  We recommend setting this to true.

Value

A normalised matrix of the same dimensions as the input matrix Y.

Author(s)

Yingxin Lin, John Ormerod, Kevin Wang

Examples

L = ruvSimulate(m = 200, n = 500, nc = 400, nCelltypes = 3, nBatch = 2, lambda = 0.1, sce = FALSE)
Y = L$Y; M = L$M; ctl = L$ctl
improved1 = scMerge::fastRUVIII(Y = Y, M = M, ctl = ctl, k = 20, BSPARAM = BiocSingular::ExactParam())
improved2 = scMerge::fastRUVIII(Y = Y, M = M, ctl = ctl, k = 20, BSPARAM = BiocSingular::RandomParam(), svd_k = 50)
old = ruv::RUVIII(Y = Y, M = M, ctl = ctl, k = 20)
all.equal(improved1, old)
all.equal(improved2, old)
getAdjustedMat

ruvK = 20,
return_subset_genes = NULL
)

Arguments

exprsMat A gene (row) by cell (column) matrix to be adjusted.
fullalpha A matrix indicates the estimated alpha returned by scMerge2().
ctl A character vector of negative control. It should have a non-empty intersection
with the rows of exprsMat.
adjusted_means A rowwise mean of the gene by cell matrix
ruvK An integer indicates the number of unwanted variation factors that are removed,
default is 20.
return_subset_genes An optional character vector of indicates the subset of genes will be adjusted.

Value

Returns the adjusted matrix will be return.

Author(s)

Yingxin Lin

Examples

## Loading example data
data('example_sce', package = 'scMerge')
## Previously computed stably expressed genes
data('seglist_ensembleGeneID', package = 'scMerge')
## Running an example data with minimal inputs
library(SingleCellExperiment)
scMerge2_res <- scMerge2(exprsMat = logcounts(example_sce),
batch = example_sce$batch,
ctl = segList_ensembleGeneID$mouse$mouse_scSEG,
return_matrix = FALSE)
cosineNorm_mat <- batchelor::cosineNorm(logcounts(example_sce))
adjusted_means <- DelayedMatrixStats::rowMeans2(cosineNorm_mat)
newY <- getAdjustedMat(cosineNorm_mat, scMerge2_res$fullalpha,
ruvK = 20,
adjusted_means = adjusted_means)
assay(example_sce, "scMerge2") <- newY

example_sce = scater::runPCA(example_sce, exprs_values = 'scMerge2')
scater::plotPCA(example_sce, colour_by = 'cellTypes', shape = 'batch')
ruvSimulate

Simulate a simple matrix or SingleCellExperiment to test internals of scMerge

Description

This function is designed to generate Poisson-random-variable data matrix to test on the internal algorithms of scMerge. It does not represent real biological situations and it is not intended to be used by end-users.

Usage

ruvSimulate(
  m = 100,
  n = 5000,
  nc = floor(n/2),
  nCelltypes = 3,
  nBatch = 2,
  k = 20,
  lambda = 0.1,
  sce = FALSE
)

Arguments

- m: Number of observations
- n: Number of features
- nc: Number of negative controls
- nCelltypes: Number of cell-types
- nBatch: Number of batches
- k: Number of unwanted factors in simulation
- lambda: Rate parameter for random Poisson generation
- sce: If TRUE, returns a SingleCellExperiment object

Value

If sce is FALSE, then the output is a list consists of

- Y, expression matrix generated through Poisson random variables,
- ctl, a logical vector indicating the control genes,
- M, replicate mapping matrix,
- cellTypes, a vector indicating simulated cell types
- batch, a vector indicating simulated batches

if sce is TRUE, a SingleCellExperiment wrapper will be applied on all above simulated objects.
Examples

```r
set.seed(1)
L = ruvSimulate(m = 200, n = 1000, nc = 200,
nCelltypes = 3, nBatch = 2, lambda = 0.1, k = 10, sce = TRUE)
print(L)
example <- scMerge(sce_combine = L,
    ctl = paste0('gene', 1:500),
    cell_type = L$cellTypes,
    ruvK = 10,
    assay_name = 'scMerge')
L = scater::runPCA(L, exprs_values = "logcounts")
scater::plotPCA(L, colour_by = 'cellTypes', shape = 'batch')
example = scater::runPCA(example, exprs_values = 'scMerge')
scater::plotPCA(example, colour_by = 'cellTypes', shape = 'batch')
```

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`sce_cbind`  
Combind several SingleCellExperiment objects from different batches/experiments

**Description**

Combind several SingleCellExperiment objects from different batches/experiments.

**Usage**

```r
sce_cbind(
    sce_list,
    method = "intersect",
    cut_off_batch = 0.01,
    cut_off_overall = 0.01,
    exprs = c("counts", "logcounts"),
    colData_names = NULL,
    batch_names = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

- **sce_list**: A list contains the SingleCellExperiment Object from each batch
- **method**: A string indicates the method of combining the gene expression matrix, either union or intersect. Default to intersect. union only supports matrix class.
- **cut_off_batch**: A numeric vector indicating the cut-off for the proportion of a gene is expressed within each batch
- **cut_off_overall**: A numeric vector indicating the cut-off for the proportion of a gene is expressed overall data
scMerge

exprs  A string vector indicating the expression matrices to be combined. The first assay named will be used to determine the proportion of zeroes.

colData_names  A string vector indicating the colData that are combined

batch_names  A string vector indicating the batch names for the output sce object

Value

A SingleCellExperiment object with the list of SCE objects combined.

Author(s)

Yingxin Lin

Examples

data('example_sce', package = 'scMerge')
batch_names<-unique(example_sce$batch)
sce_list<-list(example_sce[,example_sce$batch=='batch2'],
                example_sce[,example_sce$batch=='batch3'])
sce_combine<-sce_cbind(sce_list,batch_names=batch_names)

Description

Merge single-cell RNA-seq data from different batches and experiments leveraging (pseudo)-replicates and control genes.

Usage

scMerge(
  sce_combine,
  ctl = NULL,
  kmeansK = NULL,
  exprs = "logcounts",
  hvg_exprs = "counts",
  batch_name = "batch",
  marker = NULL,
  marker_list = NULL,
  ruvK = 20,
  replicate_prop = 1,
  cell_type = NULL,
  cell_type_match = FALSE,
  cell_type_inc = NULL,
  BSPARAM = ExactParam(),
  svd_k = 50,
scMerge

dist = "cor",
WV = NULL,
WV_marker = NULL,
BPPARAM = SerialParam(),
return_all_RUV = FALSE,
assay_name = NULL,
plot_igraph = TRUE,
verbose = FALSE
)

Arguments

sce_combine A SingleCellExperiment object contains the batch-combined matrix with batch info in colData.

ctl A character vector of negative control. It should have a non-empty intersection with the rows of sce_combine.

kmeansK A vector indicates the kmeans's K for each batch. The length of kmeansK needs to be the same as the number of batch.

exprs A string indicating the name of the assay requiring batch correction in sce_combine, default is logcounts.

hvg_exprs A string indicating the assay that to be used for highly variable genes identification in sce_combine, default is counts.

batch_name A character indicating the name of the batch column, default to "batch"

marker An optional vector of markers, to be used in calculation of mutual nearest cluster. If no markers input, highly variable genes will be used instead.

marker_list An optional list of markers for each batch, which will be used in calculation of mutual nearest cluster.

ruvK An optional integer/vector indicating the number of unwanted variation factors that are removed, default is 20.

replicate_prop A number indicating the ratio of cells that are included in pseudo-replicates, ranges from 0 to 1. Default to 1.

cell_type An optional vector indicating the cell type information for each cell in the batch-combined matrix. If it is NULL, pseudo-replicate procedure will be run to identify cell type.

cell_type_match An optional logical input for whether to find mutual nearest cluster using cell type information.

cell_type_inc An optional vector indicating the indices of the cells that will be used to supervise the pseudo-replicate procedure.

BSPARAM A BiocSingularParam class object from the BiocSingular package is used. Default is ExactParam().

evd_k If BSPARAM is set to RandomParam or IrlbaParam class from BiocSingular package, then evd_k will be used to used to reduce the computational cost of singular value decomposition. Default to 50.
### Parameter Descriptions

**dist**
The distance metrics that are used in the calculation of the mutual nearest cluster, default is Pearson correlation.

**WV**
A optional vector indicating the wanted variation factor other than cell type info, such as cell stages.

**WV_marker**
An optional vector indicating the markers of the wanted variation.

**BPPARAM**
A BiocParallelParam class object from the BiocParallel package is used. Default is SerialParam().

**return_all_RUV**
If FALSE, then only returns a SingleCellExperiment object with original data and one normalised matrix. Otherwise, the SingleCellExperiment object will contain the original data and one normalised matrix for each ruvK value. In this latter case, assay_name must have the same length as ruvK.

**assay_name**
The assay name(s) for the adjusted expression matrix(matrices). If return_all_RUV = TRUE assay_name must have the same length as ruvK.

**plot_igraph**
If TRUE, then during the un/semi-supervised scMerge, igraph plot will be displayed.

**verbose**
If TRUE, then all intermediate steps will be shown. Default to FALSE.

### Value
Returns a SingleCellExperiment object with following components:

- **assays**: the original assays and also the normalised matrix
- **metadata**: containing the ruvK vector, ruvK_optimal based on F-score, and the replicate matrix

### Author(s)
Yingxin Lin, Kevin Wang

### Examples

```r
## Loading example data
data('example_sce', package = 'scMerge')
data('segList_ensemblGeneID', package = 'scMerge')

## Running an example data with minimal inputs
sce_mESC <- scMerge(sce_combine = example_sce, ctl = segList_ensemblGeneID$mouse$mouse_scSEG, kmeansK = c(3, 3), assay_name = 'scMerge')

sce_mESC = scater::runPCA(sce_mESC, exprs_values = "logcounts")
scater::plotPCA(sce_mESC, colour_by = 'cellTypes', shape = 'batch')

sce_mESC = scater::runPCA(sce_mESC, exprs_values = 'scMerge')
scater::plotPCA(sce_mESC, colour_by = 'cellTypes', shape = 'batch')
```

scMerge2

**Perform the scMerge2 algorithm**

**Description**
Merge single-cell data from different batches and experiments leveraging (pseudo)-replicates, control genes and pseudo-bulk.

**Usage**

```r
scMerge2(
  exprsMat,
  batch,
  cellTypes = NULL,
  condition = NULL,
  ctl = rownames(exprsMat),
  chosen.hvg = NULL,
  ruvK = 20,
  use bpparam = BiocParallel::SerialParam(),
  use bsparam = BiocSingular::RandomParam(),
  use bnpparam = BiocNeighbors::AnnoyParam(),
  pseudoBulk_fn = "create_pseudoBulk",
  k_pseudoBulk = 30,
  k_celltype = 10,
  exprsMat_counts = NULL,
  cosineNorm = TRUE,
  return_subset = FALSE,
  return_subset_genes = NULL,
  return_matrix = TRUE,
  byChunk = TRUE,
  chunkSize = 50000,
  verbose = TRUE,
  seed = 1
)
```

**Arguments**

- **exprsMat**: A gene (row) by cell (column) log-transformed matrix to be adjusted.
- **batch**: A vector indicating the batch information for each cell in the batch-combined matrix.
- **cellTypes**: An optional vector indicating the cell type information for each cell in the batch-combined matrix. If it is NULL, pseudo-replicate procedure will be run to identify cell type.
- **condition**: An optional vector indicating the condition information for each cell in the batch-combined matrix.
ctl
  A character vector of negative control. It should have a non-empty intersection
  with the rows of exprsMat.

chosen.hvg
  An optional character vector of highly variable genes chosen.

ruvK
  An integer indicates the number of unwanted variation factors that are removed,
  default is 20.

use_bpparam
  A BiocParallelParam class object from the BiocParallel package is used.
  Default is SerialParam().

use_bsparam
  A BiocSingularParam class object from the BiocSingular package is used.
  Default is RandomParam().

use_bnparam
  A BiocNeighborsParam class object from the BiocNeighbors package is used.
  Default is AnnoyParam().

pseudoBulk_fn
  A character indicates the way of pseudobulk constructed.

k_pseudoBulk
  An integer indicates the number of pseudobulk constructed within each cell
  grouping. Default is 30.

k_celltype
  An integer indicates the number of nearest neighbours used in buildSNNGraph
  when grouping cells within each batch. Default is 10.

exprsMat_counts
  A gene (row) by cell (column) counts matrix to be adjusted.

cosineNorm
  A logical vector indicates whether cosine normalisation is performed on input
  data.

return_subset
  If TRUE, adjusted matrix of only a subset of genes (hvg or indicates in
  return_subset_genes) will be return.

return_subset_genes
  An optional character vector of indicates the subset of genes will be adjusted.

return_matrix
  A logical value indicates whether the adjusted matrix is calculated and returned.

byChunk
  A logical value indicates whether it calculates the adjusted matrix by chunk

chunkSize
  A numeric indicates the size of the chunk. If FALSE, then only the estimated
  parameters will be returned.

verbose
  If TRUE, then all intermediate steps will be shown. Default to FALSE.

seed
  A numeric input indicates the seed used.

Value

Returns a list object with following components:

  • newY: if return_matrix is TRUE, the adjusted matrix will be return.
  • fullalpha: Alpha estimated from the fastRUVIII model.
  • M: Replicate matrix.

Author(s)

Yingxin Lin
Examples

```r
## Loading example data
data('example_sce', package = 'scMerge')
## Previously computed stably expressed genes
data('segList_ensemblGeneID', package = 'scMerge')
## Running an example data with minimal inputs
library(SingleCellExperiment)
exprsMat <- scMerge2(exprsMat = logcounts(example_sce),
batch = example_sce$batch,
ctl = segList_ensemblGeneID$mouse$mouse_scSEG)
assay(example_sce, "scMerge2") <- exprsMat$newY

example_sce = scater::runPCA(example_sce, exprs_values = 'scMerge2')
scater::plotPCA(example_sce, colour_by = 'cellTypes', shape = 'batch')
```

scMerge2h

Perform the scMerge2 (hierarchical) algorithm

Description

Merge single-cell data hierarchically from different batches and experiments leveraging (pseudo)-replicates, control genes and pseudo-bulk.

Usage

```r
scMerge2h(
  exprsMat,
  batch_list = list(),
  h_idx_list = list(),
  cellTypes = NULL,
  condition = NULL,
  ctl = rownames(exprsMat),
  chosen.hvg = NULL,
  ruvK_list = 20,
  use_bpparam = BiocParallel::SerialParam(),
  use_bsparam = BiocSingular::RandomParam(),
  use_bnparam = BiocNeighbors::AnnoyParam(),
  pseudoBulk_fn = "create_pseudoBulk",
  k_pseudoBulk = 30,
  k_celltype = 10,
  exprsMat_counts = NULL,
  cosineNorm = TRUE,
  return_subset = FALSE,
  return_subset_genes = NULL,
  return_matrix = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  seed = 1
)
```
Arguments

exprsMat  A gene (row) by cell (column) log-transformed matrix to be adjusted.
batch_list A list indicating the batch information for each cell in the batch-combined matrix.
h_idx_list A list indicating the indeces information in the hierarchical merging.
cellTypes  An optional vector indicating the cell type information for each cell in the batch-combined matrix. If it is NULL, pseudo-replicate procedure will be run to identify cell type.
condition An optional vector indicating the condition information for each cell in the batch-combined matrix.
ctl  A character vector of negative control. It should have a non-empty intersection with the rows of exprsMat
chosen.hvg An optional character vector of highly variable genes chosen.
ruvK_list An integer indicates the number of unwanted variation factors that are removed, default is 20.
use_bpparam A BiocParallelParam class object from the BiocParallel package is used. Default is SerialParam().
use_bsparam A BiocSingularParam class object from the BiocSingular package is used. Default is RandomParam().
use_bnparam A BiocNeighborsParam class object from the BiocNeighbors package is used. Default is AnnoyParam().
pseudoBulk_fn A character indicates the way of pseudobulk constructed.
k_pseudoBulk An integer indicates the number of pseudobulk constructed within each cell grouping. Default is 30.
k_celltype An integer indicates the number of nearest neighbours used in buildSNNGraph when grouping cells within each batch. Default is 10.
exprsMat_counts A gene (row) by cell (column) counts matrix to be adjusted.

cosineNorm A logical vector indicates whether cosine normalisation is performed on input data.

return_subset If TRUE, adjusted matrix of only a subset of genes (hvg or indicates in return_subset_genes) will be return.
return_subset_genes An optional character vector of indicates the subset of genes will be adjusted.
return_matrix A logical vector indicates whether the adjusted matrix is calculated and returned. If FALSE, then only the estimated parameters will be returned.

verbose If TRUE, then all intermediate steps will be shown. Default to FALSE.
seed A numeric input indicates the seed used.

Author(s)

Yingxin Lin
scReplicate

Create replicate matrix for scMerge algorithm

Description

Create replicate matrix for scMerge algorithm using un-/semi-/supervised approaches.

Usage

scReplicate(
  sce_combine,  # SingleCellExperiment object
  batch = NULL,  # Batch information
  kmeansK = NULL,  # Number of clusters for k-means
  exprs = "logcounts",  # Expression data
  hvg_exprs = "counts",  # Highly variable genes
  marker = NULL,  # Marker genes
  marker_list = NULL,  # List of marker genes
  replicate_prop = 1,  # Proportion of replicates to use
  cell_type = NULL,  # Cell type information
  cell_type_match = FALSE,  # Match cell type
  cell_type_inc = NULL  # Increment cell type
)

Examples

```r
## Loading example data
data('example_sce', package = 'scMerge')
data('segList_ensemblGeneID', package = 'scMerge')

# Create a fake sample information
eample_sce$sample <- rep(c(1:4), each = 50)

# Construct a hierarchical index list
h_idx_list <- list(level1 = split(1:200, example_sce$batch),
                   level2 = list(1:200))

# Construct a batch information list
batch_list <- list(level1 = split(example_sce$sample, example_sce$batch),
                    level2 = list(example_sce$batch))

library(SingleCellExperiment)
exprsMat <- scMerge2h(exprsMat = logcounts(example_sce),
                      batch_list = batch_list,
                      h_idx_list = h_idx_list,
                      ctl = segList_ensemblGeneID$mouse$mouse_scSEG,
                      ruvK_list = c(2, 5))
assay(example_sce, "scMerge2") <- exprsMat[[length(h_idx_list)]]
example_sce = scater::runPCA(example_sce, exprs_values = 'scMerge2')
scater::plotPCA(example_sce, colour_by = 'cellTypes', shape = 'batch')
```
Arguments

sce_combine  A SingleCellExperiment object contains the batch-combined matrix with batch info in colData
batch  A vector indicates the batch information for each cell in the batch-combined matrix.
kmeansK  A vector indicates the kmeans’s K for each batch, length of kmeansK needs to be the same as the number of batch.
exprs  A string indicates the assay that are used for batch correction, default is log-counts
hvg_exprs  A string indicates the assay that are used for highly variable genes identification, default is counts
marker  A vector of markers, which will be used in calculation of mutual nearest cluster. If no markers input, highly variable genes will be used instead
marker_list  A list of markers for each batch, which will be used in calculation of mutual nearest cluster.
replicate_prop  A number indicating the ratio of cells that are included in pseudo-replicates, ranges from 0 to 1. Default to 1.
cell_type  A vector indicates the cell type information for each cell in the batch-combined matrix. If it is NULL, pseudo-replicate procedure will be run to identify cell type.
cell_type_match  Whether find mutual nearest cluster using cell type information
cell_type_inc  A vector indicates the indices of the cells that will be used to supervise the pseudo-replicate procedure
dist  The distance metrics that are used in the calculation of the mutual nearest cluster, default is Pearson correlation.
WV  A vector indicates the wanted variation factor other than cell type info, such as cell stages.
WV_marker  A vector indicates the markers of the wanted variation.
BPPARAM  A BiocParallelParam class object from the BiocParallel package is used. Default is SerialParam().
return_all  If FALSE, only return the replicate matrix.
BSPARAM  A BiocSingularParam class object from the BiocSingular package is used. Default is ExactParam().
scRUVg

plot_igraph If TRUE, then during the un/semi-supervised scMErge, igraph plot will be displayed

verbose If TRUE, then all intermediate steps will be shown. Default to FALSE.

Value

If return_all is FALSE, return a replicate matrix. If return_sce is TRUE, return the followings

repMat replicate matrix
mnc mutual nearest cluster
replicate vector replicate vector
HVG highly variable genes used in scReplicate

A cell-replicates mapping matrix. Each row correspond to a cell from the input expression matrix, and each column correspond to a cell-cluster/cell-type. An element of the mapping matrix is 1 if the scReplicate algorithm determines that this cell should belong to that cell cluster and 0 otherwise.

Author(s)

Yingxin Lin, Kevin Wang

Examples

```r
## Loading example data
set.seed(1)
data('example_sce', package = 'scMerge')
scRep_result = scReplicate(
  sce_combine = example_sce,
  batch = example_sce$batch,
  kmeansK = c(3,3))
```

RUVg function for single cell (under development)

Description

Modified based on RUV2 from package ruv and RUVg from package RUVSeq function (see these function’s documentations for full documentations and usage)
Usage

```r
scRUVg(
  Y,
  ctl,
  k,
  Z = 1,
  eta = NULL,
  include.intercept = TRUE,
  fullW = NULL,
  svdyc = NULL
)
```

Arguments

- **Y**: The data. A m by n matrix, where m is the number of observations and n is the number of features.
- **ctl**: index vector to specify the negative controls.
- **k**: The number of unwanted factors to use.
- **Z**: Any additional covariates to include in the model.
- **eta**: Gene-wise (as opposed to sample-wise) covariates.
- **include.intercept**: Applies to both Z and eta. When Z or eta (or both) is specified (not NULL) but does not already include an intercept term, this will automatically include one. If only one of Z or eta should include an intercept, this variable should be set to FALSE, and the intercept term should be included manually where desired.
- **fullW**: Can be included to speed up execution. Is returned by previous calls of scRUVg
- **svdyc**: Can be included to speed up execution. For internal use; please use fullW instead.

Value

A list consists of:

- A matrix `newY`, the normalised matrix,
- A matrix `W`, the unwanted variation matrix, and ;
- A matrix `alpha`, this corresponding coefficient matrix for `W`.

Author(s)

Yingxin Lin, Kevin Wang

Examples

```r
L = scMerge::ruvSimulate(m = 80, n = 1000, nc = 50, nCelltypes = 10)
Y = L$Y; ctl = L$ctl
ruvgRes = scMerge::scRUVg(Y = Y, ctl = ctl, k = 20)
```
**scRUVIII**  
*scRUVIII: RUVIII algorithm optimised for single cell data*

**Description**
A function to perform location/scale adjustment to data as the input of RUVIII which also provides the option to select optimal RUVk according to the silhouette coefficient.

**Usage**
```r
scRUVIII(
  Y = Y,
  M = M,
  ctl = ctl,
  fullalpha = NULL,
  k = k,
  cell_type = NULL,
  batch = NULL,
  return_all_RUV = TRUE,
  BPPARAM = SerialParam(),
  BSPARAM = ExactParam(),
  svd_k = 50
)
```

**Arguments**
- `Y`: The unnormalised SC data. A m by n matrix, where m is the number of observations and n is the number of features.
- `M`: The replicate mapping matrix. The mapping matrix has m rows (one for each observation), and each column represents a set of replicates. The (i, j)-th entry of the mapping matrix is 1 if the i-th observation is in replicate set j, and 0 otherwise. See `ruv::RUVIII` for more details.
- `ctl`: An index vector to specify the negative controls. Either a logical vector of length n or a vector of integers.
- `fullalpha`: Not used. Please ignore.
- `k`: The number of unwanted factors to remove. This is inherited from the `ruvK` argument from the `scMerge::scMerge` function.
- `cell_type`: An optional vector indicating the cell type information for each cell in the batch-combined matrix. If it is `NULL`, pseudo-replicate procedure will be run to identify cell type.
- `batch`: Batch information inherited from the `scMerge::scMerge` function.
- `return_all_RUV`: Whether to return extra information on the RUV function, inherited from the `scMerge::scMerge` function.
- `BPPARAM`: A `BiocParallelParam` class object from the `BiocParallel` package is used. Default is `SerialParam()`.
BSPARAM

A BiocSingularParam class object from the BiocSingular package is used. Default is ExactParam().

svd_k

If BSPARAM is set to RandomParam or IrlbaParam class from BiocSingular package, then svd_k will be used to reduce the computational cost of singular value decomposition. Default to 50.

Value

A list consists of:

- RUV-normalised matrices: If k has multiple values, then the RUV-normalised matrices using all the supplied k values will be returned.
- optimal_ruvK: The optimal RUV k value as determined by silhouette coefficient.

Author(s)

Yingxin Lin, Kevin Wang

Examples

L = ruvSimulate(m = 200, n = 1000, nc = 100, nCelltypes = 3, nBatch = 2, lambda = 0.1, sce = FALSE)
Y = t(log2(L$Y + 1L)); M = L$M; ctl = L$ctl; batch = L$batch;
res = scRUVIII(Y = Y, M = M, ctl = ctl, k = c(5, 10, 15, 20), batch = batch)

scSEGIndex

Single Cell Stably Express Gene Index

Description

This function computes the single-cell Stably Expressed Gene (scSEG) index from Lin. et al. (2019) for a given single-cell count data matrix. Each gene in the data is fitted with a gamma-normal mixture model and the final SEG index is computed as an average of key parameters that measure the expression stability of a gene.

We recommend using either the pre-computed genes (see "See Also" below) or the top SEG genes from an user's own data as the control genes in the scMerge function (see the ctl argument in the scMerge function).

Usage

scSEGIndex(
  exprs_mat,
  cell_type = NULL,
  BPPARAM = SerialParam(progressbar = TRUE),
  return_all = FALSE
)
Arguments

exprs_mat  A log-transformed single-cell data, assumed to have no batch effect and covered a wide range of cell types. A n by m matrix, where n is the number of genes and m is the number of cells.

cell_type  A vector indicating the cell type information for each cell in the gene expression matrix. If it is NULL, the function calculates the scSEG index without using F-statistics.

BPPARAM  A BiocParallelParam class object from the BiocParallel package is used. Default is SerialParam(progressbar = TRUE).

return_all  Default to FALSE. If set to TRUE, then all genes will be returned. Otherwise, only genes with less than 80 percent zeroes will be returned.

Value

Returns a data frame. Each row is a gene and each column is a statistic relating to the stability of expression of each gene. The main statistic is the segIdx column, which is the SEG index.

Author(s)

Shila Ghazanfar, Yingxin Lin, Pengyi Yang

References


See Also

Download human SEG directly from this link; Download mouse SEG directly from this link.

Examples

```r
## Loading example data
data('example_sce', package = 'scMerge')
## subsetting genes to illustrate usage.
exprs_mat = SummarizedExperiment::assay(example_sce, 'logcounts')[1:110, 1:20]
set.seed(1)
result1 = scSEGIndex(exprs_mat = exprs_mat)
## If parallelisation is needed:
param = BiocParallel::MulticoreParam(workers = 2, progressbar = TRUE)
result2 = scSEGIndex(exprs_mat = exprs_mat, BPPARAM = param)
## Closing the parallelisation
BiocParallel::register(BPPARAM = BiocParallel::SerialParam())
```
segList

Stably expressed gene list in official gene symbols for both human and mouse

Description
A list includes the stably expressed genes for both human and mouse

Usage
data(segList, package = 'scMerge')

Format
An object of class list of length 2.

segList_ensemblGeneID

Stably expressed gene list in EnsemblGeneID for both human and mouse

Description
A list includes the stably expressed genes for both human and mouse

Usage
data(segList_ensemblGeneID, package = 'scMerge')

Format
An object of class list of length 2.
Index

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