Package ‘treekoR’

May 20, 2024

Type Package

Title Cytometry Cluster Hierarchy and Cellular-to-phenotype Associations

Version 1.12.0


Description treekoR is a novel framework that aims to utilise the hierarchical nature of single cell cytometry data to find robust and interpretable associations between cell subsets and patient clinical end points. These associations are aimed to recapitulate the nested proportions prevalent in workflows involving manual gating, which are often overlooked in workflows using automatic clustering to identify cell populations. We developed treekoR to:

- Derive a hierarchical tree structure of cell clusters;
- Quantify a cell types as a proportion relative to all cells in a sample (%total), and, as the proportion relative to a parent population (%parent);
- Perform significance testing using the calculated proportions; and
- Provide an interactive html visualisation to help highlight key results.

Depends R (>= 4.1)

Imports stats, utils, tidyr, dplyr, data.table, ggiraph, ggplot2, hopach, ape, ggtree, patchwork, SingleCellExperiment, diffcyt, edgeR, lme4, multcomp

License GPL-3

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData false

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, BiocStyle, CATALYST, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

VignetteBuilder knitr

Config/testthat/edition 3

git_url https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/treekoR

git_branch RELEASE_3_19
addFreqBars

Title

Description

a function to add the frequency bars for each cluster
addHeatMap

Usage

addFreqBars(
  p,
  clusters,
  offset = 0.75,
  bar_length = 3,
  bar_width = 0.4,
  freq_labels = FALSE
)

Arguments

p  a phylogenetic tree plot created from the ggtree() function
clusters a vector representing the cell type or cluster of each cell (can be character or numeric)
offset distance between the heatmap and frequency bars
bar_length length of bar with max frequency
bar_width width of each frequency bar
freq_labels boolean indicated whether or not to show frequency bar labels

Value

an interactive ggplot graph object with frequency bars of clusters alongside heatmap of cluster median expression

Description

a function to add a heatmap of cluster medians alongside the phylogenetic tree

Usage

addHeatMap(
  p,
  cluster_medians,
  offset = 0.5,
  width = 1,
  expand_y_lim = 20,
  low = "#313695",
  mid = "ivory",
  high = "#A50026",
  colnames_angle = 90,
  metric_name = "Column z-score"
)
Arguments

p
a phylogenetic tree plot created from the ggtree() function

cluster_medians
a dataframe with the cluster medians. The row numbers of the clusters median data frame should correspond to the nodes in the phylo tree. The column names should also correspond to the labels you want to use

offset
the distance between the tree plot and heatmap

width
width of each tile in the heatmap

expand_y_lim
white space below heatmap

low
colour used for low values on heatmap

mid
colour used for medium values on heatmap

high
colour used for large values on heatmap

colnames_angle
angle for x-axis label

metric_name
legend title

Value

an interactive ggplot graph object with heatmap of median cluster expressions plotted alongside hierarchical tree

Description

a function to create a skeleton tree diagram to display significance testing results on each node

Usage

addTree(p, offset = 0.3, font_size = 2.5, hjust = 0)

Arguments

p
a phylogenetic tree plot created from the ggtree() function

offset
distance between leaf nodes on the tree and their labels

font_size
font size of leaf labels

hjust
horizontal justification as defined in ggplot2

Value

a ggtree graph object with the hierarchical tree of clusters and corresponding labels
Description

Adding statistical test results onto the tree by using colourful nodes and branches. Takes a ggtree object with test results for each node and returns a ggtree graph object.

Usage

colourTree(
  tree,
  point_size = 1.5,
  high = "#00c434",
  low = "purple",
  mid = "ivory2"
)

Arguments

tree: a tree plot created from the ggtree() function with p$data containing test statistic and p-
point_size: size of nodes in the tree
high: colour for large values
low: colour for low values
mid: colour for middle values

Value

an interactive ggplot graph object, plotting the hierarchical tree of clusters with nodes and branches coloured by the significance testing results.

Examples

library(SingleCellExperiment)
data(COVIDSampleData)
sce <- DeBiasi_COVID_CD8_samp
exprs <- t(assay(sce, "exprs"))
clusters <- colData(sce)$cluster_id
classes <- colData(sce)$condition
samples <- colData(sce)$sample_id

clust_tree <- getClusterTree(exprs,
  clusters,
  hierarchy_method="hopach")
DeBiasi_COVID_CD8_samp

tested_tree <- testTree(clust_tree$clust_tree,
  clusters=clusters,
  samples=samples,
  classes=classes)

colourTree(tested_tree)

DeBiasi_COVID_CD8_samp

COVID-19 Sample data

Description

Data from an experiment investigating T cell compositions between COVID-19 patients and healthy control. This data has been transformed using a arcsinh transform using a co-factor of 5 and randomly subsetted

Usage

data(COVIDSampleData)

Format

An object of class "SingeCellExperiment"

Source

FlowRepository

References


Examples

data(COVIDSampleData)
**findChildren**

Description

findChildren

Usage

findChildren(tree)

Arguments

tree | a ggtree object

Value

a ggtree object with the data containing a column with the clusters contained in each node

**geometricMean**

Description

ggetCellGMeans helper function

Usage

geometricMean(x, na.rm = TRUE)

Arguments

x | vector containing numeric values
na.rm | whether or not to ignore NA values

Value

geomtric mean of vector x
getCellGMeans

Description
ggetCellGMeans

Usage
ggetCellGMeans(phylo, exprs, clusters, samples, classes)

Arguments

phylo  
a phylogram with tip.labels corresponding to cell types/cluster contained in 'clusters' vector

exprs  
a dataframe containing single cell expression data

clusters  
a vector representing the cell type or cluster of each cell (can be character or numeric). If numeric, cluster names need to be consecutive starting from 1.

samples  
a vector identifying the patient each cell belongs to

classes  
a vector containing the patient outcome/class each cell belongs to

Value

a dataframe containing proportions calculated for each sample

Examples

library(SingleCellExperiment)
data(COVIDSampleData)

sce <- DeBiasi_COVID_CD8_samp
exprs <- t(assay(sce, "exprs"))
clusters <- colData(sce)$cluster_id
classes <- colData(sce)$condition
samples <- colData(sce)$sample_id

clust_tree <- getClusterTree(exprs,
              clusters,
              hierarchy_method="hopach")

means_df <- getCellGMeans(clust_tree$clust_tree,
                       exprs=exprs,
                       clusters=clusters,
                       samples=samples,
                       classes=classes)
**getCellProp**

**Description**

getCellProp

**Usage**

getCellProp(phylo, clusters, samples, classes, excl_top_node_parent = TRUE)

**Arguments**

- **phylo**: a phylogram with tip.labels corresponding to cell types/cluster contained in 'clusters' vector
- **clusters**: a vector representing the cell type or cluster of each cell (can be character or numeric). If numeric, cluster names need to be consecutive starting from 1.
- **samples**: a vector identifying the patient each cell belongs to
- **classes**: a vector containing the patient outcome/class each cell belongs to
- **excl_top_node_parent**: a boolean indicating whether the for cell types with the highest node as their parent

**Value**

a dataframe containing proportions calculated for each sample

**Examples**

```r
library(SingleCellExperiment)
data(COVIDSampleData)

sce <- DeBiasi_COVID_CD8_samp
exprs <- t(assay(sce, "exprs"))
clusters <- colData(sce)$cluster_id
classes <- colData(sce)$condition
samples <- colData(sce)$sample_id

clust_tree <- getClusterTree(exprs,
                           clusters,
                           hierarchy_method="hopach")

prop_df <- getCellProp(clust_tree$clust_tree,
                        clusters=clusters,
                        samples=samples,
                        classes=classes)
```
getClusterTree

This function takes a CATALYST sce with clusters and creates a hierarchical tree

Description
getClusterTree This function takes a CATALYST sce with clusters and creates a hierarchical tree

Usage
getClusterTree(
  exprs,
  clusters,
  hierarchy_method = "hopach",
  hopach_kmax = 5,
  hopach_K = 10,
  scale_exprs = TRUE
)

Arguments
exprs             a dataframe containing single cell expression data
clusters          a vector representing the cell type or cluster of each cell (can be character or numeric). If numeric, cluster names need to be consecutive starting from 1.
hierarchy_method  a string indicating the hierarchical tree construction method to be used
hopach_kmax       integer between 1 and 9 specifying the maximum number of children at each node in the tree
hopach_K          positive integer specifying the maximum number of levels in the tree. Must be 15 or less, due to computational limitations (overflow)
scale_exprs       boolean indicating whether to scale median cluster expression data before constructing hierarchical tree

Value
a list containing the cluster median frequencies and a phylogram of the hierarchical tree

Examples
library(SingleCellExperiment)
data(COVIDSampleData)

sce <- DeBiasi_COVID_CD8_samp
exprs <- t(assay(sce, "exprs"))
clusters <- colData(sce)$cluster_id
classes <- colData(sce)$condition
samples <- colData(sce)$sample_id
getParentProp

clust_tree <- getClusterTree(exprs,
                         clusters,
                         hierarchy_method="hopach")

getParentProp

Description
getCellProp helper function

Usage
getParentProp(vars1, vars2, n_cells)

Arguments

vars1   name of cell type, matching to column in n_cells
vars2   name of parent cell type, matching to column in n_cells
n_cells matrix of counts of each cell type per sample

Value

a vector containing the proportions of cell type vars1 as a percent of parent vars2 per sample

getTotalProp

Description
getCellProp helper function

Usage
getTotalProp(vars1, n_cells, n_cells_pat)

Arguments

vars1   name of cell type, matching to column in n_cells
n_cells matrix of counts of each cell type per sample
n_cells_pat vector containing number of cells per sample

Value

a vector containing the proportions of cell type vars1 as a percent of total per sample
getTreeResults

description
getTreeResults

Usage
getTreeResults(testedTree, sort_by = "parent")

Arguments

- testedTree: a ggtree object outputed from testTree()
- sort_by: whether to sort by p-values testing via proportions to parent or p-values testing via absolute proportions. Values can be c(NA, "parent", "all")

Value
a dataframe with hierarchical tree nodes, corresponding clusters and corresponding significance testing results

Examples

```r
library(SingleCellExperiment)
data(COVIDSampleData)

sce <- DeBiasi_COVID_CD8_samp
exprs <- t(assay(sce, "exprs"))
clusters <- colData(sce)$cluster_id
classes <- colData(sce)$condition
samples <- colData(sce)$sample_id

clust_tree <- getClusterTree(exprs,
    clusters,
    hierarchy_method="hopach")

tested_tree <- testTree(clust_tree$clust_tree,
    clusters=clusters,
    samples=samples,
    classes=classes,
    pos_class_name=NULL)

res_df <- getTreeResults(tested_tree)

head(res_df, 10)
```
Description

hopachToPhylo

Usage

hopachToPhylo(res)

Arguments

res an object returned from the runHOPACH() function

Value

a phylogram converted from the outputted list from the runHOPACH function

Examples

library(SingleCellExperiment)
library(data.table)
data(COVIDSampleData)

sce <- DeBiasi_COVID_CD8_samp
exprs <- t(assay(sce, "exprs"))
clusters <- colData(sce)$cluster_id
classes <- colData(sce)$condition
samples <- colData(sce)$sample_id

clust_med_dt <- as.data.table(exprs)
clust_med_dt[, cluster_id := clusters]
res <- clust_med_dt[, lapply(.SD, median, na.rm=TRUE), by=cluster_id]
res2 <- res[, .SD, .SDcols = !c('cluster_id')]

hopach_res <- runHOPACH(as.data.frame(scale(res2)))
phylo <- hopachToPhylo(hopach_res)
plotInteractiveHeatmap

Title

Description
This function takes a hierarchical tree which has been tested for proportion to all and proportion to parent cluster.

Usage

plotInteractiveHeatmap(
  testedTree, 
  clust_med_df, 
  clusters, 
  svg_width = 13, 
  svg_height = 9, 
  tr_offset = 0.3, 
  tr_font_size = 2, 
  tr_point_size = 1.5, 
  tr_col_high = "#00c434", 
  tr_col_low = "purple", 
  tr_col_mid = "ivory2", 
  hm_offset = 1, 
  hm_tile_width = 1, 
  hm_expand_y_lim = 20, 
  hm_col_high = "#cc2010", 
  hm_col_mid = "#fff8de", 
  hm_col_low = "#66a6cc", 
  fb_offset = 0.75, 
  fb_bar_length = 3, 
  fb_bar_width = 0.4, 
  fb_freq_labels = FALSE 
)

Arguments

testedTree: a ggtree object that has been run through the testTree
clust_med_df: a dataframe with the cluster medians. The rownumbers of the clusters median data frame should correspond to the nodes in the phylo tree. The column names should also correspond to the labels you want to use
clusters: a vector representing the cell type or cluster of each cell (can be character or numeric)
svg_width: width of svg canvas
svg_height: height of svf canvas
tr_offset: distance between leaf nodes on the tree and their labels
plotInteractiveHeatmap

tr_font_size  font size of leaf labels
tr_point_size  size of each node in the tree
tr_col_high  colour used for high test statistics, coloured on the nodes and branches of the tree
tr_col_low  colour used for low test statistics, coloured on the nodes and branches of the tree
tr_col_mid  colour used for medium test statistics, coloured on the nodes and branches of the tree
hm_offset  distance between the tree and the heatmap
hm_tile_width  width of each tile in the heatmap
hm_expand_y_lim  white space below heatmap
hm_col_high  colour used for large values on heatmap
hm_col_mid  colour used for medium values on heatmap
hm_col_low  colour used for low values on heatmap
fb_offset  distance between the heatmap and frequency bars
fb_bar_length  length of bar with max frequency
fb_bar_width  width of each frequency bar
fb_freq_labels  boolean indicated whether or not to show frequency bar labels

Value

an interactive ggplot object containing the hierarchical tree of clusters coloured by significance testing results, with corresponding heatmap and a scatterplot comparing significance when testing using proportions to parent vs. absolute proportions

Examples

library(SingleCellExperiment)
data(COVIDSampleData)
sce <- DeBiasi_COVID_CD8_samp
exprs <- t(assay(sce, "exprs"))
clusters <- colData(sce)$cluster_id
classes <- colData(sce)$condition
samples <- colData(sce)$sample_id

clust_tree <- getClusterTree(exprs,
    clusters,
    hierarchy_method="hopach")

tested_tree <- testTree(clust_tree$clust_tree,
    clusters=clusters,
    samples=samples,
    classes=classes)

plotInteractiveHeatmap(tested_tree,
    clust_med_df = clust_tree$median_freq,
    clusters=clusters)
### plotSigScatter

**Description**

plotSigScatter

**Usage**

plotSigScatter(testedTree, scatter_tooltip, max_val)

**Arguments**

- **testedTree**: an output from the function testTree()
- **scatter_tooltip**: vector containing tooltips for interactive plot
- **max_val**: maximum value to set as x/y axis limits

**Value**

a ggplot object, containing test statistics from testing proportions relative to parent against the test statistics from testing absolute proportions.

### runEdgeRTests

**Description**

This function runs edgeR using the treekoR inputs across all nodes of the hierarchical tree of clusters, adapted from the diffcyt workflow

**Usage**

runEdgeRTests(td, clusters, samples, classes, pos_class_name)

**Arguments**

- **td**: a dataframe of data from ggtree object
- **clusters**: a vector representing the cell type or cluster of each cell (can be character or numeric). If numeric, cluster names need to be consecutive starting from 1.
- **samples**: a vector identifying the patient each cell belongs to
- **classes**: a vector containing the patient outcome/class each cell belongs to
- **pos_class_name**: a character indicating which class should be treated as positive

**Value**

a dataframe with pvalues, test statistic (signed -log10(p)), and FDR
runGLMMTests

Description
This function runs GLMM using the treekoR inputs across all nodes of the hierarchical tree of clusters, adapted from the diffcyt workflow. (Unable to get direction of test statistic currently)

Usage
runGLMMTests(td, clusters, samples, classes, pos_class_name, neg_class_name)

Arguments
- td: a dataframe of data from ggtree object
- clusters: a vector representing the cell type or cluster of each cell (can be character or numeric). If numeric, cluster names need to be consecutive starting from 1.
- samples: a vector identifying the patient each cell belongs to
- classes: a vector containing the patient outcome/class each cell belongs to
- pos_class_name: a character indicating which class should be treated as positive
- neg_class_name: a character indicating which class should be treated as negative

Value
a dataframe with pvalues and test statistics

runHOPACH

Description
runHOPACH

Usage
runHOPACH(data, K = 10, kmax = 5, dissimilarity_metric = "cor")

Arguments
- data: dataframe containing the median expression of the clusters/cell types
- K: positive integer specifying the maximum number of levels in the tree. Must be 15 or less, due to computational limitations (overflow)
- kmax: integer between 1 and 9 specifying the maximum number of children at each node in the tree
- dissimilarity_metric: metric used to calculate dissimilarities between clusters/cell types
Value

a list containing the groups each cluster belongs to at each level of the hopach tree

Examples

library(SingleCellExperiment)
library(data.table)
data(COVIDSampleData)
sce <- DeBiasi_COVID_CD8_samp
exprs <- t(assay(sce, "exprs"))
clusters <- colData(sce)$cluster_id
classes <- colData(sce)$condition
samples <- colData(sce)$sample_id
clust_med_dt <- as.data.table(exprs)
clust_med_dt[, cluster_id := clusters]
res <- clust_med_dt[, lapply(.SD, median, na.rm=TRUE), by=cluster_id]
res2 <- res[, .SD, .SDcols = !c('cluster_id')]

hopach_res <- runHOPACH(as.data.frame(scale(res2)))

testTree(phylo, clusters, samples, classes, sig_test = "ttest", p_adjust = NULL, pos_class_name = NULL)
Arguments

- **phylo** a ggtree object
- **clusters** a vector representing the cell type or cluster of each cell (can be character or numeric). If numeric, cluster names need to be consecutive starting from 1.
- **samples** a vector identifying the patient each cell belongs to
- **classes** a vector containing the patient outcome/class each cell belongs to
- **sig_test** a character, either "ttest" or "wilcox" indicating the significance test to be used
- **p_adjust** a character, indicating whether p-value adjustment should be performed. Valid values are in stats::p.adjust.methods
- **pos_class_name** a character indicating which class is positive

Value

a ggtree object with significance testing results in embedded data

Examples

```r
library(SingleCellExperiment)
data(COVIDSampleData)
sce <- DeBiasi_COVID_CD8_samp
exprs <- t(assay(sce, "exprs"))
clusters <- colData(sce)$cluster_id
classes <- colData(sce)$condition
samples <- colData(sce)$sample_id

clust_tree <- getClusterTree(exprs,
    clusters,
    hierarchy_method="hopach")

tested_tree <- testTree(clust_tree$clust_tree,
    clusters=clusters,
    samples=samples,
    classes=classes,
    sig_test="ttest",
    pos_class_name=NULL)
```
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